Exhibit 79

remuneration' means, with respect to any applicable individual for any disqualified taxable year, the aggregate amount allowable as a deduction under this chapter for such taxable year (determined without regard to this subsection) for remuneration (as defined in paragraph (4) without regard to subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) thereof) for services performed by such individual (whether or not during the taxable year). Such term shall not include any deferred deduction remuneration with respect to services performed during the disqualified taxable year.

"(E) Deferred deduction remuneration.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'deferred deduction remuneration' means remuneration which would be applicable individual remuneration for services performed in a disqualified taxable year but for the fact that the deduction under this chapter (determined without regard to this paragraph) for such remuneration is allowable in a subsequent

taxable year.

"(F) APPLICABLE INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'applicable individual' means, with respect to any covered health insurance provider for any disqualified taxable year, any individual-

"(i) who is an officer, director, or employee in such

taxable year, or

"(ii) who provides services for or on behalf of such covered health insurance provider during such taxable

"(G) COORDINATION.—Rules similar to the rules of subparagraphs (F) and (G) of paragraph (4) shall apply for

purposes of this paragraph.

(H) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may prescribe such guidance, rules, or regulations as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this paragraph.".

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this section

26 USC 162 note.

26 USC 3101.

shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, with respect to services performed after such date.

SEC. 9015. ADDITIONAL HOSPITAL INSURANCE TAX ON HIGH-INCOME TAXPAYERS.

(a) FICA.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3101(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended-
 - (A) by striking "In addition" and inserting the following:

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition",

(B) by striking "the following percentages of the" and

inserting "1.45 percent of the",

- (C) by striking "(as defined in section 3121(b))—" and all that follows and inserting "(as defined in section 3121(b)).", and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(2) ADDITIONAL TAX.—In addition to the tax imposed by paragraph (1) and the preceding subsection, there is hereby imposed on every taxpayer (other than a corporation, estate, or trust) a tax equal to 0.5 percent of wages which are received with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))

during any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2012, and which are in excess of-

(A) in the case of a joint return, \$250,000, and

"(B) in any other case, \$200,000."

(2) COLLECTION OF TAX.—Section 3102 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the fol- 26 USC 3102. lowing new subsection:

"(f) Special Rules for Additional Tax.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any tax imposed by section 3101(b)(2), subsection (a) shall only apply to the extent to which the taxpayer receives wages from the employer in excess of \$200,000, and the employer may disregard the amount of wages received by such taxpayer's spouse.

"(2) COLLECTION OF AMOUNTS NOT WITHHELD.—To the extent that the amount of any tax imposed by section 3101(b)(2) is not collected by the employer, such tax shall be paid by

the employee.

- "(3) TAX PAID BY RECIPIENT.—If an employer, in violation of this chapter, fails to deduct and withhold the tax imposed by section 3101(b)(2) and thereafter the tax is paid by the employee, the tax so required to be deducted and withheld shall not be collected from the employer, but this paragraph shall in no case relieve the employer from liability for any penalties or additions to tax otherwise applicable in respect of such failure to deduct and withhold.".
- (b) SECA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1401(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended-

(A) by striking "In addition" and inserting the fol-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition", and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph: "(2) Additional Tax.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the tax imposed by paragraph (1) and the preceding subsection, there is hereby imposed on every taxpayer (other than a corporation, estate, or trust) for each taxable year beginning after December 31, 2012, a tax equal to 0.5 percent of the selfemployment income for such taxable year which is in excess of-
 - "(i) in the case of a joint return, \$250,000, and "(ii) in any other case, \$200,000.
- "(B) COORDINATION WITH FICA.—The amounts under clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the amount of wages taken into account in determining the tax imposed under section 3121(b)(2) with respect to the taxpayer.".

(2) NO DEDUCTION FOR ADDITIONAL TAX.-

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 164(f) of such Code is amended by inserting "(other than the taxes imposed by section 1401(b)(2))" after "section 1401)".
- (B) DEDUCTION FOR NET EARNINGS FROM SELF-EMPLOY-MENT.—Subparagraph (B) of section 1402(a)(12) is amended by inserting "(determined without regard to the rate imposed under paragraph (2) of section 1401(b))" after "for such year".

26 USC 1401.

26 USC 1402.

26 USC 164 note.

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to remuneration received, and taxable years beginning, after December 31, 2012.

SEC. 9016. MODIFICATION OF SECTION 833 TREATMENT OF CERTAIN HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS.

26 USC 833.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 833 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5) Nonapplication of Section in Case of Low Medical Loss ratio.—Notwithstanding the preceding paragraphs, this section shall not apply to any organization unless such organization's percentage of total premium revenue expended on reimbursement for clinical services provided to enrollees under its policies during such taxable year (as reported under section 2718 of the Public Health Service Act) is not less than 85 percent."

26 USC 853 note.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009.

SEC. 9017. EXCISE TAX ON ELECTIVE COSMETIC MEDICAL PROCEDURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 49—ELECTIVE COSMETIC MEDICAL PROCEDURES

"Sec. 5000B. Imposition of tax on elective cosmetic medical procedures.

26 USC 5000B.

"SEC. 5000B. IMPOSITION OF TAX ON ELECTIVE COSMETIC MEDICAL PROCEDURES.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—There is hereby imposed on any cosmetic surgery and medical procedure a tax equal to 5 percent of the amount paid for such procedure (determined without regard to this section), whether paid by insurance or otherwise.

"(b) COSMETIC SURGERY AND MEDICAL PROCEDURE.—For purposes of this section, the term 'cosmetic surgery and medical procedure' means any cosmetic surgery (as defined in section 213(d)(9)(B))

or other similar procedure which-

"(1) is performed by a licensed medical professional, and "(2) is not necessary to ameliorate a deformity arising from, or directly related to, a congenital abnormality, a personal injury resulting from an accident or trauma, or disfiguring disease.

"(c) PAYMENT OF TAX.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The tax imposed by this section shall be paid by the individual on whom the procedure is performed.

"(2) COLLECTION.—Every person receiving a payment for procedures on which a tax is imposed under subsection (a) shall collect the amount of the tax from the individual on whom the procedure is performed and remit such tax quarterly to the Secretary at such time and in such manner as provided by the Secretary.

"(3) SECONDARY LIABILITY.—Where any tax imposed by subsection (a) is not paid at the time payments for cosmetic surgery and medical procedures are made, then to the extent that