



**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

FERNANDO AQUINO FLORES and RICARDO ISIDRO REYES, *on behalf of themselves, FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, and the Class,*

Case No.: 1:22-cv-350 (KHP)

Plaintiffs,

-against-

CGI INC., d/b/a BUS STOP DINER,  
et. al.,

Defendants

**ORDER GRANTING (1) PLAINTIFFS' UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR CERTIFICATION OF THE SETTLEMENT CLASS, FINAL APPROVAL OF THE CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT, AND APPROVAL OF THE FLSA SETTLEMENT; (2) PLAINTIFFS' UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR APPROVAL OF PLAINTIFFS' SERVICE AWARDS; (3) PLAINTIFFS' UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR APPROVAL OF ATTORNEYS' FEES**

After participating in a private mediation session, and despite their adversarial positions in this matter, Named Plaintiffs FERNANDO AQUINO FLORES and RICARDO ISIDRO REYES ("Plaintiffs") and Defendants CGI INC., d/b/a BUS STOP DINER, THREE A PLUS INC., d/b/a MALIBU DINER, ALEXANDROS GRIMPAS, JOSE COLLADO, and ALEXANDROS ILIADIS (collectively "Defendants", and with Plaintiffs, the "Parties") negotiated a settlement of this litigation. The terms of the proposed settlement ("Settlement") are set forth in the Class Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement").

On May 6, 2022, Plaintiffs filed for preliminary approval of the settlement, which, for settlement purposes only, Defendants did not oppose. Declaration of C.K. Lee in Support of

Plaintiffs' Motion for Certification of the Settlement Class, Final Approval of the Class Action Settlement and Plan of Allocation, and Approval of the FLSA Settlement ("Lee Decl.") ¶ 14.

On May 18, 2022, Honorable Katharine H. Parker, U.S.M.J. entered an Order preliminarily approving the settlement on behalf of the Rule 23 class and FLSA collective set forth therein (the "Class" or the "Class Members"), conditionally certifying the settlement class, appointing Lee Litigation Group, PLLC as Class Counsel, appointing Advanced Litigation Strategies, LLC as Settlement Administrator, and authorizing notice to all Class Members (the "Preliminary Approval Order"). (ECF Dkt. No. 31).

The class settlement was originally contemplated at \$375,000 for a class of 200 individuals. However, based on the increased class size of 232, pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the settlement amount was increased to \$435,000.

On October 5, 2022, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Certification of the Settlement Class, Final Approval of the Class Action Settlement and Approval of the FLSA Settlement ("Motion for Final Approval"), which for settlement purposes only, Defendants did not oppose. That same day, Plaintiffs also filed Motions for Approval of Attorneys' Fees and Reimbursement of Expenses ("Motion for Attorneys' Fees") and for Service Awards ("Motion for Service Awards"). The motions were unopposed and Defendants did not object to the requests for attorneys' fees, costs, or service payments.

The Court held a fairness hearing on October 20, 2022. No Class Member objected to the settlement at the hearing.

Having considered the Motion for Final Approval, the Motion for Attorneys' Fees Costs and Expenses, the Motion for Service Awards, and the supporting declarations, the oral argument presented at the October 20, 2022 fairness hearing, and the complete record in this matter, for the

reasons set forth therein and stated on the record at the October 20, 2022 fairness hearing, and for good cause shown,

**NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:**

1. Except as otherwise specified herein, the Court for purposes of this Order adopts all defined terms as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

2. The Court approves and incorporates herein by reference the releases and waivers set forth in the Settlement Agreement, which shall be binding in accordance with the terms set forth therein.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Litigation and all matters relating thereto, and over all Parties.

4. The Court hereby adopts and finally approves, for the purpose of this Order, the definition of the settlement “Class” as that term is defined in the Preliminary Approval Order.

5. Pursuant to Rule 23, the Court confirms as final its certification of the Class for settlement purposes based on its findings in the Preliminary Approval Order and in the absence of any objections from Class Members to such certification.

6. Pursuant to 29 § U.S.C. 216(b), the Court approves the FLSA Settlement and certifies the collective class under the FLSA based on its findings in the Preliminary Approval Order.

7. The Court confirms as final the appointment of Plaintiffs Fernando Aquino Flores and Ricardo Isidro Reyes, as representatives of the Class, both under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

8. The Court likewise confirms as final the appointment of C.K. Lee of Lee Litigation Group PLLC as Class Counsel for the Class pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and

for individuals who opted into the Litigation pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

9. The Court finds that the requirements of the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. §1715 (CAFA), have been satisfied. On June 9, 2022, the Settlement Administrator mailed CAFA notices to the appropriate federal and state officials, more than ninety (90) days have passed, and no comment or objection has been received from any government official with regard to the proposed settlement, the Court finds the requirements of CAFA have been satisfied, and this Order granting final approval of the settlement is now appropriate. *See* 28 U.S.C. §1715(d).

10. The Court finds that the Class Notice and Collective Notice given to Class Members pursuant to the Preliminary Approval Order constituted the best notice practicable under the circumstances, was accomplished in all material respects, and fully met the requirements of Rule 23, the Fair Labor Standards Act, and due process.

11. Pursuant to Rule 23(e), this Court hereby grants the Motion for Final Approval and finally approves the settlement as set forth therein. The Court finds that the settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate in all respects and that it is binding on Class Members who did not timely opt out pursuant to the procedures set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order. The Court specifically finds that the settlement is rationally related to the strength of Plaintiffs' claims given the risk, expense, complexity, and duration of further litigation.

12. The Court finds that the proposed settlement is procedurally fair because it was reached through vigorous, arm's-length negotiations and after experienced counsel had evaluated the merits of Plaintiffs' claims through factual and legal investigation. *Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Visa U.S.A., Inc.*, 396 F.3d 96, 117 (2d Cir. 2005).

13. The settlement is also substantively fair. All of the factors set forth in *Grinnell*, which provides the analytical framework for evaluating the substantive fairness of a class action

settlement, weigh in favor of final approval. *City of Detroit v. Grinnell Corp.*, 495 F.2d 448 (2d Cir. 1974). Therefore, the Court finds that the settlement is adequate given: (1) the complexity, expense and likely duration of the litigation; (2) the stage of the proceedings and the amount of discovery completed; (3) the risks of establishing liability and damages; (4) the risks of maintaining the class action through the trial; (5) the lack of any objections; (6) the ability of the defendants to withstand a greater judgment; and (7) that the Total Settlement Amount is within the range of reasonableness in light of the best possible recovery and the attendant risks of litigation. *Grinnell*, 495 F.2d at 463.

14. The Court also finds that the Class' reaction to the settlement was positive, as no Class Member objected to the settlement.

15. The Court finds that the proposed plan of allocation is rationally related to the relative strengths and weaknesses of the respective claims asserted. The mechanisms and procedures set forth in the Agreement by which payments are to be calculated and made to Class Members who did not timely opt out are fair, reasonable and adequate, and payment shall be made according to those allocations and pursuant to the procedures as set forth in the Agreement.

16. The Court hereby grants Plaintiff's Motion for Attorneys' Fees and awards Class Counsel their requested fees of \$145,000, one-third of the Settlement Fund, plus costs and expenses in the amount of \$6,579.70, which the Court finds to be fair and reasonable based on: (A) the number of hours worked by Class Counsel during the Litigation; (B) the results achieved on behalf of the Class; (C) the contingent nature of Class Counsel's representation; (D) the complexity of the issues raised by the Litigation; (E) a lodestar cross check; and (F) Class Counsel's recognized experience and expertise in the market. The Court finds Class Counsel's hourly rates to be reasonable.

17. The Court approves and finds reasonable the service awards totaling \$15,000, representing \$10,000 to Fernando Aquino Flores and \$5,000 to Ricardo Isidro Reyes, in recognition of the services they rendered as Class Representatives. This amount shall be paid from the Settlement Fund, subject to the terms of the Parties' Settlement Agreement.

18. The Court approves and finds reasonable the payment of the Settlement Administrator's fees to Advanced Litigation Strategies, LLC in the amount of \$25,000, which shall be paid by or on behalf of Defendants, out of the Settlement Fund, according to the terms of the Parties' Settlement Agreement.

19. The Parties entered into the settlement solely for the purpose of compromising and settling disputed claims. Neither this Order, the Settlement Agreement, nor any other document or information relating to the settlement of this Litigation shall constitute, be construed to be, or be admissible in any proceeding as evidence (a) that any group of similarly situated or other employees exists to maintain a collective action under the FLSA, or a class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or a comparable state law or rules, (b) that any party has prevailed in this case, or (c) that the Defendants or others have engaged in any wrongdoing.

20. This Action is hereby dismissed with prejudice. However, the Court retains jurisdiction over this action for the purpose of enforcing the Settlement Agreement and overseeing the distribution of settlement funds. The Parties shall abide by all terms of the Settlement Agreement, which are incorporated herein, and this Order.

SO ORDERED.

October 21, 2022  
New York, NY

*Katherine H Parker*

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The Honorable Katherine H. Parker  
United States Magistrate Judge