UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	T 7	
JONATHAN JUNG	X :	C' 10 Y
Plaintiff,	: :	Civil Case No.: 05 CV 4286(MBM)
-against-	:	AMENDED COMPLAINT
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE MEAGHER & FLOM, LLP,	:	PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A TRIAL BY JURY
Defendants.	: : X	

Plaintiff, Jonathan Jung, by his attorney, Brendan Chao, Esq., for his Amended Complaint alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff, Jonathan Jung ("Mr. Jung" or "Plaintiff") is an Asian-American who was born in Seoul, South Korea. Mr. Jung resides at 93 Caterson Terrace, Hartsdale New York. Mr. Jung was formerly employed by Skadden, Arps, Slate Meagher & Flom, LLP.
- 2. Defendant, Skadden, Arps, Slate Meagher & Flom, LLP ("Skadden Arps") is a law firm with international offices and offices within the United States, including the offices in which Plaintiff worked in New York, New York, and White Plains, New York. Its principal place of business is New York, New York.

THE NATURE OF THE ACTION

3. This is a civil action for damages and remedies for discrimination in employment on the basis of national origin discrimination, racial discrimination, and retaliation under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq.; the New York State Executive Law, as amended, § 290 et seq. ("New York State Human Rights Law"); and the Administrative Code of the City of New York, as amended, § 8-101 et seq. ("New York City Human Rights Law"), as well as damages and remedies available under the common law. Specifically, Defendants discriminated against Mr. Jung because of his national origin and race, and retaliated against him for engaging in protected activity by terminating his employment.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331, and principles of supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 5. Mr. Jung filed a charge of discrimination on the basis of race, national origin, and retaliation, in June 2004 with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC").
- 6. On or about January 31, 2005, counsel for Mr. Jung, Brendan Chao, received a Dismissal and Notice of Right to Sue letter from the EEOC.
- 7. Plaintiff has served a copy of this amended complaint on the New York City Commission on Human Rights and Corporation Counsel.
- 8. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events that give rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred within the Southern District of New York.

FACTS

9. Mr. Jung is Asian-American of Korean descent.

- 10. During his initial interview with Skadden Arps, Mr. Jung met with Mr. James McCarthy ("Mr. McCarthy").
- 11. During the interview process, Mr. Jung spoke to a number of Skadden Arps employees including, Andrea Zavell and Will Eiwanger, and a Human Resources employee before returning to James McCarthy for a second interview.
- 12. Ms. Susan Dornfeld ("Ms. Dornfeld"), a Caucasian Skadden Arps employee, met briefly with Mr. Jung during the interview process, asked a few questions of Mr. Jung, and deferred the decision to hire Mr. Jung to Mr. McCarthy.
- 13. On or about September 8, 1998, Skadden Arps hired Mr. Jung as a Tax Coordinator.
- 14. Mr. Jung's responsibilities at Skadden Arps included managing and overseeing quarterly tax payments for international partners, advising attorneys on the guidelines, policies, costs, and compliance on various tax issues, and managing Skadden Arps's expatriate tax issues.
- 15. Throughout Mr. Jung's employment with Skadden Arps, he was qualified for the position he held, and he performed his duties in a professional and competent manner.
- 16. At various times throughout his employment with Skadden Arps, Mr. Jung experienced discrimination based on his race and national origin.
- 17. This culminated with the termination of Mr. Jung's employment in retaliation for a number of complaints he made concerning discrimination in the workplace.
- 18. In or about December 1999, Ms. Dornfeld, who was Mr. Jung's supervisor, resigned and left Skadden Arps.

- 19. During Ms. Dornfeld's absence, Mr. Jung was promoted to International Tax Supervisor.
 - 20. On or about October 7, 2002, Skadden Arps rehired Ms. Dornfeld.
- 21. Following her rehire by Defendant Skadden Arps in October 2002, Ms. Dornfeld hired, almost exclusively, only Caucasian employees into Defendant Skadden Arps' Tax and Investment Department.
- 22. Following her rehire by Defendant Skadden Arps in October 2002, Ms. Dornfeld began interviewing candidates for Mr. Jung's position.
- 23. Ultimately, following Mr. Jung's termination of employment, a Caucasian employee replaced Mr. Jung.
- 24. Following Ms. Dornfeld's rehire by Defendant Skadden Arps in October 2002, Mr. Jung was never again promoted.
- 25. Defendant Skadden Arps provided technology allowances to several Caucasian non-lawyer employees in Mr. Jung's department; these allowances included new computers, software, and hardware peripherals.
 - 26. The technology allowances, however, were not provided to Mr. Jung.
- 27. Ms. Dornfeld routinely recommended higher bonuses and raises for Caucasian employees in Mr. Jung's department while giving lower bonuses and raises to Mr. Jung and other minority employees in her department.
- 28. In or about March 2003, Skadden Arps relocated the Tax and Investment Department to White Plains, New York.

- 29. While working in Skadden Arps's New York City and White Plains office, Ms. Dornfeld made discriminatory decisions regarding performance evaluations, procedures for assigning work, and limited the opportunities for promotions to Mr. Jung and other racial minority employees in her department, including a number of Asian employees.
- 30. While working in Skadden Arps's New York City and White Plains office, Ms. Dornfeld, who is responsible for, among other things, preparing annual performance evaluations for employees, routinely gave minority employees, including Mr. Jung, poor evaluations in an effort to "paper" their files for poor performance, thereby forcing their resignations.
- 31. Ms. Dornfeld took this course of action so that she could hire, almost exclusively, Caucasian employees to replace the minority employees who were forced to resign.
- 32. While working in Skadden Arps's New York City and White Plains office, Ms. Dornfeld forced the resignation of a number of racial minority employees, such as Rosie Francis, Eugene Lam, and Violet Chan, and replaced them all, almost exclusively, with Caucasian employees.
- 33. While working in Skadden Arps's New York City office, Ms. Dornfeld changed the evaluations of minority employees after their respective evaluations were submitted to her by other supervisors.
- 34. Although these employees stated non-discriminatory reasons for their respective resignations, Ms. Dornfeld's discriminatory treatment toward them was a motivating factor in their decisions to leave Defendant Skadden Arps employment.
- 35. While working in Skadden Arps's White Plains office, Ms. Dornfeld gave one direct peer of Mr. Jung's, a Caucasian, two raises within one year.

- 36. Skadden Arps's stated policy only allows for one raise per year.
- 37. Upon information and belief, Ms. Dornfeld has never given two annual raises to a minority employee at Skadden Arps, including Mr. Jung.
- 38. While working in Skadden Arps's White Plains office, racial minority employees were often asked to work late while Caucasian employees were permitted to leave as normally scheduled.
- 39. While working in Skadden Arps's White Plains office, Ms. Dornfeld used abusive language toward minority employees, especially Mr. Jung.
- 40. For example, Ms. Dornfeld summoned Mr. Jung into her office in April 2003, and began yelling at him, stating in part, "What the fuck are you talking about? I don't understand what the fuck you just said."
 - 41. Mr. Jung never observed Ms. Dornfeld swearing at Caucasian employees.
 - 42. Ms. Dornfeld made racially derogatory comments.
- 43. While working in Skadden Arps's New York City office, Ms. Dornfeld was arranging desk assignments in the White Plains office, and stated, "I don't want to have Orientals sitting together and blacks sitting together because they will spend all day talking."
- 44. Ms. Dornfeld prepared Mr. Jung's 2003 performance evaluation, which was filled with comments implying that he was unskilled with, or uncomfortable with the English language.
- 45. Mr. Jung has lived in the United States for approximately thirty (30) years, and received a degree in economics from the University of Buffalo.

- 46. An Asian American employee and an African American employee from other Skadden Arps departments sought to apply for two vacant positions in Mr. Jung's department.
 - 47. Neither employee was selected for either of the vacant positions.
- 48. The Asian American employee was told that taking the position would involve a reduction in salary, and he was discouraged from applying.
- 49. As noted above, the Asian American employee did not fill the position, instead, a Caucasian, Linda Dromgoole ("Ms. Dromgoole") was hired and was paid an annual salary of \$88,000, which would have been an increase in salary for the Asian American employee who had originally applied for the position.
- 50. In another instance, an Asian American employee, Eugene Lam ("Mr. Lam") resigned in late 2003.
 - 51. At the time of his resignation he was earning approximately \$65,000.
- 52. Mr. Lan was replaced by a Caucasian female at a salary of approximately \$85,000.
- 53. A Caucasian employee, despite insubordinate e-mails to Ms. Dornfeld and James Waters ("Mr. Waters"), a recent hire who is Caucasian and who eventually replaced Mr. Jung, was never disciplined, and instead, received good reviews in his annual evaluation.
- 54. Mr. Jung received a negative performance evaluation in December 2003 from Defendant Skadden Arps's Human Resources Department, but contrary to their stated disciplinary action procedure, Defendant Skadden Arps failed to provide a memorandum of the disciplinary action until several months after the alleged complaint, and then only after Mr. Jung made several requests for the memorandum.

- 55. In an effort to appear to be in compliance with their stated disciplinary action procedure, Defendant Skadden Arps backdated the memorandum to December 11 2003.
- 56. In trying to understand the negative December 2003 performance evaluation, Mr. Jung spoke with Mr. Waters.
- 57. Mr. Waters told Mr. Jung that the negative performance evaluation was "All Susan's [Dornfeld] doing."
- 58. Despite Skadden Arps's stated policy of strict adherence to established disciplinary action procedures, Mr. Jung was never given an initial warning for his alleged poor performance.
- 59. In March 2004, Mr. Jung reported Ms. Dornfeld's discriminatory misconduct to Earle Yaffa ("Mr. Yaffa"), a managing director at Skadden Arps.
- 60. This action was in keeping with Defendant Skadden Arps's stated procedure for reporting workplace discrimination.
- 61. Mr. Yaffa failed to take any action, and the following month, in April 2004, Mr. Jung received a written warning concerning his performance.
 - 62. Mr. Jung made several other reports of discrimination, but no action was taken.
- 63. In or about March 2004, the law firm of Sklover & Associates, predecessor counsel to Brendan Chao, communicated in writing with Defendant Skadden Arps, and informed them of Mr. Jung's complaints of racial discrimination.
- 64. Henry Baer, an of-counsel attorney to Skadden Arps, claims he investigated these complaints, but failed to speak to Mr. Jung or any of the other employees who had been discriminated against.

- 65. Other employees who are members of racial minorities complained of discrimination to Laura Henschel, the director of Human Resources at Skadden Arps, but she also failed to take any action.
- 66. Repeated criticism of Mr. Jung's performance, despite his previous satisfactory performance, as reflected in his previous performance evaluations, culminated in his dismissal on June 7, 2004.
- 67. Toward the end of his employment with Skadden Arps, Skadden Arps attempted to force Mr. Jung to resign without receiving a promised relocation bonus.
- 68. Upon information and belief, Skadden Arps did not try to withhold the relocation bonus of similarly-situated Caucasian employees.
- 69. Based on the above facts, Mr. Jung believes that his race and national origin played an impermissible role in Skadden Arps's discriminatory treatment of him, and his reporting of the discriminatory conduct resulted in Skadden Arps's retaliatory termination of his employment.
- 70. Mr. Jung also believes that Skadden Arps has participated in a pattern and practice of discriminating against members of racial minority employees, Asian Americans in particular.
- 71. The reason or reasons given by Defendants for terminating Plaintiff's employment is/are a pretext for discrimination.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(National Origin and Race Discrimination Under Title VII)

- 72. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 71 as if separately set forth herein.
- 73. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was an "employee" of Defendant Skadden Arps for purposes of Title VII.
- 74. Plaintiff is Asian-American, and at all relevant times Defendant knew Plaintiff to be Asian-American of Korean descent.
- 75. Upon information and belief, Defendant Skadden Arps is an "employer" for purposes of Title VII.
- 76. Ms. Dornfeld had the authority to alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment, for example by disciplining him for alleged poor performance.
- 77. Upon information and belief, Ms. Dornfeld did in fact alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment.
- 78. Ms. Dornfeld's conduct, both to Plaintiff and to his minority co-workers, permeated Plaintiff's work environment with discriminatory harassment.
- 79. This harassment detrimentally affected Plaintiff, and was sufficiently severe or pervasive as to alter the terms and conditions of his employment and create a hostile, abusive working environment.
- 80. The acts complained of herein also constitute a continuing violation because Skadden Arps had notice and knowledge of Ms. Dornfeld's harassment of Plaintiff but permitted it to continue unremedied for so long as to amount to a discriminatory policy or practice.

- 81. Plaintiff reasonably took advantage of preventive and corrective opportunities provided by Skadden Arps by reporting Ms. Dornfeld's discrimination to several supervisors at Skadden Arps, as Skadden Arps had instructed him to do.
- 82. Skadden Arps failed to exercise reasonable care to prevent and promptly correct Ms. Dornfeld's discriminatory behavior.
- 83. Defendants' actions constitute discrimination against Plaintiff because of his national origin and race with respect to the terms, conditions, and privileges of his employment, in violation of Title VII.
- 84. Upon information and belief, Defendant's discriminatory conduct was taken with malice and/or reckless indifference to Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff also requests an award of punitive damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 85. Any explanation given by Defendant for its conduct is a pretext for national origin and race discrimination.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(National Origin and Race Discrimination Under The New York State Human Rights Law)

- 86. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 85 as if separately set forth herein.
- 87. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was an "employee" under § 292(6) of the New York State Human Rights Law.
- 88. Upon information and belief, Defendant Skadden Arps is an "employer" under § 292(5) of the New York State Human Rights Law.

- 89. Ms. Dornfeld had the authority to alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment, for example by disciplining him for alleged poor performance.
- 90. Upon information and belief, Ms. Dornfeld did in fact alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment.
- 91. Plaintiff is Asian American, and at all relevant times Defendant knew Plaintiff to be Asian-American of Korean descent.
- 92. Throughout his employment with Defendant, Plaintiff was qualified for his position, and performed his duties in a professional and competent manner.
 - Defendant discriminated against Plaintiff because of his national origin and race. 93.
- 94. Defendant's conduct toward Plaintiff constitutes willful discrimination on the basis of national origin and race in violation of § 296 of the New York State Human Rights Law.
- As a result of Defendant's discriminatory conduct, Plaintiff has suffered 95. substantial damages, including emotional distress, and lost wages and benefits in an amount to be determined at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(National Origin and Race Discrimination in Violation of New York City Human Rights Law)

- 96. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 95 as if separately set forth herein.
- Plaintiff served a copy of the amended complaint in this action upon the New York 97. City Commission on Human Rights and New York City Corporation Counsel prior to commencing this action.
 - Plaintiff is a "person" under § 8-102(1) of the New York City Administrative Code. 98.

- 99. Upon information and belief, Defendant is both an "employer" and "covered entity" subject to the provisions of the New York City Human Rights Law under § 8-102(5) and (17) of the Administrative Code.
- 100. Defendant violated the New York City Human Rights Law by discriminating against Plaintiff because of his national origin and race in the terms, conditions and privileges of his employment, as described more fully above.
- As a result of Defendant's unlawful discrimination, Plaintiff has suffered substantial 101. damages, including but not limited to emotional distress and lost wages and benefits, in an amount to be determined at trial.
- Since Defendant's discriminatory actions against Plaintiff were taken with malice or 102. reckless indifference to Plaintiff's statutory rights, Plaintiff also requests an award of punitive damages under the New York City Human Rights Law

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Retaliation Under Title VII)

- Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 102 103. as if separately set forth herein.
- 104. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was an "employee" of Defendant Skadden Arps for purposes of Title VII.
- 105. Upon information and belief, Defendant Skadden Arps is an "employer" for purposes of Title VII.
- 106. Ms. Dornfeld had the authority to alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment, for example by disciplining him for alleged poor performance.

- 107. Plaintiff reported the discrimination he faced to Mr. Yaffa, a managing director at Skadden Arps. Such reporting was the proper method for an employee of Skadden Arps in Mr. Jung's position to make a charge of discrimination, or to otherwise oppose unlawful discriminatory practices.
- 108. Mr. Yaffa failed to take any action following Mr. Jung's complaint and, in fact, criticism of Mr. Jung increased and his performance evaluation scores decreased in the following months, leading to his termination of employment in June 2004.
- 109. Plaintiff engaged in protected activity under Title VII by (1) personally asserting that he was being discriminated against; and (2) asserting through his attorney, both orally and in writing, that he was being discriminated against because of his national origin and race.
- 110. Defendant treated Plaintiff differently in retaliation for Plaintiff's reporting Defendant's discriminatory acts.
- 111. Defendant's actions constitute retaliation against Plaintiff because of his opposition of unlawful employment practices and because of his making a charge of such discrimination, both in violation of Title VII.
- 112. Upon information and belief, Defendant's retaliatory conduct was taken with malice and/or reckless indifference to Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff also requests an award of punitive damages, in an amount to be determined at trial.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Retaliation Under Under The New York State Human Rights Law)

113. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 112

as if separately set forth herein.

- 114. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was an "employee" under § 292(6) of the New York State Human Rights Law.
- 115. Upon information and belief, Defendant Skadden Arps is an "employer" under § 292(5) of the New York State Human Rights Law.
- 116. Ms. Dornfeld had the authority to alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment, for example by disciplining him for alleged poor performance.
- 117. Upon information and belief, Ms. Dornfeld did in fact alter the terms, conditions and privileges of Plaintiff's employment.
- 118. Plaintiff engaged in protected activity under the New York State Human Rights Law by (1) personally asserting that he was being discriminated against; (2) asserting through his attorney, both orally and in writing, that he was being discriminated against because of his national origin and race.
- 119. By its actions in terminating Plaintiff's employment, Defendant has retaliated against Plaintiff in violation of the New York State Human Rights Law, §296(1)(e).
- 120. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has suffered substantial damages, including but not limited to emotional distress and lost wages and benefits, in an amount to be determined at trial.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Retaliation Under The New York City Human Rights Law)

121. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 120 as if separately set forth herein.

- 122. Plaintiff is a "person" under § 8-102(1) of the New York City Administrative Code.
- 123. Upon information and belief, Defendant is both an "employer" and "covered entity" subject to the provisions of the New York City Human Rights Law under § 8-102(5) and (17) of the Administrative Code.
- 124. Plaintiff engaged in protected activity under the New York City Human Rights Law by (1) personally asserting that he was being discriminated against; (2) asserting through his attorney, both orally and in writing, that he was being discriminated against because of his national origin and race.
- 125. By its actions in terminating Plaintiff's employment, Defendant has retaliated against Plaintiff in violation of the New York City Human Rights Law, §8-107(7).
- 126. As a result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff has suffered substantial damages, including but not limited to emotional distress and lost wages and benefits, in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 127. Defendant's actions were taken with reckless indifference to Plaintiff's rights, entitling him to punitive damages under the New York City Human Rights Law.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment as follows:

- A. On the First, Third, Fourth, and Sixth Causes of Action, back pay and benefits and front pay and benefits, plus compensatory and punitive damages, all in amounts to be determined at trial, as well as attorneys' fees, costs and interest, and an Order directing Skadden Arps to cease and desist from its discriminatory practices
- B. On the Second and Fifth Causes of Action, back pay and benefits and front pay and benefits, plus compensatory damages, all in amounts to be determined at trial, as well as attorneys'

fees costs and interest, and an Order directing Skadden Arps to cease and desist from its discriminatory practices;

C. Such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate under the circumstances.

Dated: October 28, 2005

Great Neck, New York

BRENDAN CHAO, ESQ.

Brendan Chao (BC 8811)

Attorney for Plaintiff

150 Great Neck Road, Suite 304 Great Neck, New York 11021

(516) 466-2033

TO: David E. Schwartz, Esq.
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE,
MEAGHER & FLOM LLP
Attorney for Defendant
Four Times Square
New York, New York 10036

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
JONATHAN JUNG	X :
Plaintiff,	: Civil Case No.: : 05 CV 4286(MBM)
-against-	: : AFFIRMATION OF SERVICE
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP,	: : :
Defendants.	: : X

BRENDAN CHAO, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in this Court, and the courts of the State of New York, under the penalties of perjury, hereby affirms:

I am not a party to the action, am over the age of 18 years, and reside in Nassau County, New York.

On the 28th day of October 2005, I served Plaintiff's Amended Complaint upon the following:

David E. Schwartz, Esq.
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP
Attorney for Defendants
Four Times Square
New York, New York 10036

by placing a true copy thereof, enclosed in post-paid, properly addressed envelope by certified mail-return receipt requested in an official depository under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

Dated: October 28, 2005 Great Neck, New York

BRENDAN CHAO

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
JONATHAN JUNG	- X :	
Plaintiff,	: Civil Case No.: 05 CV 4286(MBM)	
-against-	: : <u>AFFIRMATION OF SERVIC</u>	<u>E</u>
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP,	: : :	
Defendants.	: : · X	

BRENDAN CHAO, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in this Court, and the courts of the State of New York, under the penalties of perjury, hereby affirms:

I am not a party to the action, am over the age of 18 years, and reside in Nassau County, New York.

On the 28^{th} day of October 2005, I served Plaintiff's Amended Complaint upon the following:

Randolph E. Wills, Esq., New York City Commission on Human Rights 40 Rector Street New York, N.Y. 10006

by placing a true copy thereof, enclosed in post-paid, properly addressed envelope by certified mail-return receipt requested in an official depository under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

BRENDAN CHAO

Dated: October 28, 2005

Great Neck, New York

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
JONATHAN JUNG	X :
Plaintiff,	: Civil Case No.: : 05 CV 4286(MBM)
-against-	: : <u>AFFIRMATION OF SERVICE</u>
SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP,	: : :
Defendants.	: : X

BRENDAN CHAO, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in this Court, and the courts of the State of New York, under the penalties of perjury, hereby affirms:

I am not a party to the action, am over the age of 18 years, and reside in Nassau County, New York.

On the 28^{th} day of October 2005, I served Plaintiff's Amended Complaint upon the following:

Michael A. Cardozo, Esq. Corporation Counsel 100 Church Street, 4th Floor New York, New York 10007

INTERPORTATED DISTRICT COLLDS

by placing a true copy thereof, enclosed in post-paid, properly addressed envelope by certified mail-return receipt requested in an official depository under the exclusive care and custody of the United States Postal Service within the State of New York.

Dated: October 28, 2005 Great Neck, New York

BRENDAN CHAO