UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

WILLIAM D. SMITH,

Plaintiff,

-against-

SUPERINTENDENT ROBERT CUNNINGHAM, *et al.*,

Defendants.

USDC SDNY
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DATE FILED: 08/31/2021

15-cv-3455 (NSR)

ORDER

NELSON S. ROMÁN, United States District Judge

On July 29, 2021, Plaintiff filed an application for an appointment of *pro bono* counsel. (ECF Nos. 123 & 124.) The Court denied this request on July 30, 2021. (ECF NO. 125.) On August 26, 2021, Plaintiff renewed his request for *pro bono* counsel. (ECF No. 126.)

Unlike in criminal proceedings, the Court does not have the power to obligate attorneys to represent indigent *pro se* litigants in civil cases. *See Mallard v. U.S. Dist. Court for the S. Dist. of Iowa*, 490 U.S. 296, 308-09 (1989). Instead, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1), the Court may, at its discretion, order that the Pro Se Office request an attorney to represent an indigent litigant by placing the matter on a list circulated to attorneys who are members of the Court's *pro bono* panel. *Palacio v. City of New York*, 489 F. Supp. 2d 335, 344 (S.D.N.Y. 2007).

The Second Circuit has set forth the standards governing the appointment of counsel in *pro* se cases in *Hendricks v. Coughlin*, 114 F.3d 390, 392 (2d Cir. 1997), Cooper v. A. Sargenti Co., 877 F.2d 170, 172 (2d Cir. 1989), and *Hodge v. Police Officers*, 802 F.2d 58, 60-62 (2d Cir. 1986). These cases direct the district courts to "first determine whether the indigent's position seems likely to be of substance," *Hodge*, 802 F.2d at 61, and then, if this threshold is met, to consider

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"secondary criteria," including the pro se litigant's "ability to obtain representation independently,

and his ability to handle the case without assistance in the light of the required factual investigation,

the complexity of the legal issues, and the need for expertly conducted cross-examination to test

veracity." Cooper, 877 F.2d at 172. "Even where the claim is not frivolous, counsel is often

unwarranted where the indigent's chances of success are extremely slim," and the Court should

determine whether the *pro se* litigant's "position seems likely to be of substance," or shows "some

chance of success." *Hodge*, 802 F.2d at 60–61.

As discussed in this Court's July 30 Order (ECF No. 125), nothing has materially changed

regarding the substance or chances of success of this action since Plaintiff's previous requests for

pro bono counsel. There continue to be no exceptional circumstances which warrant the

appointment at this time. Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion is DENIED, without prejudice to renew

at a later date.

The Clerk of the Court is kindly directed to terminate the motion at ECF No. 126, mail a

copy of this Order to pro se Plaintiff, and show proof of service on the docket.

Dated:

August 31, 2021

White Plains, New York

SO ORDERED:

NELSON S. ROMÁN

United States District Judge

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