

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA  
CHARLOTTE DIVISION  
3:14-cv-183-RJC**

<b>FELICIA ANN UNDERDUE,</b>	)	
	)	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	)	
	)	
<b>v.</b>	)	<b><u>AMENDED ORDER</u><sup>1</sup></b>
	)	
<b>WELLS FARGO BANK, N.A., and</b>	)	
<b>PATEL, KENDRA BROWN, SUSAN</b>	)	
<b>LYBRAND,</b>	)	
	)	
<b>Defendants.</b>	)	
	)	

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**THIS MATTER** comes before the Court on pro se Plaintiff’s Motion for Reconsideration, captioned “Opposition to the order Granting Motion to Dismiss on the Grounds of Having Failed to Plead Sufficient Factual Content to Support the Complaint.” (Doc. No. 18).

**I. BACKGROUND**

On August 13, 2014, this Court issued an Order granting Defendants’ Motion to Dismiss and dismissing the case with prejudice. (Doc. 16). Subsequent to that Order, on August 18, 2014, Plaintiff brought this Motion requesting the Court to reconsider its decision. (Doc. 18).

**II. STANDARD OF REVIEW**

Although the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure do not specifically address motions for reconsideration, they come “in the nature of a motion to alter or amend the prior judgment of the Court under Rule 59(e),” Christian v. Moore, No. 3:13-cv-100-FDW-DSC, 2013 WL 937764, at \*1 (W.D.N.C. Mar. 11, 2013), and “are allowed in certain, limited circumstances,” Wiseman v. First Citizens Bank & Trust Co., 215 F.R.D. 507, 509 (W.D.N.C. 2003). The purpose of a motion to reconsider is to present the Court with newly discovered evidence or to correct

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<sup>1</sup> Amended to correct typographical mistake.

manifest errors of law in a prior order. DirecTV, Inc. v. Hart, 366 F. Supp. 2d 315, 317 (E.D.N.C. 2004) (quoting Harsco Corp. v. Zlotnicki, 779 F.2d 906, 909 (3rd Cir. 1985)). “Such problems rarely arise and the motion to reconsider should be equally rare.” Wiseman, 215 F.R.D. at 509 (quoting Above the Belt, Inc. v. Mel Bohannon Roofing, Inc., 99 F.R.D. 99, 101 (E.D. Va. 1983)).

### **III. DISCUSSION**

Upon review of Plaintiff’s Motion, the Court finds that Plaintiff has not stated good cause for reconsideration of the Court’s Order. Here, Plaintiff fails to adequately present newly discovered evidence or correct manifest errors of law in this Court’s prior Order. A motion to reconsider cannot “merely ask[] the court ‘to rethink what the Court had already thought through—rightly or wrongly.’” DirecTV, Inc., 366 F. Supp. 2d at 317 (quoting Harsco, 779 F.2d at 909). Nor is it proper for the Court to entertain new, unrelated arguments, presented for the first time. Wiseman, 215 F.R.D. at 509. Therefore, Plaintiff’s Motion for Reconsideration is denied.

**IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED** that:

1. Plaintiff’s Motion for Reconsideration, (Doc.18), is **DENIED**.

Signed: October 27, 2014



Robert J. Conrad, Jr.  
United States District Judge

