

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA
STATESVILLE DIVISION
CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:13-CV-100-DSC**

EMNEDIN OMANOVIC,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
vs.)	CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER
)	
TYSON FOODS, INC., and)	
TYSON SHARED SERVICES, INC.)	
)	
Defendants.)	
)	

The parties to this action, through their respective undersigned attorneys, hereby stipulate and agree that certain information, documents, and other discovery information provided or disclosed by the parties and by other persons or entities may contain confidential proprietary business or financial information regarding the defendant, personnel information on individual parties or non-parties, and private medical, financial, and personal information regarding the plaintiff.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, AGREED, AND ORDERED that pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the following confidentiality provisions shall govern all information and documents disclosed in discovery in this action:

1. The parties' discovery will entail production of confidential documents and materials, including the following:
 - a. Defendant's personnel information regarding Plaintiff and potentially other current or former non-party employees. Such information may contain sensitive personal identification information, dependent and/or spouse or family information, tax withholding documents, insurance and retirement plan enrollment information, and similar documents.

b. Confidential reports or information that non-party employees may have provided to Defendant, with an expectation that Defendant would not disclose the employees' identities and/or the information that the employees provided.

c. Health records, medical records, and other documents or materials containing personal health information about Plaintiff.

d. Documents containing Defendant's confidential proprietary, financial, and business information.

e. Documents, records, or other information that provide names, addresses, telephone numbers, employment dates, job titles, compensation, disciplinary action information, or other details about Defendant's current or former employees.

2. The parties stipulate, and the Court finds, that documents and information like that described in paragraph 1 should be protected from unreasonable disclosure pursuant to Rule 26(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

3. Any party, in good faith, may designate information like that described in paragraph 1 above (and in the related subparagraphs) as "CONFIDENTIAL," and subject to the protections in this Order, regardless of who produced or provided the information. Information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" shall be used solely for purposes of prosecuting or defending this litigation and shall not be disclosed except as provided herein.

4. Confidential documents or other materials or information that a party considers to be highly sensitive, and that otherwise would not be disclosed to other parties in this action but for its potential relevance to this action, may be designated as "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only." Such information might include an individual party's, or non-party's, personal

health information; personnel and compensation information regarding former or current employees which would not have been available to Plaintiff or other employees at his level; and confidential information regarding non-party employees, which, if publicized, could embarrass or upset those employees, jeopardize Defendant's employment relationship with certain individuals, or discourage other employees from providing such information or from using important employee communication or complaint processes in the future.

5. Documents and other information designated "CONFIDENTIAL," or "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only," may be used or disclosed in the course of this action, as follows:

a. Materials and information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or as "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only," may be disclosed to the Court (including court reporters, stenographic reporters and videographers, and court personnel) as necessary to support any claim or defense; however, counsel should redact any irrelevant confidential material where that can be done without making the document more difficult to understand or obscuring the context. Such redactions especially should be made when removing irrelevant confidential material will avoid the need to seal the document from public view. Even if marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only," documents and other information in the Court's record will become part of the public record, unless filed under seal and, for cause shown, allowed to remain sealed by the Court under this Order and applicable law.

b. The parties' counsel, and other attorneys or staff personnel in their respective firms (collectively referred to as "the parties' counsel"), and Defendant's internal legal counsel, may review all documents and information marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or

“CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” provided by the opposing party, but shall not make any other disclosures of that information, except as allowed by this Order.

c. The respective parties, including Defendant's managers and executives who are involved in this litigation, may review “CONFIDENTIAL” documents and information, provided that such disclosures shall be limited to a “need to know” basis in regards to prosecuting or defending this litigation. Before making such disclosures, counsel shall inform the person to whom the disclosure is being made that he/she may not disclose the information to any other person or entity other than as permitted by this Order. Documents and information designated as “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” may not be disclosed to the parties, except that such information may be shared with Defendant's internal legal counsel in accordance with subparagraph b above, and may be disclosed to the parties if allowed under subparagraph e of paragraph 5 below.

d. Documents and information deemed “Confidential” under this Order, including materials designated as “Confidential —Counsel’s Eyes Only,” may be disclosed to experts (including consulting experts and attorneys) and their staff, and litigation support personnel and their staff, who have been retained by the party’s counsel in this litigation. Such disclosures shall be limited to what is required for the expert or consultant to provide the services in regards to this action for which the expert or consultant has been retained. In addition, each person to whom disclosure will be made for this purpose must sign a Nondisclosure Agreement in the form of Exhibit A hereto, which shall be maintained by the party retaining such expert or consultant; and

e. Information that is designated as “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” may not be disclosed to anyone other than the parties’ counsel (which shall include Defendant’s internal legal counsel), testifying and consulting experts who have been retained or associated by the parties’ counsel to analyze such information or to assist them in evaluating the parties’ claims or defenses, the person or persons who prepared, compiled, maintained or provided the information in the ordinary course of business or as part of such person’s job responsibilities, and persons who are the subject(s) of the information; provided, however, that counsel may use such documents or information as exhibits in depositions, to support or oppose motions, at trial or in any post-trial proceeding, provided that counsel does so in a manner that avoids needlessly disclosing the confidential information in those documents, including whenever appropriate, tendering such documents under seal in accordance with paragraph 10 below (subject to the Court’s final approval), tendering the documents only to witnesses who regularly had access to the confidential information in the document, who have been retained as expert witnesses or consultants, or who likely have first-hand knowledge about the confidential information in the documents, and/or tendering the documents only in the presence of the parties’ counsel, court personnel and/or court reporters, and others who regularly had access to the confidential information in the documents or who already have first-hand knowledge about the document’s contents.

f. If a party desires to disclose any Confidential Information to any person not described in the above subsections of paragraph 5 of this Order, counsel for the party desiring such disclosure Party shall inform the other parties’ counsel in writing about the desired disclosure at least ten (10) days before such disclosure will be made (or within such other time as

agreed by the parties in writing). If the parties cannot agree on whether the additional disclosure should be allowed, the party or parties objecting to further disclosure shall notify the requesting party in writing about its/their objection to the requested disclosure and submit the dispute to the Court by motion for a protective order within ten (10) days of giving such notice. No additional disclosure like that requested then shall be made until either the time for submitting the dispute to the Court has expired without any action being taken, or, if timely submitted to the Court, until the Court has ruled on such motion.

6. Nothing in this Order shall be taken as a non-producing party's consent that designated information is in fact "CONFIDENTIAL," appropriately limited to "Counsel's Eyes Only," or otherwise entitled to protection under Rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Any party may at any time prior to trial seek an order from the Court determining that information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" and/or "Counsel's Eyes Only" is not entitled to the protections provided by this Order, or that the information may be disclosed to persons other than those named in this Order. Similarly, nothing herein precludes a party from asking the Court to extend the protection under this Order to information that a producing party has failed, or has refused, to designate as either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "Counsel's Eyes Only." These actions shall be taken by motion. If a motion is filed under this paragraph, the information in question shall continue to be treated by all parties as "CONFIDENTIAL," or "Counsel's Eyes Only" information, and all provisions of this Order shall be adhered to with respect to the same, until such time as the Court determines whether such protection(s) are warranted.

7. Nothing in this Order shall preclude any party from applying to this Court for relief from any provision hereof or from asserting that certain discovery materials should receive

greater confidentiality protection than that provided herein. Each party expressly reserves the right to assert that certain information is so highly confidential that it should not to be subject to disclosure under any circumstances.

8. Documents and other materials or information will be protected as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” information if the producing party or subject party places or affixes, or causes to be placed or affixed on such document a “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” stamp or equivalent label. In lieu of placing a stamp or equivalent label, the parties may also designate “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” documents by “Bates stamp number” or other identifying number when exchanged in this matter during the course of discovery or otherwise. Testimony given at a deposition or hearing, and exhibits tendered in a deposition may be designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” either by stating the designation on the record, or by notifying the deposing party in writing within twenty-one (21) days of the receipt of the transcript of those pages and lines, and/or those exhibits, that are “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL —Counsel’s Eyes Only.” Testimony and exhibits that are designated as “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” shall be separately bound, sealed, and appropriately labeled by the court reporter and shall be treated by the parties as labeled above. Any designation that is inadvertently omitted from a document or testimony may be corrected by written notification to the other parties’ counsel, but any disclosure prior to such notification cannot be challenged or asserted as a violation of this Order.

9. All information designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” shall be maintained under the control of the parties’ counsel of record. Such

counsel shall be responsible for preventing any disclosure thereof except in accordance with the terms of this Order.

10. Before filing any information that has been designated “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel’s Eyes Only” with the Court, or any pleadings, motions, or other papers that disclose any such information, counsel shall consult and follow the procedures set out in this paragraph.

Each time a party seeks to file under seal confidential documents, things, and/or other information, said party shall accompany the request with a motion to seal and a supporting memorandum of law specifying (a) the exact documents, things, and/or information, or portions thereof, for which filing under seal is requested; (b) where it is necessary for the court to determine the source of the public’s right to access before a request to seal may be evaluated, whether any such request to seal seeks to overcome the common law or the First Amendment presumption to access; (c) the specific qualities of the material at issue which justify sealing such material, taking into account the balance of competing interests in access; (d) the reasons why alternatives to sealing are inadequate; and, (e) whether there is consent to the motion. Finally, in addition to the motion and supporting memorandum, said party must set out such findings in a proposed order to seal for the court.

When a party seeks to file confidential documents, things, and/or information, including confidential portions of any transcript, a party shall submit such materials to the court in a sealed envelope or other appropriately sealed container, which covering shall be endorsed with the title of this action and a statement substantially in the following form: “Filed Under Seal Pursuant to Protective Order.”

Documents submitted under seal in accordance with this paragraph will remain under seal pending the Court's ruling. If the party desiring to have particular information filed under seal does not timely file a Motion to Seal in accordance with this paragraph, the sealed materials submitted to the Court will be deemed unsealed and made a part of the public record, without any need for the Court to enter a formal ruling.

11. Information produced by non-parties during the course of this action may be designated under this Order by such non-party as "CONFIDENTIAL" by following the procedures set forth herein, or may be deemed so highly confidential as not to be disclosed under any circumstances, other than for "Counsel's Eyes Only." All such information shall thereafter be treated by the parties in the same manner as if produced with such designation by a party. A producing non-party shall have all the rights of a producing party with respect to protection of information under the terms of this Order. The provisions of this Order for challenging the designation by a party are applicable to challenges to designations by non-parties.

12. Any violation of any term of this Order or of an executed Nondisclosure Agreement shall be punishable as contempt of court. Any person or entity that is affiliated with either party that produces "CONFIDENTIAL" or "Counsel's Eyes Only" information in response to a discovery request or subpoena in this action shall be a third-party beneficiary of this Order and the Nondisclosure Agreements executed under this Order, and may pursue all remedies available for breach thereof. No provision of this Order shall be deemed to require any person or entity not a party to this action to respond to any discovery request or subpoena, except as may otherwise be required by law.

13. Nothing in this Order shall prevent or prohibit any party or non-party from

seeking such additional or further protection as it deems necessary to protect documents or information that is requested during discovery in this action.

14. Nothing in this Order shall prevent or restrict any person from using or disclosing in any manner its own "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only" information that it has produced or disclosed in this litigation.

15. Nothing in this Order shall prevent disclosure beyond the terms of this Order of any "CONFIDENTIAL" or "Counsel's Eyes Only" information if the parties to this action and, if applicable, the non-party from which the material originated, or about whom it concerns, consents, or if the Court, on motion filed by the party seeking to make disclosure, orders that such additional disclosure is permitted.

16. Nothing herein and no action taken under this Order shall constitute a waiver or admission that any specific document, material, testimony or thing: (a) is relevant and subject to discovery; (b) is or is not confidential business, personnel or personal information; or (c) is or is not admissible in evidence at trial or at any hearing. The production of any documents or information that the producing party claims to be privileged shall be governed by the facts and applicable law.

17. The restrictions set forth in any of the preceding paragraphs of this Order shall not apply to information that was, is, or becomes public knowledge not in violation of this Order.

18. The provisions of this Order do not apply to documents introduced into evidence or testimony given during the actual trial of this matter, and such documents may be introduced into evidence at trial with the designation required by paragraph 8 above removed, provided that the party offering the documents has first given notice in the Final Pretrial Order that it intends to

offer the document into evidence at trial. To the extent that a party believes a document should continue to be subject to protection at trial for reasons of confidentiality, that party shall file a proper motion requesting appropriate protections. The Court shall address any such motion and rule on it separate and apart from the terms set forth in this Order.

19. This Order shall continue in full force and effect after the termination of this litigation, including all appeals, and the Court shall retain jurisdiction necessary to enforce the terms of this Order. However, this Order shall be subject to revocation or modification by order of the Court upon written stipulation of the parties, or upon motion and reasonable notice, including opportunity for a hearing and presentation of evidence should the Court so decide.

20. Within sixty (60) days following the final termination of this case and any related appeals, each party's counsel shall collect all copies of "CONFIDENTIAL" and "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only" information and documents that the party received during this action, including any copies, extracts or summaries thereof, all documents containing or derived from information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only," and all copies in the possession or control of said party's employees, agents, representatives and experts. These materials shall be stored in a manner that protects them from any disclosure that would be inconsistent with the restrictions stated in this Order. After three (3) years following the termination of this litigation and any related appeals, each party's counsel shall, at the written request of the party which produced any confidential information, return the party's copies of "CONFIDENTIAL" and "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only" information or documents to counsel for the requesting party, or, if requested, destroy those copies; provided only that the counsel for the party possessing that information may retain any copies of

confidential material or information that includes that counsel's litigation work product or evidence of privileged communications. Those copies shall continue to be maintained in confidence consistent with the restrictions of this Order. Upon complying with a request to return confidential documents and information that a party received during this action, that party's counsel shall certify in writing to the counsel for the requesting party that he/she has returned all copies, abstracts, and summaries of such information and documents in the possession or control of his/her client and any retained experts or consultants, if applicable, or, if requested, that all such copies, abstracts and summaries have been destroyed, excepting only the litigation work product of said client and the client's counsel and documents containing privileged communications. The parties should agree to reasonable extensions of time to complete the return or destruction of the "CONFIDENTIAL" and "CONFIDENTIAL—Counsel's Eyes Only" information, if necessary.

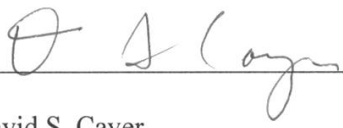
21. Each person who receives "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION" submits himself or herself to the personal jurisdiction of the Court, wherever he or she shall be, for purposes of the enforcement of this Order.

22. The parties agree to submit this Order for entry by the Court and to be bound by its terms prior to entry by the Court.

23. The parties, through counsel, have consented to the entry and terms of this Order.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: December 23, 2013



David S. Cayer
United States Magistrate Judge



We consent:

/s/ Craig P. Hensel

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Counsel for Defendants

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TYSON SHARED SERVICES, INC.)
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Defendants.)
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**EXHIBIT A
TO
CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Nondisclosure Agreement

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 Defendants.)
)

CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

The undersigned has read and understands the terms of the Consent Protective Order entered in this case, and agrees to abide by the terms of that Consent Protective Order. The undersigned agrees that, if any information is communicated to the undersigned marked “CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL - Counsel’s Eyes Only,” the undersigned will only disclose such information to the extent allowed by the terms of the Consent Protective Order. The undersigned hereby acknowledges that she/he is subject to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina with regard to this Protective Order and that the jurisdiction of the Court regarding that Order survives any settlement, discontinuance, dismissal, judgment, or other disposition of this action and that violations of this Agreement may be punishable as contempt.

Name (Please print or type)

Date

Signature

Position or Capacity in regards to this litigation
(e.g., Attorney's staff, Expert Witness)

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Defendants.)
)

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on December 23, 2013, I electronically filed the foregoing **CONSENT PROTECTIVE ORDER** with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system, which will automatically send notice of such filing to Plaintiff's counsel, Craig Hensel at craig.hensel@hensellaw.com.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Kevin J. Dalton

Kevin J