Gonzalez v. Tibbals Doc. 8

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

EDGAR GONZALEZ,

CASE NO. 1:13-CV-00014

Petitioner,

.

V.

OPINION & ORDER

[Resolving Doc. Nos. 1 & 5]

TERRY A. TIBBALS, WARDEN,

:

Respondent.

JAMES S. GWIN, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE:

On January 3, 2013, Petitioner Gonzalez filed a petition for writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 seeking relief for alleged constitutional violations that occurred during his jury trial and sentencing hearing in the Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas.¹ Under Local Rule 72.2, the Court referred the petition to Magistrate Judge George J. Limbert for a Report and Recommendation. On July 22, 2013, Petitioner filed a *pro se* motion to stay the habeas petition in abeyance until he exhausted his state remedies.²

On November 27, 2013, Magistrate Judge Limbert recommended that this Court deny Petitioner's *pro se* motion for a stay and abeyance and dismiss with prejudice Petitioner's petition for a writ of habeas corpus.³ The Court **ADOPTS** the Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation, **DENIES** Petitioner's motion for a stay and abeyance, and **DISMISSES WITH PREJUDICE** Petitioner's writ of habeas corpus.

¹ Doc. <u>1</u>.

² Doc. <u>5</u>.

³ Doc. 7.

The Federal Magistrates Act requires a district court to conduct a de novo review only of

those portions of a Report and Recommendation to which the parties have made an objection.⁴

Parties must file any objections to a Report and Recommendation within fourteen days of service.⁵

Failure to object within that time waives a party's right to appeal the magistrate judge's

recommendation. Absent objection, a district court may adopt the Magistrate Judge's report without

review. However, this Court has conducted its own review and agrees with the conclusions of the

Magistrate Judge.

Accordingly, the Court ADOPTS in whole Magistrate Judge Limbert's Report and

Recommendation and incorporates it fully herein by reference. The Court **DENIES** Petitioner's

motion for a stay and abeyance, and further **DISMISSES WITH PREJUDICE** Petitioner's writ of

habeas corpus. Moreover, the Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that an appeal

from this decision could not be taken in good faith, and no basis exists upon which to issue a

certificate of appealability.⁴

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 13, 2014

s/ James S. Gwin

JAMES S. GWIN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

⁴28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

⁵Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a).

⁶See Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 145 (1985); United States v. Walters, 638 F.2d 947, 949-50 (6th Cir.

1981).

⁷*Thomas*, 474 U.S. at 149.

⁴28 U.S.C. § 2253(c); Fed. R. App. P. 22(b).