PEARSON, J.

## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

LAMETRA PHILLIPS, ) CASE NO. 4:15CV01363 Plaintiff, ) V. JUDGE BENITA Y. PEARSON ) GRANT HOSPITAL, Defendant. ) <u>MEMORANDUM OF OPINION AND</u> <u>ORDER [Resolving ECF Nos. 1 and 2]</u>

On July 9, 2015, Plaintiff *pro se* Lametra Phillips filed this action against Grant Hospital, which is located in Columbus, Ohio. ECF No. 1. Plaintiff, a resident of Columbus, Ohio, ECF No. 1-1, alleges she was mistreated by nurses at the hospital after she gave birth. *See* ECF No. 1. In particular, she alleges she was not given pain medicine, was removed from the property, and later suffered shock as a result. ECF No. 1. Plaintiff seeks \$500,000.00 in damages. ECF No. 1. For the reasons stated below, the complaint is summarily dismissed.

Although *pro se* pleadings are liberally construed, *Boag v. MacDougall*, 454 U.S. 364, 365 (1982) (*per curiam*) (citing *Haines v. Kerner*, 404 U.S. 519, 520 (1972)), the district court is required to dismiss an action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B) if it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted, or if it lacks an arguable basis in law or fact. *Neitzke v. Williams*, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989). Additionally and of importance in this case, a complaint shall be dismissed when a court lacks jurisdiction. (4:15CV01363)

Even when construing Plaintiff's complaint liberally, there are no allegations indicating a proper basis for the exercise of the Court's jurisdiction. Plaintiff does not invoke a federal statute in support of her claim, nor is there any suggestion of diversity of citizenship of the parties.<sup>1</sup> *See* ECF No. 1-1. Therefore, the complaint is appropriately subject to summary dismissal. *See Lowe v. Huffstutler*, 902 F.2d 1569 (6th Cir. 1990) ("[Dismissal] of [the plaintiff]'s claims was proper for lack of subject matter jurisdiction because the complaint clearly indicates that both [the plaintiff] and the [defendant] were citizens of [the same state] . . . Thus, a *sua sponte* dismissal of [the plaintiff]'s diversity claims was appropriate even under the standard that was announced in *Neitzke*.").

Plaintiff's motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* is granted. For the reasons given above, the complaint is summarily dismissed, pursuant to  $\frac{1915(e)(2)(B)}{2}$ . Furthermore, the Court certifies, pursuant to  $\frac{28 \text{ U.S.C. } \$1915(a)(3)}{28 \text{ U.S.C. } \$1915(a)(3)}$ , that an appeal from this decision could not be taken in good faith.

## IT IS SO ORDERED.

October 21, 2015 Date /s/ Benita Y. Pearson

Benita Y. Pearson United States District Judge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because summary dismissal is appropriate, the Court will not address the questionable venue.