## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO WESTERN DIVISION

:

TIMOTHY JONES,

Petitioner,

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Case No. 3:15-cv-164

WARDEN, Ross Correctional

Institution,

Respondent.

JUDGE WALTER H. RICE

DECISION AND ENTRY ADOPTING UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS (DOC. #33); OVERRULING PETITIONER'S OBJECTIONS THERETO (DOC. #34); OVERRULING PETITIONER'S REQUEST FOR A DELAYED APPEAL (DOC. #31)

Based on the reasoning and citations of authority set forth by United States

Magistrate Judge Michael R. Merz, in his August 8, 2016, Report and

Recommendations, Doc. #33, as well as upon a thorough *de novo* review of this

Court's file and the applicable law, the Court ADOPTS said judicial filing in its

entirety.

Petitioner's Objections thereto, Doc. #34, are OVERRULED. The Court cannot extend the time to file a notice of appeal under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(5), because the motion was filed more than 60 days after the judgment was entered. See Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(5)(A)(i). Judgment was entered on March 31, 2016, and Petitioner did not file his motion until July 15, 2016. Nor

can the Court reopen the time to file an appeal under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(6). Even assuming that Petitioner did not receive notice that his case had been dismissed until June 17, 2016, he did not file the Motion for Delayed Appeal until July 6, 2016, more than 14 days later. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(6)(B) (providing that the court may reopen the time to file an appeal only if "the motion is filed within 180 days after the judgment or order is entered or within 14 days after the moving party receives notice, whichever is earlier.").

Accordingly, Petitioner's Motion for Delayed Appeal, Doc. #31, is OVERRULED as untimely.

Date: August 30, 2016

WALTER H. RICE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It appears that Magistrate Judge Merz's citation in the Report and Recommendation to "Fed. R. App. P. 16(c)" is a typographical error. No such subsection of Rule 16 exists. The Court assumes that he intended to refer instead to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(6).