# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA 

RYAN VANWINKLE,<br>Plaintiff,<br>v.<br>JOHN BENNETT, et al., Defendants.

Case No. 22-CIV-192-RAW

## OPINION AND ORDER

## DENYING MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL

Plaintiff Ryan Vanwinkle has filed a motion requesting the court to appoint counsel [Docket No. 30] based upon the complexity of the case. Appointment of counsel in civil cases is disfavored and rare. There is no constitutional right to appointment of counsel in a civil case. Durre v. Dempsey, 869 F.2d 543, 547 ( $10^{\text {th }}$ Cir.1989); Carper v. DeLand, 54 F.3d 613, 616 ( $10^{\text {th }}$ Cir. 1995).

Plaintiff bears the burden of convincing the court that his claim has sufficient merit to warrant appointment of counsel. McCarthy v. Weinberg, 753 F.2d 836, 838 (10th Cir. 1985) (citing United States v. Masters, 484 F.2d 1251, 1253 (10th Cir. 1973)).

The court has carefully reviewed the merits of plaintiff's claims, the nature of factual issues raised in his allegations, and his ability to investigate crucial facts. McCarthy, 753 F.2d at 838 (citing Maclin v. Freake, 650 F.2d 885, 887-88 (7th Cir. 1981)). After considering plaintiff's ability to present his claims and the complexity of the legal issues raised by the claims, the court finds that appointment of counsel is not warranted. See Williams v. Meese, 926 F.2d 994, 996 (10th Cir. 1991); see also Rucks v. Boergermann, 57 F.3d 978, 979 (10th Cir. 1995).

Accordingly, the Plaintiff's Motion for Appointment of Counsel [Docket No. 30] is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED this $25^{\text {th }}$ day of March 2024.

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