

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF OREGON  
PORTLAND DIVISION

**DARRYL PICKENS,**

3:09-CV-00704-KI

Plaintiff(s),

DISCOVERY ORDER

vs.

**THE HONORABLE ERIC K. SHINSEKI,**  
a Secretary of Veterans Affairs,

Defendant(s).

Darryl Pickens  
c/o 8504 N. Woolsey Avenue  
Portland, Oregon 97203

Pro Se Plaintiff

Dwight C. Holton  
United States Attorney  
District of Oregon

Sean E. Martin  
Assistant United States Attorney  
1000 SW Third Avenue, Suite 600  
Portland, Oregon 97204-2902

Attorney(s) for Defendant(s)

King, Judge:

Plaintiff Darryl Pickens alleges harassment, race discrimination, retaliation, and disability discrimination from 2004 to 2008 while working at the Veteran's Administration Medical Center (the "VAMC"). The VAMC has filed a Motion to Dismiss [68] for Pickens' failure to respond to the VAMC's Requests for Production by the court-imposed deadline. For the following reasons, I grant in part and deny in part the motion.

#### **BACKGROUND**

On August 1, 2011, the Court held a hearing by telephone to discuss, among other things, Pickens' request for an extension of time to respond to the VAMC's discovery requests. The Court set a deadline of 30 days to respond to the VAMC's discovery requests. Pickens responded to the VAMC's interrogatories but failed to respond to the VAMC's Requests for Production.

#### **LEGAL STANDARDS**

Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b), the court may dismiss a case for failure to prosecute, or for failure to comply with the rules of civil procedure or a court order. Additionally, a court may sanction a party, including dismissing the case, for failing to comply with a discovery order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(b). The court must weigh five factors when imposing sanctions under either rule:

(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring the disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions.

In re Eisen, 31 F.3d 1447, 1451 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1994); In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Prods. Liabl. Litig., 460 F.3d 1217, 1226 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2006). "Where a court order is violated, the first two factors support sanctions and the fourth factor cuts against a default. Therefore, it is the third and fifth factors that are decisive." Payne v. Exxon Corp., 121 F.3d 503, 507 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1997). However, under Rule 37, the court's discretion to dismiss a case "is narrowed and the losing party's noncompliance must be due to willfulness, fault or bad faith." Id.

### **DISCUSSION**

The VAMC's Requests for Production seek employment and medical records, or direct Pickens to sign release forms for those employment and medical records. The VAMC also seeks copies of recordings Pickens purportedly made at meetings with VA officials, as well as any documents supporting his claims. The VAMC asserts these documents are necessary to their defense of the action.

Faced with Pickens' failure to respond to its Requests for Production, the VAMC requests either: (1) a dismissal of Pickens' action for Pickens' failure to comply with the August 1, 2011 court order; (2) an order prohibiting Pickens from using any documents he failed to disclose to the VAMC in supporting his claims or opposing the VAMC's defenses; or (3) an order staying all proceedings until Pickens responds to the VAMC's Requests for Production.

Pickens responds to the VAMC's motion by calling government counsel a liar and vehemently asserting that he already responded to the discovery requests. Pickens also contends that counsel can get what he needs from officials who presumably work at the VA.

Given what appears to be Pickens' confusion between the Interrogatories to which he already responded and the VAMC's separate Requests for Production, I decline to dismiss the case. Pickens is directed to respond to the VAMC's Requests for Production that are attached as Exhibit A to the VAMC's Memorandum in Support of Motion to Dismiss [69] by October 21, 2011. If he does not have any documents responsive to the request, he need only state that. If he fails to disclose documents to the VAMC that he does have in his possession, he will be precluded from using those documents to support his claims or to defend the VAMC's arguments. If Pickens fails to respond to the VAMC's Requests for Production by October 21, 2011, the Court will dismiss this action.

### **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, the VAMC's Motion to Dismiss [68] is granted in part and denied in part. Pickens is directed to respond to the VAMC's Requests for Production by October 21, 2011 or the Court will dismiss this action.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2011.

/s/ Garr M. King  
Garr M. King  
United States District Judge