UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to assignment to appropriate calendar.	be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of			
Address of Plaintiff: 9601 Mason Avenue, chat-	sworth, CA			
Address of Defendant: Joseph Grilasi - 1637 W Turner St. Allentown DA 18102				
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: All Intringements	preprod within this			
Wasdictional Alstrict (Use Reverse Side For	Additional Spuce)			
Does fail civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation	and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?			
(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a	Yes No			
Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities?	YesD No.			
RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Case Number: 5: 11-CV-03060 Judge Berle M. Schille	Date Terminated:			
Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:				
I. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one y	year previously terminated action in this court?			
a Profit of the state of the st	Yes No 🗆			
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior action in this court?	suif pending or within one year proviously terminated			
	Yes G No D			
3. Does this cose involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier				
terminated action in this court?	Yes No No			
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil right	nts case filed by the same individual? Yes No No			
CIVIL: (Place / in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)				
A. Federal Question Cases: I. □ Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases: 1. □ Insurance Contract and Other Contracts			
2. □ FELA	2. Airplane Personal Injury			
3. D Jones Act-Personal Injury	3. □ Assault, Defamation			
. 4. □ Antitrust	4. □ Marine Personal Injury			
5. Patent	5. D Motor Vehicle Personal Injury			
6. D Labor-Management Relations	6. Other Personal Injury (Please			
	specify)			
7. D Civil Rights	7. Products Liability			
8. □ Habeas Corpus	8. C Products Liability — Asbestos			
9. D Securities Act(s) Cases	9. ☐ All other Diversity Cases			
10. Social Security Review Cases	(Please specify)			
11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify)	•			
ARBITRATION CERT				
I, Christopher P. Fibe counsel of record do hereby certification of the best of my knowledge and \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs;	fy:			
Rollef other than monetary damages is sought				
DATE: 10/13/11	#83018			
Attorney-at-Law NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if the	Attorney I.D.# ere has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38.			
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or except as noted above.	within one year previously terminated action in this court			
DATE:				
Attomey-at-Law	Attorney L.D.#			
CIV, 609 (6/08)				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to I assignment to appropriate calendar.	be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of
Address of Plaintiff: 9601 Mason Avenue, chats	with CA
	ner St. Allentown DA 18102
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: All Intringements	ocurred within this
Unschottonal Nictral (We Reverse Side For A	
Does his civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation a	and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock?
(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)	
Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities?	Yest No
RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Case Number: 3:11-CV-02060 Judge Berle M. Schiller	Date Terminated:
Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:	
1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one ye	
	Yes No 🗆
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior saction in this court?	suit ponding or within one year previously terminated
	Yes E No [
3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier in	numbered case pending or within one year previously
terminated action in this court?	Yes No O
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro-se civil right	is case filed by the same individual?
	Yes□ No□
CIVIL: (Place V in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)	
A. Federal Question Cases:	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:
I. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts Output Description:	1. D Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
2. O FELA	2. Airplane Personal Injury
3. □ Jones Act-Personal Injury	3. Assault, Defamation
.4. Antitrust 5. Patent	4. Marine Personal Injury The Nation Making Personal Values
	5. D Motor Vehicle Personal Injury
6. D Labor-Management Relations	6. Other Personal Injury (Please
a a chilinian	specify) 7. □ Products Liability
7. □ Civil Rights	•
8. 🗆 Habeas Corpus	8. □ Products Liability — Asbestos9. □ All other Diversity Cases
9. Securities Act(s) Cases Region Conse	·
10. □ Social Security Review Cases11. ♣All other Federal Question Cases	(Please speoify)
(Please specify)	•
ARBITRATION CERT	
I. Christopher P. Flore, counsel of record do horeby certif	
	belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of
\$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs;	
Rollef other than monetary damages is sought	11.55-21.55
DATE: 101311	#83018
NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if the	Attorney I.D.#
MOXE: A that de novo will be a this by July only it med	to has a controlliphanice with P.R.O.T. 50.
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or except as noted above.	within one year previously terminated action in this court
DATE:	
Attomey-at-Law	Attorney I.D.#
CIV, 609 (6/08)	

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

K-Beech,	Inc.	:	CIVIL ACTION	
K-Beech, Joseph Gri	co E		NO.	
In accordance with the Ciplaintiff shall complete a Cipling the complaint and ser side of this form.) In the designation, that defendant	vil Justice Expense Case Management Tove a copy on all deferent that a defendable with its first arties, a Case Mana	rack Designation F endants. (See § 1:0 dant does not agre appearance, submi gement Track Des	tion Plan of this court, couns form in all civil cases at the times of the plan set forth on the reservith the plaintiff regarding it to the clerk of court and sering attion Form specifying the	me of everse g said ve on
SELECT ONE OF THE I	FOLLOWING CA	SE MANAGEME	NT TRACKS:	
(a) Habeas Corpus - Cases	brought under 28 1	U.S.C. § 2241 thro	ugh § 2255.	()
(b) Social Security – Cases and Human Services de	requesting review enying plaintiff Soc	of a decision of the ial Security Benefi	e Secretary of Health ts.	()
(c) Arbitration - Cases req	uired to be designat	ted for arbitration 1	ınder Local Civil Rule 53.2.	()
(d) Asbestos – Cases invol exposure to asbestos.	ving claims for pers	sonal injury or proj	perty damage from	()
(e) Special Management—commonly referred to a the court. (See reverse management cases.)	is complex and that	need special or int	ense management by	w
(f) Standard Management	– Cases that do not	fall into any one o	f the other tracks.	()
10 13 11 Date 215) 2516-0205	Attorney-at-		Plaintiff Attorney for Chore@forebor	ber.com
Telephone	FAX Numb	er	E-Mail Address	

(Civ. 660) 10/02

Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan Section 1:03 - Assignment to a Management Track

- (a) The clerk of court will assign cases to tracks (a) through (d) based on the initial pleading.
- (b) In all cases not appropriate for assignment by the clerk of court to tracks (a) through (d), the plaintiff shall submit to the clerk of court and serve with the complaint on all defendants a case management track designation form specifying that the plaintiff believes the case requires Standard Management or Special Management. In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a case management track designation form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.
- (c) The court may, on its own initiative or upon the request of any party, change the track assignment of any case at any time.
- (d) Nothing in this Plan is intended to abrogate or limit a judicial officer's authority in any case pending before that judicial officer, to direct pretrial and trial proceedings that are more stringent than those of the Plan and that are designed to accomplish cost and delay reduction.
- (e) Nothing in this Plan is intended to supersede Local Civil Rules 40.1 and 72.1, or the procedure for random assignment of Habeas Corpus and Social Security cases referred to magisfrate judges of the court.

SPECIAL MANAGEMENT CASE ASSIGNMENTS (See §1.02 (e) Management Track Definitions of the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan)

Special Management cases will usually include that class of cases commonly referred to as "complex litigation" as that term has been used in the Manuals for Complex Litigation. The first manual was prepared in 1969 and the Manual for Complex Litigation Second, MCL 2d was prepared in 1985. This term is intended to include cases that present unusual problems and require extraordinary treatment. See §0.1 of the first manual. Cases may require special or intense management by the court due to one or more of the following factors: (1) large number of parties; (2) large number of claims or defenses; (3) complex factual issues; (4) large volume of evidence; (5) problems locating or preserving evidence; (6) extensive discovery; (7) exceptionally long time needed to prepare for disposition; (8) decision needed within an exceptionally short time; and (9) need to decide preliminary issues before final disposition. It may include two or more related cases. Complex litigation typically includes such cases as antitrust cases; cases involving a large number of parties or an unincorporated association of large membership; cases involving requests for injunctive relief affecting the operation of large business entities; patent cases; copyright and trademark cases; common disaster cases such as those arising from aircraft crashes or marine disasters; actions brought by individual stockholders; stockholder's derivative and stockholder's representative actions; class actions or potential class actions; and other civil (and criminal) cases involving unusual multiplicity or complexity of factual issues. See §0.22 of the first Manual for Complex Litigation and Manual for Complex Litigation Second, Chapter 33.

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANTS		
K-Beech, Inc., a California corporation			Joseph Grisafi		
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Chatsworth, CA (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)		CA	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.		ONLY)
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name	e, Address, and Telephone Number)				
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Fiore & Barber, 425 Main Street,	Suita 200	Attorneys (If Known)		
H <u>arleysville, PA 19</u> 438		Suite 200			
II. BASIS OF JURISI		III. C	TIZENSHIP OF I	PRINCIPAL PARTIES	(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
O 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	図 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)			TF DEF I I Incorporated or Pr of Business In Thi	
☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item I 		en of Another State	1 2	
			en or Subject of a reign Country	3 G 3 Foreign Nation	□ 6 □ 6
IV. NATURE OF SUI	T (Place an "X" in One Box Only)				
	TORTS DEDCOME IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY		DREELTURE/BENAUTYS	1	
& Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Coutract Product Liability 196 Franchise REALIPROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	330 Federal Employers' Liability Liability PERSONAL PRC 345 Marine PERSONAL PRC 370 Other Fraux Liability 371 Truth in Le 355 Motor Vehicle 750 Motor Vehicle Property Dis 2385 Prope	njury -	O Agriculture O Other Food & Drug 5 Drug Related Soizure of Property 21 USC 881 O Liquor Laws O R.R. & Truck O Airline Regs. O Occupational Safety/Health O Other ***SEXEMOR** O Fair Labor Standards Act O Labor/Mgntt. Relations O Labor/Mgntt. Relations O Labor/Mgntt. Reporting & Disclosure Act O Railway Labor Act O Cher Labor Litigation I Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act **IMMIGRATION** 2 Naturalization Application 3 Habeas Corpus - Alien Detaince 5 Other Immigration Actions	422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exclusioner Challenge 12 USC 3410 895 Chier Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
☑ 1 Original ☐ 2 Re	un "X" in One Box Only) emoved from	Reop	ened anothe	ferred from	
VI, CAUSE OF ACTION	ON Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which y 17 U.S.C. \$\$101 Brief description of cause: Copyright Intingement	you are filing (Do not cite jurisdiction	al statutes unless diversity):	<u> </u>
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	,, ,	rion di 150,000	emand \$ 0.00	CHECK YES only JURY DEMAND:	if demanded in complaint: ☑ Yes ☐ No
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE	SIGNATURE O	OF ATTORNEY	OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY					
RECEIPT# AI	MOUNT APPLYING I	FP	JUDGE	MAG, JUI	OGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- 1. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- 111. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date,

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District, (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.

 Example:

 U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553

 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the

Eastern District of Pennsylvania

K-Beech, I	nc.	·)			
Plaintiff)			
V.) Ci	vil Action No.	·	
Joseph Gri	safi)			
Defendani	t.)			
	SUMMONS IT	N A CIVIL	ACTION		
To: (Defendant's name and address)	Joseph Grisafi 1637 W Turner St Allentown, PA 18102				
A lawsuit has been file Within 21 days after se are the United States or a Unite P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must the Federal Rules of Civil Proc whose name and address are:	ervice of this summons on ad States agency, or an offi serve on the plaintiff an a	icer or emp inswer to the tion must be	loyee of the United e attached complair	States described : nt or a motion und	er Rule 12 of
If you fail to respond, You also must file your answe	judgment by default will be or motion with the court.	oe entered a	gainst you for the r	elief demanded in	the complaint.
		. ·	Michael E. Kunz Clerk of Court		
Deter					
Date:			Signati	ire of Clerk or Deputy	Clerk
		•			

Civil Action No.

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (1))

	This summons for (name	ne of individual and title, if any)		
vas re	ceived by me on (date)			
	☐ I personally served	the summons on the individual a	t (place)	
			on (date)	; or
	☐ I left the summons a	at the individual's residence or us	sual place of abode with (name)	,
		, a person o	of suitable age and discretion who residual	des there,
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to t	he individual's last known address; or	
	☐ I served the summo	NS ON (name of individual)		, who is
	designated by law to a	ccept service of process on behal	f of (name of organization)	
			on (date)	; or
	☐ I returned the summ	ons unexecuted because		; or
	Other (specify):			
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this information	is true	
	. I doorare under penalty	or porjury muc and information		
Date:				,
			Server's signature	
	•			
		MAX TOTAL TO	Printed name and title	
			Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

		X		
K-BEECH, INC.,		:	Civil Action No.	
	Plaintiff,	:		
	vs.	:		
JOSEPH GRISAFI,		: :		
	Defendant.	:		
		X	·	
COMPLAINT				

Plaintiff, K-Beech, Inc., by and through its counsel, Fiore & Barber, LLC, sues Joseph Grisafi, who was, at all relevant times, the subscriber of IP address 108.16.14.223 and alleges:

Introduction

- 1. This matter arises under the United States Copyright Act of 1976, as amended, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq. (the "Copyright Act").
 - 2. Through this suit, Plaintiff allege Defendant is liable for:
 - Direct copyright infringement in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106 and 501; and
 - Contributory copyright infringement.

Jurisdiction And Venue

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (federal question); and 28 U.S.C. § 1338 (patents, copyrights, trademarks and unfair competition).

- 4. The Defendant's acts of copyright infringement occurred using Internet Protocol address 108.16.14.223 ("IP address") traced to a physical address located within this District, and therefore this Court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendant because (a) Defendant committed the tortious conduct alleged in this Complaint in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and (i) Defendant resides in Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and/or (ii) has engaged in substantial and not isolated business activity in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
- 5. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c), because: (i) a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this District; and, (ii) the Defendant resides (and therefore can be found) in this District and resides in this State; additionally, venue is proper in this District pursuant 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) (venue for copyright cases) because Defendant or Defendant's agent resides or may be found in this District.

Parties

- 6. Plaintiff, K-Beech, Inc., is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California and has its principal place of business located at 9601 Mason Avenue, Unit B, Chatsworth, California.
- 7. Defendant, Joseph Grisafi, is an individual who is a resident of the state of Pennsylvania. Defendant's IP address is 108.16.14.223.
- 8. An IP address is a number that is assigned by an Internet Service Provider (an "ISP") to devices, such as computers, that are connected to the Internet.
- 9. The ISP to which Defendant subscribes, Verizon Internet Services, can correlate the Defendant's IP address to the Defendant's true identity.

Factual Background

- I. Plaintiff Own the Copyright to a Motion Picture
- 10. On or about April 22, 2011, Plaintiff, K-Beech, Inc. submitted an application for Copyright Registration (Service Request Number 1-599790162) for the motion picture titled "Virgins 4" (the "Work").
- 11. Copy of the applications for Copyright Registration evidencing, among other things, Plaintiff's ownership of the Work and application dates are attached as Exhibit A.
 - II. <u>Defendant Used BitTorrent To Infringe Plaintiff's Copyright</u>
- 12. BitTorrent is one of the most common peer-to-peer file sharing protocols (in other words, set of computer rules) used for distributing large amounts of data; indeed, it has been estimated that users using the BitTorrent protocol on the internet account for over a quarter of all internet traffic. The creators and user's of BitTorrent developed their own lexicon for use when talking about BitTorrent, which can be found on www.wikipedia.org.
- 13. The BitTorrent protocol's popularity stems from its ability to distribute a large file without creating a heavy load on the source computer and network. In short, to reduce the load on the source computer, rather than downloading a file from a single source computer (one computer directly connected to another), the BitTorrent protocol allows users to join a "swarm" of host computers to download and upload from each other simultaneously (one computer connected to numerous computers).
 - A. Defendant Installed a BitTorrent Client onto his or her Computer
 - 14. Defendant installed a BitTorrent Client onto his or her computer.
- 15. A BitTorrent "Client" is a software program that implements the BitTorent protocol. There are numerous such software programs including μTorrent and Vuze, both of

which can be directly downloaded from the internet. <u>See www.utorrent.com</u> and http://new.vuze-downloads.com/.

- 16. Once installed on a computer, the BitTorrent "Client" serves as the user's interface during the process of uploading and downloading data using the BitTorrent protocol.
 - B. The Initial Seed, Torrent, Hash and Tracker
- 17. A BitTorrent user that wants to upload a new file, known as an "initial seeder," starts by creating a "torrent" descriptor file using the Client he or she installed onto his or her computer.
- 18. The Client takes the target computer file, the "initial seed," here the copyrighted Work, and divides it into groups of bits known as "pieces."
- 19. The Client then gives each one of the computer file's pieces, in this case, pieces of the copyrighted Work, a random and unique alphanumeric identifier known as a "<u>hash</u>" and records these hash identifiers in the torrent file.
- 20. When another peer later receives a particular piece, the hash identifier for that piece is compared to the hash identifier recorded in the torrent file for that piece to test that the piece is error-free. In this way, the hash identifier Work like an electronic fingerprint to identify the source and origin of the piece and that the piece is authentic and uncorrupted.
- 21. Torrent files also have an "announce" section, which specifies the <u>URL</u> (Uniform Resource Locator) of a "tracker," and an "info" section, containing (suggested) names for the files, their lengths, the piece length used, and the <u>hash identifier</u> for each piece, all of which are used by Clients on peer computers to verify the integrity of the data they receive.
- 22. The "tracker" is a computer or set of computers that a torrent file specifies and to which the torrent file provides peers with the URL address (es).

- 23. The tracker computer or computers direct a peer user's computer to other peer user's computers that have particular pieces of the file, here the copyrighted Work, on them and facilitates the exchange of data among the computers.
- 24. Depending on the BitTorrent Client, a tracker can either be a dedicated computer (centralized tracking) or each peer can act as a tracker (decentralized tracking).

C. <u>Torrent Sites</u>

- 25. "Torrent sites" are websites that index torrent files that are currently being made available for copying and distribution by people using the BitTorrent protocol. There are numerous torrent websites, including www.TorrentZap.com, www.Btscene.com, and www.ExtraTorrent.com.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendant went to a torrent site to upload and download Plaintiff's copyrighted Work.

D. Uploading and Downloading a Work Through a BitTorrent Swarm

- 27. Once the initial seeder has created a torrent and uploaded it onto one or more torrent sites then other peers begin to download and upload the computer file to which the torrent is linked (here the copyrighted Work) using the BitTorrent protocol and BitTorrent Client that the peers installed on their computers.
- 28. The BitTorrent protocol causes the initial seed's computer to send different pieces of the computer file, here the copyrighted Work, to the peers seeking to download the computer file.
- 29. Once a peer receives a piece of the computer file, here a piece of the Copyrighted Work, it starts transmitting that piece to the other peers.

- 30. In this way, all of the peers and seeders are working together in what is called a "swarm."
- 31. Here, Defendant participated in a swarm and directly interacted and communicated with other members of that swarm through digital handshakes, the passing along of computer instructions, uploading and downloading, and by other types of transmissions.
- 32. In this way, and by way of example only, one initial seeder can create a torrent that breaks a movie up into hundreds or thousands of pieces saved in the form of a computer file, like the Work here, upload the torrent onto a torrent site, and deliver a different piece of the copyrighted Work to each of the peers. The recipient peers then automatically begin delivering the piece they just received to the other peers in the same swarm.
- 33. Once a peer, here the Defendant, has downloaded the full file, the BitTorrent Client reassembles the pieces and the peer is able to view the movie. Also, once a peer has downloaded the full file, that peer becomes known as "an additional seed" because it continues to distribute the torrent file, here the copyrighted Work.
 - E. Plaintiff's Computer Investigators Identified the Defendant's IP Addresses as an Infringer in a Swarm That Was Distributing Plaintiff's Work
- 34. Plaintiff retained IPP, Limited ("IPP") to identify the IP addresses that are being used by those people that are using the BitTorrent protocol and the internet to reproduce, distribute, display or perform Plaintiff's copyrighted Work.
- 35. IPP used forensic software named INTERNATIONAL IPTRACKER v1.2.1 and related technology enabling the scanning of peer-to-peer netWork for the presence of infringing transactions.
- 36. IPP extracted the resulting data emanating from the investigation, reviewed the evidence logs, and isolated the transactions and the IP addresses associated therewith for the file

identified by the SHA-1 hash value of FB4FA00EBAA9E332B559C1BD36EB5197A96C6541 (the "Unique Hash Number").

- 37. The IP addresses, Unique Hash Number and hit dates show Defendant had copied a piece of Plaintiff's copyrighted Work identified by the Unique Hash Number, and was distributing it to other peers in a BitTorrent swarm on:
 - a. May 24, 2011 at 15:32 UTC.
- 38. Through the transaction(s), the Defendant's computer used its IP address to connect to the investigative server from a computer in this District in order to transmit a full copy, or a portion thereof, of a digital media file identified by the Unique Hash Numbers.
- 39. IPP's agent analyzed each BitTorrent "piece" distributed by Defendant verified that re-assemblage of the piece(s) using a BitTorrent Client results in a fully playable digital motion picture of the Work.
- 40. IPP's agent viewed the Work side-by-side with the digital media file that correlates to the Unique Hash Numbers and determined that they were identical, strikingly similar or substantially similar.

Miscellaneous

- 41. All conditions precedent to bringing this action have occurred or been waived.
- 42. Plaintiff has retained counsel and is obligated to pay said counsel a reasonable fee for its services.

COUNT I <u>Direct Infringement Against Defendant.</u>

- 43. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1-42 are hereby re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.
 - 44. Plaintiff is the owner of the copyrighted Work which contains an original work of

authorship.

- 45. By using the BitTorrent protocol and a BitTorrent Client and the processes described above, Defendant copied one or more of the constituent elements of the copyrighted Work that are original.
 - 46. Plaintiff did not authorize, permit or consent to Defendant's copying of its Work.
 - 47. As a result of the foregoing, Defendant violated Plaintiff's exclusive right to:
 - (A) Reproduce the Work in copies, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(1) and 501;
- (B) Redistribute copies of the Work to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease or lending, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(3) and 501;
- (C) Perform the copyrighted Work, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(4) and 501, by showing the Work's images in any sequence and/or by making the sounds accompanying the Work audible and transmitting said performance of the Work, by means of a device or process, to members of the public capable of receiving the display (as set forth in 17 U.S.C. § 101's definitions of "perform" and "publically" perform); and
- (D) Display the copyrighted Work, in violation of 17 U.S.C. §§ 106(5) and 501, by showing individual images of the Work nonsequentially and transmitting said display of the Work by means of a device or process to members of the public capable of receiving the display (as set forth in 17 U.S.C. § 101's definition of "publically" display).
- 48. Defendant's infringements were committed "willfully" within the meaning of 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2).
- 49. Plaintiff has suffered actual damages that were proximately caused by the Defendant's infringements, including lost sales, price erosion and a diminution of the value of its copyright.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request that the Court:

- (A) Permanently enjoin Defendant and all other infringers who are in active concert or participation with Defendant from continuing to infringe Plaintiff's copyrighted Work;
- (B) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the torrent file relating to Plaintiff's copyrighted Work from each of the computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;
- (C) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the copy of the Work Defendant has on the computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;
- (D) Award Plaintiff either their actual damages and any additional profits of the Defendant pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504-(a)-(b); or statutory damages in the amount of \$150,000 pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504-(a) and (c);
- (E) Award Plaintiff their reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505; and
 - (F) Grant Plaintiff any other and further relief this Court deems just and proper.

COUNT II Contributory Infringement Against Defendant.

- 50. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1-42 are hereby re-alleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 51. Plaintiff is the owner of the Registration for the Work which contains an original work of authorship.
- 52. By using the BitTorrent protocol and a BitTorrent Client and the processes described above, Defendant copied the constituent elements of the copyrighted Work that are original.
 - 53. By participating in the BitTorrent swarm with other infringers, the Defendant

induced, caused or materially contributed to the infringing conduct of the other peer infringers in the swarm.

- 54. Plaintiff did not authorize, permit or consent to Defendant's inducing, causing or materially contributing to the infringing conduct of other peer infringers.
- 55. Defendant knew or should have known that other BitTorrent users, here other infringers would become members of a swarm with Defendant.
- 56. Defendant knew or should have known that other BitTorrent users in a swarm with it, here other infringers, were directly infringing Plaintiff's copyrighted Work by copying one or more of the constituent elements of the copyrighted Work that are original.
- 57. Indeed, Defendant directly participated in and therefore materially contributed to each other participants' infringing activities.
- 58. Defendant's contributory infringements were committed "willfully" within the meaning of 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2).
- 59. Plaintiff has suffered actual damages that were proximately caused by the Defendant and each of the peer infringers including lost sales, price erosion, and a diminution of the value of its copyright.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request that the Court:

- (A) Permanently enjoin Defendant and all other infringers who are in active concert or participation with Defendant from continuing to infringe Plaintiff's copyrighted Work;
- (B) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the torrent file relating to Plaintiff's copyrighted Work from each of the computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;
 - (C) Order that Defendant delete and permanently remove the copy of the Work

Defendant has on the computers under Defendant's possession, custody or control;

(D) Find that Defendant is jointly and severally liable for the direct infringement of

each other infringer that Defendant induced, caused or materially contributed to commit an

infringement;

(E) Award Plaintiff either their actual damages and any additional profits made by

Defendant pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504-(a)-(b); or statutory damages in the amount of \$150,000

pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504-(a) and (c);

(F) Award Plaintiff their reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §

505; and

(G) Grant Plaintiff any other and further relief this Court deems just and proper.

DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Respectfully submitted,

FIORE & BARBER, LLC

By:

/s/ Christopher Fiore Christopher P. Fiore, Esquire Aman M. Barber, III, Esquire Attorneys for Plaintiff 425 Main Street, Suite 200 Harleysville, PA 19438

Tel: (215) 256-0205 Fax: (215) 256-9205

Email: cfiore@fiorebarber.com

-APPLICATION-

Title of Work: Virgins #4 Completion/Publication -Year of Completion: 2011 Date of 1st Publication: February 9, 2011 Nation of 1st Publication: United States Author Author: K-Beech, Inc., dba Cherry Boxxx Pictures Author Created: editing/editor. production/producer Work made for hire: Yes Citizen of: United States Domiciled in: United States Copyright claimant . Copyright Claimant: K-Beech, Inc., dba Cherry Boxxx Pictures 9601 Mason Ave., Unit B, Chatsworth, CA, 91311, United States **Rights and Permissions** Organization Name: K-Beech, Inc. Name: Jeff Snyder Email: jeffs@kbeech.com Address: 9601 Mason Ave., Unit B Chatsworth, CA 91311 United States Certification Name: Jeff Snyder

Date: April 22, 2011

EXHIBIT A

Page 1 of 1

Registration #:

Service Request #: 1-599790162

Priority: Routine

Application Date: April 22, 2011 12:25:29 PM

Correspondent

Organization Name: K-Beech, Inc.

Name: Jeff Snyder

Email; jeffs@kbeech.com

Address: 9601 Mason Ave., Unit B -

Chatsworth, CA 91311 United States

Mail Certificate

K-Beech, Inc.

Jeff Snyder

9601 Mason Ave.

Unit B

Chatsworth, CA 91311 United States