

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO**

DANIEL OLAN-GONZALEZ,

Plaintiff,

v.

COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL  
SECURITY,

Defendant.

**CIVIL NO. 11-2067 (CVR)**

**OPINION AND ORDER**

Above plaintiff Daniel Olan-González, (hereafter plaintiff “Olan”) filed the present action to obtain judicial review of the final decision of the defendant, the Commissioner of Social Security (hereafter “Commissioner”), denying the application for entitlement to a period of disability and ensuing benefits. (Docket No. 1).

On February 12, 2012, plaintiff Olan indicated through his counsel, Atty. Salvador Medina De La Cruz, he consented to jurisdiction by a Magistrate Judge. (Docket No. 5).

On April 18, 2012, the Commissioner answered the Complaint with copy of the administrative record. On August 17, 2012, plaintiff Olan filed the corresponding memorandum of law. (Docket No. 18).

Thereafter, on February 7, 2013, the Commissioner filed a Motion to Remand indicating there was good cause to remand the case to the Commissioner for further action so as to re-evaluate the treating source opinions and the psychological expert’s testimony, obtain vocational evidence and, if warranted, evaluate the credibility of plaintiff’s testimony. (Docket No. 20). The request by the Commissioner is considered good cause for remand as per joint conference committee in the Social Security Disability Amendment

of 1980. H.R. Rep. No. 96-944, 96<sup>th</sup> Cong., 2d Sess. 59 (1980). See Melkonyan v. Sullivan, 501 U.S. 89, 100 n.2, 111 S.Ct. 2157, 2164 n.2 (1991); Shalala v. Schaefer, 509 U.S. 292, 113 S.Ct. 2625, 2629 n.2 (1993).<sup>1</sup>

Remand for further proceedings is also the appropriate remedy following the judicial ALJ's determination that claimant was not disabled and upon review finding said decision not supported by substantial evidence. This will allow additional evidence to be taken, preserving claimant's rights to seek attorney's fees if he ultimately prevails as a party. Freeman v. Barnhart, 274 F.3d 206 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir. 2001). Remand will also allow the Commissioner to fulfill his role of resolving conflicting evidence, consider additional evidence pertinent to the claimant's insured period, and benefit from the testimonies of vocational and medical experts. Freeman v. Barnhart, 274 F.3d at 609.

For the reasons above discussed, this United States Magistrate Judge grants the Motion to Remand.

### **CONCLUSION**

In view of the foregoing, the instant case is REMANDED to the Commissioner.

Judgment to be entered remanding the case to the Commissioner for further administrative action.

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, on this 7<sup>th</sup> day of February of 2013.

S/CAMILLE L. VELEZ-RIVE  
CAMILLE L. VELEZ RIVE  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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<sup>1</sup> Sentence-six remands may be ordered in only two situations: where the Secretary requests a remand before answering the complaint, or where new, material evidence is adduced that was for good cause not presented before the agency. See §405 (g) (sentence six). Shalala v. Schaefer, 509 U.S. at 297 n. 2.