Bryant v. Keck et al Doc. 16

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Nenemian N. Bryant,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Civil Action No. 2:18-493-BHH
Paul Keck, Benjamin E. Grimsley, Branch Banking and Trust, Grimsley Law Firm LLC, John Doe 1-100, and Jane Doe 1-100,)))))
Defendants.)))

This matter is before the Court upon Plaintiff's *pro se* complaint, which alleges violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* In accordance with Local Rule 73.02(B)(2)(a), the matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge for preliminary review.

On April 9, 2018, the Magistrate Judge issued an order giving Plaintiff the opportunity to provide necessary information and paperwork to bring the case into proper form for evaluation and possible service of process. Plaintiff was specifically warned that failure to provide the necessary information within the permitted time would subject the case to dismissal. Despite this warning, Plaintiff failed to provide the necessary information. Accordingly, on May 10, 2018, the Magistrate Judge issued a report and recommendation ("Report"), recommending that the Court dismiss this action without prejudice in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41. Attached to the Report was a notice advising Plaintiff of his right to file written objections to the Report within fourteen days of being served with a copy. To date, no objections have been filed, and

Plaintiff still has not provided the necessary paperwork to bring this case into proper form.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to the Court. The

recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final

determination remains with the Court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court

is charged with making a de novo determination only of those portions of the Report to

which specific objections are made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole

or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the

Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). In the absence of specific

objections, the Court reviews the matter only for clear error. See Diamond v. Colonial Life

& Accident Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that "in the absence of a

timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must

'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the

recommendation." (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note).

Here, because no objections were filed, the Court has reviewed the record, the

applicable law, and the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge for clear

error. Finding none, the Court adopts the Report (ECF No. 14), and this action is

dismissed without prejudice in accordance with Rule 41 of the Federal Rules of Civil

Procedure.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/Bruce H. Hendricks

The Honorable Bruce Howe Hendricks

United States District Judge

June 4, 2018

Charleston, South Carolina

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