

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

David Taylor,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Civil Action No. 2:22-cv-2632-BHH
United States of America,)
Defendant.)
_____)

This matter is before the Court upon Plaintiff's complaint alleging malpractice or negligence by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs in furnishing knee-related healthcare to Plaintiff. Plaintiff initially filed the action in state court, but Defendant removed the case to this Court on August 10, 2022, and subsequently filed a motion to dismiss pursuant to Rules 12(b)(1) and (6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d) (D.S.C.), the matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge for preliminary determinations.

On August 19, 2022, the Magistrate Judge issued an order pursuant to *Roseboro v. Garrison*, 528 F.2d 309 (4 th Cir. 1975), advising Plaintiff of the dismissal procedure and the possible consequences if he failed to respond adequately to the motion. Despite this notice, Plaintiff failed to respond. On October 26, 2022, therefore, the Magistrate Judge issued a report and recommendation (“Report”) outlining the issues and recommending that the Court dismiss this action for failure to prosecute, in accordance with *Chandler Leasing Corp. v. Lopez*, 669 F.2d 919 (4th Cir. 1982). Attached to the Magistrate Judge’s Report was a notice advising Plaintiff of his right to file written objections to the Report within fourteen days of being served with a copy. To date, no objections have been filed.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to the Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court is charged with making a *de novo* determination only of those portions of the Report to which specific objections are made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). In the absence of specific objections, the Court reviews the matter only for clear error. *See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Accident Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a *de novo* review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation.'") (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note).

Here, because no objections were filed, the Court has reviewed the record, the applicable law, and the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge for clear error. After review, the Court finds no clear error and agrees with the Magistrate Judge's findings and analysis. Accordingly, the Court adopts the Magistrate Judge's Report (ECF No. 18) and incorporates it herein, and the Court dismisses this action for lack of prosecution in accordance with Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/Bruce H. Hendricks
United States District Judge

November 17, 2022
Charleston, South Carolina