# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLUMBIA DIVISION

Diana Jordan,

C/A No. 3:18-1589-JFA

Plaintiff,

v.

Alan Wilson,

ORDER

Defendant.

# I. INTRODUCTION

Diana Jordan ("Plaintiff"), proceeding pro se,<sup>1</sup> filed this civil action on June 11, 2018 against Defendant Alan Wilson. (ECF No. 1). Plaintiff filed this action in forma pauperis under 28 U.S.C. § 1915.<sup>2</sup> In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(e) (D.S.C.), this case was referred to a Magistrate Judge for Review.

The Magistrate Judge assigned to this action<sup>3</sup> prepared a thorough Report and Recommendation ("Report") and opines that this action should be dismissed without

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Pro se complaints and pleadings, however inartfully pleaded, must be liberally construed and held to less stringent standards than formal pleadings drafted by lawyers." Ally v. Yadkin Cty. Sheriff Dept., 698 F. App'x 141, 142 (4th Cir. 2017) (citing Erickson v. Pardus, 551 U.S. 89, 94 (2007)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Because Plaintiff is proceeding in forma pauperis pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915, this Court is charged with screening Plaintiff's lawsuit to identify cognizable claims or to dismiss the complaint if, after being liberally construed, it is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Magistrate Judge's review is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2) (D.S.C.). The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The

prejudice and without issuance and service of process. (ECF No. 9 p. 5). The Report sets forth, in detail, the relevant facts and standards of law on this matter, and this Court incorporates those facts and standards without a recitation. The Magistrate Judge required Plaintiff to file objections by July 11, 2018. See id. Plaintiff did not file objections to the Report until July 16, 2018. (ECF No. 12). This Court, however, will address Plaintiff's objections below.

### II. LEGAL STANDARD

A district court is only required to conduct a de novo review of the specific portions of the Magistrate Judge's Report to which an objection is made. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); Carniewski v. W. Va. Bd. of Prob. & Parole, 974 F.2d 1330 (4th Cir. 1992). In the absence of specific objections to portions of the Magistrate's Report, this Court is not required to give an explanation for adopting the recommendation. See Camby v. Davis, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983). Thus, the Court must only review those portions of the Report to which Plaintiff has made a specific written objection. Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 316 (4th Cir. 2005).

"An objection is specific if it 'enables the district judge to focus attention on those issues—factual and legal—that are at the heart of the parties' dispute." Dunlap v. TM

recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. Mathews v. Weber, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which specific objection is made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

Trucking of the Carolinas, LLC, No. 0:15-cv-04009-JMC, 2017 WL 6345402, at \*5 n.6 (D.S.C. Dec. 12, 2017) (citing One Parcel of Real Prop. Known as 2121 E. 30th St., 73 F.3d 1057, 1059 (10th Cir. 1996)). A specific objection to the Magistrate's Report thus requires more than a reassertion of arguments from the Complaint or a mere citation to legal authorities. See Workman v. Perry, No. 6:17-cv-00765-RBH, 2017 WL 4791150, at \*1 (D.S.C. Oct. 23, 2017). A specific objection must "direct the court to a specific error in the magistrate's proposed findings and recommendations." Orpiano v. Johnson, 687 F.2d 44, 47 (4th Cir. 1982).

"Generally stated, nonspecific objections have the same effect as would a failure to object." Staley v. Norton, No. 9:07-0288-PMD, 2007 WL 821181, at \*1 (D.S.C. Mar. 2, 2007) (citing *Howard v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs.*, 932 F.2d 505, 509 (6th Cir. 1991)). The Court reviews portions "not objected to—including those portions to which only 'general and conclusory' objections have been made—for clear error." Id. (emphasis added) (citing Diamond, 416 F.3d at 315; Camby, 718 F.2d at 200; Orpiano, 687 F.2d at 47).

#### III. DISCUSSION

In her Objection to the Magistrate's Report, Plaintiff has presented no arguments that could be construed as specific objections. See (ECF No. 12). To the contrary, Plaintiff merely makes conclusory allegations and reasserts arguments from her Complaint (ECF No. 1). Without specific objections to the Report, this Court is not required to give an explanation for adopting the Magistrate's recommendation. See Camby, 718 F.2d at 199.

### **IV. CONCLUSION**

After carefully reviewing the applicable laws, the record in this case, as well as the Report, this Court finds the Magistrate Judge's recommendation fairly and accurately summarizes the facts and applies the correct principles of law. Accordingly, the Court adopts the Report and Recommendation (ECF No. 9). Therefore, Plaintiff's Complaint is dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

August 7, 2018 Columbia, South Carolina

Joseph F. anderson, g.

Joseph F. Anderson, Jr. United States District Judge