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## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Dawan Chatman, #172972,	) C.A. #4:09-2234-PMD
Petitioner,	)
vs.	) <u>ORDER</u>
Warden Michael McCall,	)
Respondent.	) ) )

This matter is before the court upon the magistrate judge's recommendation that the within action be dismissed pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.Proc. 41(b). Because petitioner is <u>pro se</u>, this matter was referred to the magistrate judge.<sup>1</sup>

This Court is charged with conducting a <u>de novo</u> review of any portion of the magistrate judge's report to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). However, absent prompt objection by a dissatisfied party, it appears that Congress did not intend for the district court to review the factual and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge. <u>Thomas v Arn</u>, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Additionally, any party who fails to file timely, written objections to the magistrate judge's report pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) waives the right to raise those objections at the appellate court level. <u>United States v. Schronce</u>, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984).<sup>2</sup> No objections have been filed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 United States Code, § 636(b)(1)(B), and Local Rule 73.02 D.S.C., the magistrate judge is authorized to review all pretrial matters and submit findings and recommendations to this Court.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>In <u>Wright v. Collins</u>, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985), the court held "that a <u>pro se</u> litigant must receive fair notification of the <u>consequences</u> of failure to object to a magistrate judge's report before such a procedural default will result in waiver of the right to appeal. The notice must be

to the magistrate judge's report.<sup>3</sup>

A review of the record indicates that the magistrate judge's report accurately summarizes this case and the applicable law. Finding no error in the report, this court adopts the report and recommendation and incorporates it into this order.

Lastly, on December 1, 2009, the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States

District Courts were amended to require a District Court to issue or deny a certificate of
appealability when a final ruling on a habeas petition is issued. The governing law provides that:

- (c)(2) A certificate of appealability may issue . . . only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right.
- (c)(3) The certificate of appealability . . . shall indicate which specific issue or issues satisfy the showing required by paragraph (2).

28 U.S.C. § 2253(c). A prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find this court's assessment of his constitutional claims is debatable or wrong and that any dispositive procedural ruling by the district court is likewise debateable. *See Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); *Rose v. Lee*, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th. Cir. 2001). In this case, the legal standard for the issuance of a certificate of appealability has not been met. Therefore, a certificate of appealability is denied.

For the reasons articulated by the magistrate judge, it is hereby **ordered** that the within action be dismissed for lack of prosecution, and a certificate of appealability is **DENIED**.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;sufficiently understandable to one in appellant's circumstances fairly to appraise him of what is required.'" <u>Id.</u> at 846. Plaintiff was advised in a clear manner that his objections had to be filed within ten (10) days, and he received notice of the <u>consequences</u> at the appellate level of his failure to object to the magistrate judge's report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Petitioner requested and received an extension of time up to and including April 8, 2010 to file a response to respondent's motion for summary judgment, however, no response was filed, nor has the court received any objections to the report and recommendation.

## AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

PATRICK MICHAEL DUF United States District Judge

April 12, 2010 Charleston, South Carolina