Gold v. Hayes et al Doc. 16

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA ORANGEBURG DIVISION

| Nathaniel Gold, |) Civil Action No. 5:13-cv-02720-JMC |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, |) |
| v. | ORDER |
| Cpt. Andrew Hayes, St. Matthews |) |
| Police Dpt.; Ofc. Austin Arant, St. | |
| Matthews Police Dpt.; Ofc. Rosalyn W. |) |
| Jones, St. Matthews Police; and Kenneth |) |
| Hughes, |) |
| |) |
| Defendants. |) |
| | |

This matter is before the court for review of the magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation ("Report") [ECF No. 13], filed on December 6, 2013, recommending that this case be dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process as to defendant Kenneth Hughes. Plaintiff brought this action seeking relief pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The Report sets forth in detail the relevant facts and legal standards on this matter which the court incorporates herein without a recitation.

The magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Local Civil Rule 73.02 for the District of South Carolina. "The Court is not bound by the recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination." *Wallace v. Hous. Auth.*, 791 F. Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citing *Matthews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 271 (1976)). The court is charged with making a *de novo* determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which specific objections are made, and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the magistrate judge's recommendation or recommit the matter with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

Plaintiff was advised of his right to file objections to the Report [ECF No. 13-5]. However,

Petitioner filed no objections to the Report. In the absence of objections to the magistrate judge's

Report, this court is not required to provide an explanation for adopting the recommendation. See

Camby v. Davis, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983). Rather, "in the absence of a timely filed

objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that

there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation." Diamond

v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72

advisory committee's note). Furthermore, failure to file specific written objections to the Report

results in a party's waiver of the right to appeal from the judgment of the District Court based upon

such recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); Wright v.

Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985); United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984).

Therefore, after a thorough and careful review of the Report, and the record in this case, the

court finds the Report provides an accurate summary of the facts and law in the instant case and the

record in this case. The court **ACCEPTS** the Report and Recommendation [ECF No. 38]. For the

reasons articulated by the magistrate judge, it is therefore **ORDERED** that this case is **DISMISSED**

without prejudice and without issuance and service of process as to defendant Kenneth Hughes.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

J. Michalla Childs

United States District Judge

December 31, 2013

Columbia, South Carolina

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