## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA GREENVILLE DIVISION

Jacob Baker,	)
Plaintiff,	) C/A No. 6:12-3221-TMC
v.	OPINION & ORDER
Registration and Election Office; Sheriff Steve Loftis; Federal Election Commission; Barack Obama, Democratic Party; Joe Biden; Oprah Winfrey; Mark Stanford; Prince Charles; London the British; France the Country, President; Saddie Hussan; Mitt Romney, Republican Party; Sary Johnson, Libertarian Party; Virgil Goode, Constitution Party; Jill Stein, Green Party; Michael A. Baker; Greenville Police Department; George W. Bush,	
Defendants.	)

Plaintiff, Jacob Baker ("Plaintiff"), proceeding *pro se* and *in forma pauperis*, brings this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d), D.S.C., all pre-trial proceedings were referred to a Magistrate Judge. On November 14, 2012, Magistrate Judge Jacquelyn D. Austin issued a Report and Recommendation ("Report") recommending that the Complaint be dismissed without prejudice. (Dkt. No. 12). The Magistrate Judge provided Plaintiff a notice advising him of his right to file objections to the Report. (Dkt. No. 12 at 5). Plaintiff filed objections to the Magistrate Judge's Report on November 26, 2012. (Dk.t No. 19).

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to the court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight. The responsibility to make a final

determination remains with the court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 270-71 (1976). The court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the Report to which specific objection is made, and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

The court is obligated to conduct a de novo review of every portion of the Magistrate Judge's report to which objections have been filed. *Id.* However, the court need not conduct a de novo review when a party makes only "general and conclusory objections that do not direct the court to a specific error in the magistrate's proposed findings and recommendations." *Orpiano v. Johnson*, 687 F.2d 44, 47 (4th Cir. 1982). In the absence of a timely filed, specific objection, the Magistrate Judge's conclusions are reviewed only for clear error. *See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Accident Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005).

The Magistrate Judge recommended that the Complaint be dismissed without prejudice for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. As noted above, Plaintiff filed objections to the Report which the Court has carefully reviewed. However, the Plaintiff's objections provide no basis for this court to deviate from the Magistrate Judge's recommended disposition. The objections are non-specific, unrelated to the dispositive portions of the Report or merely restate Plaintiff's claims.

After a thorough review of the Report and the record in this case pursuant to the standard set forth above, the Court finds Plaintiff's objections are without merit. Accordingly, the court adopts the Report and incorporates it herein. It is therefore **ORDERED** that the Complaint is **DISMISSED** without prejudice and without issuance and service of process, and Plaintiff's pending Motion for an Investigation (Dkt. No. 25)

is denied as moot.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Timothy M. Cain United States District Judge

January 14, 2013 Anderson, South Carolina

## **NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL**

The parties are hereby notified of the right to appeal this order pursuant to Rules 3 and 4 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.