## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

William L. Wolfe, #271950,	) C.A. No. 8:08-3684-PMD-BHH
	)
Plaintiff,	)
	)
vs.	) <u>ORDER</u>
	)
Dr. Robert E. Babb, et al,	)
	)
Defendants.	)

The above-captioned case is before this court upon the magistrate judge's recommendation that plaintiff's motion for preliminary injunction be denied. Because plaintiff is <u>pro se</u>, this matter was referred to the magistrate judge.<sup>1</sup>

This Court is charged with conducting a <u>de novo</u> review of any portion of the magistrate judge's report to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). However, absent prompt objection by a dissatisfied party, it appears that Congress did not intend for the district court to review the factual and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge. <u>Thomas v Arn</u>, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Additionally, any party who fails to file timely, written objections to the magistrate judge's report pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) waives the right to raise those objections at the appellate court level. <u>United States v. Schronce</u>, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984), <u>cert. denied</u>, 467 U.S. 1208

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 United States Code, § 636(b)(1)(B), and Local Rule 73.02(B)(2)(C), D.S.C., the magistrate judge is authorized to review all pretrial matters in cases filed under Title 42 United States Code, § 1983, and submit findings and recommendations to this Court.

(1984).<sup>2</sup> No objections have been filed to the magistrate judge's report.

A review of the record indicates that the magistrate judge's report accurately summarizes this case and the applicable law. For the reasons articulated by the magistrate judge, it is hereby **ordered** that plaintiff's motion for preliminary injunction [Doc. #10] is **denied**. The case is referred back to Magistrate Judge Bruce H. Hendricks for further proceedings.

**ORDERED**, that the magistrate judge's report and recommendation is adopted as the order of this Court.

## AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

PATRICK MICHAEL

United States District Judge

February 19, 2009 Charleston, South Carolina

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>In <u>Wright v. Collins</u>, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985), the court held "that a <u>pro se</u> litigant must receive fair notification of the <u>consequences</u> of failure to object to a magistrate judge's report before such a procedural default will result in waiver of the right to appeal. The notice must be 'sufficiently understandable to one in appellant's circumstances fairly to appraise him of what is required." <u>Id.</u> at 846. Plaintiff was advised in a clear manner that his objections had to be filed within ten (10) days, and he received notice of the <u>consequences</u> at the appellate level of his failure to object to the magistrate judge's report.