Watson v. Rivera Doc. 9

## FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA Edward James Watson, #18277-057, C/A No. 9:11-2957-MBS Petitioner, )

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

ORDER

Mildred L. Rivera, Warden, F.C.I. Estill,

VS.

Respondent.

Petitioner Edward James Watson is an inmate in custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons. Petitioner currently is housed at FCI-Estill in Estill, South Carolina. Petitioner, proceeding pro se, brought this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241 on October 31, 2011, alleging that he is serving an unlawful sentence.

In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Rule 73.02, D.S.C., this matter was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Bristow Marchant for a Report and Recommendation. The Magistrate Judge reviewed the § 2241 petition pursuant to the provisions of the Anti-Terrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 and applicable precedents. The Magistrate Judge issued a Report and Recommendation on December 1, 2011, in which he noted that in 1998 Petitioner filed a motion to correct sentence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 in the United States District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina. The motion was denied by the district judge, and the ruling affirmed on appeal. On May 1, 2011, Petitioner filed a motion with the Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit for leave to file a successive § 2255 motion. The motion was denied on May 17, 2011.

The Magistrate Judge determined that the relief sought by Petitioner is cognizable only through a motion under § 2255. The Magistrate Judge further determined that Petitioner is required

to seek leave from the Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit before filing a successive § 2255 in

order to properly raise his claim. Accordingly, the Magistrate Judge recommended that the § 2241

petition be dismissed without prejudice and without requiring Respondent to file an answer or return.

Petitioner filed no objections to the Report and Recommendation.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this court. The recommendation has

no presumptive weight. The responsibility for making a final determination remains with this court.

Mathews v. Weber, 423 U.S. 261, 270 (1976). The court is charged with making a de novo

determination of any portions of the Report and Recommendation to which a specific objection is

made. The court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation made by

the Magistrate Judge or may recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28

U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). In the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de

novo review, but instead must "only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record

in order to accept the recommendation." Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310,

315 (4th Cir. 2005).

The court has thoroughly reviewed the record. The Report and Recommendation is adopted

and incorporated herein by reference. Petitioner's petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28

U.S.C. § 2241 is dismissed without prejudice and without requiring Respondent to file an answer

or return.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/ Margaret B. Seymour

Chief United States District Judge

Columbia, South Carolina January 9, 2012

2