

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Jermel Anthony Robinson,)	C/A No.: 9:12-1229-JFA-BM
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
vs.)	ORDER
)	
Michael McCall,)	
)	
Respondent.)	
_____)	

The *pro se* petitioner, Jermel Anthony Robinson, is a prisoner currently housed at the Lee Correctional Institution of the South Carolina Department of Corrections. He has filed a petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging his state court conviction and sentence.

The Magistrate Judge assigned to this action¹ has prepared a thorough Report and Recommendation and opines that the petition should be dismissed as premature because petitioner has not exhausted his state remedies. The Report sets forth in detail the relevant facts and standards of law on this matter, and the court incorporates such without a recitation.

Petitioner was advised of his right to file objections to the Report and Recommendation, which was entered on the docket on June 1, 2012. Petitioner, however,

¹ The Magistrate Judge’s review is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02. The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which specific objection is made, and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

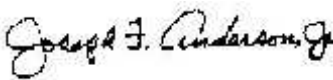
failed to file objections. In the absence of specific objections to the Report of the Magistrate Judge, this court is not required to given any explanation for adopting the recommendation. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983).

After carefully reviewing the applicable laws, the record in this case, and the Report and Recommendation, this court finds the Magistrate Judge’s recommendation fairly and accurately summarizes the facts and applies the correct principles of law. The Report is incorporated herein by reference.

Accordingly, the petition is dismissed without prejudice. It is further ordered that a certificate of appealability is denied because the petitioner has failed to make “a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right.” 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).²

IT IS SO ORDERED.

June 26, 2012
Columbia, South Carolina


Joseph F. Anderson, Jr.
United States District Judge

² A certificate of appealability will not issue absent “a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right.” 28 U .S.C. § 2253(c)(2) (West 2009). A prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find both that his constitutional claims are debatable and that any dispositive procedural rulings by the district court are also debatable or wrong. *See Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); *Rose v. Lee*, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir. 2001). In the instant matter, the court finds that the petitioner has failed to make “a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right.”