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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA BEAUFORT DIVISION

Rayshawn Pearson,)) Civil Action No. 9:14-cv-3943
Petitioner,) CIVII Action No. 9:14-cv-3943)
v.	ORDER
Warden Joseph McFadden,)
Respondent.)))

Petitioner Rayshawn Pearson, a state inmate proceeding pro se, filed this Petition seeking habeas corpus relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Defendant filed a motion for summary judgment. (ECF No. 35). In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02, DSC, this matter was initially referred to a magistrate judge. Before the court is the magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation ("Report"), recommending that the court grant Respondent's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 35) and dismiss the petition with prejudice. (ECF No. 53). Petitioner was advised of his right to file objections to the Report. (ECF No. 53 at 33). However, Petitioner has not filed objections, and the time to do so has now run.¹

The Report has no presumptive weight and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with this court. *See Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 270-71 (1976). In the absence of objections to the Report, this court is not required to provide an explanation for adopting the recommendation. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983). Rather, "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but

¹ Petitioner was granted an extension of time in which to file objections to the Report (ECF No. 55), but he still failed to file objections.

instead must only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to

accept the recommendation." Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th

Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note).

After a thorough review of the applicable law, the record in this case, and the Report, the

court finds no clear error and, therefore, adopts the Report and incorporates it herein by

reference. Accordingly, Respondent's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 35) is

GRANTED, and Petitioner's petition is **DISMISSED**, with prejudice.

In addition, a certificate of appealability will not issue to a prisoner seeking habeas relief

absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). A

prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find both that his

constitutional claims are debatable and that any dispositive procedural rulings by the district

court are also debatable or wrong. See Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); Rose v.

Lee, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir. 2001). In this case, the court finds that the petitioner has failed

to make a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. Accordingly, the court

declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Timothy M. Cain

United States District Judge

October 16, 2015

Anderson, South Carolina

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