UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE AT GREENEVILLE

BENJAMIN D. HELTON,)
Plaintiff,))
V.)
CPT. LAWS, LT. COFFEY, CPL. CASH, C/O FERGUSON, OFFICER TATE, C/O DAVIS, C/O SHEPARD,))))
Defendants.)

No. 2:21-CV-00095-JRG-CRW

MEMORANDUM OPINION

This is a prisoner's pro se complaint for violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On June 14, 2021, the Court entered an Order notifying Plaintiff that he had not filed the required documents to proceed *in forma pauperis* and providing him twenty-one (21) days from the date of entry of that Order to do so [Doc. 4]. Thereafter, the Court granted Plaintiff's subsequent motion to extend the deadline for compliance to August 9, 2021 [Doc. 7]. However, Plaintiff has not submitted the necessary documents to proceed *in forma pauperis*, and the deadline for doing so has passed. Accordingly, for the reasons set forth below, this action will be **DISMISSED** pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Rule 41(b) gives this Court the authority to dismiss a case for failure of the plaintiff "to prosecute or to comply with these rules or a court order." Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); *Knoll v. Am. Tel.* & *Tel. Co.*, 176 F.3d 359, 362-63 (6th Cir. 1999). The Court examines four factors when considering dismissal under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b):

(1) whether the party's failure is due to willfulness, bad faith, or fault; (2) whether the adversary was prejudiced by the dismissed party's conduct; (3) whether the dismissed party was warned that failure to cooperate could lead to dismissal; and (4) whether less

drastic sanctions were imposed or considered before dismissal was ordered.

Wu v. T.W. Wang, Inc., 420 F.3d 641, 643 (6th Cir. 2005).

The Court finds that Plaintiff's failure to timely comply with the Court's previous Order is due to Plaintiff's willfulness or fault. Specifically, it appears that Plaintiff received the Court's Order but chose not to comply or otherwise communicate with the Court, despite the Court's warning that failure to comply would result in the dismissal of this action [Doc. 7 at 1]. Plaintiff's failure has not prejudiced Defendants, as they have not yet been served. The Court finds that alternative sanctions are not warranted, as Plaintiff has failed to comply with the Court's clear instructions. On balance, the Court finds that these factors support dismissal of this action under Rule 41(b).

The Court also notes that, "while *pro se* litigants may be entitled to some latitude when dealing with sophisticated legal issues, acknowledging their lack of formal training, there is no cause for extending this margin to straightforward procedural requirements that a layperson can comprehend as easily as a lawyer." *Jourdan v. Jabe*, 951 F.2d 108, 109 (6th Cir. 1991). Nothing about Plaintiff's pro se status prevented him from complying with the Court's Order, and Plaintiff's pro se status does not mitigate the balancing of factors under Rule 41(b).

Accordingly, this action will be **DISMISSED** for want of prosecution pursuant to Rule 41(b). The Court **CERTIFIES** that any appeal from this action would not be taken in good faith and would be totally frivolous. Fed. R. App. P. 24.

AN APPROPRIATE JUDGMENT ORDER WILL ENTER.

ENTER:

s/J. RONNIE GREER UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE