UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
ANTHONY LEON SUMMERS,	§	
Petitioner,	§ §	
versus	§ §	CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:08-CV-426
DIRECTOR, TDCJ-CID,	§ §	
Respondent.	§ §	

## MEMORANDUM ORDER ADOPTING THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Petitioner Anthony Leon Summers, proceeding *pro se*, filed this petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254.

The court referred this matter to the Honorable Earl S. Hines, United States Magistrate Judge, at Beaumont, Texas, for consideration pursuant to applicable laws and orders of this court. The magistrate judge has submitted a Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge concerning the petition. The magistrate judge recommends the petition be denied.

The court has received the Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge, along with the record, pleadings, and all available evidence. No objections were filed to the magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation.

## **ORDER**

Accordingly, the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the magistrate judge are correct, and the report of the magistrate judge is **ADOPTED**. A final judgment will be entered denying the petition.

In addition, the court is of the opinion petitioner is not entitled to a certificate of

appealability. An appeal from a judgment denying federal habeas relief may not proceed unless

a certificate of appealability is granted. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253. The standard for a certificate of

appealability requires the petitioner to make a substantial showing of the denial of a federal

constitutional right. See Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 483-84 (2000); Elizalde v. Dretke, 362

F.3d 323, 328 (5th Cir. 2004). To make a substantial showing, a petitioner need not establish he

would prevail on the merits. Rather, he must demonstrate that the issues are subject to debate

among jurists of reason, that a court could resolve the issues in a different manner, or that the

questions presented are worthy of encouragement to proceed further. See Slack, 529 U.S. at 483-

84. Any doubt regarding whether to grant a certificate of appealability should be resolved in favor

of the petitioner, and the severity of the penalty may be considered in making this determination.

See Miller v. Johnson, 200 F.3d 274, 280-81 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 531 U.S. 849 (2000).

Here, the petitioner has not shown that any of the issues raised in the petition are subject

to debate among jurists of reason. The factual and legal questions raised by petitioner have been

consistently resolved adversely to his position and the questions presented are not worth of

encouragement to proceed further. As a result, a certificate of appealability shall not issue.

SIGNED at Beaumont, Texas, this 20th day of October, 2008.

MARCIA A. CRONE

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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