



Petitioner brought this action as a petition seeking mandamus relief. The Fifth Circuit has held that the nature of the underlying action determines whether or not the Prison Litigation Reform Act (PLRA), including the three-strikes provision set forth above, is applicable. Where the underlying action sounds in the nature of habeas corpus, the Act is not applicable; however, where the underlying action sounds in the nature of a civil rights complaint, it is applicable. *In re Crittenden*, 143 F.3d 919, 920 (5th Cir. 1998). Similarly, the Fifth Circuit has stated that the nature of the underlying action would determine whether the fee requirements of the PLRA apply in mandamus cases. *In re Jacobs*, 213 F.3d 289, 290 n.1 (5th Cir. 2000).

In this case, the underlying action consists of claims that plaintiff has been denied access to the courts and denied certain constitutional rights. Thus, plaintiff's claims are civil in nature, and the fee requirements of the PLRA apply in this case. At least four of plaintiff's prior suits or appeals have been dismissed as frivolous, malicious, or for failure to state a claim.<sup>1</sup> As a result, Section 1915(g) is applicable.

As set forth above, plaintiff has had at least four prior lawsuits or appeals dismissed as frivolous, malicious, and for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. The allegations set forth in plaintiff's complaint do not demonstrate that he was in "imminent danger of serious physical injury." Section 1915(g) therefore bars plaintiff from proceeding with this lawsuit on an *in forma pauperis* basis.

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<sup>1</sup> See *Williams v. Johnson*, 4:03cv3059 (S.D. Tex. Aug. 18, 2003) (dismissed as frivolous); *Williams v. Mosley*, 1:04cv364 (E.D. Tex. July 28, 2004) (dismissed as frivolous and failure to state a claim); *Williams v. Johnson*, 4:07cv2231 (S.D. Tex. July 17, 2007) (dismissed as frivolous and malicious); and *Williams v. Mosley*, 1:07cv483 (E.D. Tex. June 23, 2008) (dismissed for failure to state a claim).

Conclusion

For the reasons set forth above, plaintiff is barred from proceeding on an *in forma pauperis* basis. Accordingly, the above-styled action will be dismissed without prejudice pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). An appropriate final judgment shall be entered in accordance with this Memorandum Opinion.

**SIGNED** this the **29** day of **July, 2011**.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Thad Heartfield", written over a horizontal line.

Thad Heartfield  
United States District Judge