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INTERNET ADVERTISING SYSTEM AND METHOD

Case 2:07-cv-00279-TJW

This application is a continuation of parent application Ser. No. 10/165,091, filed Jun. 7, 2002 now U.S Pat No. 5 6,829,587 which was a continuation of the then parent application Ser. No. 09/480,303 filed Jan. 10, 2000. issued as US Pat No 6,446,045 on Sep. 3, 2002.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The method and apparatus of the present invention is related to Automated Media Creation and Publication 15 Engine with Resource Saver, Inventory Control, and Ticket Distribution Vending System

The invention also relates to the Automated Media Creation, Publication, Placement, and Control Engine with Processing and Communications Resource Saver, including 20 a Sales and Inventory Control protocol, and a Reservation, Access, and Verification System Utilizing Ticket and Confirmation Replacement Methods

In another aspect the invention relates to Automated Media Creation, Publication, Placement, and Control Engine 25 with Processing and Communications Resource Saver, including a Sales and Inventory Control protocol, and a Reservation, Access, and Verification System Replacing Traditional Ticket and Confirmation Methods

In yet another aspect the invention relates to Automated 30 Media Creation, Publication, Placement, and Control Engine, including a Sales and Inventory Control protocol with Processing and Communications Resource Saver, and a Reservation, Access, and Verification System Replacing Traditional Ticket and Confirmation Methods

Prior art for electronic and other presentations of commercial products, goods, and services is accomplished by individual sellers or seller organizations or their agents submitting materials to each and every media outlet or to stand-alone electronic malls outlets, or directories Most 40 sellers choose the media or outlet for the sale of their products, goods, or services; obtain the guidelines and requirements; negotiate a contract; and then compile material and design individual presentations to conform to the requirements for each media This time consuming and 45 costly business necessity has created huge marketing programs and agencies for large businesses

When created individually by sellers or seller organizations, media presentations may not be standardized in that they do not carry consistent, up-to-date inventory, pricing, 50 and information for the consumer A buyer may find conflicting presentations on different electronic or traditional channels or outlets The management for the advertising and electronic commerce for many small to mid-size sellers falls either as additional duties to current staff or as new depart- 55 ments. In the media of electronic presentations, the lack of experience may result in presentations that are cumbersome, ineffective, or not accessible to the widest range of consumer. Currently, the non-standardized format for the presentation of products, goods, and services provides for both 60 the advantage of allowing unlimited creativeness in presentation and the disadvantage, in inexperienced hands, of not delivering the most effective and motivating sales message. In many cases, this lack of standardization appropriate to each and every venue or media outlet may result in the 65 presenting of goods and services in a way that does not entice the buyer to make a purchase

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In the prior art, electronic Internet and Intranet presentations are developed either as static files that require constant and laborious manual updating or as dynamic (database-

Although the dynamic presentations require less labor to produce and update, the various Internet or Intranet search or retrieval programs do not generally read or index them because of their "dynamic, database-driven" nature. This fact alone substantially reduces their effectiveness in reaching the most motivated buying public because those presentations are largely invisible to the wide range of automated searches conducted by potential buyers. With either design choice, substantial cost is experienced for the small to mid-size seller, either in the form of labor intensive presentation methods or in lost sales opportunity, which can never be recovered

The electronic Internet malls and electronic directories, although generally much better staffed and able to produce effectively designed and edited content to motivate the buyer, suffer in part from the same dilemma. They are still faced with the same no-win choice between the labor intensive creation and placement for each presentation that gets the maximum visibility to the search methods of potential buyers and the easier database-driven presentation which get minimal visibility. One of the disadvantages to the advertising client of these electronic directories is that they find themselves publishing the same information in multiple directories or indexes as well as in their own stand-alone presentations in order to obtain the maximum coverage for access to the buying public. This supervision of multiple presentations is a control and management problem that is very costly and inefficient for the seller

Electronic malls and electronic directories also experi-35 ence a high ratio of cost to generated income associated with sales, billing, and collections The clients of these electronic malls and directories are typically contracted for some period of time and then billed for that period of time during the contract period

Currently, the sale of tickets, passes, admission documents, or reserved services is performed in a variety of ways that require the buyer to either call the agent or seller, contact a third-party seller, have a specific ID for that venue or event, or make the purchase electronically using a network presentation of some kind, usually the Internet Upon the sale of those tickets, passes, admission documents, or reserved services, the transaction requires, or, would be enhanced by, the physical delivery of those proofs of purchase In the prior state of the art, proof of purchase must be picked up at some physical facility or point of sale when the tickets, passes, admission, or reserved services are purchased Or, they must be delivered via mail or one of the overnight services, delivered by courier, or picked up on a 'will call" basis at the facility, site, business, or venue Or, they must be a member and a holder of a specific ID used by that Seller of goods or services All of these methods, at the very least, create additional inconvenience for the Buyer, requiring either travel time, waiting in lines, applying for and receiving specific ID card, or the uncertainty of lastminute delivery. In many cases where last-minute purchase decisions are made, there is additional expense to either the Buyer or Seiler to insure timely delivery In prior art, if the buyer is a existing member of an organization that issues special single purpose ID cards, the buyer may apply for and use that special single purpose ID card for access. This forces the buyer to have an individual access ID for each service that he wishes to periodically use.

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In regards to the Resource Saver Protocol, prior art requires a message to be recorded and sent for each and every transaction (purchase) at a resource cost for each transaction or transmission. If a Seller has inventory on multiple electronic sites or channels, each and every site 5 must be updated and adjusted on an individual basis, one-by-one manually. It must be noted that prior art does not even communicate in an automated two-way method. This means that in many cases, the Seller has to receive the transmission of sale, record the inventory change manually 10 onto his management or accounting software, and then update each and every place where this inventory is offered for sale. Through prior art, buyers and sellers often experience mistakes in over-selling or overbooking products, goods, or service because of the delays of manual updating.

SUMMARY

The invention allows sellers to present their inventory, products, goods and services in a choice of one or a variety 20 of supported media outlets: in print, such as newspapers, magazines, periodicals, guidebooks, catalogs, brochures, fliers, and directories; in electronic form, such as online directories, web sites, bulletin boards, news groups, CD-ROMs, and interactive media and networks; and in other 25 media, such as billboards, skywriters, bus benches, radio, interactive kiosk and any other form of customer outreach or information distribution. When these media choices are made, the present invention prompts the seller for information that is then used in the creation of presentations for the 30 media outlets he has chosen. The Presentation Rules Database holds all the criteria, formatting architecture, and distribution factors for each participating media outlet The present invention's Presentation Generation Program, along with the Presentation Rules Database, then creates a pre- 35 sentation for each and every media outlet the seller has chosen. The Presentation Generation Program then either transmits the presentation to the appropriate destination or holds it for a publication date to be submitted for a particular deadline or predetermined promotional market

The seller can then print out a report that shows him each presentation, distribution or media outlet, and the pricing of each media choice for an overall marketing valuation

The present invention allows the Seller to update, change, control inventory, and automatically process sales either 45 from his in-house or third party accounting or management software that has a compatible communication component with the present invention or in the present invention. He can accomplish this updating and inventory control to all media outlets simultaneously

The invention is a method and apparatus that allows for the creation of presentations for the commerce of products, goods and services for any and all size of business; the accessibility of those presentations to a vast population of the buying public both in print, electronic, interactive electronic, and other media; the sale, reservation, and purchasing of those products, goods and services; the confirmation of these purchases and reservations through a Network ID or confirmation system; and the management of inventory control through multiple media outlets while saving 60 resources of processing, transmission, and communications

The invention is a method and apparatus that allows for the creation of presentations that comply with the design and architectural requirements of any and all participating media. This is applicable to all media either in print, such as newspapers, magazines, advertisements, guidebooks, directories, fliers, and brochures; and electronic media, such as 4

online directories and malls, web sites, bulletin boards, news groups, CD-ROMs, and interactive media and networks; and other media, such as billboards, skywriters, bus benches, radio, interactive kiosk, and any other form of customer advertising, outreach, or information distribution These presentations can be updated for either presentation content or inventory control in near real time, by either manual or automatic means, via electronic message units from thirdparty management or inventory control software Electronic presentations created can be either static open-access or database driven dynamic server presentations Where appropriate, these presentations allow for the sale of products, goods, or services and for the making of payments by buyers. Inventory adjustments for production, sales, and other reasons are made in near real time, allowing for an accurate presentation of availability of inventory to buyers. The present invention allows for lower cost to management when used with all media outlets by creating a self-serve, automated billing environment for the seller's creation and display of presentations.

The invention is a method and apparatus that allows for the creation of both static and dynamic Internet and Intranet presentations for the sale of products, goods, and services to be accessible to the maximum number buyers and the interactive purchase of those products, goods and service. The present invention is a method and apparatus that allows buyers to purchase products, goods and service electronically and receive confirmation of that purchase

The invention allows for the verification and substantiation of the purchase of access or admission to those services or events that traditionally have controlled access by means of tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, or other substantiation at the facility, site, business, or venue The invention provides several methods for the buyer to provide a ID at the time of purchase, which is then transmitted electronically to the facility, site, business, or venue. That buyer Network ID is then confirmed by the facility, site, business, or venue by means of readers or scanners of the magnetic, smart, or optical ID cards or by other electronic means when biometric authentication is required. This confirmation may automatically result in the printing of the tickets, passes, admission documents, reservation confirmations, or other documents required for admittance or in the automatic and immediate physical admittance of the buyer or ID holder

The present invention allows for both complete inventory control and management and the global updating and accessibility of real-time and time-sensitive inventory while saving communication resources and time for any and all businesses that sell products, goods, and services regionally or world-wide The invention allows for a substantial reduction of the communications and computer resources necessary to control and coordinate the availability, presentation, and sales of common, unique, or time-sensitive products, goods, and services. The present invention allows for the sales process to be adjusted so as to optimize the communications and computer resources used in relationship to the sales volume and Seller, Buyer, and usage profiles

OBJECTS AND ADVANTAGES

Several objects and advantages of the Presentation Generation component of the present invention are:

To provide an effective system of edit and content control for the creation and publishing of commercial sales or information-oriented traditional media and electronic presentations in a cost-effective manner for small, medium, and

large sellers of products, goods, and services. This invention improves on the prior art by creating a controlled, managed environment for the sellers in which to create their presentations. This invention automatically applies not only editing, style, graphics, data, and content controls but also design specification and architectural requirements to the design environment of all forms of specific member media venues or outlets, both electronic print and all other media

receive maximum electronic visibility from private, public, or commercial search algorithms and commercial search engines and indexes, as well as from other automated or on-demand computer search systems This invention improves on the prior art by automatically publishing the 15 information and data received from sellers in an open-access format that is readily available to public automatic search and index programs as well as to on-demand search programs. With this invention, the seller's presentation can be published in several different directories or indexes, taking 20 on a different style, look, and feel in each as a result of the automatic restructuring of the data entered by the seller. This is accomplished by using different presentation formatting guidelines and rules for the targeted directories or indexes. more efficient than managing each directory or index indi-

To allow sellers to create presentations on their computers that are automatically transmitted to be published and viewed on electronic networks and other traditional advertising media The present invention partially resides on the sellers' computers, controls and edits the presentation, and then automatically transmits that information and data for publication in traditional media and electronic networks

To allow media venues, outlets, vendors, and representatives automated presentations giving media buyers' selfserve access to their products and services

To allow for the automatic publishing or updating of presentations within a simple environment that does not require lower-level coding or formatting of the presentation material. The present invention employs a text-only entry of information and data, thereby not requiring the seller to have knowledge of presentation computer codes or low-level formatting

To allow for automatic global updating of the description, price, quantity, and availability of products, goods, and services in traditional periodic media or electronic presentations. The present invention allows for the direct input of this information as well as for the automatic transmission of 50 presentation-related data by compatible third-party, accounting, inventory control, or other management software for the inclusion or updating of the electronic presentation through common message files read and transmitted by the present invention

To allow for the central control and management of presentations, thereby allowing for a greater degree of promotion and flexibility of the category or group of products, goods, or services by the controlling server in order to attract more buyers. The present invention directs all pre- 60 sentations through a central controller, which standardizes the presentations within the style, editing, and content standards set by the controller standards for each presentation, directory, or index. All electronic interactive presentations are optimized for presentation search visibility by the 65 controller and can then be globally refined, based on traffic analysis

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To provide lower overhead cost associated with sales, billing, and collections for the operators of the present invention. By creating a self-serve, automated, direct billing environment for the sellers to create their presentations in, the operators of the present invention will experience substantial savings over traditional sales and billing methods Allowing the sellers to create their presentations with a cafeteria-style selection and billing that presents all their options, including the associated cost up front, will also To create open-access electronic presentations that can 10 result in greater add-on sales without the associated sales overhead.

Several objects and advantages of the Resource Saver Protocol component of the present invention are:

To allow for the presentation of availability of products, goods, and services for sale in a real-time environment without requiring constant real-time communications during the sales process

To allow a substantial portion of the real-time sales to be completed without the overhead of a concurrent verification

To reduce the necessary processing and communications resources used to control inventory presentations of products, goods, and services.

To reduce the necessary processing and communications This single-entry and automatically distributed method is 25 resources used to control sales and/or reservations of products, goods, and services

> To transfer communications and processing resources to time periods of lower utilization of those resources

Several objects and advantages of the Network ID and Purchase Verification System component of the present invention are:

To allow for the replacement of traditional tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, and other means of verification that require prior or "will call" delivery to the buyer. The present invention improves on the prior art by creating a controlled universal ID at time of purchase that can be transmitted to the facility, site, business, or venue to be used for verification of the buyer and purchase. This ID can be used for one purchase or maintained within the network for future use as a permanent ID for the purchase and access to any facility, site, business, or venue that is represented by that instance of the present

To allow for a more convenient method of purchase of 45 tickets, passes, admission documents, or reserved services, or for the late purchase of those tickets, passes, admission documents, or reserved services beyond what would be feasible if physical delivery of the access or admission documents were required. The present invention allows for purchases to be made and buyer IDs to be transmitted to the facility, site, business or venue within a matter of minutes of the buyer arriving for admittance By using an electronic network, Internet, Intranet, or phone service, a buyer could literally make the purchase by laptop computer with wireless modem or by cell phone from the car on the way to the facility, site, business, or venue for admittance. The invention, when used in conjunction with an electronic inventoryavailable presentation, can allow buyers to become aware of and take advantage of last-minute cancellations and changes of availability

The invention reduces labor and material requirements by the sellers of tickets, passes, admission documents, or reserved services. The invention substantially reduces the labor and material requirement for fulfillment of purchases of tickets, passes, admissions, or reserved services in several ways. By eliminating the requirement of delivery of those documents that allow the buyer admittance, there is no

outgoing correspondence and/or fulfillment package to prepare. The costs associated with shipping, tracking, or followup on lost items as well as the customer service costs that accompany late or poorly communicated delivery instructions are reduced or eliminated. At admission time, addi- 5 tional costs are saved with the full implementation of the present invention by the use of automatic vendors that print the admission documents on demand by the buyer and with automated verification of the buyer's ID This function replaces the "will call" method of admission document 10 delivery and the associated cost in labor and facility overhead

Further objects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the drawings and ensuing description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG 1a diagrams an embodiment of the present invention with a single level of service without Independent Directo- 20

FIG 1b diagrams an embodiment of the present invention with a sample depth of service of Sellers, Buyers, Presentation and Selection Servers, Independent Presentations, and

FIG. 2a is a block diagram showing one embodiment of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor

FIG. 2b is a block diagram showing one embodiment of the Central Presentation and Selection Server.

FIG. 2c is a block diagram showing one embodiment of 30 the Seller Interface

FIG. 2d is a block diagram showing one embodiment of the Buyer Interface.

FIG. 2e is a block diagram showing one embodiment of the Media Interface.

FIG 3a through 3k and 3i-a is a block diagram showing the transaction processing and buyer's use of one embodiment of the present invention. This Example Embodiment of this invention is configured for delivery of tickets or reservation confirmation

FIG 4a through 4g is a block diagram showing the Seller's use of the invention. This Example Embodiment is configured for delivery of tickets or reservation confirma-

FIG. 5a through 5h is a block diagram showing the 45 Central Processor Seller's use of the Resource Saver Protocol of the invention. This Example Embodiment of this invention is configured for delivery of tickets or reservation confirmation

Further Breakdown of the block diagrams 5a through h FIG 5a through 5c is a block diagram showing Seller's 50 Setup and use of Resource Saver Protocol

FIG. 5d is a block diagram showing the Seller's Use of Notification Level Processing of Resource Saver Protocol at Seller Interface 4000.

FIG. 5e through 5f is a block diagram showing the Seller's 55 Cookies Use of Resource Saver Protocol on Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or Other Selling Outlets.

FIG 5g through 5h is a block diagram showing the Seller's Use of Resource Saver Protocol for Inventory Adjustment or Replacement

PATENT APPLICATION GLOSSARY

The following are explanations and or definitions of names or descriptors as used in the invention. For the 65 purpose of this invention the following terms have the following definitions These are meant to aid the reader in

understanding the inventors' descriptions of the present invention and its components, design, use, and purpose

Advertising

Any presentation or effort to inform or influence target demographics or the general public. This includes all media types and methods such as but not limited to audio and visual, print, electronic, multimedia etc

Algorithm

The method or logic that performs given functions within a program Typically can be described as a series of information access, comparisons, decisions, choices, and resulting outputs

Automatic Searches

These are information text-based searches that are conducted of targeted Internet or Intranet sites on a pageby-page basis using either the information contained within the meta tags of each HTML page or full text searches of all content.

Automatic Vendors

Machines that read or scan the Delivery or Network ID Cards, access a database of Buyer information for confirmation of ID, and then dispense a custom printed ticket, pass, admission document, or reservation confirmation showing the appropriate access information The tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, or reservation confirmations could then be processed with normal procedures

Biometric Identification

Identification that is accomplished by using an individuals distinctive natural biological differences, such as finger prints, iris scans, full face scans, voice prints, DNA etc

35 Buyer

Any person, corporation, partnership, group, or any other legal entity that desires or may desire or consume the purchase, reservation, acquisition, consumption, of items, services, or ideas offered by the Seller either paid for or as a gratuity.

Central Controller

Refers to the Controller part or function of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000

The CPU or main processing computer chip or unit within a given computer Depending on the operating system a computer must have one but may have more than one CPU thereby increasing the processing speed of the computer.

Client Channel

Means, outlet, or avenue of advertising, marketing, distribution, or sales

Information formatted to be delivered or downloaded to the Internet Browser utilized by the Buyer Interface 5000, stored on the Data Storage Device 5500 within the Location for Cookie Storage 5695, and then accessed later by that Internet Browser This information would thereby provide a carryover of information such as Buyer preferences

Database

The term Database is used referring not only to the structured or relational storage of data within files, but also to the tables or sub divisions of data storage within

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those databases or files or any method or system of organizing data for storage and access by computers

Directory

A consolidation, accumulation, or compilation of similar, competing, or complementing "Sellers" (see above) that are offered or presented in some logical or systematic presentation allowing "Buyers" (see above) to review, compare, and contrast the offerings or presentations. These directories may or may not allow for direct access or interactive sales or acquisition. These directories may be in any media such as, but not limited to, electronic, Internet, Intranet, CD-ROM, or print.

Dynamic Presentations

These are presentations that are created when the reader or viewer accesses them. They are typically created in response to queries or actions of the reader or viewer and are generated from database information that resides at the server that is being accessed (See "Static Presentations")

Editorial and Design Standards

These are the editorial, design, and style guidelines, standards, restrictions, and other specifications that are specific to each media venue that control the look and content of all presentations within that media venue.

Electronic Directory

Internet, Intranet, or bulletin board based directories or indexes focusing on narrow based collections of sellers, suppliers, vendors, purveyors, or providers of goods, 30 products, services, information, ideas, etc

Electronic Mall

A collection of electronic directories, indexes, "Sellers" (see above), or other Internet or Intranet sites at one place

Fixed Inventory

Refers to Inventory that is limited and constant in its availability One example might be rooms in a hotel If the hotel has 300 identical rooms, then the fixed inventory is 300 units for each day into the future that the hotel is open for business. Adjustments can be made for units taken off line or made not available for maintenance etc but rooms cannot easily be added.

Given Instance

For the purpose of this application the term "Given Instance" refers to a single particular established configuration of the present invention that has been designed to serve a defined demographics of Buyers and/or Sellers A single copy of the present invention would be an instance of the present invention.

Goods

Merchandise or wares that are to be sold or transferred

Identification Documents

Any artificial method of specifically Identifying an individual such as Credit Cards, Drivers License, Identification Cards, Membership Cards, and Academic Identification Cards etc These documents may be read magnetically, optically or in some other manner to allow for verification.

Independent Presentations Directories and Indexes

Those directories and indexes, operated by management other than that of a given instance of the present 65 invention, that have associated themselves with one or more Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000

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of the present invention for the purpose of utilizing the content and interactive services of those Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000

Index

Same as "Directory" but with less information or material presented for the "Buyer"

Internet Browser

Any Client-side program that resides on the Buyer Interface 5000 to facilitate the reading and or viewing or pages or presentations on the Internet or Intranet. Typically pages or presentations are based on the HTML display language or one of its successors or derivatives for presentations. Examples of Browser software are Netscape, Internet Explorer, etc.

Inventory

Refers in a very broad and general sense to any identifiable measure, item, or unit that can be sold, transferred, conveyed, or reserved. The term inventory can apply to goods, products, services, reservations for services, or any other identifiable unit to be sold, conveyed, or reserved. Units of Inventory may actually be a function of time with the same item being used over and over such as a room in a lodging facility, a seat in a sports stadium, or a table at a restaurant.

Inventory Substitutability

Inventory (defined above) is used in a very broad sense The substitutability of those items that make up any given line of inventory being offered within the present invention may not always be clear Though not always clear, the substitutability of the inventory must be determined and represented by the Seller, who has the clearest understanding of the makeup of the Buyer and their use of the goods, products, and services If the inventory were a one-of-a-kind item, obviously there can be no substitutability and the inventory is unique At the other extreme, for example, if the inventory were music CDs, with 1,000,000 copies in stock and another printing anticipated, then the inventory is common and substitutable In between the extremes is a wide variety of items that are limited in quantity or availability and vet are substitutable. An example of an item that is limited in availability and is substitutable to the Buyer is rooms of a 100-room block at a hotel that are of the same standard (king bed, TV, phone, and desk). Although the rooms are not identical (as the CDs are) due to being on different floors and having different views, they are substitutable to the traveler

Media

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A means of communicating, delivering, or projecting concepts, ideas, or information to potential buyers, such as radio, television, newspapers, magazines, internet, Intranet, CD-ROMs, directories, brochures, flyers, billboards, bus benches, sky writers, direct mail or any other method or means of reaching a large number of people or a smaller number of targeted potential buyers or consumers

60 Media Venues or Media Outlets

Those physical or virtual locations where presentations are placed or made available to present the information within the framework of the media so that it is accessible by the end users, consumers, viewers, or Buyers. This may mean an Internet directory, a newspaper, a multimedia CD-ROM, a travel guidebook, or any number of other examples.

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Near Real Time

Refers to processing or access that takes place within a time frame that allows for some possibility that human interaction or other process may intercede or interpret that processing or access For the purpose of this 5 application, Near Real Time is referring to processing or access that take place within time limits that are unlikely to allow interruptions in the normal course of business As an example, if you have a process that takes place randomly 15 times per day and each process takes within 1 minute due to communications delays, the likelihood of an interruption is approximately 1 chance in 1440 per event

Network or Delivery ID

Magnetic, smart, or optical identification cards approved for use within the preferred embodiment of the present invention as identification, or biometric identification, that is used as substitution for the delivery of traditional tickets, to access to facilities, events, or venues

Network of Computers

Two or more computers that may communicate either continuously or on-demand for the purpose of sharing processing, transferring information and data

Non-Resident Media

Refers to media that is not wholly owned or controlled by the management, operators, or affiliates of the given instance of the present invention but are contracted for, designed, submitted, and controlled through the given instance of the present invention

On-demand

Functions, programs, or resources that are called or utilized when needed as opposed to being employed, engaged, or utilized continuously

Presentation

Any content intended to inform or influence the viewers or readers of a given media venue. It may be in an advertising, public service, editorial, informational or any other format. It may be text, graphics, audio, multimedia, or a combination of any communication methods.

Products

Items that are manufactured, assembled, processed or ⁴⁵ created by the Seller and offered for sale or transfer

Publishing

The act of placing or making available the presentation or information within the framework of media venue so 50 that it is accessible by the end users, consumers, viewers, or Buyers. This may mean placing an HTML page on an Internet directory, printing a 12-word classified ad in a newspaper, adding a hotel presentation to a multimedia CD-ROM or guidebook, or any number 55 of other examples.

Reader or Viewer Client

The reader or viewer client is the program that computer users use when accessing electronic information servers. The most common of these reader or viewer clients are Netscape Navigator and Internet Explorer, which are Internet Browsers

Real-time

Refers to processing, communications, information transfer, or access that takes place within fractions of a second so that it is humanly impossible to discern,

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intercede or interpret that processing, communications, information transfer, or access. (See "Near Real Time")

Resident Media

Refers to media that is wholly owned or controlled by the management, operators, or affiliates of the given instance of the present invention

Replaceable Inventory

This is inventory that can either be purchased, manufactured, produced, or added to easily by the Seller thereby changing the inventory count and availability to the Buyer at any given time

Reservation

A promise or commitment made by the Buyer and held by the Seller, to take, use, consume, utilize, attend, or enjoy a unit of inventory Usually reservations are made by Buyers to reserve a time and facility to consume goods, products, or services

Seller

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A person, corporation, partnership, group, or any other legal entity that desires representation of its goods, products, services, reservations for services, ideas, views, or any legal intent or desire to be made public and offered for sale, exchange, trade, or distribution either paid for or free.

Seller Type

Refers to a category of Sellers that are offering comparable or similar information, products, or services classified by that type of information, product, or service

Static Presentations

Presentations that are fixed in time as to the content that they display or convey to the client reader or viewer They are created and then set into a presentation framework that can be accessed. These presentations are currently the most familiar to all of us now and are the standard presentations on the Internet or most Intranets. (See "Dynamic Presentations")

Transaction Message

Any unit of information that is transferred or communicated between clients, components, or programs of the present invention or third-party compatible clients, components, or programs.

Services

Duties or work offered to be performed for the buyer or consumer, often but not necessarily specialized or professional in nature.

Standalone Presentations

Refers to independent presentations that are not part of organized Directories or Indexes of complementing and/or competing products or services

Traffic

Generally refers to the number of times users access Internet or Intranet sites or presentations More specifically, traffic refers to how many times Buyers access an electronic presentation directory, index, server, or instance of the present invention.

Transmission Level

One of the variables set within the Resource Saver Protocol for use with common inventory. A predetermined number of units that triggers the immediate transmission of inventory sold or reserved. This count

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is the total inventory sold or reserved within the Transaction Messages, that are being held awaiting transmission from the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or any other sales outlet to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000

Transmission Time Control

One of the variables set within the Resource Saver Protocol for use with common inventory Transmission Time Control is a setting that controls the time of transmission for held transaction messages from the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or any other sales outlet to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000

Transaction Period

One of the variables set within the Resource Saver Protocol for use with common inventory A setting to control the maximum period in hours that the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or any other sales outlet may hold transaction messages prior to 20 transmitting them to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000.

Will Call

The act of, or a reference to, the picking up of tickets, 25 passes, admission documents, reservations, or reservation confirmations or other access documents from a particular department of a venue for the purpose of being admitted to an event at that venue.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

It should be noted that although specific hardware or description, newer, improved, or successor generations of given hardware or software should be substituted as available to increase reliability, performance, or cost effectiveness or to take advantage of new or replacement technology

The method and apparatus of the present invention will be 40 discussed with reference to FIGS. 1a, 1b, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, and 2e In one embodiment, the present invention includes a Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, Seller Interface 4000, Buyer Interface 5000, and Media Interface 6000 Each 45 of these components includes hardware, software programs, databases, communications programs and devices. The present invention edits and structures data and information from an individual seller, at a single location, into consistent, designed and controlled presentations. These presentations 50 can be simultaneously published or displayed in a variety of traditional and electronic media as chosen by the Seller through the Seller Interface 4000 The presentations can also be integrated into interactive sales-enabled standalone preor competing products, goods, and services. In addition, the present invention allows buyers to purchase, commit to purchase, or reserve products, goods, and services in a real-time or near real-time environment. This also allows, delivery of tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, or other physical methods of controlling access or proving purchase or reservation. The present invention also allows sellers to control inventory of common, unique, or time-sensitive products, goods, and 65 services with reduced computer and communications resources while decreasing the time necessary for buyers to

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confirm the availability and then confirm the reservation, purchase, or commitment of purchase of that inventory. The interactive portion of the present invention enables the buyer to view or compare the products, goods, and services from 5 a single source or a variety of sellers and then purchase or reserve those products, goods, and services in a real or near real-time environment Where appropriate, in an embodiment of the present invention, access to events, venues, reserved services, and other access controlled products or services can be accomplished without the requirement of delivery for any tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, or other access docu-

Design and Structure of the Present Invention

The design and structure of the first embodiment of the method and apparatus of the present invention is diagramed with reference to FIGS 1a, 1b, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, and 2e. Shown in FIG 1a, the components of the present invention are presented as a "1 each" single-level diagram of the interaction between the components. The components are the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, Seller Interface 4000, Buyer Interface 5000, and Media Interface 6000 Sub components of Seller Interface 4000 are Seller 4000A as client, Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B. and Optional On Site Verification of Purchase Magnetic, Optical Card Reader or Biometric ID Reader with Ticket or Confirmation Printer 4350. Sub components and events of 30 Buyer Interface 5000 are Buyer 5000A as client and Buyer Arrives at Facility or Event for Admission or Check-in 5000B as an event

Communication between the components is accomplished by use of on-demand, direct dial-up public phone lines, software components may be referenced within this detailed 35 network, or Internet connection between Seller Interface 4000. Media Interface 6000, and Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000; standard Internet connections between Buyer Interface 5000 and Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000; and a high-speed network or Internet connection between Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. Connections between components may be accomplished by any combination of public switched phone network, cellular, Personal Communication System, dedicated data lines, microwave, private network, shared data network, satellite network, or any other means that will provide data transfer Seller Interface 4000, Media Interface 6000, and Buyer Interface 5000 represent components that are limited in number only by the capacity of both the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 and the associated communications and data transfer methods. The present invention allows for the modular expansion of capacity by duplicating any component or portions of a sentations or as unified presentations of complementing and 55 component requiring additional capacity and running the new component in parallel with the original existing component In the embodiment, there is one Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and at least one Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000; however, the Cenwhere appropriate, for an alternative to the advance physical 60 tral Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 can support more than one Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. An example of this embodiment is shown on FIG. 1b. The Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 are separate but co-located in the embodiment, however, they could be remotely located with a high-speed data connection Both the Central Controller and Presentation Processor

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1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 could also coexist on the same computer in some specific low traffic or low transaction volume embodiments. In the embodiment, multiple Seller Interface 4000, Independent Presentation 3000, Media Interface 6000, and of course 5 Buyer Interface 5000 are served, with the only limitations being the capacity of the associated processing, data storage, and communications hardware that can, as indicated above. be expanded

FIG 2a diagrams the Central Controller and Presentation 10 Processor 1000, which includes a central processor (CPU) 1100, operating system 1210, ROM 1220, RAM 1230, clock 1240, communication ports 1250, video driver 1260, network interface card 1270, video monitor 1310, input devices 1320, modem pool 1330, network interface 1340, and data 15 storage device 1500

A personal, workstation, or server-grade computer with sufficient processing capacity, program and data storage capacity, and memory may be used as a Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000. The CPU 1100 may be a 20 single CPU or multiple CPUs as necessary to provide sufficient processing capacity. The Intel Pentium II Processor with a speed of 300 MH or any comparable capacity processor that is compatible with the chosen operating system could be used as CPU 1100 In the embodiment of 25 the present invention, the operating system 1210 should be one that allows for multiple processors, such as Windows NT by Microsoft, so that increases in utilization of the present invention can be handled with increases of processing capacity. The video monitor 1310 is a standard "SVGA" 30 color monitor or its equivalent. The input devices 1320 are a standard keyboard and mouse or other replacement items The communication ports 1250 are RS232 serial ports with 16550 UART or alternatives that provide comparable connections to the Modem Pool 1330 The Modem Pool 1330 35 may be made up of modems such as the US Robotics 56K external made by 3Com Inc or any high-grade multi-modem equivalent The Modem Pool 1330 should be made up of a sufficient number of modems to handle both incoming and outgoing messages from the Seller Interface 4000 using 40 on-demand modem communications. If a given instance of the present invention generates sufficient modern traffic, the Modem Pool 1330 and its overhead and functions may be separated from the Central Controller and Presentation Pro-Pool 1330 and the associated communications overhead.

The data storage device 1500 may be one or a combination of standard hard disks, optical storage devices, CD-W drives, CD-RW drives, DVD, flash memory, magnetic tape, or other data storage devices It must be of sufficient capacity 50 to store all the programs and data necessary for the present invention as well as provide for future capacity needs In the embodiment, mirrored hard disks with separate hard disk controllers provide a redundancy of data storage and therefore increased dependability and data integrity. This con- 55 figuration allows for easier recovery in case of data corruption or data storage equipment failure. The aforementioned Windows NT operating system allows for this mirrored configuration. In addition to the mirrored hard disk, daily or more frequent backup of all data to tape, which is then taken 60 off-site for storage, is a required procedure to ensure safe data. The present invention has a degree of data security built into it by design, with the most critical data kept with both the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG 65 airport pickup service, etc. The information in the Transac-2b. In a catastrophic destruction of either the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 or the Central Pre-

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sentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG. 2b, the most critical data can be recovered from the surviving component in order to rebuild the lost data and ensure the integrity of all

The data storage device 1500 in the embodiment of the present invention contains relational databases controlled and managed by database software such as Microsoft SQL Server 7 by Microsoft Inc. Data used in the client control, the generation of presentations, and the processing of inventory sales in the present invention are contained within the Controller Databases 1600 The Controller Databases are the Buyer Database 1610, Transaction Database 1620, Media Transaction Database 1625, Seller Database 1630, Media Database 1635, Presentation Database 1640, Presentation Rules Database 1650, Inventory Database 1660, Referral Database 1670, the Presentation Location Database 1680, and any other databases necessary or desired to service the Buyers and Sellers

The Buyer Database 1610 maintains data on Buyers who make interactive purchases or reservations of the products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG 2a or other Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG. 1b The Buyer Database 1610 will have data fields containing Buyer name, network or delivery ID, physical address, phone, email address, credit card information, and any other information deemed necessary to support the Buyers and the Seller's required buyer information. The Buyer has the option to input the information when joining the network prior to attempting a purchase. As an alternative, the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 will prompt the Buyer for the information after the Buyer has found a desired product, good, or service to purchase but before forwarding the purchase transaction to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor

The Media Buyer Database 1615 maintains data on Media Buyers (Sellers) who make selections and purchases of media products or services offered by the Media through the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Seller Interface 4000 The Media Buyer Database 1615 will have data fields containing Media Buyer name, physical address, phone, email address, credit card information, and cessor and placed in a Modem Server to handle the Modem 45 any other information deemed necessary to support the Media Buyers and the requirements of the Media

The Transaction Database 1620 maintains data on the Buyers interactive purchases or reservations of products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG. 2b or other Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG. 1b The Transaction Database 1620 will have data fields containing information that relates to the purchases or reservations made by the Buyer. The specific fields within the Transaction Database 1620 will depend on the type of Seller and their product, goods, or service, but would always contain the field for the purchase or reservation tracking ID. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Transaction Database 1620 might contain fields for Buyer ID, room type or specific room, bed type, check-in date, check-out date, number of adults, number of children, smoking or nonsmoking, room rate paid, taxes paid, responses to requests, and any special requests such as extra pillows, late check-in, tion Database 1620 is the result of each requested purchase made with the Central Presentation and Selection Server

2000 FIG. 2b, which is then passed to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and then to the Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c

The Media Transaction Database 1625 maintains data on the Sellers' interactive purchases of non-resident media presentations offered by the management or operators of that given instance of the present invention through the Seller Interface 4000. The specific fields within the Media Transaction Database 1625 will depend on the type of media As one example, if the non-resident media were a newspaper, the Media Transaction Database 1625 might contain publishing deadlines, placement or section requirements, rate paid, taxes paid, and any other information necessary to support that given media

The Seller Database 1630 will have data fields containing 15 information that relates to the Sellers who have created presentations for traditional media or offer their products, goods, and services interactively over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or other Independent Presentation 3000 FIG 1b The specific fields within the Seller 20 Database 1630 will cover all necessary information on the Seller for use both within the presentations created and by the managers of the present invention for the management of the Seller's account The Seller Database 1630 will have data fields containing company name, contact name, mar- 25 keting name, physical address, phone, email address, credit card or other payment information, contract dates, product or reservation types for presentation, data transfer modem numbers, third-party accessible management software, and any other information fields deemed necessary to support the 30 proposed sellers. The seller will input this information when first accessing the present invention and joining as a Seller The Seller Interface 4000 FIG 2c, specifically the Configuration and Presentation Program 4715 FIG 2c, will prompt the Seller for the necessary information as well as obtain an 35 agreement to a contract for the services of the present invention and the distribution and payment of all presenta-

The Media Database 1635 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Non-Resident Media organi- 40 zations that have contracted with the management or operators of the given instance of the present invention to offer their services to the Sellers that are associated with the given instance of the present invention The Media Database 1635 will have data fields containing company name, contact 45 name, marketing name, physical address, phone, email address, contract dates, data transfer modem numbers, thirdparty accessible management software, and any other information fields deemed necessary to support the Non-Resident Media

The Presentation Database 1640 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Seller's choice of media or venues as well as the presentation of their products, goods, or services offered to the Buyers. This information is the majority of the data that, when combined with portions 55 of the information within the Seller Database 1630 and the Presentation Rules Database 1650 and processed through the Presentation Generation Program 1710, creates the presentations that are transmitted to the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 for presentation to the Buyer or to 60 other non-resident media to be published. The data fields held by Presentation Database 1640 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the design of the presentations and the types of resident and non-resident media offered by the given instance of the present invention As an 65 example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Presentation

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Database 1640 might contain fields for facility description, facility photos, room descriptions, room photos, facility amenities, room amenities, room service menu, payment types accepted, meeting and reception services offered, meeting rooms, photos of meeting rooms, policies, rates, special package offers, media or venue choices, and any other information to assist in the presentation and sale of the lodging. The Seller Interface 4000, specifically the Configuration and Presentation Program 4715 FIG. 2c, will prompt the Seller for the necessary information for the presentations and non-resident media they have selected The data relationship between the Presentation Database 4640 FIG. 2c, which is a part of the Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c, and the Presentation Database 1640 is one of continual synchronization of the Seller's information. The Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 FIG 2c and the Communication and Transport Program 4760 maintain that synchronization The Seller makes any updates or corrections to the presentation within the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 FIG. 2c, which then updates the Presentation Database 4640 FIG. 2c The Communication and Transport Program 4760 FIG. 2c sends those updates or corrections to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 for updating to the Presentation Database 1640 The Presentation Generation Program 1710 in conjunction with the Presentation Database 1640 then creates the new or updated presentations for publishing on the Central Presentation and Selection Servers or the appropriate non-resident media

The Presentation Rules Database 1650 will have data fields containing information that controls and limits the style and editing of the presentations created by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 The Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 administrator or management of that given instance of the present invention inputs this information based on the types of media and interactive presentations that are supported by that given instance. For the non-resident media components of the present invention this information is submitted and updated directly by means of the Media Interface 6000 and specifically the Media Configuration Program 6715. The data fields held by the Presentation Rules Database 1650 will vary from seller type to seller type, as well as from one media type to another, depending on the design of the presentations. Some of the fields that might be maintained are presentation templates; blocked words; blocked phrases; blocked references; presentation cost and options; publication dates and deadlines; blocked URLs; grammar guidelines; spelling dictionaries; presentation size restrictions; photo or graphics specifications such as size, compression, and file format; and any other guidelines, benchmarks, or controlling algorithms. The data within the Presentation Rules Database 1650 will be synchronized with the Presentation Rules Database 4650 FIG. 2c stored on the Seller Interface 4000 FIG 2c This synchronization will take place by the sending of updates from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 to the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 FIG. 2c, which then updates the Presentation Rules Database 4650

The Inventory Database 1660 will have data fields containing information that monitors and controls the inventory of products, goods, and services offered for sale by the Sellers within the interactive sales portion of the present invention. The data fields held by the Inventory Database 1660 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the type of products, goods, or services that are being sold or reserved. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the

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Inventory Database 1660 might contain fields for Buyer ID, types of rooms, number of rooms available for each type, blocked rooms, blocked dates, room rates, exception date rates, and any other fields necessary to present and control that room inventory

The Media Inventory Database 1665 (optional) will have data fields containing information that monitors and controls the media inventory offered by the Non-Resident Media to the Sellers. The data fields held by the Media Inventory Database 1665 (optional) will vary from media seller type to 10 media seller type, depending on the type media supported by the given instance of the present invention. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to offer a given newspaper as a Non-Resident Media the Inventory Database 1665 (optional) might contain fields for 15 number display ads available per size, number of classified lines available, number of color pages available, and any other fields necessary to present and control that media inventory.

The Referral Database 1670 will have data fields contain- 20 ing information from the Sellers that refers Buyers to other sources of the same products, goods, or services offered when a given Seller cannot meet the wishes or needs of the Buyer. The information within the Referral Database 1670 is provided by the Seller through prompting by the Presenta- 25 tion and Configuration Program 4715 FIG. 2c. This information is intended and designed to provide the Buyer with alternative sources when the products, goods, or services offered by the Seller interactively are either not available or do not meet the needs of the Buyer The data fields held by 30 the Referral Database 1670 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the type of products, goods, or services that are being sold or reserved As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Referral Database 1670 might 35 contain fields for other alternative accommodations, alternative dates, or alternative lodging facilities. An embodiment of the present invention configured to present professional services might contain alternative professionals or associates that might be acceptable to the Buyer.

The preferred embodiment of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 has a Presentation Generation Program 1710, Transaction Processing Program 1720, General Management Program 1730, Communication and Transport Program 1760, and other programs as necessary 45

The Presentation Generation Program 1710 utilizes the information submitted by the Sellers and held in the Presentation Database 1640, Inventory Database 1660, and Seller Database 1630. The Presentation Generation Program 1710 uses these databases to create the requested presenta- 50 tions for the various desired resident or non-resident media as well as those presentations necessary for the interactive Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 with its interactive sales presentations, using the Presentations Rules Database 1650 for style and control guidelines. It should be 55 noted that in the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the same rules and guidelines contained in the Presentation Rules Database 1650 are also held in the Presentation Rules Database 4650 FIG. 2c, which is part of the Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c. With the same rules and 60 guidelines as those in the Presentations Rules Database 1650 applied and enforced during data input at the Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c module, no modification or editing should be necessary at the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 module. Although the same rules and guidelines are 65 applied and enforced at Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c module as at the Central Controller and Presentation Pro20

cessor 1000 module, both processes should be utilized to ensure consistency and quality control. After the initial setup and publishing, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 automatically re-creates presentations either in the event of changes to the data for the Seller which affect any given presentation or upon the addition or deletion of any Seller While creating or updating the Sellers' presentations, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 will determine which portions of the general presentation framework and structure on the overall directory or index require updating and republishing This determination is made on a case-bycase basis for each non-resident media presentation requested by the Seller as well as for any interactive presentation on the Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 FIG. 2b. This embodiment of the present invention allows the Seller to determine the urgency of original or revised publishing of presentations, depending on the media and the accessibility of republishing. With the present invention, there are two publishing levels of processing. With the choice of "Urgent Publishing," the Presentation Generation Program 1710 would immediately process and publish the Seller's presentation to those non-resident media or Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 that are accessible for updating, but the Seller would be surcharged for this service The Seller's second choice is "Standard Publishing," which does not carry a surcharge This "Standard Publishing" would be performed in the normal schedule of publishing for the non-resident media. "Standard Publishing" for any Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 presentations would be done when the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 FIG. 2b are at their lowest processor and network loads in handling the Buyers' requests and transactions. This economic choice gives a solution to the Seller who truly requires an immediate publishing of data while encouraging the bulk of the publishing to be done during times with less processor load. In this embodiment of the present invention, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 would be set to immediately process any "Urgent Publishing" request and any associated required structures. All other "Standard Publishing" would be processed as a batch at a preset low-traffic or lowutilization time for the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG 2b In this embodiment, the Central Controller and Presentation Processor processes the publishing function in the following order: all new Sellers' presentations, all Sellers' updates, then all associated structure and presentation frameworks

With this embodiment of the present invention, the Transaction Processing Program 1720 is responsible for processing the transaction messages of all interactive sales and/or reservation of products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers and all media selections made by the Sellers from the offerings by the resident and non-resident media.

The Transaction Processing Program 1720 confirms available inventory and rates/pricing, updates any other Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 FIG 2b and Independent Presentations Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG 1b if necessary, updates databases, and creates and sends the transaction message to the Seller Interface 4000 FIG 2c. The transmission of transaction messages from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 to the Seller Interface 4000 FIG 2c takes place immediately upon processing, as there is no provision for holding those messages at this level New Media presentation selections of the non-resident media offerings made by the Sellers are pro-

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cessed immediately upon receiving them from the Seller Interface 4000 and are sent to the Media Interface 6000

With this embodiment of the present invention, the General Management Program 1730 is responsible for the business accounting, billing and collections, reporting, trend 5 analysis, general Seller maintenance, and any other necessary functions

Within this embodiment of the present invention, the Communication and Transport Program 1760 monitors, directs, and controls the receiving and transmitting of messages between the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, Seller Interface 4000 FIG 2ϵ , and the Media Interface 6000 FIG 2ϵ

FIG. 2b diagrams the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 2000, which includes a central processor (CPU) 15 2100, operating system 2210, ROM 2220, RAM 2230, clock 2240, video driver 2260, video monitor 2310, input devices 2320, network interface 2340, and data storage device 2500

A personal, workstation, or server-grade computer with sufficient processing capacity, program and data storage 20 capacity, and memory may be used as a Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. The CPU 2100 may be a single CPU or multiple CPUs as necessary to provide sufficient processing capacity The Intel Pentium II Processor with a speed of 300 MH or any comparable capacity processor that 25 is compatible with the chosen operating system could be used as CPU 2100. The operating system 2210 should be one that allows for multiple processors, such as Windows NT by Microsoft, so that increases in utilization of the present invention can be handled with increases of processing 30 capacity The video monitor 2310 is a standard "SVGA" color monitor or its equivalent. The input devices 2320 are a standard keyboard and mouse or other replacement items or methods

The data storage device 2500 may be one or a combina- 35 tion of standard hard disks, optical storage devices, CD-W drives, CD-RW drives, DVD, flash memory, magnetic tape, or other data storage devices. It must be of sufficient capacity to store all the programs and data necessary as well as provide for future capacity needs. In this embodiment of the 40 present invention, mirrored hard disks with separate hard disk controllers provide a redundancy of data storage and therefore increased dependability and data integrity. This configuration allows for easier recovery in case of data corruption or data storage equipment failure The aforemen- 45 tioned Windows NT operating system allows for this mirrored configuration. In addition to the mirrored hard disk, daily or more frequent backup of all data to tape, which is then taken off-site for storage, is a required procedure to ensure safe data

The data storage device 2500 in this embodiment of the present invention contains relational databases controlled and managed by database software such as Microsoft SQL Server 7 by Microsoft Inc. The data used in the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 and in the processing of inventory sales in the present invention is contained within the Presentation and Selection Server Databases 2600. The Presentation and Selection Server Databases are the Buyer Database 2610, Transaction Database 2620, Final Presentation Database 2645, Inventory Database 2660, 60 Referral Database 2670, and any other databases necessary or desired to service the Buyers and Sellers.

The Buyer Database 2610 maintains data on Buyers who make purchases or reservations for the products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation 65 and Selection Server 2000 or other Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG. 1b The Buyer Database

2610 will have data fields containing Buyer name, network or delivery ID, physical address, phone, email address, credit card information, and any other information deemed necessary to support the Buyers and the requirements of the proposed Sellers The Buyer has the option to input the information when joining the network prior to attempting to make a purchase or reservation. As an alternative, the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 will prompt the Buyer for the information after the Buyer has found a desired product, good, or service to purchase, but before forwarding the purchase transaction to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. The information contained in the Buyer Database 2610 is synchronized with that in the Buyer Database 1610 FIG. 2a on the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a It should be noted that if an embodiment of the present invention is configured with more than one Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 and is controlled by a single Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 (as in FIG. 1b) Then the Buyers represented on each Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 Buyer Database 2610 will be represented on the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 Buyer Database 1610 FIG. 2a However all Buyers on Buyer Database 1610 may not be represented on each Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 Buyer Database 2610 A similar relationship exists between the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Seller Interface 4000 in that all Buyers are represented within the Buyer Database 1610 FIG. 2a, but only those Buyers that any given Seller has had transactions with are represented within the Buyer Database 4610 FIG 2c of any given Seller. It should also be noted that any given Buyer might choose to utilize any or all Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 controlled by the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 When this happens, the information contained within the associated Buyer Databases 2610 would be the same, but the Transaction Databases 2620 would be different, because the Transaction Database 1620 FIG 2a represents the cumulative transactions made by that particular buyer

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The Transaction Database 2620 maintains data on the Buyers' purchases of products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 or other Standalone Presentations or Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG. 1b. The Transaction Database 2620 will have data fields containing information that relates to the purchases or reservations made by the Buyer. The specific fields within the Transaction Database 2620 will depend on the type of Seller and 50 their product, goods, or service, but would always contain the field for the purchase or reservation tracking ID. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Transaction Database 2620 might contain fields for Buyer ID, room type or specific room, bed type, check-in date, check-out date, number of adults, number of children, smoking or nonsmoking, room rate paid, taxes paid, responses to requests, and any special requests such as extra pillows, late check-in, airport pickup service, etc The information in the Transaction Database 2620 is the result of each requested purchase or reservation made with the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000; this information is then passed to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a and then to the Seller Interface 4000 The relationship between the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 Transaction Database 1620 FIG. 2a and the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 Transaction Data-

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base 2620 is the same as the relationship between the Buyer Database 1610 FIG 2a and Buyer Database 2610 explained above

The Final Presentation Database 2645 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Sellers' presentations of their products, goods, or services to the Buyers on this instance of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. This is data that has been designed, edited and created by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 FIG. 2a of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a and then transmitted to the instance of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 for presentation to the Buyers. The data fields held by Final Presentation Database 2645 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the structure and design of the presentations As an example, if an embodiment of the invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Final Presentation Database 2645 might contain fields for combined facility descriptions, room descriptions, facility amenities, room amenities, payment types accepted, meeting rooms, policies, and any other information to assist in the presentation and sale of the lodging These fields, as used in the lodging example, would contain information for all the lodging facilities represented The Final Presentation Database 2645 is the result of the information contained within the Presentation Database 1640 FIG 2a processed by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 FIG. 2a in conjunction with the information contained in the Presentation Rules Database 1650 FIG. 2a. There is no synchronization of this data, as it only exists for the presentations on a given Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 and is generally not transferable to other Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 due to differing presentation designs and structures However the Presentation Generation Program 1710 FIG 2a, using the Presentation Rules Database 1650 FIG. 2a and the Presentation Location Database 1680 FIG 2c to identify and create the differing presentations, maintains the control of the various presentation designs and structures

The Inventory Database 2660 will have data fields containing information that monitors and controls the inventory of products, goods, and services offered for sale by the Sellers In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Inventory Database 2660 is synchronized with the 45 Inventory Database 1660 FIG. 2a and the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B FIG 2c depending on the inventory type (see discussion on Resource Saver Protocol) The Inventory Database 2660 can also be used as an alternative to Seller Accounting or Management Program 50 4000B with the optional Inventory Database 4660 FIG 2c. The data fields held by the Inventory Database 2660 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the type of products, goods, or services that are being sold or reserved As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention 55 were configured to present lodging facilities, the Inventory Database 2660 might contain fields for Buyer ID, types of rooms, number of rooms available for each type, blocked rooms, blocked dates, exception date rates, and any other fields necessary to present and control that room inventory 60

The Referral Database 2670 will have data fields containing information, from the Sellers and from the input of the management of the given instance of the present invention. This data refers Buyers to other sources of the same products, goods, or services offered when a given Seller cannot 65 meet the wishes or needs of the Buyer. The information within the Referral Database 2670 is synchronized with the

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Referral Database 1670 FIG 2a See discussion of Referral Database 1670 FIG 2a for reasons and origin of data

The preferred embodiment of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 has a Transaction Negotiation Program 2725, Presentation Server 2740, Selection Server 2750, and other programs as necessary.

Within the embodiment of the present invention, the Iransaction Negotiation Program 2725 is responsible for the negotiations and processing of all sales and/or reservation of products, goods, and services

The Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 negotiates the interactive transaction with the Buyer The program facilitates the transaction by presenting products, goods, services, offerings, options, add-on items, rates or prices, availability, alternatives or discounts in response to unavailable or denied requests, and other choices to assist the Buyer in making the purchase transaction During the transaction negotiations, the inventory is held or reserved for that particular Buyer. If the Buyer does not complete the purchase or reservation, the inventory is made available once again. Once the Buyer makes a purchase or reservation decision, the inventory is deemed sold and taken off the available inventory list, and the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 transmits a transaction message to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 for confirmation and processing This transmission either takes place immediately or on a delayed or batch basis depending on the type of inventory being sold or reserved and the settings entered by the Seller The Transaction Processing Program 1720 FIG. 2a of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a performs some of the same functions and calculations as the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 of the Central Presentation and Selection Server when it receives the transaction message This duplication serves as both a check of the processes and a validation of the transaction message. It should be noted that although the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 is referred to as a program, in the embodiment of the present invention it is a collection of programs, procedures and functions that work with the Selection Server 2750 to provide the selection and negotiation environment in which the Buyer can purchase or reserve the products, goods, or services

The Presentation Server 2740 is a fully functioning Internet or Intranet Web server. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Internet Information Server by Microsoft is the Presentation Server 2740. The Presentation Server 2740 performs the function of controlling the Buyers' access to the Sellers' presentations through the Internet or Intranet. The Presentation Server 2740 is able to allow access either with or without login and password control (in the embodiment of the present invention, no password control is used). The Presentation Server 2740 would allow full access to the Open Access Presentations 2810 without restrictions.

The Selection Server 2750 is a fully functioning Internet or Intranet Dynamic Page Server This is a server or server component that allows for presentations to be made based on the actions of the user and the functions or algorithms of the presentation designer or programmer. In this embodiment of the present invention, the server component, Active Server Pages by Microsoft, is added to the Presentation Server 2740 to provide this dynamic functionality The Selection Server 2750 provides the control and access to the presentations held within the Dynamic Presentations 2820 These presen-

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tations are only accessible from presentations held within Open Access Presentations 2810 and cannot be independently viewed or accessed

The embodiment of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 has directory structures Open Access 5 Presentations 2810, Dynamic Presentations 2820, and other directory structures as necessary. Not only do these directory structures provide the physical storage location for the presentation files, but they also provide the framework and path references for access to the presentations by using the 10 Presentation Server 2740 and the Selection Server 2750.

FIG 2c diagrams the Seller Interface 4000, which includes a central processor (CPU) 4100, operating system 4210, ROM 4220, RAM 4230, clock 4240, communication ports 4250, video driver 4260, video monitor 4310, input 15 devices 4320, modem 4330, network interface 4340, and data storage device 4500. This embodiment of the present invention would also include a Magnetic or Optical Card Reader or Biometric ID Device as well as a Ticket or Confirmation Printer or Admission Control Device.

A personal, workstation, or server-grade computer with sufficient processing capacity, program and data storage capacity, and memory may be used as a Seller Interface 4000 The CPU 4100 may be a single CPU or multiple CPUs as necessary to provide sufficient processing capacity. The 25 Intel Pentium II Processor with a speed of 300 MH or any comparable capacity processor that is compatible with the chosen operating system could be used as CPU 4100. In this embodiment of the present invention, the operating system 4210 is Windows NT by Microsoft, although Windows 98 30 by Microsoft should be sufficient in most cases The video monitor 4310 is a standard "SVGA" color monitor or its equivalent, with this embodiment of the present invention being a 19-inch standard video monitor. The input devices 4320 are a standard keyboard and mouse or other replace- 35 ment items. The communication ports 4250 are RS232 serial ports with 16550 UART or alternatives that provide comparable connections to the Modem 4330. The Modem 4330 may be a US Robotics 56K external made by 3Com Inc or a comparable quality modem

A data storage device 4500 may be one or a combination of standard hard disks, optical storage devices, CD-W drives, CD-RW drives, DVD, flash memory, magnetic tape, or other data storage devices It must be of sufficient capacity to store all the programs and data necessary as well as 45 provide for future capacity needs. In this embodiment of the present invention, mirrored hard disks with separate hard disk controllers provide a redundancy of data storage and therefore increased dependability and data integrity. This corruption or data storage equipment failure The aforementioned Windows NT operating system allows for this mirrored configuration In addition to the mirrored hard disk, daily or more frequent backup of all data to tape, which is then taken off-site for storage, is a required procedure to 55 ensure safe data. The present invention has a degree of data security built into it by design, with the most critical data kept with both the Seller Interface 4000 and the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. In a catastrophic destruction of the Seller Interface 4000, the 60 most critical of data can be recovered from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a and allow the rebuilding of the lost databases, thereby ensuring the integrity of all transactions.

The data storage device in this embodiment contains 65 relational databases controlled and managed by database software such as Microsoft SQL Server 7 by Microsoft Inc.

or, for smaller Sellers, Access 2000 by Microsoft Inc Data used in the generation of presentations and for the processing of inventory sales in the present invention is contained within the Seller's Databases 4600. The Seller's Databases 4600 contains the Buyer Database 4610, Transaction Database 4620, Seller Database 4630, Presentation Database 4640, Presentation Rules Database 4650, Inventory Database 4660, Referral Database 4670, and any other databases necessary or desired to service the Sellers

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The Buyer Database 4610 maintains data on Buyers who make interactive purchases or reservations of the products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG 2b or other Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG 1b. The Buyer Database 4610 will have data fields containing Buyer name, network or delivery ID, physical address, phone, email address, credit card information, and any other information deemed necessary to supported the Buyers and the requirements of the Seller. The information within the Buyer Database 4610 is contained in transaction messages received from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a along with the purchase information of a given transaction

The Iransaction Database 4620 maintains data on the Buyers' interactive purchases or reservations of products, goods, or services offered by the Sellers over the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG 2b or other Independent Presentation Directories and Indexes 3000 FIG. 1b. The Transaction Database 4620 will have data fields containing information that relates to purchases or reservations made by the Buyer. The specific fields within this database will depend on the type of Seller and their products, goods, or services, but would always contain the field for the purchase or reservation tracking ID As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Transaction Database 4620 might contain fields for Buyer ID, room type or specific room, bed type, check-in date, check-out date, number of adults, number of children, smoking or non-smoking, room rate paid, taxes paid, and special requests such as extra pillows, late check-in, airport pickup service, etc The information in the Transaction Database 4620 is the result of each requested purchase made with the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG. 2b. This information is then passed, via transaction messages, to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a and then to the Seller Interface 4000

The Seller Database 4630 will have data fields containing configuration allows for easier recovery in case of data 50 information that relates to the Seller The specific fields within the Seller Database 4630 will cover all the necessary information on the Seller, for use both within the Seller's presentation and by the managers of the present invention for the management of the Seller's account The Seller Database 4630 will have data fields containing company name, contact name, marketing name, physical address, phone, email address, credit card or other payment information, contract dates, product or reservation types for presentation, data transfer modem numbers, accessible third-party management software, and any other information fields deemed necessary to supported the proposed seller The seller will input this information when first accessing the present invention and joining as a Seller. The Configuration and Presentation Program 4715 will prompt the Seller for the necessary information as well as obtain an agreement to a contract for the services of the present invention and the distribution and payment of all presentations

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The Presentation Database 4640 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Seller's choice of non-resident media or advertising channels as well as to the interactive presentation of information and data describing their products, goods, or services for presentation to the 5 Buyers The data fields within Presentation Database 4640 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the design of the presentation and the types of other media offered by the given instance of the present invention As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were 10 configured to present lodging facilities, the Presentation Database 4640 might contain fields for facility description, facility photos, room descriptions, room photos, facility amenities, room amenities, room service menu, payment types accepted, meeting and reception services offered, 15 meeting rooms, photos of meeting rooms, policies, rates, special package offers, media or advertising channel choices, and any other information to assist in the presentation and sale of the lodging. The Configuration and Presentation Program 4715 will prompt the Seller for the 20 necessary information for the presentations desired by the Seller. The data relationship between the Presentation Database 4640 and the Presentation Database 1640 FIG 2a part of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a is one of continual synchronization of the Seller's 25 information The synchronization is maintained by the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 and the Communication and Transport Program 4760. The seller makes any updates or corrections to the presentation within the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715. These correc- 30 tions are then updated to the Presentation Database 4640 and sent to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 for updating to the Presentation Database 1640 FIG

The Presentation Rules Database 4650 will have data 35 fields containing information that controls and limits the style and editing of the presentations created by the Seller using the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715. The data within the Presentation Rules Database 4650 will be synchronized with the data within the Presentation Rules 40 Database 1650, which is stored on the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. This synchronization will take place by the sending of updates from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a to the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715. The data 45 fields contained in the Presentation Rules Database 4650 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the types of media and interactive presentations that are supported by the given instance of the present invention and the design of the presentations. Some fields that might be 50 maintained are presentation templates; blocked words; blocked phrases; blocked references; blocked URLs; grammar guidelines; spelling dictionaries; presentation size restrictions; photo or graphics specifications such as size, compression, and file format; and any other guidelines, 55 benchmarks, or controlling algorithms

The Inventory Database 4660 will have data fields containing information that monitors and controls the inventory of products, goods, and services offered for sale or reservation by the Sellers within the interactive sales portion of the 60 present invention. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the inventory data is maintained by the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B If that software cannot communicate or can only communicate partial data with the present invention, then the Inventory 65 Database 4660 would be used alone or in combination with the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B,

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respectively The embodiment of the present invention communicates with the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B for the synchronization of inventory and other data that can be coordinated. The data fields within the Inventory Database 4660 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the type of products, goods, or services that are being sold or reserved As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Inventory Database 4660 might contain fields for Buyer ID, types of rooms, number of rooms available for each type, blocked rooms, blocked dates, exception date rates, and any other fields necessary to present and control that room inventory

The Referral Database 4670 will have data fields containing information from the Sellers that refers Buyers to other sources of the same products, goods, or services offered when the Sellers cannot meet the wishes or needs of the Buyers The Seller through prompting by the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 provides the information within the Referral Database 4670. This information is intended and designed to provide the Buyer with alternative sources when the products, goods, or services offered interactively by a given Seller are either not available or do not meet the needs of the Buyer. The data fields held by the Referral Database 4670 will vary from seller type to seller type, depending on the type of products or services that are being sold or reserved. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to present lodging facilities, the Referral Database 4670 might contain fields for alternative accommodations, dates, or lodging facilities An embodiment of the present invention configured to present professional services might contain alternative professionals or associates that might be acceptable to the Buyer.

The programs of the preferred embodiment of Seller Interface 4000 are a Presentation and Configuration Program 4715, Transaction Processing Program 4720, Communication and Transport Program 4760, Buyer Admission Control Program 4770, Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B, Seller Admission Control Program 4000C, and other programs as may be necessary or desirable

The Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 is both the gateway to the present invention and the controlling software interface for the Seller The Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 introduces the Seller to the instance of the present invention and allows the Seller to choose in which presentations and which media or advertising channels the Seller wishes to participate. The Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 offers the choices of media and presentations to the Seller, giving requirements and cost for each Upon choosing media and presentations, the Seller is then presented with a series of questions to answer. The answering of these questions contributes to the Seller Database 4630, Presentation Database 4640, Inventory Database 4660, Referral Database 4670, and any other databases necessary The responses to the questions asked, text entry areas, photos, graphics, and other input, either required or optional, are monitored by the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 using the information within the Presentation Rules Database 4650 to guide the Seller in the creation of a presentation that meets the style, editorial, and content guidelines of that instance of the present invention for each media venue or outlet chosen

Within this embodiment of the present invention, the Transaction Processing Program 4720 is not utilized, as its functions are performed by the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B. If there is no Seller Accounting or

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Management Program 4000B or it is not able to handle those functions, then the Transaction Processing Program 4720 will perform the necessary functions to process the incoming Transaction Messages; update databases; notify Seller of product, goods, or services sold or reserved; notify Seller of prices or rates paid; perform the necessary confirmations of available inventory and rates/pricing; create or send confirmation messages to buyer or other requested confirmation methods; and perform other functions necessary to process the incoming transaction.

The Communication and Transport Program 4760 monitors, directs, and controls the receiving and transmitting of messages between the Seller and the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a During the setup of the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715, the Commu- 15 nication and Transport Program 4760 is initialized and tested with the Modem 4330 and/or Network Interface 4340 The functions of the Communication and Transport Program 4760 are largely transparent to the Seller It should be noted, however, that in this embodiment of the present invention, 20 the Seller Interface 4000 should be left on, with the Communication and Transport Program 4760 running, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week This is necessary so that the Transaction Processing Program 4720 can receive and process any transaction messages from the Central Controller and Pre- 25 sentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a regardless of the hour of the day.

The Buyer Admission Control Program 4770 is present and utilized in the preferred embodiment of the present invention if the Seller's products, goods, or services lend 30 themselves to the type of access control that has traditionally been accomplished using tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, or other physical evidence of purchase or authorization. In this embodiment of the present invention, the Buyer Admission 35 Control Program 4770 may be replaced with Seller Admission Control Program 4000C, a third-party program that is either currently in use or is preferred by the Seller Normally, communications in the form of admission-controlling messages must be from either the Transaction Processing Pro- 40 gram 4720 or the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B to the Buyer Admission Control Program 4770 or the Seller Admission Control Program 4000C, depending upon which software is used. In some instances, however, the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B may 45 assume the duties of the Seller Admission Control Program 4000C. The Buyer Admission Control Program 4770 or the Seller Admission Control Program 4000C uses the information in the Buyer Database $46\bar{1}0$ to confirm the admission or access of a given Buyer who is physically at the Seller's 50 facility, site, business, venue, or other physical location seeking access In this embodiment of the present invention, the information from the Buyer Database 4610 is confirmed by use of a magnetic or optical card reader portion of the Optional Magnetic or Optical Card or Biometric ID Device 55 4350 that reads the physical ID or their Biometric ID in the possession of the Buyer This physical Magnetic or Optical Card ID is one that was previously issued to the Buyer for another use and is currently valid for that use. It could be a standard credit card, association ID, school ID, credit union 60 ID, a driver's license, or any other "issued ID" that has been approved for use by the management of any given instance of the invention This feature of the invention, of having the latitude to accept a variety of existing methods of identification, is important in that it allows the Buyer immediate 65 access without requiring the Buyer to be processed to obtain a new ID. An example of this use within an embodiment of

the present invention would be a "Major Credit Card" that has agreed to allow its cards to be used as identification for purchases within the invention. An example of this "alternate ID" use would be an instance of the invention that was established as a "Sports Reservation Network". When the Buyer chooses the event that he wants to attend, he would enter the number off of his "Major Credit Card ' into the Buyer Interface 5000 FIG. 2d When the Buyer arrived at the Facility or Event for Admission or Check-in 4380, the Magnetic or Optical Card Reader 4350 would read his "Major Credit Card" The Magnetic or Optical Card Reader 4350, in conjunction with the Buyer Admission Control Program 4770, which draws its information from the Buyer Database 4610, would confirm the Buyer's admission and send the ticket information to the Ticket or Confirmation Printer or Admission Control Device 4360 The Ticket or Confirmation Printer or Admission Control Device 4360 would either print the tickets, allowing the buyer to proceed to the standard ticket entry point, or trip a physical gate or bar that would allow the Buyer entry to the event (Buyer Allowed Admittance 4370).

In another example of an embodiment of the invention, the management of the invention has chosen to support the Biometric Identification method for assessing and guaranteeing the identity of the Buyer. With this method, the Buyer is first registered to use the invention by one of the Sellers who is part of the network and is equipped to perform the appropriate biometric scan. After the Buyer presents proof of identify, they submit to the biometric scan which is then transmitted to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor to become part of the Buyer's record. The Buyer is given an ID number to allow access to the invention The next time the Buyer accesses the invention he can use the ID number to make the purchase and then when showing up at that facility his Biometric Scan becomes his ID. Biometric IDs can be any biological feature of the Buyer that is so deemed to be sufficiently unique that it can be used as a method of identification Features such as fingerprints, palm prints, iris scans, voice, and full-face scans are just some of the currently accepted biometric identification methods. We believe this list of methods will expand and that new methods can easily be utilized by an embodiment of this invention as they are developed and become available. It should be noted that the level of certainty necessary for determining identification using biometric techniques is obviously lower for use in the present invention than the certainty required for other critical applications such as law enforcement or military security access

In yet another example of an embodiment of the invention, the management of the invention has chosen to support a function to allow Buyers to access their identification documents through the Network in combination with their biometric identification for the purchasing of goods and services. In this embodiment the Buyer is allowed to make purchases of goods and services from those Sellers that support biometric identification using only their personal biometric identification. The charges or payments requested and the biometric ID submitted by the Seller are transmitted to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. The Transaction Processing Program 1720 verifies the biometric ID with the information held within the Buyer Database 1610 The Transaction Processing Program 1720 further verifies that sufficient funds are available for the requested transaction, either through third party sources such as the Identification Documents sponsor or through in-house financing or accounts. The acceptance or rejection

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of the transaction is then transmitted back to the Seller for the Sellers completion of the purchase or transaction

FIG 2d diagrams the Buyer Interface 5000, which includes a central processor (CPU) 5100, operating system 5210, ROM 5220, RAM 5230, clock 5240, communication port 5250, video monitor 5310, input devices 5320, modem 5330, network interface 5340, and data storage device 5500

A personal or workstation computer with sufficient processing capacity, program and data storage capacity, and memory may be used as a Buyer Interface 5000. The CPU 5100 may be a single CPU. The Intel Pentium Processor with a speed of 166 MH or any comparable capacity processor that is compatible with the chosen operating system could be used as CPU 5100. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the operating system 5210 is 15 either Windows 95 or Windows 98 by Microsoft. The video monitor 5310 is a standard 17-inch "SVGA" color monitor or its equivalent. The input devices 5320 are a standard keyboard and mouse or other replacement items. The communication ports 5250 are RS232 serial ports with 16550 20 UART or alternatives that provide comparable connections to the Modem 5330 The Modem 5330 may be a modem such as the US Robotics 56K external made by 3Com Inc

A Data Storage Device **5500** may be one or a combination of standard hard disks, optical storage devices, CD-W 25 drives, CD-RW drives, DVD, flash memory, or other data storage devices It must be of sufficient capacity to store the programs necessary to access the Sellers' presentations.

The hardware requirements for the Buyer Interface 5000 are minimal compared to the requirements for the Central 30 Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a, Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 FIG. 2b, and the Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c

The only software or programs required for the Buyer Interface 5000 is an Internet Browser 5000C of the Buyer's 35 choice. In the embodiment of the present invention, Internet Explorer by Microsoft would be used as Buyer's Choice of Internet Browser 5000C.

No databases are required for the Buyer Interface 5000. The only data storage required is performed by the Buyer's 40 Choice of Internet Browser 5000C in the form of saving "cookies" in the Location for Cookie Storage 5695

Although the above has described the preferred embodiment of the present invention, any Internet-enabled computer, operating system, and browser combination that can 45 access the Internet and specifically standard HTML presentations should be able to serve as the Buyer Interface 5000

FIG. 2e diagrams the Media Interface 6000, which includes a central processor (CPU) 6100, operating system 6210, ROM 6220, RAM 6230, clock 6240, communication 50 ports 6250, video driver 6260, video monitor 6310, input devices 6320, modem 6330, network interface 6340, and data storage device 6500

A personal, workstation, or server-grade computer with sufficient processing capacity, program and data storage 55 capacity, and memory may be used as a Media Interface 6000. The CPU 6100 may be a single CPU or multiple CPUs as necessary to provide sufficient processing capacity. The Intel Pentium II Processor with a speed of 300 MH or any comparable capacity processor that is compatible with the chosen operating system could be used as CPU 6100. In this embodiment of the present invention, the operating system 6210 is Windows NT by Microsoft, although Windows 98 by Microsoft should be sufficient in most cases. The video monitor 6310 is a standard "SVGA" color monitor or its equivalent, with this embodiment of the present invention being a 19-inch standard video monitor. The input devices

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6320 are a standard keyboard and mouse or other replacement items. The communication ports 6250 are RS232 serial ports with 16550 UART or alternatives that provide comparable connections to the Modem 6330. The Modem 6330 may be a US Robotics 56K external made by 3Com Inc or a comparable quality modem.

A data storage device 6500 may be one or a combination of standard hard disks, optical storage devices, CD-W drives, CD-RW drives, DVD, flash memory, magnetic tape, or other data storage devices. It must be of sufficient capacity to store all the programs and data necessary as well as provide for future capacity needs. In this embodiment of the present invention, mirrored hard disks with separate hard disk controllers provide a redundancy of data storage and therefore increased dependability and data integrity. This configuration allows for easier recovery in case of data corruption or data storage equipment failure The aforementioned Windows NT operating system allows for this mirrored configuration In addition to the mirrored hard disk. daily or more frequent backup of all data to tape, which is then taken off-site for storage, is a required procedure to ensure safe data. The present invention has a degree of data security built into it by design, with the most critical data kept with both the Media Interface 6000 and the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. In a catastrophic destruction of the Media Interface 6000, the most critical of data can be recovered from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a and allow the rebuilding of the lost databases, thereby ensuring the integrity of all transactions

The data storage device in this embodiment contains relational databases controlled and managed by database software such as Microsoft SQL Server 7 by Microsoft Inc or, for smaller Media outlets, Access 2000 by Microsoft Inc Data used in the generation of presentations and for the processing of inventory sales in the present invention is contained within the Media's Databases 6600 contains the Media Buyer's Database 6615, Media Transaction Database 6625, Media Database 6635, Presentation Database 6640, Presentation Rules Database 6650, Media Inventory Database 6665, and any other databases necessary or desired to service the Media

The Media Buyer Database 6615 maintains data on Sellers who make interactive purchases of presentations offered by the Media over the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Seller Interface 4000. The Media Buyer Database 6615 will have data fields containing Seller name, physical address, phone, email address, credit card information, and any other information deemed necessary to supported the Media Buyers and the requirements of the Media The information within the Buyer Database 6615 is contained in transaction messages received from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a along with the media purchase information of a given transaction

The Media Transaction Database 6625 maintains data on the Media Buyers' (Sellers') interactive selection and purchases of presentations offered by the Media over the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Seller Interface 4000. The Transaction Database 6625 will have data fields containing information that relates to the selection and purchases of presentations made by the Seller. The specific fields within this database will depend on the type of Media and their products and services. As an example, if an embodiment of the present invention were configured to offer newspaper advertising as a non-resident media the Media Transaction Database 6625 might contain fields for rates, publishing dates, publishing deadlines, etc.

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The information in the Media Transaction Database 6625 is the result of each requested purchase made with the Seller Interface 4000 This information is then passed, via transaction messages, to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a and then to the Media Interface 5 6000

The Media Database 6635 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Media The specific fields within the Media Database 6635 will cover all the necessary information about the Media, for use both within the Media's presentation and by the managers of the present invention for the management of the Media's account. The Media Database 6635 will have data fields containing company name, contact name, marketing name, physical address, phone, email address, payment information, contract dates, product or service types for presentation, data transfer modem numbers, accessible third-party management software, and any other information fields deemed necessary to supported the proposed Media. The Media will input this information when first accessing the present invention and joining as a Media The Media Configuration Program 6717 will prompt the Media for the necessary information as well as obtain an agreement to a contract between the Media and the management or operators of the 25 present invention

The Presentation Database 6640 will have data fields containing information that relates to the Media's interactive presentation of information and data describing their products or services offered to Media Buyers (Sellers) The data 30 fields within Presentation Database 6640 will vary from Media type to Media type, depending on the design of the presentation and the types of other media offered by the given instance of the present invention. The Media Configuration Program 6717 will prompt the Media for the 35 necessary information. The data relationship between the Presentation Database 6640 and the Presentation Database 1640 FIG. 2a, part of the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a, is one of continual synchronization of the Media's information. The synchronization is main- 40 tained by the Media Configuration Program 6717 and the Communication and Transport Program 6760 The Media makes any updates or corrections to the presentation within the Media Configuration Program 6717. These corrections are then updated to the Presentation Database 6640 and sent 45 to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 for updating to the Presentation Database 1640 FIG. 2a.

The Presentation Rules Database 6650 will have data fields containing information that controls and limits the style and editing of the presentations to be created by the 50 Sellers using the Seller Interface 4000 and the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 for this given Media's product or service. The data within the Presentation Rules Database 6650 will be synchronized with the data within the Presentation Rules Database 1650, which is stored on the 55 Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a This synchronization will take place by sending updates from the Media Interface to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG 2a. The data fields contained in the Presentation Rules Database 6650 will vary 60 from Media type to Media type, depending on the types of media and interactive presentations that are supported by the given instance of the present invention and the design of the presentations Some fields that might be maintained are presentation templates; blocked words; blocked phrases; 65 blocked references; blocked URLs, grammar guidelines; spelling dictionaries; presentation size restrictions; photo or

graphics specifications such as size, compression, and file format; and any other guidelines, benchmarks, or controlling algorithms

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The Media Inventory Database (optional) 6665 will have data fields containing information that monitors and controls the inventory of products and services offered by the Media within the interactive Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 of the Seller Interface 4000 of the present invention In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B maintains the inventory data If that software cannot communicate or can only communicate partial data with the present invention, then the Media Inventory Database 6665 would be used alone or in combination with the Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B, respectively. The embodiment of the present invention communicates with the Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B for the synchronization of inventory and other data that can be coordinated. The data fields within the Inventory Database (optional) 6665 will vary from Media type to Media type, depending on the type of products, goods, or services that are being sold or reserved. The reason that the Media Inventory Database 6665 is optional is that some media types such as newspaper classified ads or printed directories such as regional phone directories have no real limit as to the number or quantity of presentations that they can accept. Therefore there would be no need to track or control

The programs of this embodiment of Media Interface 6000 are; Media Configuration Program 6717, Transaction Processing Program 6720, Communication and Transport Program 6760, Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B, and other programs as may be necessary or desirable.

The Presentation and Configuration Program 6717 is both the gateway to the present invention and the controlling software interface for the Media The Media Configuration Program 6717 introduces the Media to the instance of the present invention. The Media Configuration Program 6717 presents the Media with a series of questions to answer. The answering of these questions contributes to the Media Database 6635, Presentation Database 6640, Presentation Rules Database 6650, Media Inventory Database (optional) 6665, and any other databases necessary The Media Configuration Program 6717 monitors the responses to the questions asked, text entry areas, photos, graphics, and other input, either required or optional

Within this embodiment of the present invention, the Transaction Processing Program 6720 is not utilized, as the Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B performs its functions. If there is no Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B or it is not able to handle those functions, then the Transaction Processing Program 6720 will perform the necessary functions to process the incoming Transaction Messages. These messages may update databases; notify Media of product, goods, or services sold or reserved; notify Media of prices or rates paid; perform the necessary confirmations of available inventory and rates/pricing; create or send confirmation messages to buyer or other requested confirmation methods; and perform other functions necessary to process the incoming transaction.

The Communication and Transport Program 6760 monitors, directs, and controls the receiving and transmitting of messages between the Media and the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a. During the setup of the Media Configuration Program 6717, the Communication and Transport Program 6760 is initialized and tested with the

Modem 6330 and/or Network Interface 6340. The functions of the Communication and Transport Program 6760 are largely transparent to the Media. It should be noted, however, that in this embodiment of the present invention, the Media Interface 6000 should be left on, with the Commu- 5 nication and Transport Program 6760 running, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. This is necessary so that the Transaction Processing Program 6720 can receive and process any transaction messages from the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 FIG. 2a regardless of the hour of 10

Buyer's Use of Present Invention Demonstrating Transaction Processing and Access Delivery Substitution

The preferred embodiment of the present invention allows for "open access" to all electronic presentations by assembling the presentations in an accessible format that can be searched and read by independent, public, electronic search engines as well as by individual private search programs. We are referring to Internet Search Engines such as Yahoo, 20 Lycos, Web Crawler, Excite, Hotbot, Altavista, and other referral and/or robotic, publicly accessible "Search Engines" The block diagram of FIG. 3a through 3k is an example of the preferred embodiment of the present invening lodging and event service-type sellers

With this open-access design or architecture, the Buyer may choose any of the available access methods to find or search for the goods, products, events, or services represented If the Buyer is aware of how to access the directory, 30 index, or presentation site that may contain the subject presentations that the Buyer is interested in, he can go directly to the site or direct his personal search program to search the site. This searching of the site may be done either on a single search basis or as part of a group or list of sites 35 that the Buyer wants to search As an example, if the Buyer is looking for lodging in a given city, the Buyer might give instructions and search parameters to the Buyer's private search program. Those instructions and search parameters would include a list of sites that the Buyer wants to search 40 That list of sites could contain a wide range of sites that have been created under various methods including the present invention. The private search program can perform the searches while the Buyer is waiting for the results or can be scheduled to search during off-peak hours, then present the 45 search results to the Buyer at his convenience. The search results delivered to the Buyer are a listing of those pages or presentations that meet the search instructions and parameters that were entered by the Buyer (blocks 10100, 10110-10118)

If the Buyer has the access location knowledge, he also has the option to access the presentations directly using Internet access and any Internet Browser such as Netscape 40 or any other browser software. Once the Buyer has accessed the site directly, he has the choice to either conduct 55 a search for the desired products, goods, or services using the on-site search capabilities or browse the presentations much the same way one would browse the aisles of books at a library Search methods of the present invention can vary from instance to instance, but the preferred embodiment 60 would always give the option of a full text-based search of all presentations or a database search of the information contained within the Final Presentation Database 2645 FIG. 2b. The search function is easily accessed by the Buyer entering key words or phrases that will most likely result in 65 finding the information that he wants (blocks 10120-10126) The search results obtained from the on-site search function

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will direct the Buyer to those presentations contained within that Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, but not to other sites or sources. For the Buyer who wishes to browse the structure of the presentations contained on the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, the design and architecture of the presentation structure will direct him to the information he seeks by means of subject indexes and directories

Buyers who are not aware of how to access the directory, index, or presentation site can access the presentations by using the public search engines such as Yahoo, Lycos, Web Crawler, Excite, Hotbot, Altavista, and other referral and/or robotic publicly accessible "Search Engines". With the open-access format and structure, the present invention allows the search engines to have full access to the presentations to review and index the subject matter of each presentation. Every search engine uses different algorithms to conduct the search and to establish the priorities in presenting the results of the requested searches. The result of these searches is presented to the Buyer in the form of direct references to the presentations which the search algorithms have determined contain the requested information (blocks 10102, 10104).

Once the Buyer has narrowed his information search to a tion that, for this example, has been configured for present- 25 manageable amount by either automated search systems or by browsing, the Buyer would then review the presentations available (blocks 10140, 10150). If, for example, the Buyer is searching for lodging, he would, after deciding on a specific lodging facility and room type, request a reservation for a given set of dates (blocks 10660, 10162) This request is made interactively while he views the presentations on the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. The Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 processes that request, using the information contained within the Inventory Database 2660 and the Referral Database 2670 if necessary Continuing the lodging example, the program checks if the requested room is available for the dates requested and, if not, enters a negotiation mode. The program will suggest alternative accommodations (different rooms or even a different lodging facility and rooms), using logic to suggest the best alternative As an example of this logic, the algorithms would not suggest a bridal suite when the Buyer has requested a single economy room, or it may offer a discount for an upgraded room (block 10170-10198). If the suggested alternatives do not meet the needs of the Buyer, then the buyer is referred back to the indexes to review the lodging possibilities again and start over (block 10140). Once the Buyer has chosen a facility, room, and dates (in the lodging example) which the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 accepts, that program puts that particular inventory on a hold status to allow the Buyer time to respond with the additional information necessary to make the purchase or reservation (block 10200, 10202) It is important that the Buyer is not burdened with inputting the required information until the items (in the lodging example, room and dates) that he wants are confirmed to be available. If a Buyer is forced to input the additional information and then find that the inventory is not available, he will feel that the system has wasted his time and will probably not use the service in the future Only when the program first confirms the availability of the inventory and then asks for the additional information will the Buyer view the process as appropriate and necessary The type and amount of additional information that is required largely depends on the type of products, goods, or services that are represented. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Buyer would be prompted to apply for a Delivery or Network ID. Once the Buyer has this ID

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number and the associated password, then he would only have to enter that ID number for future use instead of entering all required information The Delivery or Network II) is also used as a substitute for the more traditional methods of proof-of-access such as tickets, passes, admis- 5 sion documents, reservations, reservation confirmations, and other physical proof of purchase In this embodiment of the present invention, the Delivery or Network ID could also be used to give discounts for use, promotional offers, upgrades, or other marketing incentives. The information required in 10 the application for the Delivery or Network ID would be owner names; contact names, numbers, and address; payment and credit information or payment method information; and any other information necessary to support the Delivery or Network ID. The Buyer would also be required 15 to identify which physical card or ID that he currently holds, he intends to use as the Delivery or Network ID (blocks 10220-10232). An example of the appropriate use for the Delivery or Network ID would be in conjunction with an instance of the present invention that is configured to 20 represent professional sporting events. The Buyer in our example could purchase access to a given represented sporting event through the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, and the only requirement of the Buyer when arriving at the facility to attend the event would be to present 25 his Delivery or Network ID for processing. If the Buyer has a Delivery or Network ID, he is prompted for the Delivery or Network ID and its password If the Buyer does not want a Delivery or Network ID, he is prompted for the necessary information in lieu of the Delivery or Network ID Depend- 30 ing on the information required and the responses from the Buyer, the Transaction Negotiation Program continues to prompt the Buyer until all information requirements have been met (blocks 10220-10262)

Having received and reviewed all the required informa- 35 tion requested from the Buyer, the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 then requests a transaction approval code from a credit card processing company If the credit card is not approved, the program then requests an alternative payment method from the Buyer (blocks 10270-10282).

A Transaction ID is assigned after the Transaction Approval Code has been received (block 10290) With the assignment of the Iransaction ID, the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 creates a confirmation proof of purchase or order (Confirmation of Booking in the lodging example) 45 This confirmation is presented to the Buyer with prompts for choosing any additional information that may be available to add to this document prior to the Buyer printing it With the lodging example, the additional information might include directions to the facility, description and photos of the 50 facility and or room, list of amenities of the facility such as pool and gym, list of activities in the area, or any other information of interest or concern to the Buyer (blocks (10300-10308) If, in the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the Buyer later wishes to cancel or modify 55 his purchase, reservation, or request, he would return to the Seller's presentation and access and modify his purchase or reservation by using his Delivery or Network ID, Transaction ID, confirmation number, credit card number, some combination of these, or some other identification method 60 action Message to be sent via the network. The Sellers could (blocks 10312-10316).

After the Transaction ID has been assigned and the Buyer has been presented with the purchase response, the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 determines if the inventory sold or reserved was controlled by the Resource Saver 65 Protocol If the inventory is controlled by the Resource Saver Protocol, the program determines if the Inventory

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Notification Level has been reached and if so, what the remaining inventory count currently is after subtracting the transactions currently on hold (blocks 10320-10324). Regardless of whether the Resource Saver Protocol applies to a particular instance of this invention, the program must calculate the Inventory Confirmation Number (block 10330) This Inventory Confirmation Number, which varies from seller type to seller type, is used as a "check number" to confirm that all components, the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, and the Seller Interface 4000 have their associated inventory databases in synchronization

The Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 also assigns a sequential transaction message number associated with this transaction It is through the tracking of this number that the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and Seller Interface 4000 can determine if a gap exists and a missing transaction message needs to be requested from the component that sent the missed message.

The Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 updates Buyer Database 2610, Transaction Database 2620, Inventory Database 2660, and any other databases necessary. It uses all the aforementioned data to create the Transaction Message that is sent from the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 (blocks 10340, 10342)

Upon receipt of the Transaction Message, the Transaction Processing Program 1720 on the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 confirms the transaction logic and then updates the Buyer Database 1610, Transaction Database 1620, Inventory Database 1660, and any other database affected By confirming the transaction logic, we mean that the Transaction Processing Program 1720 recalculates all of the calculations done by the Transaction Negotiation Program 2725 on the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000. This is done for quality control and security reasons (blocks 10360-10364).

The Transaction Processing Program 1720 then creates the Transaction Messages to send to the Seller Interface 4000 and updates any other Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 that may be affected by any change in inventory as a result of this transaction. It should be noted that this is an example of the savings presented by the Resource Saver Protocol For those items of inventory that are controlled by the Resource Saver Protocol, Transaction Messages need not be sent to the related or sibling Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 unless the Notification Level has been reached or breached for that group of inventory. For those items of inventory that are not controlled by the Resource Saver Protocol, the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 sends Transaction Messages to the Seller Interface 4000 and to all affected Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 In this embodiment of the present invention, the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and any Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 are linked via a full-time network connection, which would allow the update or Transbe on the same network, but more likely would be communicating with the use of modem on demand, meaning that a communications link would only be established when there were Transaction Messages, Updates, or other data or information to exchange or deliver. The communications between the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000, the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and

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the Seller Interface 4000 is either protected by encryption or only takes place on a private network or secure line modem (blocks 10370-10400)

Upon receiving a Transaction Message, either the Transaction Processing Program 4720 or the Seller Accounting or 5 Management Program 4000B of the Seller Interface 4000 confirms that the purchased inventory or reservation is available and recalculates and confirms all needed data contained within the Transaction Message. If the Transaction Message is found to contain erroneous or missing data, then error messages are sent to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, the management or administrator, and to the Buyer (blocks 10410-10432) It should be noted that in this embodiment of the present invention, the abled whenever a compatible Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B is in use and capable of performing the functions of the Transaction Processing Program 4720.

In this embodiment of the present invention, the Trans-Management Program 4000B of the Seller Interface 4000, whichever is enabled, will have the option to be set to automatically accept or reject the purchase or reservation without any further operator interaction. If the automatic option is not invoked by the management of the Seller Interface 4000, then the processing of the Transaction Message would require the human operator to review the transaction and either accept or reject the transaction and provide the appropriate responses (blocks 10440-10456)

All appropriate databases are updated, and then, if the Transaction Processing Program 4720 has been used instead of the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B, a Transaction Message may be sent to a second-level or non-compatible accounting or management software An 35 embodiment of the present invention distinguishes between a fully compatible Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B that performs all the necessary functions and a second-level or non-compatible accounting or management software that the seller may be using that does not meet the standards of the present invention (blocks 10460-10472)

If the inventory or reservations purchased are controlled by the Resource Saver Protocol, then the Transaction Processing Program 4720 or the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B performs the appropriate inventory 45 calculations. If the inventory level has reached or breached the notification level, then the Transaction Processing Program 4720 or the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B must send a transaction message to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000, which in turn 50 sends it to the Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 The transaction message prompts the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 and the Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000 to update their Resource Saver Protocol has been activated, the Transaction Processing Program or Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B sends an Acknowledgment Message to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 to con-Message (blocks 10480-10490)

Depending on the Seller type, the Transaction Message may contain a request from the Buyer for a confirmation of the purchase or reservation. This request will be delivered to the Seller and, by necessity, would primarily be handled or 65 satisfied outside the realm of the present invention (blocks 10500-10512)

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If the purchased item is to be delivered to the buyer, then the alternative block diagram FIG 3i-a shows the possible configuration of that transaction flow. This configuration would be for goods or products that might require physical delivery of the good or product to the Buyer The Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 formats and sends a Transaction Message, which contains any shipping request or special instructions to the Seller The Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 processes the Transaction Message and then sends it to the Seller Interface $4000\,$ The Seller will respond to those shipping and special requests outside the realm of the present invention (FIG 3i-a, blocks 10500a-10510a).

In keeping with the configuration of the block diagram Transaction Processing Program 4720 is present but dis- 15 that is intended for the delivery of tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, or reservation confirmations, all processing is completed at block 10512 until the Buyer arrives at the facility, site, business, or venue to be admitted For events that might traditionally require a ticket, pass, action Processing Program 4720 or the Seller Accounting or 20 admission document, or reservation confirmation as proof of admittance, an instance of the present invention has several options for the confirmation and delivery of said documents It should be noted that even though the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 supports the use of the Network or Delivery ID, which makes repeated use of the Central Presentation and Selection Server 2000 easier for the Buyer to utilize The physical use of the Network or Delivery ID is optional at the level of the facility, site, business, or venue The preferred embodiment of the present invention, when fully configured for the acceptance of the Delivery or Network ID, allows the Buyer several options. If the Buyer arriving at the facility, site, business, or venue chooses to use the Delivery or Network ID, he would simply have his ID Card read by an unattended automatic reader that would either print the necessary ticket, pass, admission document, or reservation confirmation or immediately allow admittance through a gate or turnstile (blocks 10550-10574). The savings to the Seller, in the form of time and labor for processing admittance, is obvious. The real advantage, how-40 ever, comes in the form of Buyer goodwill resulting from the convenience of reducing the time it takes to be admitted or to obtain the physical tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, or reservation confirmations. The use of the Delivery or Network ID within an embodiment of the present invention is accomplished by either the Buyer Admission Control Program 4770, which is a component of the present invention, or by compatible third-party programs such as the Seller Admission Control Program 4000C or the Seller Accounting or Management Program 4000B with an integrated admission control program to either print tickets or passes or open physical barriers

If the Seller's facility, site, business, or venue does not support the automatic processing of the Buyer's admittance, then the Seller may use the Delivery or Network ID, with an respective databases Regardless of whether or not the 55 attendant visually examining the ID or operating the scanner or reader and responding to the results with either admittance or the printing of the tickets, passes, admission documents, reservations, or reservation confirmations This would not be as efficient as the automatic process, but may firm that it has received and processed the Transaction 60 present a transition method to the full implementation of the preferred embodiment of the present invention (blocks $\boldsymbol{10580\text{-}10612}).$ In each of these methods, there is a small risk of the physical failure of the Delivery or Network ID or of the reader to accurately identify the Buyer. In all cases of failure, the management would manually confirm the identification and process the admittance of the Buyer (block 10620) In this embodiment of the present invention, the

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Delivery or Network ID is a Magnetic, Smart, or Optical Card similar to a standard Credit Card The present invention allows for the use of any unique identification method either presently in use or to be developed in the future. The use of biometric scanners for voice, full face, finger print, 5 iris, or other identification methods are just becoming commercially economical for this type of use and will require the secure and verified obtaining of the original scan or sample.

Buyer is admitted to facility or event (block 10630)

Seller's Use of Present Invention

The preferred embodiment of the present invention allows Sellers to have a "self-serve" relationship to the networks, directories, indexes, printed media, and other sales and advertising channels (resident and non-resident media) 15 available to and serviced by the given instance of the present invention. This relationship and process is accomplished through the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 The Seller obtains the Presentation and Configuration Prodownloaded file, or some other method, then installs the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 and its associated programs on an either dedicated or shared-use computer (diagrammed block 11102 to 11106 FIG 4a) This embodiment of this component of the present invention is 25 shown as Seller Interface 4000 FIG. 2c, which shows the relationship between the Presentation Program 4715 and the associated hardware, programs and databases of Seller Interface 4000

Once installed and configured, the Presentation and Con-30 figuration Program 4715 allows the Seller to control access to the program through password protection (block 11120), allowing only authorized personal of the Seller to access the program. This access control is important because the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 may control 35 substantial portions of the seller's sales, therefore the presentations should only be created or modified by authorized personnel

Upon accessing the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715, the new Seller/client is presented with a series 40 of forms containing yes/no choices, text entry areas, menudriven choices, and other data and information entry methods. These forms lead the Seller through his establishment as a client of the given instance of the present invention This portion of the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 45 prompts the Seller for information such as contact numbers. contact address, payment methods, and other Seller/client information for the use of the management of the instance of the present invention in working with and servicing the Seller This portion of the Presentation and Configuration 50 Program 4715 also presents the service contract for the review and agreement of the Seller This agreement, complete with the management information, is then transmitted to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 along with all other Seller/client information upon the first 55 submission of the Seller's presentation information. In the case of an existing Seller/client, the Seller enters his password (block 11120) to access the body of the program for creation and maintenance of his presentations

relationship, the new Seller/client is presented with the forms that give the choices of presentations, interactive sales presentations, resident and non-resident media that are supported by the given instance of the present invention. These choices are accompanied with descriptions of each choice 65 and the approximate cost of each presentation for all choices of presentations, resident and non-resident media This

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information comes from the Presentation Rules Database 4650. Because in many cases the Seller will be receiving transactions and taking orders over the instance of the present invention, the Seller may be given the option of paying for the services by monthly, quarterly, or annual subscriptions; on a per sale or percentage basis; some combination of any of the above; or another payment method. As an example, if the instance of the present invention were configured to support "Sailboats For Sale," the Seller may be given the choice of three Internet Directories that specialize in boating-related goods and services, two printed magazines, and a subscription-based CD-ROM The Seller could then choose one or two or all of the media/means of communication in which to be represented, with all presentations created by the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 (blocks 11130, 11132) The Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 would then prompt the Seller for the necessary and optional information to complete the presentations (block 11140, 11142) It should gram 4715 on either a compact disc (CD-ROM), DVD disc, 20 be noted that each presentation might have very different standards for publishing the same information. In those cases, the same questions or at least similar prompts may be presented to the Seller, requiring the entering of virtually the same information in multiple locations on the forms. Although this may seem redundant to the Seller, the differences will become apparent because each separate entry is controlled by the information contained within the Presentation Rules Database 4650. As a simple example, the description in a particular Internet Directory may allow for up to 3000 characters, whereas a printed magazine may allow only 300, depending on the presentations chosen. As the Seller enters information, the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715, using the information contained in the Presentation Rules Database 4650, controls and monitors that entered information to conform to the controlling format and style for each targeted media venue or outlet presenta-

After the Seller has chosen the channels and means of communication and has entered the information necessary to create all the selected presentations, the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 notifies the Seller of the cost of and payment methods acceptable for those presentations or modifications and prompts the Seller for acceptance of the charges If the Seller does not accept the charges, then the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 rolls the information or modifications back and notifies the Seller that the information will not be published or modified (blocks 11150-11156)

The Seller is allowed to print reports for management review or for hard copy records. Those reports include the charges and conditions that have been agreed to by the Seller (blocks 11160, 11162)

The information entered, either as a new presentation or as modifications to an existing presentation, can be sent to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 immediately or delayed for publication later. The reasons for delay could be that the presentation is geared to a given date or holiday, such as a Valentine's Day getaway offer from a resort, or is a special promotional offer to be used upon Upon entering the information to establish the client 60 reaching a given inventory level (blocks 11170, 11172)

The Communication and Transport Program 4760 performs the transmission of the Seller's presentation information from the Seller Interface 4000 to the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 The Communication and Transport Program 4760 utilizes either the modem or network connections to perform this transmission The Communication and Transport Program 4760 applies the appro-

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priate level of encryption of data necessary, depending on the method of transmission. In this embodiment of the present invention, the connection used for transmission between the Seller Interface 4000 and the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 is a direct dial-up modem connection. This configuration is more secure than public networks, even with encryption, and, due to the relatively small amount of data transmitted, has sufficient transmission capacity (blocks 11180-11190)

Once the Central Controller and Presentation Processor 10 1000 receives the presentation message from the Seller Interface 4000 (block 11200), the Presentation Generation Program 1710 determines if the presentation message is information from a new Seller/client or modification to an existing current presentation from an existing Seller/client 15 (block 11210). If it is a presentation message from a new Seller/client, the presentation message is passed to the General Management Program 1730 The General Management Program 1730 sets up the necessary Seller/client control accounts, payment information, contact information, 20 database records, and any other administrative functions necessary to establish the Seller/client within the instance of the present invention and allows the creation of presentations by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 (blocks 11212, 11214). If the presentation message is from an 25 existing Seller/client, the presentation message does not leave the control of the Presentation Generation Program 1710, which confirms the authenticity of the Seller/client presentation message prior to processing the message (block 11220, 11222).

Once the Presentation Generation Program 1710 has either confirmed the authenticity and origin of the presentation message or the message has passed through the General Management Program 1730, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 then analyses the information using 35 the format and style guidelines contained within the Presentation Rules Database 1650 (blocks 11230, 11232) This process parallels the functions performed by the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 and the Presentation Rules Database 4650. This duplication of function ensures 40 both quality control of content and prevents tampering of the process by either the Seller or any non-authorized entity. This duplication of function also ensures that the latest version of the Presentation Rules Database 1650 has been applied to every presentation. This embodiment of the 45 present invention updates any changes in the Presentation Rules Database 1650 to the Presentation Rules Database 4650 using update messages to the Seller Interface 4000. Although this method should result in the Presentation and Configuration Program 4715 always using the best and most 50 current information that has been updated to the Presentation Rules Database 4650, the integrity of the presentations is critical enough to require the duplication of this function.

During the analysis of the presentation performed by the Presentation Generation Program 1710, the program reviews 55 the information and assigns the presentations into one of three processing categories: pass, fail, and needs review (blocks 11240-11272) A presentation in the "fail" category causes a rollback of data in the Presentation Database 1640, and a message is sent to the Seller notifying them that the presentation failed and the reason why (blocks 11242-11246). Messages are also sent to the management of the instance of the present invention because the synchronization of the Presentation Rules Database 1650 and Presentation Rules Database 2650 should prevent this failure The 65 management would investigate the reason for the failure and take appropriate action. Those presentations in the "needs"

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review" category are ones which have content that is not recognized as being either allowed or not allowed by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 These presentations are referred to a human operator for review (blocks 11250-11262) The operator will pass, fail, or edit the presentations at this point. Those that fail return to block 11242. Those that are edited are sent back to block 11230. This forces the analysis done by the Presentation Generation Program 1710 to pass every presentation. It is through this process of forcing corrections to be made, examined, and reviewed by management that the information contained within the Presentation Rules Database 1650 and the algorithms which apply that information within the Presentation Generation Program 1710 are refined (block 11272).

Once the presentation has worked through the analysis and review process, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 passes information to the General Management Program 1730 confirming the acceptability of the presentations. The General Management Program 1730 then confirms payment method and amounts, processes credit card payments, updates databases, and performs any other administrative procedures necessary (blocks 11280-11284).

Having passed the presentation information for content and style, the Presentation Generation Program 1710 next determines the directories and presentation indexes in which this information should be published (blocks 11290-11296). In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, each Central Controller and Presentation Processor 1000 may support any number of client outlets, channels, resident media, or non-resident media These client outlets, channels, resident media, or non-resident media may include Central Presentation and Selection Servers 2000; Independent Presentation 3000; Printed Publications, Periodicals, Directories, CD-ROMs, and other Media Interface 6000 FIG 2e; and other sales outlets, channels, or advertising methods.

The Presentation Generation Program 1710, using the information contained within the Presentation Rules Database 1650, then formats the presentation information for each client outlet, channel, resident media, or non-resident media (blocks 11300, 11294). New presentations are created in their entirety, while only the portions of existing presentations affected by any modifications are republished. After creating or modifying the presentations, messages confirming any edits or modifications of submissions are created and sent to the Sellers (blocks 11310-11336)

The presentations are then separated by their publication destination: resident or non-resident The presentations destined for non-resident publication are formatted into media transaction messages and sent to the appropriate Media Interface 6000 for processing and ultimate publication Upon receiving the media transaction message, the Media Interface 6000 and specifically the Transaction Processing Program 6720 or Media Accounting or Management Program 6000B if available, will process the message and schedule the publication of the presentation depending on media type, venue, available dates or other considerations. It should be noted that the non-resident media category and Media Interface 6000 is designed to provide a nearly seamless, self serve transaction environment that can be configured for an extremely broad spectrum of media vendors, resellers, and representatives. The makeup of these media vendors, resellers, and representatives will be in direct response to the demographics of buyers and sellers of the given instance of the present invention. The configuration of the offerings to the Sellers and also the design and configuration of the Media Interface 6000 are a result of the media vendors, resellers and representatives (blocks 11340-11358).