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1
              IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
               FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
2
                        MARSHALL DIVISION
3
   FUNCTION MEDIA, LLC
                                    Civil Docket No.
                                    2:07-CV-279
4
  VS.
                                    Marshall, Texas
5
                                    January 22, 2010
                                    8:30 A.M.
   GOOGLE, INC.
6
                    TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL
 7
              BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHAD EVERINGHAM
                 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
8
9
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12	
13	<u>PROCEEDINGS</u>
14	COURT SECURITY OFFICER: All rise.
15	(Jury in.)
16	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated.
17	Morning, Ladies and Gentlemen. Thank you
18	again for being here timely. We're going to resume
19	testimony this morning.
20	Counsel, you may continue your direct
21	examination.
22	MR. DEFRANCO: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	Charles, could we put up 389, please,
24	Exhibit 389?
25	JEFFREY DEAN, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, PREVIOUSLY SWORN

DIRECT EXAMINATION (CONTINUED) 1 BY MR. DEFRANCO: 2 3 Good morning, Mr. Dean. Ο. 4 Α. Morning. 5 Feels like we never left, doesn't it? Q. 6 It does. Α. 7 Now, just to bring us back to where we were Q. yesterday or close to the end of yesterday, we were talking about different publishing techniques that you 10 at Google were considering in the early days, relating to the ad serving system that you were working on. 11 12 Do you remember that? 13 Α. Yes. 14 And you took us through --15 MR. DEFRANCO: Charles, would you mind 16 expanding that? 17 (By Mr. DeFranco) And you took us through these two schemes. 19 Α. Uh-huh. 20 You should probably say yes or no to make it easier. 21 22 Α. Yes. Sorry. 2.3 Okay. You took us through these two schemes. Q.. 24 Do you remember? 25 Yeah. Α.

And you told us Google used one and not the 1 Q. 2 other? 3 Α. Yes. Just to remind us, which scheme? 4 5 Google uses scheme two where the ads are sent Α. from Google directly to the user's browser without going 6 through the publisher. 8 Q. Let's -- let's put up -- we made some slides 9 last night, didn't we? 10 Α. We did. You and I to simplify this? 11 0. 12 MR. DEFRANCO: Let's put up DX Demo 33, 13 the one we used in opening statement. 14 (By Mr. DeFranco) Now, do you remember this 0. 15 drawing? 16 Α. Yes. And can you tell us generally what this shows? 17 18 Α. Sure. 19 So this is a depiction of scheme two where, 20 when a user requests a web page, they go to, for 21 example, cnn.com, and they make a request to that publisher, the publisher sends back the content. 22 2.3 And if you recall from yesterday, the 24 publisher has inserted that little bit of script and

code into the published web page. That is then sent

back to the user. 1 2 And that little bit of code will then trigger 3 a request from the user's browser to Google to fetch ads for that page. And the ads are then sent directly back 5 to the users. Okay. Now, just -- let's move to the slide. 6 This was from the opening. Let's move to the slide that 8 we made last night. 9 MR. DEFRANCO: Can you flip to Slide 33A? 10 Oh, you don't have that slide. (By Mr. DeFranco) Let -- let me just show it 11 Ο. 12 to you here. Last night, we took -- we took this slide, 13 and we wrote scheme two on it, right? 14 Α. Right. 15 So if we write scheme two, what we're doing is relating this back to this document. 16 17 Could you explain it to us, please? 18 Α. Yes. 19 So this is basically a prettier depiction of 2.0 the scheme two that is described in the original 21 engineering design document, and the one we actually selected for use in AdSense for Content. 22 2.3 Okay. And then we made a Version B, right, which -- in which we changed it, right? 25 What do we do in Version B? Can you explain

that? 1 Sure. 2 Α. 3 So in B this -- that is a depiction of scheme one where the user makes a request to the publisher. 5 The publisher then makes a request directly to the -- to Google to get ads. And the ads are returned to the publisher and are then inserted by the publisher into the text that they then return to the user. 9 Q. Okay. Now, we talked about how this would 10 look differently if it wasn't done in the -- in the Google way, right? 11 12 Do you understand that? Yes. Correct. 13 Α. 14 And could you explain to us again, instead 15 of -- instead of these lines from Google, instead of the 16 advertisements being served directly to the user's browsers, where would these arrows go? 17 18 Α. Okay. Let's just consider the user in the 19 upper left. 20 So the user in the upper left would make a request to cnn.com, and then cnn.com's computers would 21 22 make a request to Google. So the flow would go across

The ads will be returned to CNN. CNN would

to the right and then down to Google and then back up to

23

24

CNN.

```
insert them in the page, format them how they want, and
2
   then send them back to the user.
3
            Okay. And I apologize; I can't put this on
        Q..
   the screen, but let me just show it to you.
5
             Is this the slide that was --
        Α.
             Yes.
6
7
            -- made last night?
        Q..
8
        Α.
             That's what I was describing.
9
        Ο.
             And it shows the arrows for the ads going to
10
   the publisher --
11
        Α.
             Right.
12
            -- is that right?
        Q.
13
        Α.
             Yes.
14
             And then the publisher's page or information,
15
   along with the ads, goes to the user, the person who's
16
   working on the internet, like any one of us could; is
17
   that correct?
18
        A. Correct. Yes.
19
             And this is not the way Google does it for the
20
   products we're talking about, right?
21
            Correct. That is not the way we do it.
        Α.
22
            All right. That's what you described to us
   yesterday, right?
23
24
        Α.
            Yes.
25
            Now, somebody might say, well, you know,
```

you're sending it here, you're sending it there; the 1 2 user sees it, that's what matters, right? 3 Somebody could say that, but -- and it's a big -- you explained to us that there's a meaningful 4 5 explanation as to why it's done this way. 6 Α. Yes. 7 Ο. You did this -- this choice. You made this 8 choice back in --9 MR. GRINSTEIN: Your Honor, objection. 10 This is leading. 11 THE COURT: Sustained. Let's avoid 12 leading. 13 0. (By Mr. DeFranco) You made this choice when? In 2002. 14 Α. 15 And why did you make this choice? 16 It turns out that this scheme, scheme two, the Α. one that we use, is much simpler for publishers to do. 17 18 Essentially, all they have to do is -- remember that 19 script that I walked you through. 20 That little bit of script, they essentially 21 copy and paste that into pages where they want their ads to appear. So it's as simple as copying and pasting in 22 a word processor. 23 24 And the other scheme would require them to 25 actually write computer code to make a request to take

the results of that request, format it and insert it into their page in sort of a computer software manner as opposed to just cutting and pasting.

And so it's much easier for publishers to do scheme two than scheme one.

And we're trying to deal with many, many publishers around the world, not all of whom want to have to write complicated software to do that.

- Q. Now, is that -- I don't know if you know this or not, but was that something that was publicly known back then in 2003?
- 12 A. How we?

- 13 Q. How Google did it?
- 14 A. Sure.

One thing about this -- this way of doing things is that if you are knowledgeable about how web browsers work and so on, you could actually view the source of the page and see that this is how it is being done, because you could actually see the code on the page.

If you do the operation called View Source, which I'll sort of show you the formatting that is actually sent to your browser, and you can see that code and trace through exactly what was happening, if you were knowledgeable on these things.

```
1
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's go back to
2
  Exhibit 389, please.
3
                  Charles, would you return to the second
  page, please.
4
5
                  Second page. Yeah.
             (By Mr. DeFranco) All right. And we spent a
6
   little bit of time yesterday. I have some follow-up.
  We didn't quite finish.
9
             Can you remind us in a sentence or two where
  we were with Items 1 to 4?
10
11
       Α.
            Sure.
12
             So the -- this is the part that we described
13
  as the heart of the system. Basically, it's the part
  that he's trying to take the text that we're trying to
14
15
  place ads on and determine what advertisements would be
16
  relevant to that text.
17
            Okay. And I want to -- I want to cover this,
        Q.
18
  so we need to get this in the record.
19
                  MR. DEFRANCO: But what I'd like you to
20
  do is -- Charles, if you could blow up this -- the
  figure that's behind the text you just put there. Could
21
   you blow that up, please?
22
2.3
            (By Mr. DeFranco) Okay. Now, that -- that
24
  text -- those steps relate to the process that's going
25
  on here; is that right?
```

- A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And in a sentence or two, what does this chart show?
- A. So this chart is basically showing the
 different steps that are involved from the time Google
 received an ad request from the user's browser, to
 generating the actual ads that we're going to send back
 to the user.
- 9 Q. Okay.

- A. And it's a sort of multistep process, and so it's trying to break down those steps into simpler steps.
- Q. All right. So this is internally within Google?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. So we don't see -- do we see that -- you know, advertiser/publisher, that's what we're talking about, right?
- 19 A. Right.
- Q. And there's a central computer system, right?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And you're aware generally in this case, when we talk about the centralized computer, everybody is looking at what Google is doing; is that correct? Is that right?

```
1
        Α.
             Yes.
             Do I have that right?
 2
        0.
 3
        Α.
             Yes.
             Okay. Is the advertiser shown on here?
 4
        0.
 5
        Α.
             No.
             Is the -- is the publisher shown on here?
 6
        Q.
 7
        Α.
             No.
 8
        Q.
             We're looking at what's going internally,
9
   right?
             Right. And actually, the client over there
10
        Α.
   actually refers to the user's browser.
11
12
             That's the user's browser?
        Q.
13
        Α.
             Yes.
             Okay. What I'd like you to do, and I want to
14
        Q.
15
   do this efficiently, clearly.
16
        Α.
             Okay.
             I want to do it your way, okay?
17
18
        Α.
             All right.
19
        Q.
             You tell me. I want to take -- you to take us
20
   through the boxes and the steps just one at a time, and
21
   take a break. I may have a question, but I don't want
```

23 A. Okay.

to go too fast, okay?

22

Q. So where -- if you were trying to explain this as simply as you could to somebody who knows very little

```
about it like me --
1
2
        Α.
             Okay.
3
             -- and most of us here, where would you start?
        Q.
             At the left-hand side, at the user's browser.
4
        Α.
5
             And by the way, is --
        Q..
             Where it's labeled client.
6
        Α.
7
             -- this the level of detail -- please tell
        Q..
8
   us -- we're going into, is this confidential to Google?
9
        Α.
             No. It should be fine.
10
        Q.
             Okay. Great.
             So where would you start?
11
12
             At the client.
        Α.
13
             All right.
        Q.
14
             So the client there refers to the user's
15
  browser.
16
             All right.
        Q.
             So that little bit of code that we talked
17
18
   about yesterday triggers a request, and that
19
   double-ended arrow there on the left indicates the
20
   request that's happening.
21
             So the client makes a request saying here's
22
  some text from a web page. I'd like you to target
23
  advertisements to that. And so that's handled by some
24
   front-end computer software labeled GWS and then Content
25
  AdServer.
```

Q. What is GWS?

1

- 2 A. GWS is Google web server.
 - Q. And, again, that does what?
- 4 A. It essentially handles requests from browsers.
- 5 And in this case, it's going to sort of take that
- 6 request, send it off to a more specialized piece of
- 7 software that actually does ad matching for content ads.
- 8 Q. Okay. And I'm going to throw some words out.
- 9 If I get them wrong, you tell me, and then I want you to
- 10 keep going, okay?
- 11 A. Okay.
- 12 Q. Does that make sense?
- 13 A. Sure.
- 14 Q. We've heard several times about Google having
- 15 its proprietary system technology that it developed
- 16 internally to figure out what ads to put on what
- 17 browsers.
- 18 Are you with me?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. We've heard terms, contextual targeting
- 21 process and the auctioning, two behind-the-scene
- 22 processes, right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Does this -- do these boxes -- does this
- 25 diagram show those two pieces? Can you just tell us

where those two pieces are, if they're on here? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 4 5 REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 All right. Well, why don't you -- these 13 Q. arrows go back and forth --14 15 Yes. Α. 16 -- in each one of these steps. What does that Q.. 17 show? 18 So, essentially, the different boxes are 19 actually different pieces of software running on 20 different computers. So what this diagram actually 21 shows is the flow of requests from one computer to 22 another, one piece of software to another running on 23 different computers, in order to accomplish some task. Okay. Why don't you -- and are they -- are 24 25 they back and forth? In other words, that says step

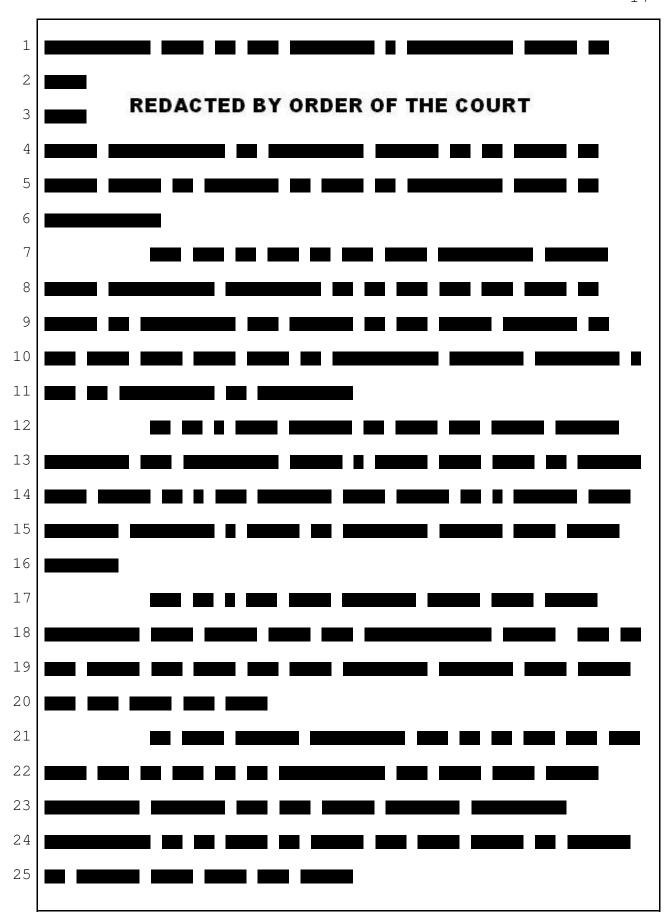
1 one. 2 Is there information going, you know, from 3 left to right and back again before step two happens? Yes. 4 Α. 5 All right. 6 So the double-ended arrows, there's a request that gets sent out and then a reply. You can think of it as sending a letter in the mail and waiting for 9 someone else to send you back a reply card. 10 Q. Okay. I think we've got it. 11 Α. Okay. Thanks. 12 Q. 13 Let's start with step one, please. Tell us what the back and forth that happens there is. 14 15 Okay. So at step one, what we have is the 16 text that we're trying to target advertisements to. we have -- you know, maybe it's a page about, you know, 17 18 the -- a Mexican restaurant, and so we have a menu of 19 different words like enchiladas and so on. And we're 20 trying to target text to this menu. 21

REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT

22

23

24



1 2 3 REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 And when you say that the page is analyzed, you're talking about the page that the user wants to 13 14 see, right? 15 Α. Right. 16 Q. And -- and --17 The publisher's text essentially. Α. 18 Q. The publisher's text is being analyzed? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Okay. And then did you do step one? 21 Α. Yeah. That's step one. Step two? 22 Q. 23 So in step two, once we have the categories 24 that are of interest, there's actually a -- a step 25 that's not -- that happens inside the content AdServer before we do step two, which is now we look up what ads we think are relevant to the different categories, what the page is about.

So we might have three categories for the page, which are, you know, big, large cats and South American countries, and a third one. And we look up ads that we think are also relevant to those categories. And so the way we do that is we take the text the advertiser has given us. The advertiser has given us a bunch of keywords, and they've also given us the text of the actual ads that they want to appear. And we kind of treat that all as a big document in the same way we treated the publisher's text as a big document.

REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT

1 2 3 REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT 4 5 6 7 And yesterday, you told us about a processor Q. 8 notion that -- the way Google focuses its system is 9 trying to figure out what ads are most relevant to the user, right? 10 11 Α. Correct. 12 The person putting in? Q. 13 Α. Right. 14 Is that -- is that right? Ο. 15 Α. Yes. 16 Is that part of that process? Q. 17 Yes, because what -- the user is actually Α. 18 viewing the page from the publisher, and the publisher's 19 text is what they're interested in presumably, because 20 they're viewing that page. And so by targeting the ads to the text of the 21 22 page, you're essentially trying to ensure that the ads 23 that you show the user are sort of in the same

25

categories of interest of -- as the text of the page.

1 2

REDACTED BY ORDER OF THE COURT

45

3

Q. Okay. Done step two?

6

A. Yes.

7

Q. Step three?

8

10

11

A. So in step three, we now have the set of candidate ads, and we actually now need to run an auction to decide which ads we're actually going to show, because we probably have space for two or three ads, not 50, and we probably don't want to show 50

12 13

anyway. We'd confuse our users.

14

15

16

17

believe are most relevant, and we run an auction. We've described how the auction process works. So advertisers enter bids, and we also decide how relevant we think the ad is. And the combination of those factors decides who

So we take the best -- most -- the ads we

18

wins the auction.

20

21

19

and reply to the Content AdServer with the two ads that

22

won. It will say, these two advertisements are the ones

23

you should show. And then, finally, it will send it all

24

back to the user -- to the user's browser.

25

Q. Now, we've -- we've heard the term algorithms

And so then the AdServer will run the auction

1 used in this case. Are there algorithms used in these various 2 3 steps? 4 First, what is an algorithm, and are they used 5 in these various steps? Α. 6 Yes. 7 So there are algorithms in all of those boxes 8 actually, because they're all computer software. 9 So an algorithm is sort of a description of a 10 series of steps that you need to go through to accomplish some task in a computer. So it might be I 11 would like to paint the screen white. There's an 12 13 algorithm for that where you would, for example, paint the first line white, and then you'd paint the second 14 15 line white. And that can be broken down into painting 16 each dot white. 17 So an algorithm is just a description of steps 18 broken down into very easy, simple steps that the 19 computer can understand. And by building those up, you 20 can do more and more complicated things, like analyze 21 text and run auctions and so on. 22 Okay. Did -- did we -- now, do these -- so Q. it's three steps, but we can talk about -- can we call 2.3 24 this contextual targeting on the top half and the 25 auction process on the bottom?

A. Sure.

- Q. And are these going on at the same time or one after the other?
- A. They actually have to be done one after the other, which is because the output of step one is needed for step two.
 - Q. Oh, okay.
- A. And then the output of step two is needed for step three.
- Q. And when -- when is it that Google figures out which ads are going to be served to the browser?
- 12 A. After we've done steps one, two, and three.
- Q. And then -- okay. And then where does the ad come from -- or ad or ads, they come from?
 - A. So the -- the final decision of which ads are selected eventually get sent to the Content AdServer as the sort of output of step three.

The Content AdServer then says, oh, I'm going to show these two ads. So it will then send the text of the ad. It will use information about the publisher to decide how to format the ad. So in our system, the publisher kind of controls some aspects of the appearance of the ad.

So the publisher might say I want a blue background, and that will get set up and then sent back

to the client, to the user's browser, that will eventually get shown on the user's screen.

- Q. Now, the auction that you described, is this the first Google product in which an auction was used?
- A. No.

1

2

3

5

6

10

11

15

16

17

18

20

So we've actually used auctions in the AdServer for normal search queries where you don't have to do the contextual targeting. You already have a query from the user, like running shoes, and you find out what ads want to be targeted to the keyword running shoes, and then you run an auction on those.

- Q. Let me explore that, because I often get that confused, and I want to make sure we all have it straight.
 - There's Google Search where I'm going to

 Marshall, Texas, and I'm interested in the sites as long
 as I'm here. And I put in Marshall, Texas, right, in a
 search box?
- 19 A. Uh-huh.
 - Q. And what would come back when I did that?
- A. So what would come back when you do a search on Google is, first, a list of non-advertisements, the ten related links that show up on the results, and then in some cases will show ads.
- 25 And those ads are generated by taking the

```
query the user's entered -- so Marshall, Texas in his
 1
 2
  example -- and deciding what advertisers want to
 3
  advertise on the keyword Marshall or Texas or Marshall,
   Texas, and taking that candidate set of ads, running an
 5
  auction on them to determine which ones are most
  relevant, and then returning those as part of their
 6
   search for that page.
 8
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's put up Demo No. 8.
9
   I don't know if I remember the number right. If not, we
   won't use it.
10
        Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) This is the second thing I
11
   want to talk about. Let's talk about the first thing
12
13
   still, okay?
14
        Α.
             Okay.
15
             I want to make this clear, because I -- it's
16
   important.
17
             We've got two different things, right?
                                                      We've
   got -- I'm a computer user, right? And I can do
19
   searches on the internet for something in general terms.
20
   Okay. This -- those are the two --
21
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Thanks. Thanks very much.
   We're even now. Thanks very much.
22
2.3
            (By Mr. DeFranco) Okay. Let's talk about this
24
   one first. This is what you just described, right?
25
        A. Right.
```

```
I want to go to Marshall, Texas. I don't know
 1
        Q.
 2
  any Marshall, Texas websites. I don't know what I want
 3
  to do. I go to the internet, and let's change this a
   little. Put in bass fishing, right? Let's say this
 5
   said that -- I'm sorry -- this said Marshall, Texas,
 6
   right?
 7
        Α.
             Okay.
 8
             I put it in the Google Search box.
9
        Α.
             Uh-huh.
10
             And I would get back -- what would this list
11
   show?
12
            Results that are relevant to Marshall, Texas.
        Α.
            And what would this show?
13
        Ο.
14
             Advertisements that are relevant to Marshall,
        Α.
15
   Texas.
16
             This is Google's Search --
        Q.
17
             Yes.
        Α.
18
             -- searching the internet, right?
        Q.
19
        Α.
             Right.
20
             And that was before AdSense for Content?
        Q..
21
        Α.
            Correct.
22
             An earlier product, right?
        Q.
23
        Α.
             Right.
24
             New product came out, right, AdSense for
        0.
25
   Content?
```

A. Right.

1

2

4

5

6

9

10

11

12

Q. It's different, right?

MR. DEFRANCO: Now the next slide, now 8.

- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Now, this is AdSense for Content, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And if I've got it right, the difference is

 I'm not just putting in Marshall, Texas. I already know
 that, well, Marshall, Texas, there's -- there's bass
 fishing, right? Or there may be bass fishing, right?

 So I could put in a site in Marshall that's got
 information about bass fishing, a resource guide, right?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- Q. And -- and what would happen when I put in, you know, www.marshallbassfishing.com?
- A. So the -- that would be the publisher in this
 case. And the publisher has written the text on the
 right-hand side here, which is, you know, related to
 bass fishing.

So that would be the text that would be sent

back to the user's browser. The little bit of code that

they've inserted would say I would like, in this case,

five ads in the left-hand side and kind of this size

box. And that code from the user's browser would

trigger a request to Google to say please give me ads

that are relevant to this content. 1 2 Okay. Now, in the earlier -- in Google 3 Search, is there a publisher in that? What we looked at, is there a publisher involved? 5 Not really. Google is sort of the publisher Α. 6 in that. Q. Google is the publisher --8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. -- because the ads appear on Google's page, 10 right? 11 Α. Correct. Yes. 12 This is different because I'm putting in a Q. 13 website I want to go to, right? And Google is figuring 14 out this whole process you took us through before, 15 contextual targeting and the auction? 16 Α. Yes. That does happen with the publisher, right? 17 18 Α. Yeah. 19 And when you described -- you know, I think 20 you used the term clusters that was on that page and a 21 lot of other terms I can't remember now, but all that analysis, that's being done on this page I want to go 22 2.3 to --24 Α. Yes. 25 -- to figure out what ads are most relevant to the user, and they'll appear over here; is that right?

- A. That's correct. Yes.
- Q. Now, in the opening, you weren't here for that, but Mr. Verhoeven showed a slide with a magnifying glass showing contextual targeting. That would be on a page like this, right? Figuring out, analyzing the words on the page and showing the most relevant ads.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Is that what we're talking about?
- 10 A. Yes.

1

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15

- 11 Q. Now, again, was that something that -- there's
 12 been a lot of discussion here about, you know, whether
 13 there were new things in AdSense for Content or where
 14 they came from.
 - Contextual targeting, was that in products before AdSense for Content?
- A. Not that I'm aware of. There were certainly
 ads on pages, but, in general, they did not use the text
 of the -- of the pages themselves to decide what ads
 would be relevant.
- Instead, they would use sort of more opaque things. Like they would just say I would like an ad, and the ad would not really be relevant to the page's content.
- Q. And just as a refresher, is that what you were

talking about yesterday when you said -- when you first started thinking about what became AdSense for Content, in your contribution, you were working on web search and you noticed -- can you explain that for us?

Α. Yes.

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So without doing contextual targeting, you end up with ads that are not really relevant to that content. And so you see banner ads for things like -- you know, there might be -- on a bass-fishing page, there might be an ad for, you know, get a home mortgage or get a Visa card or buy a car, which doesn't really seem that relevant to bass fishing.

And the reason that's untargeted is it's actually very hard to know what ads to put on there without actually understanding the context in which they're going to appear.

And so by analyzing the text of the page, you can do a much better job of getting relevant ads. this case, it looks like we did pretty well, sort of bass fishing-related ads.

- 0. And all of that -- all that of happens -- if I go to www.marshalltexas.bassfishing.com, all of that 22 23 happens fast?
 - As fast as we can make it happen, yeah.
- 25 Q. And the --

- A. Quarter of a second usually.
- Q. And the -- whoever owns this Marshall, Texas
 bass-fishing site is sending their part of the web page
 to the user's browser, right, on my desktop here like
 this?
- A. Yes.

1

7

19

- Q. And at Google, what are you sending?
- A. So then the user's browser sends the request,

 and we send back just the formatted ads on the left-hand

 side --
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. -- to the user's browser.
- Q. Let's just -- I don't want to forget this.
- MR. DEFRANCO: Charles, can you put up,
- 15 please, DX Demo 112?
- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) You mentioned the text that the publisher pastes in their page a few times, and I wanted to -- you talked about that yesterday, and I just
- MR. DEFRANCO: And I'm making Charles'

 21 life interesting this morning, because I didn't tell him

 22 what I was going to put on the screen.
- Okay. Thank you.

want to remind us of that.

Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Is this that text you're talking about?

```
Right. So this is the text that we walked
1
        Α.
2
   through yesterday where the advertiser would -- or the
3
   publisher would literally --
             I want to take this slow.
        0.
4
5
        Α.
             Okay.
             Hold on.
6
        Q..
7
        Α.
             Okay.
8
             If I'm making the web page
9
   www.marshalltexas.bassfishing.com -- and I know I keep
10
   changing that every time I say it, but I know you know
   what I'm talking about.
11
12
             I do.
        Α.
13
             I have a space for an ad, right?
14
        Α.
             Yes.
15
             And I've set up this relationship with Google;
   is that correct?
16
17
        Α.
            Uh-huh.
18
        Q.
             And --
19
        Α.
             Yes.
20
            -- after I do the sign-on process and
21
   everything, I get some -- some code, right? To put on
22
   my web page, my bass-fishing web page, right?
2.3
             Yes. That's correct.
             And how -- is this something -- how does this
24
        Ο.
25
   code get there?
```

- A. So the way we generated this page is you said

 I would like ads that are roughly 300 pixels wide by 250

 high.
- And then this page gets generated for you.

 And it puts this code in a box, and you literally copy
 that code. So you drag your curser over it, and any
 pages you want AdSense ads to appear on your site, you
 paste that code into the file that represents that
 content.
- 10 Q. So we --

1

2

- A. So you might have three pages about bass
 fishing on your site. If you wanted ads to appear on
 all three of them, you would just copy -- copy and paste
 this script into all three boxes.
- Q. Okay. Copy and paste, we use a mouse with computers?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Is that what you're talking about?
- A. Yes. Sort of like you would do in a word processor, if you're copying and pasting text in a word processor.
- Q. So it's a -- I'm using my hands to do that.
- 23 It's a manual process, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. And how does the publisher get the text to

```
manually paste on their web page?
2
            They enter some numbers in a form that says
3
  how wide and how high they want the ads to be as a
  result, and then they click submit.
5
             As a result of that, it shows this code that
  they then copy and paste.
6
        Q. Okay. Let's -- let's -- let's -- thank you
8
  for that.
9
             Let's -- let's go to some slides that were
10
  used in opening. And what I'm going to try to do,
  obviously, is relate what you've given us at a technical
11
  level and relate it to some slides we've shown before.
12
13
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Can we -- can we put up --
  we're going to do 28 -- 27 to 31, Charles.
14
15
            (By Mr. DeFranco) Now, I showed you these
16
  before. There's just four of them.
17
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Can you just -- can you
18
   just cycle through the four, please?
19
                  Okay. Let's go back to the first.
20
            (By Mr. DeFranco) I just wanted you to see --
   I want you to take us through these --
21
22
        Α.
            Okay.
             -- any way you want.
2.3
        Q.
24
        Α.
             Okay.
25
        Q. You tell us when you're ready to move to the
```

next slide, okay? 1 2 Α. Okay. 3 So this first picture is meant to symbolize all the different advertisers in our system. And one of 5 the things we do is we sort of assign relevant categories to those advertisers' ads. So if we think the ad is about bass fishing, we'll assign it one category number. If we think it's about jaguars, we'll 9 assign it another. 10 And, essentially, we -- as part of that 11 content analysis phase, we analyze the text of the page, 12 decide what categories we think are relevant to that 13 content. And then we're going to throw out all the ones 14 that are in irrelevant categories. 15 So that's going from step -- this -- this 16 picture to the next one. 17 0. Okay. To the next one. 18 Α. Right. 19 So we've now winnowed things down to just the 2.0 ads we believe are relevant to the content of the page. 21 And at that point, we now have a bunch of candidates. We have more candidates than we can show on the actual 22 page. And they're from many different advertisers. 23 24 each box might be one ad from one advertiser. 25 So at this point, we then run an auction to

decide, based on both the relevance and on the other -- and on the advertiser's bids, what -- who is going to win the auction.

So we only have space for two or one ad, which one is going to win the auction. You know, some advertisers might have bid a lot, but we don't actually think they're that relevant for the content. We actually don't want to show them. We'd rather show ads that are less relevant with -- that are more relevant with lower cost, lower -- lower bids, because we think that's a better user experience.

So we take the combination of how relevant we think it is and how much the advertiser bid in order to decide who's going to win the auction.

So at that point, we run the auction. And now we have a set of candidate ads for the auction.

And notice that all of these phases are influenced by several things. One is what other advertisers in the system are doing. So I can't just assume that if I win an auction today, I'm going to win the same auction tomorrow, because other advertisers might have entered new ads in the system. They might have changed their bids. The text on the publisher's page might have changed slightly, and all of those things can change who's going to win the auction.

```
And at that point -- is that the fourth one?
1
2
             Let's see. Yes.
3
             And now we're going to display the ad.
            Okay. Now, that -- that part of the
4
5
  process -- we've been spending a lot of time on, you
  know, ads appearing on user's browsers and the process
   inside of Google, right? That relates to that; is that
   correct?
9
        Α.
            Yes.
10
             And just before this happens or at the same
   time, whatever, there's an advertiser piece, right?
11
12
        Α.
             Yes.
13
            And the -- the advertiser will put in text --
        Ο.
14
        Α.
            Yes.
15
             -- that makes its way to the ad?
        Q.
16
        Α.
             Yes.
        Q. And the advertiser -- there's -- there's words
17
   that an advertiser can put in also as part -- in
19
   addition to their text, they can put in words, right --
20
        Α.
            Yes.
             -- in contextual targeting?
21
        0.
22
             What are those called?
23
        Α.
             Ad keywords.
24
             And how -- the -- I don't want to put it back
        0.
25
   on the screen, but that -- that process that you showed
```

internally, are those used by Google somehow?

A. Yes.

So the -- the advertiser gives us both text that they would like to appear in their ad and a bunch of keywords that they think are relevant to their -- their product or whatever it is they're advertising. So we take the combination of those keywords and the text of the ad and use that to help decide where to target things.

Q. And as part of that process, can advertisers decide on which publishers -- let me -- let me start again.

As part of that process, can advertisers decide where their advertisements are going to appear?

Can they select where their advertisements are going to appear?

A. They cannot select. They can specify some hints that say I think this would be a good site for me to appear on. But it's not guaranteed because of all the complexities that I described of the matching process, of the text to the -- to the relevant ads, the auction process, which involves the other advertisers. There's no guarantee that a particular advertiser is going to appear anywhere, and, in fact, we don't want that to happen. We don't want advertisers to specify

```
where their ads should appear, because if I'm an
1
2
   advertiser that's relevant to bass fishing, I don't
3
  want -- we don't want advertisers to have to go find all
   the bass-fishing sites in the world.
4
5
             There's probably 50,000 of them or something.
  We don't want them to go find them. We'd rather have
6
   them just give us keywords relevant to bass fishing, and
  we match things up to -- whenever we see text that seems
   related to bass fishing, we think that's a good place to
10
   put the ad.
             And tomorrow, a new bass-fishing site could
11
   come up that didn't exist today, and it would still be a
12
13
   relevant place for those advertisers.
14
            You gave us -- you gave us an example before
15
   that was better than anything I could come up. You said
16
   jaguar, right?
17
             It could be a car; it could be an animal,
18
   right?
19
        Α.
             Uh-huh.
20
             Let's say we have a user who never heard of a
21
   jaguar before.
22
        Α.
             Okay.
2.3
             And they just used that as the keyword.
        Q..
24
        Α.
             They're an advertiser?
25
             That's right.
        Q.
```

A. Okay.

1

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Q. If the control was in the advertiser's hands in Google's system, what might happen?

If that were a keyword that a user who didn't know that there were Jaguar cars, what could happen?

A. Well, the -- the thing that could happen is because they gave us very little information to go on, they just gave us one keyword jaguar, then we wouldn't know if they meant the -- the car or the animal.

And so we might put their animal-related ad on a car page or vice versa. And so the more text the advertisers give us, or the more text the publishes give us, the better the job we'll be able to do in matching things up.

- 15 Q. I'm out of time. Thank you very much. See 16 you in a few.
- 17 A. Okay.
- 18 THE COURT: Cross-examination.
- 19 MR. GRINSTEIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 20 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 21 BY MR. GRINSTEIN:
- 22 Q. Good morning, Dr. Dean.
- A. Morning.
- Q. Let me just confirm a few things about your understanding of this case.

```
First of all, when I took your deposition in
1
   July, you had not read the Function Media patents; is
2
3
   that correct?
        A. Correct.
4
5
            Still haven't read them?
        Q.
        Α.
          Correct.
6
7
             And you -- are you aware that this particular
        Q.
8
   case is about the way AdSense has operated since 2007?
9
             Are you aware of that?
10
        Α.
             Yes.
11
             Okay. But you don't really know all that much
        0.
   about how AdSense has operated since 2007, do you?
12
        A. I have not been directly involved in the
13
  product, but a lot of the system works the same way it
14
15
   did in 2003. And so those parts I'm quite familiar
  with.
16
17
            But your main involvement with AdSense was in
        Q.
   2002 and early 2003, right?
18
19
        Α.
             Yes.
20
            And as AdSense operates today, you are not the
21
   best person to talk to about it, right?
22
             Depends what you want to ask about.
        Α.
2.3
             Do you remember that I took your deposition in
24
   July of this year?
25
        A. Yes, I do.
```

```
Remember if I asked you whether or not you
1
        Q.
2
   were the best person to talk about how the operation of
3
  AdSense goes today?
        Α.
            Yes.
4
5
             And do you remember testifying that you were
  not the best person to talk to about that?
6
             I don't recall exactly what I said, but I
        Α.
   think I said it depended on what you wanted to ask
9
   about.
10
             Well, let's look at your deposition, Page 240,
  Lines 10 to 21.
11
12
                  (Video playing.)
                  QUESTION: Post-2003, you wouldn't be the
13
   best person to ask about the engineering of AdSense for
14
15
   Content?
16
                  ANSWER: Yes, that's correct. I should
   have qualified that to my period of involvement in it
17
18
   from the initial, sort of, development of the prototype
19
   and launch of the product.
20
                  QUESTION: So how it operates today, you
   would not be the best person to talk to?
21
22
                  ANSWER: Probably not.
2.3
                  (End of video clip.)
24
             (By Mr. Grinstein) And, Dr. Dean, in fact, you
25
   don't know today, or at least you didn't know as of the
```

- time of your deposition, whether AdSense allows publishers to specify colors for the ads that appear on 3 their sites, did you?
 - I did not know at that time. That's correct.
 - And you didn't know at the time of your deposition whether or not AdSense allows publishers to specify whether a border would appear on ads for their websites, right?
 - A. That's correct.

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- So because you don't know whether or not AdSense has features like that today, you can't really testify today about what are and what are not the important features of AdSense, right?
- 14 No, I think I can.
 - Well, you don't know all the features of AdSense today, do you?
- 17 I do not know all of them. I know some that I Α. think are important.
- You can't really say that content targeting is the most important feature of AdSense today, because you yourself have conceded that you're not aware of really all the features of AdSense that are out there today, 23 right?
- 24 I think content targeting is definitely an 25 important feature of AdSense. I can say that, even

- though I don't know all the other features.
- Q. So you don't know all the other features of AdSense, correct?
 - A. Correct.

8

- Q. So as to whether or not AdSense infringes the Function Media patents today, you're really not the right person to ask, right?
 - A. I'm not a lawyer, so it's a legal interpretation of things. So, in that sense, no.
- Q. And you don't know all the features of AdSense as it exists today, so you can't testify as to whether or not those features match up with any particular patents, right?
- A. Correct. I cannot testify about features I don't know about.
- Q. Now, you testified on your direct examination that you developed a prototype for AdSense in about July 2002; is that right, Dr. Dean?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And prior to working on that prototype, you'd still been involved in the ad system at Google; is that right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And the ad system at Google that you'd worked on prior to that prototype was the ad system that was

```
utilized with a google.com search results; is that fair?
1
2
        Α.
             Yes.
3
             But the idea of the prototype that you worked
   on in July of 2002 was to serve ads to websites that
4
5
  were not associated with Google, right?
             Yes, that were not associated with search
6
7
   results.
8
        Q.
             Okay. And you had never talked to anyone at
9
   Google and had never heard any discussion at Google
10
   mentioning the concept of serving ads to non-Google
   websites prior to July of 2002; isn't that right?
11
12
             There's certainly lots of discussion about
        Α.
13
   serving ads to non-search pages.
14
             Let's talk -- let's go to your deposition
15
   again, Page 81, Lines 12 to 18.
16
                  (Video playing.)
17
                  QUESTION: Prior to your work on the
   prototype, had you been discussing with anyone within
19
   Google or heard any conversations within Google about
20
   Google launching a product that would serve ads to
21
   websites that were not associated with Google and were
   not running a Google search product?
22
                  ANSWER: No.
2.3
24
                  (End of video clip.)
25
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: I'm sorry. It's Page 81
```

of his deposition, Lines 12 to 18.

2.0

2.3

MR. DEFRANCO: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Grinstein) So if a witness were to come into Court and say that AdSense for Content was an old idea that had been around for a while at Google before 2002, at least as far as you know, that's not the case, right?
- A. So there were many discussions at Google about putting ads on non-search result pages. What I said is that there were discussions about that, not discussions of a particular product to launch.

But certainly there were lots of discussions about putting advertisements on other places around the web and how could we best do that.

- Q. So even though you had never discussed the content of serving ads to non-Google websites, you'd never heard that discussion in the halls, according to your deposition, you still say that was an idea that was percolating around Google prior to July of 2002?
- A. I never did not say that. I said I had never heard of launching a product around that.

There were certainly lots of discussions in the halls about targeting advertisements to web pages.

That is an important area of our business, so there's

25 lots of discussions around that.

THE COURT: Hold on a second. 1 2 Dr. Dean, if you're able to answer his 3 question yes or no, please try to limit your answer to yes or no on cross-examination. I promise you I'll 5 allow Google's lawyers to ask you some more questions here in a minute. 6 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you. 8 THE COURT: Continue. 9 (By Mr. Grinstein) And just so we're clear 10 about this testimony, no one was talking in Google about launching a product prior to July of 2002, at least as 11 far as you've heard, serving ads to non-Google websites; 12 is that correct? 13 14 For non-search pages? Yes. Is that correct? 15 0. That's correct. 16 Α. 17 Let's talk about Defendant's Exhibit 389, Ο. which is this particular exhibit that I believe you 19 were -- it's Defendant's Exhibit 389. 20 And you discussed this particular exhibit with your counsel during direct examination; is that right? 21 22 Α. Yes. 2.3 And this particular exhibit is discussing the content-based ad-serving system, which later morphed 25 into or became AdSense; is that right?

- A. Became AdSense for Content.
- Q. And just to be clear, this document is from 3 2002, right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. AdSense Online didn't launch until after 2002; 6 is that right?
 - A. I don't recall the exact date. I thought it was around then.
 - Q. Are you aware of whether or not there was a distinction between AdSense Direct and AdSense Online?
- A. So these are marketing terms that typically our engineering organization doesn't use, so I'm not exactly sure what you're referring to when you say AdSense Direct and AdSense Online.
- Q. All right. So you're not aware of an distinction between AdSense Direct and AdSense Online?
 - A. Well, I am -- Online refers to publishers or advertisers being able to sort of do a self-service product. And Direct refers to someone having a direct sales relationship, so having a Google employee contact them by phone or e-mail.
- Q. Okay. So if you do understand the distinction between them, when was AdSense Online launched as opposed to Direct?
- 25 A. I don't recall exactly.

- Q. In Defendant's Exhibit 389, you were talking about two different schemes that you were considering for the way to serve ads in the eventual AdSense system, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And everything in Exhibit 389 is accurate? I mean, you don't have any -- you don't have any dispute with the words or the text about how these schemes are described, correct?
- 10 A. I mean, it's a design document, so it leaves
 11 some things out, because it's meant to be a high-level
 12 overview of the product and the software.
 - Q. Now, in your direct examination -- if I could just step out here for a second -- your attorney asked you some questions about this background section; is that correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. I should say Google's attorney, not your attorney.
- And Google's attorney also asked you some
 questions about this overview section; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- MR. GRINSTEIN: And then move to the next page, please, Matt.
- Q. (By Mr. Grinstein) And I think we also asked

```
some questions about the detailed design section; is
  that correct?
2
3
        A. Yes.
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: Flip back to the first
4
5
  page.
             (By Mr. Grinstein) But I didn't hear any
6
  questions asked of you about this first section called
  Objectives.
9
             Do you recall answering any questions about
  that section?
10
       A. I don't recall.
11
12
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: Matt, would you mind,
13
  please, blowing that up?
14
        Q. (By Mr. Grinstein) Dr. Dean, the first
15
   sentence of the objective and this -- the objective
16
  section was trying to set forth the objective that you
  were attempting to meet with the two schemes describing
17
  this document; is that fair?
19
        Α.
             Sure.
20
        Q. The first sentence of the objective section
21
   is: We want to be able to leverage our existing
22
   advertiser base to put targeted ads on any web page on
23
  the web rather than just search pages.
             Do you see that?
24
25
            Yes.
        Α.
```

- Q. And so, Dr. Dean, when documents were being written internal within Google prior to this litigation, you didn't have any problem referring to the issue of putting ads on web pages, did you?
- A. No. That's just commonly how you would say -- no matter how the ads actually get to the user's browser, you would say they appear on the page.
- Q. Okay. So scheme two, the scheme that you've been discussing today, was a scheme that was intended to serve the objective of putting ads on web pages; is that fair?
- 12 A. Sure.

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- Q. And by the way, this is -- this demonstrative document right here, Exhibit 389, this is not a marketing document, is it?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. It's a technical document within Google, 18 right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. I also want to talk about the background section.
- MR. GRINSTEIN: If we can flip down to the next section, background.
- And if we could blow this up, the first sentence, please. It's a little hard -- there we go.

- Q. (By Mr. Grinstein) And I think you testified on direct that you actually wrote that sentence; is that correct?
 - A. I believe I did, yes.
- Q. And the sentence reads: Motivating examples of why the web needs well-targeted, nonintrusive ads are probably flashing, blinking, and lurking on or beneath your browser window even as you read this.

Do you see that?

10 A. I do.

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- Q. So the state of the art before AdSense came along was that web pages along the -- around the internet were cluttered with these flashing, blinking, intrusive advertisements; is that fair?
- 15 A. There were certainly a lot of them on lots of 16 web pages.
- Q. And those kinds of ads would interfere with the look and feel of those websites, wouldn't they?
- 19 A. I suppose. They would really mostly just 20 annoy the users.
- Q. They would annoy the user who was using the website, right?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- Q. And the -- whoever was running the website probably would not want to have annoyed users; is that

fair? 1 2 Well, I would presume they must not have cared 3 too much because they put the ads on their pages. Well, they -- the state of the art seemed to 4 Ο. 5 care a lot, because after you launched AdSense, a large number of websites started using it instead of the prior 6 systems; isn't that right? 8 Α. Yes. 9 Now, you joined Google back in 1999; is that 10 right? 11 Yes, correct. Α. 12 And upon joining Google, one of the early 13 assignments that you did was to go meet with some folks 14 who were representatives of a software company called 15 AdForce; is that right? 16 Α. Yes. 17 And the reason why you were meeting with these folks from AdForce is that you were considering 19 incorporating the AdForce technology into Google's 20 advertising system; is that right? 21 We were actually considering using AdForce Α. 22 instead of building our own advertising system. 2.3 Right. You were considering using the AdForce Q.

technology instead of using Google's own self-built

technology; is that fair?

24

- 1 A. Yeah, but that's different than incorporating
- 2 into.

- Q. I'm sorry. You were considering using the
- 4 AdForce technology instead of building Google technology
- 5 by yourself, correct?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. But you ultimately concluded that the AdForce technology wasn't very useful, right?
- 9 A. Not for what we had in mind.
- 10 Q. So you didn't incorporate the AdForce
- 11 technology into Google, right?
- 12 A. We decided not to use their product, yes.
- Q. Likewise, in 1999, you and some other people
- 14 at Google went and met or had a meeting with some
- 15 representatives from DoubleClick; is that right?
- 16 A. Yes, one meeting.
- 17 Q. And the idea behind that meeting was,
- 18 likewise, you were considering whether or not to use
- 19 DoubleClick technology within Google, instead of some
- 20 self-built Google technology, right?
- 21 A. Yes, correct.
- 22 Q. But, again, ultimately, you concluded that the
- 23 DoubleClick technology would not be useful to Google,
- 24 correct?
- A. We decided it would be better to build our own

system for a variety of reasons. 1 2 So you didn't incorporate that DoubleClick 3 technology into the Google system back in 1999, right? Not in 1999, that's correct. 4 Α. 5 So if someone were to suggest that Google Q. could have just gotten rid of AdSense in 2007 and gone 6 back to using -- or gone to using the old AdForce system from 1999 or the old DoubleClick system from 1999, you would probably think that was a bad idea, wouldn't you? 10 MR. DEFRANCO: Objection, form. THE COURT: Overruled. 11 It would depend on the context. I don't 12 Α. 13 really know what they would be suggesting replacing. 14 (By Mr. Grinstein) So you think that it would 15 be acceptable, it would be okay to replace AdSense in 16 2007 with that same technology that you decided not to 17 use in 1999? You think that would be okay? 18 It seems pretty unlikely, but I would want to 19 know more about the context. Maybe they have something that is better than what we're doing. 20 21 Q. Okay. 22 MR. GRINSTEIN: Thank you for your time, 2.3 Doctor.

THE COURT: Redirect?

MR. DEFRANCO: Yes.

24

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DEFRANCO:

1

2

3

- Q. Isn't this fun?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. On direct examination, you did tell us about
 your early days at Google and your involvement in
 develop -- in the early development of the products that
- 8 are at issue in this case up to 2003; is that correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Now, you told us -- you told us about all that
- 11 work, right? In great detail, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Including the document that Mr. Grinstein put
- 14 up. Do you remember that?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Were you in any way meaning to suggest that
- 17 you were the most knowledgeable person from that point
- 18 on going forward to the present, including when you
- 19 became a fellow at Google?
- 20 A. No, of course not.
- 21 Q. You were shown a portion of your deposition
- 22 testimony. Do you remember that?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. I want to show you a piece you weren't shown,
- 25 but just give us a ballpark number of the engineers at

Google that have worked on the systems at issue in this 2 case from 2003, when you did that preliminary work in the prototype and getting it set up, to the present. Just a general ballpark. 5 That have worked continuously on the product? Yes, developing, improving it, adding 6 features. 8 A. Like probably zero have worked on it for the 9 entire period. 10 Q. Oh, no. I mean, put them all in a room. We're going to have an AdSense for Content party, 11 12 celebrate the --13 A. Woo-hoo. 14 -- seventh anniversary. How many people would 15 be there? 16 A. I would estimate maybe a hundred people, a hundred engineers. 17 18 A hundred engineers who have worked on the Q. 19 code? 20 Α. Yeah. 21 Do you know everything that those engineers 22 have done since 2003 to the present? 2.3 No, of course not. Α. 24 Let's show you -- let me show you a portion of Ο. 25 the testimony that wasn't played for you.

```
1
                  MR. DEFRANCO: It's on Page 81, Lines --
2
  hold on a second. There it is. Thanks. A little help
3
  from my friends there.
                  Let's go to Page 240, Lines 22 to 241,
4
5
  Line 1.
            (By Mr. DeFranco) And this, again, was the
6
  piece that wasn't played for you.
8
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Actually, let's start
9
  with -- can you start --
10
                  (Video playing.)
11
                  QUESTION: And you -- just one more
  thing. You said that with respect to the AdSense
12
13
   system --
14
                  (Video stopped.)
15
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Can you start at what was
16
  played for him? Is that too late to do that? Too late.
   That's okay. My fault.
17
18
        Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Okay. Let me read what was
19
  played for you.
20
        Α.
           Okay.
21
                  MR. DEFRANCO: (Reading) QUESTION:
                                                      Just
   one more thing. You said that with respect to AdSense
22
  for Content system and engineering questions, you would
23
24
  be the best person to ask. I take it that opinion is
25
  sort of bounded in time.
```

```
Post-2003, you would not be the best
1
  person to ask about the engineering of the AdSense for
2
3
  Content system.
                  ANSWER: Yes, that's correct. I should
4
5
  have qualified that to my period of involvement in it
  from the initial sort of development of the prototype
6
   and launch of product early in 2003.
8
                  QUESTION: So how it operates today, you
9
   would not be the best person?
10
                  ANSWER: Probably not.
             (By Mr. DeFranco) And then let me play the
11
12
   question and answer that wasn't played for you.
13
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Go ahead, Charles.
14
                  (Video playing.)
15
                  QUESTION: Do you know who would be?
16
                  ANSWER: No. The product has gotten much
   more complicated, and more subsystems are involved, and
17
18
   so there's probably not a single person you would go
19
   talk to.
20
                  (End of video clip.)
21
        Q.
             (By Mr. DeFranco) Now, let's use an analogy,
22
   because I want to get this straight and make sure I
2.3
   understand it.
24
             You said there were about a hundred engineers
25
   since 2003 to the present?
```

- A. Correct.
- Q. Do you know everything those -- every detail those engineers have worked on since then?
 - A. No.

2

3

4

5

6

8

15

- Q. Do you know every feature that have been incorporated, tinkered with, adjusted, made better in the products since 2003 to the present?
 - A. No, I do not.

that a fair analogy in 2003?

- 9 Q. Let's take an example, a Model-T, one of the 10 early cars, right?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. You designed the early system, like the
 Model-T, right, the pieces, the main -- the engine. You
 put it together; you got the car working, right? Is
- 16 A. Sure.
- Q. Engineers have been working on it from 2003 to the present, is that right, the hundred or so you mentioned?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. We have a Jaguar today, right? Jaguar is complicated, lots of little details, electronics, right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Is that what you were saying, that at this time, you're not the best person to ask about every

```
detail --
1
2
        Α.
            Yes.
3
            -- that those hundred engineers have worked
4
   on?
5
        Α.
            Correct.
             Let's go to -- you were asked about the
6
   patents here, and we keep hearing that you're not a --
   did you look at patents? Did you study the claims?
   Are you a patent lawyer?
10
        Α.
             No, I'm not.
11
             Do you want to be a patent lawyer?
        0.
12
             No.
        Α.
13
             Do you understand that it's for the Court, the
        Ο.
  parties, to -- to battle out what the -- the nitty words
15
  mean in the claim -- I shouldn't use the word nitty -- I
16 mean specific words?
17
        Α.
           Yes.
18
             And we -- and the Court issues an order, which
   says these three words mean this, and these three words
20
  mean that.
21
             Do you understand that?
             I do.
22
        Α.
2.3
            Now --
        Q.
24
            At a high level, yes.
        Α.
25
            You haven't -- you haven't seen that analysis,
        Q.
```

```
right?
1
            No.
2
       Α.
3
        0.
            You haven't --
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: Your Honor, leading.
4
5
                  THE COURT: Sustained. Let's avoid
6
  leading.
       Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Have you seen that analysis,
8
   sir?
9
        Α.
            No, I have not.
            Now, has anybody asked you to analyze the
10
11
  claims and determine whether you think they infringe?
12
       A. No, nor -- I would hope they would not, since
13
   I'm not a lawyer.
14
       Q. And so what is it that you're here to do for
15
  us?
16
       A. I'm here to tell you about how the system
  works as an engineer or my understanding of it and to
17
  sort of provide testimony so that people can make that
19
   judgment.
20
       Q. All right. Are you here to give us an opinion
21
   on infringement?
       Α.
           No.
22
2.3
        Q. Or noninfringement?
24
        Α.
            No.
25
        Q. Are you aware that Google has an expert -- a
```

technical expert in this case, like Function Media does? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 Now, you talked about -- I didn't understand this point, but you were asked about what happened in 5 the hallway, and did anybody talk about this product. And I don't want to take the time in showing other testimony, but can you generally explain what you were talking about when you said you were trying to explain 9 that no one had discussed a specific product launch? 10 Sure. So, I mean, I think there's a distinction between the idea of putting ads on web 11 pages, which was around even before Google existed. 12 13 Since 1995, people have been putting advertisements on web pages. 14 15 And certainly, as a company that derives a lot 16 of our revenue from advertising, that's clearly going to be the source of hallway discussion. People are going 17 18 to discuss, you know, how can we make advertising better 19 and so forth. 20 But I never heard anyone discussing putting together a product that is like AdSense for Content 21 before we did it. 22

Q. Thank you.

2.3

24 MR. DEFRANCO: Let's go back to 25 Exhibit 389.

(By Mr. DeFranco) I asked you about this 1 Q. 2 document. 3 Α. Yes. I didn't ask you about every sentence. 4 5 Α. No. 6 I wish I had, but let's go back. Let's talk 7 about -- you were asked about the objective. 8 Do you remember that? 9 Α. Yes. 10 And you were asked about some language talking about putting targeted ads on any web page on the web. 11 12 Do you remember that? 13 Α. Yes. 14 Did you have any specific patent language in 15 mind when you wrote that? 16 Α. No. When we get down to the technical level of 17 detail of precisely how the products work, apart from a 19 general description, the way you decided to make the 20 products work, is it one of these two configurations? 21 Can you remember? 22 Α. Yeah. 2.3 Can you tell us which one? 24 It's scheme two. I only wish my diagrams had 25 been better. They're kind of ugly.

They're good enough. 1 Q. The last thing you were asked about -- the 2 3 last thing you were asked about were AdForce and DoubleClick. 4 5 Do you remember that? 6 Α. Yes. 7 Let's put up Exhibit 163, which I don't think Q.. you were shown. 9 Now --10 MR. DEFRANCO: Can you -- can you --11 Charles, can you blow up until the part that says George Harik? 13 (By Mr. DeFranco) Have you seen this before? Ο. 14 Α. Yes. 15 Your name is on it? Q. 16 Α. Yes. Can you tell us what this is? 17 Q. 18 So from the very beginning of Google, one of 19 our engineering practices was to send out a few brief 20 sentences to the rest of the engineering group about what we had been working on that week, from what sort of 21 22 issues we were facing, what we expected to work on the 23 next week, that kind of thing. 24 And so this is my what's called weekly snippet

from -- I guess it's August 23rd, 1999.

```
1
        Q.
           Okay. And what was a snippet?
2
            A snippet is just a little -- sentences about
3
  what we've been up to.
4
             Okay. Now, you were asked about meeting with
5
  AdForce and DoubleClick.
6
             Do you remember that? There's a bullet point
7
   there.
8
        Α.
           Yeah.
9
        Q.
            Can you read that?
10
        Α.
             Sure.
11
            Bullet point to us -- to us?
        Q.
             It says: Met with AdForce and DoubleClick to
12
        Α.
13
  see if they are viable alternatives to writing the
14
  entire ad system ourselves. We'd like to use them
15
  initially, because they have nice reporting issues that
16
  advertisers will probably expect.
17
        Q. Now, you'd like to use them initially. You
  were thinking about using those products at Google; is
19
  that correct?
20
        A. We were pondering it, yes.
21
        Q. You decided not to, right?
        A. Correct.
22
2.3
                  THE COURT: Counsel, approach, please,
24
  briefly.
25
```

(Bench conference.)

```
1
                  THE COURT: Excuse me. Mr. DeFranco,
2
   I've asked you twice now to avoid leading. This is your
3
  witness, so let's --
                  MR. DEFRANCO: I apologize, Your Honor.
4
5
                  THE COURT: -- let's conduct a direct
   examination like we know how to do it, okay?
6
7
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes, Your Honor.
8
                  THE COURT: All right. I don't want to
9
   have to do it in front of the jury, but you're trying my
   patience, okay?
10
11
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes, Your Honor.
12
                  THE COURT: Thank you.
                  (Bench conference concluded.)
13
14
             (By Mr. DeFranco) Now, have you heard of the
15
   concept of control and ownership?
16
        Α.
             Yes.
             When we talk about engineering terms, what
17
18
   does control and ownership mean?
19
             Essentially, it means that you -- in software
20
   projects, you would control the software, and you could
21
   make changes to it easily.
22
             And one of the reasons we decided not to use
2.3
  AdForce and DoubleClick was, since they're another
24
  company's solution, we wouldn't be able to make changes
25
   if we wanted to have, you know, the system deal with 10
```

```
million advertisers or something instead of 10,000.
  And we felt it was better to have control over the
 2
 3
  advertising system by writing it ourselves so that we
   could make changes more quickly, adopt it to our -- to
 5
   our needs, and so on.
            And what, if anything, did that have to do
 6
   with the decision at that time not to use AdForce and
  DoubleClick by Google?
 9
        A. Oh, it was a pretty big factor. I mean, I
10
   would say the two main factors were that both AdForce
   and DoubleClick weren't really thinking in terms of
11
  having millions of advertisers, so it wasn't clear their
12
13
   systems would be able to deal with that.
14
             And also, the issue of ownership and control.
15
   We wanted to be able to make changes to the ad system
16
  more easily.
17
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Thank you.
18
                  THE WITNESS: Sure.
19
                  THE COURT: Recross?
20
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: No further questions,
   Your Honor.
21
22
                  THE COURT: Okay. May this witness be
2.3
   excused?
24
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes.
25
                  MR. GRINSTEIN: Yes, Your Honor.
```

```
THE COURT: You may step down.
 1
 2
                  Call your next witness.
 3
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes, Your Honor.
   We'll be calling Jason Miller.
 4
 5
                   (Witness enters the courtroom.)
 6
                  THE COURT: Come on in, Mr. Miller. If
   you'll come up here and be sworn in.
 8
                  COURTROOM DEPUTY: Raise your right hand,
9
   please.
                  (Witness sworn.)
10
11
                  THE COURT: If you'll come right around
  here and take a seat.
13
                  Please talk into the microphone and keep
   your voice up for me, okay?
14
15
                  THE WITNESS: Okay.
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Your Honor, may we hand
16
   out these binders?
17
18
                  THE COURT: Yes, please.
19
           JASON MILLER, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, SWORN
20
                      DIRECT EXAMINATION
   BY MR. DEFRANCO:
21
22
        Q.
             Good morning, Mr. Miller.
2.3
             Would you please state your full name, please?
24
             Jason Christopher Miller.
        Α.
25
            And where do you work, sir?
        Q.
```

A. Google.

1

2

3

4

8

9

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19

20

- Q. And what do you do there?
 - A. I'm a group product manager.
 - Q. How long have you been doing that?
- A. I've been a -- at Google for about four and a half years. I've been a group product manager for about two years.
 - Q. And just generally, what does a group product manager do?
- A. As a group product manager, you manage a team of product managers, who work together putting together a vision for a product.
- Q. And just so we have it, can you just, in a sentence or two, describe your educational background?
- 15 A. Sure.
 - So I -- I have two computer science and engineering degrees from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and then I later got a business degree from Harvard.
 - Q. Now, what products did you work on when you first got to Google?
- 22 A. I worked on the AdSense for Content product.
- 23 Q. And have you worked on that to the present?
- A. Yes. So pretty much for my entire time at 25 Google, I've worked on the AdSense for Content product.

- Q. And have you received promotions since you've been at the company?
 - A. I have. I've gotten -- I started at Google as a -- as a product manager, and I was promoted to a senior product manager after about a year, and then to a group product manager about a year later.
 - Q. A little background, please. Can you just tell us, in general terms, what AdSense for Content is?
- 9 A. Sure.

4

5

6

- So AdSense for Content is one of our
 advertising products at Google, and it's a free product
 where a -- a website owner, who wants to show
 advertisements and get money for their site, can use.
- Q. Well, let's -- let's -- let's take a look
 briefly at some --
- MR. DEFRANCO: Let's take a look briefly at Exhibit 71, please, PX71.
- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Can you tell us what this is, please?
- 20 A. Sure.
- 21 So this is a -- a web page, Google web page.
- 22 It's a marketing-type document that explains the AdSense
- 23 for Content program to a potential customer.
- Q. When you use the term marketing, marketing compared to what?

- A. It's compared to, you know, a -- a technical document that explains all the engineering. It's -- it's sort of a simplified explanation for what our product does.
- Q. Okay. Briefly -- we've been through some of this before. I just want to cover some concepts.

Is this document made public?

A. Yes, it is.

1

2

3

5

6

7

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15

16

- 9 Q. All right. Let's -- just some things -- the 10 document says: Enhance your site and your profits.
- Just in general terms, what is that talking about?
- A. So it's -- it's talking about -- so a site means a website or a web page.
 - And so what it's saying is that if you have a website and you're looking for a way to make money for yourself to support your website, you can use AdSense for Content to do that.
- Q. And is there -- the system's advertisers,
 publishers, is this directed, this marketing document,
 to one or the other?
- 22 A. Yes. So this is directed to -- to publishers.
- 23 That's our word for a website or a website owner.
- Q. I promise you, somewhere in here, it talks
 about contextual targeting. Can you just tell us what

contextual targeting is?

A. Sure.

So -- so contextual targeting -- it's actually the first paragraph. It's probably one of the most important things that makes AdSense for Content different. And it was really, when we launched our products, one of the things that was really evolutionary about our product.

What it means is that we're going to show ads to your user when they come to your site. And the ads they're going to see are the ads that are going to be relevant to them. They're going to be useful to them. And so I know in this page, there's a picture further down. It's a picture of a dog website. Right -- yeah, right there. And so it's Jerry's Dog Naming sites. And so the idea is that if someone is going to Jerry's site to read about how to name their dog, we're going to show contextually relevant ads, which means you're going to see ads about, you know, dog bones and dog products, things which should be relevant to you and are relevant to the page you're reading about.

Q. That's got to be the worst picture I've ever seen. I apologize for that. But I think we've got the point.

In this document, it also says somewhere, when

```
your content changes, so do your ads. Just very
1
  generally, again, what does that refer to?
2
3
           Well, what it means is that, you know, we're
   showing ads that are relevant to the web page. And so
5
  if Jerry decides, you know, he's tired of talking about
  dogs, and now he wants to talk about cats, we're going
   to start showing ads about cats.
8
             So it's -- you know, our ads will change
9
   depending on what the page is about.
10
            All right. Just so we have the timeframe
   right, you came to Google in 2005, right?
11
             That's right.
12
        Α.
13
             And you've been working on AdSense for Content
        0.
14
   since you got there?
15
             The entire time, yeah.
        Α.
16
            Do you know Jeff Dean?
        Q.
17
             I met Jeff Dean.
        Α.
18
             Did you work with him?
        Q..
19
        Α.
             Not -- not really, no. Not closely.
20
             Is he working on AdSense for Content today; do
        Q.
21
   you know?
22
        Α.
             No, he's not.
             Why don't you give us generally a list --
2.3
2.4
   just -- just a general understanding of -- given that
25
  you're full time on AdSense for Content, what projects
```

do you and the people that work for you do?

Any way you want to do it. I don't want to spend a lot of time, but from 2005 to the present, I want to give us all some feel about what it means to work on a product that's already out there working in the world.

A. Sure.

2.3

- Q. Do you know -- do you know what I'm saying?
- A. Yeah, I understand.

Yeah, I mean, I think -- I mean, the product was around before I started. And, you know, there's just lots of ways to make it -- make it better and -- you know, better for website owners.

One -- one important thing about our -- our product is that, for most of our ads, the -- the website owner -- owner only makes money if someone clicks on their ads. So people need to find the ads interesting and useful; otherwise, the website owner won't make much money.

And so there are lots of, you know, techniques and, you know, experimentation for you to figure out, you know, what are better ways to figure out what ads are more useful.

And so, you know, in some ways, we're kind of like a -- like a laboratory, you know, where we're

trying different things, and we're -- we're not sure
what's going to work, but we're trying to figure out,
you know, how can we teach our computers to better
understand what Jerry is talking about, and then what
ads, you know, would a user find interesting, if we show
it to them?

And so that's been my -- that's been my focus for most of the time, is really trying to just improve our computers with the engineers and -- and really make the ads more, you know, helpful for people so we get more clicks and help the website owners make more money for themselves.

8

10

11

12

20

21

- Q. And how fast is the auction process at Google that takes place?
- A. So -- so every time someone visits a web page,
 we run an auction, and it's -- it's less than a second,
 a fraction of a second. We are trying to figure out
 what ads to show and running an auction to figure out
 what ads we're going to show to a user.
 - Q. And how long does the -- in addition to the auction, is there another part of the Google system process in serving ads?
- A. Yeah. I mean, there's -- I mean, there's a
 lot of steps that happen to -- to determine what ads we
 show.

Q. And why don't -- we talked about the auction. What other steps are there?

2.3

A. Well, so in the case of Jerry's web page, we first have to read his web page ourselves at Google and understand, you know, what is it about?

So we have to -- you know, our computers will understand, are we -- is he talking about dogs? He's talking about how to name dogs. So there's a lot of technology to help computers understand, you know, what he's talking about.

And then we have a lot of technology which figures out what ads would be useful. We have millions of ads in our -- our database that people have given us, and we need to figure out, you know, of these million ads, what ads -- we can only show maybe four ads on Jerry's page. Which of these million ads should we choose to show on his page?

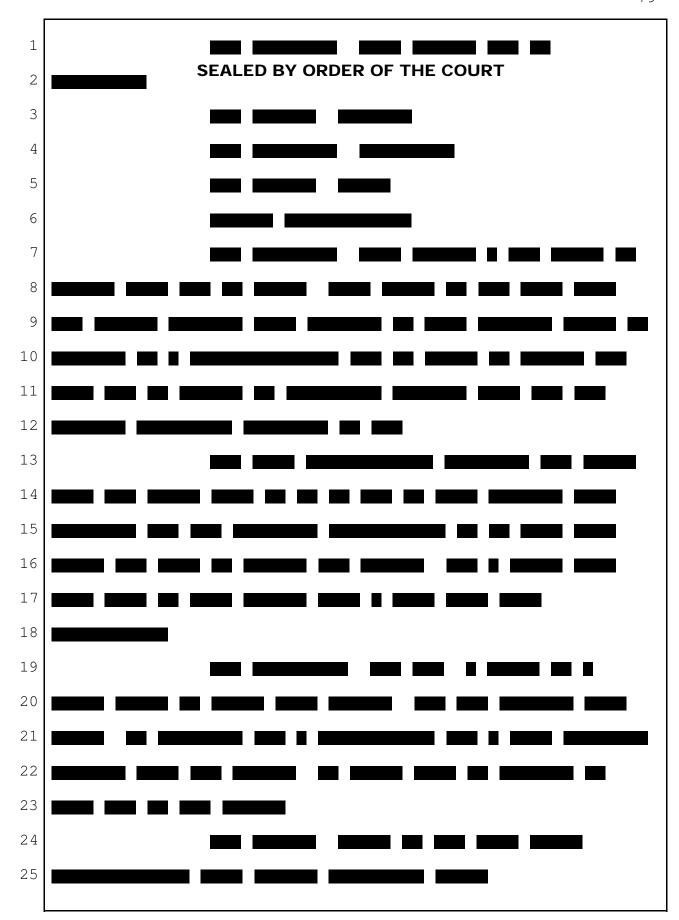
we'll narrow the million down to a couple thousand.

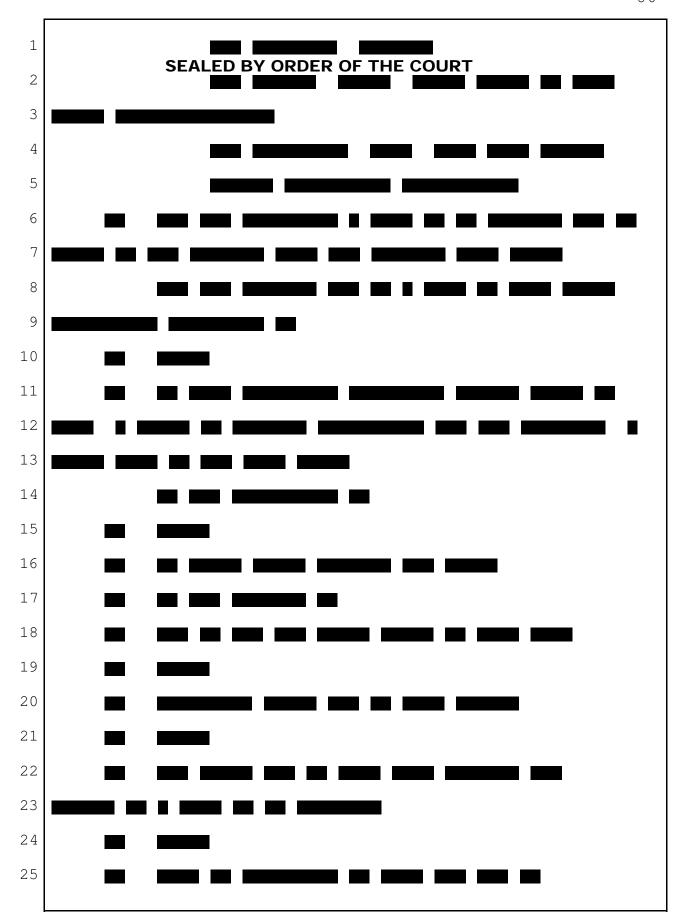
It's still a lot of ads. We have to try to narrow them down even more to what we think are the best ones to show to a person, and then we run an action.

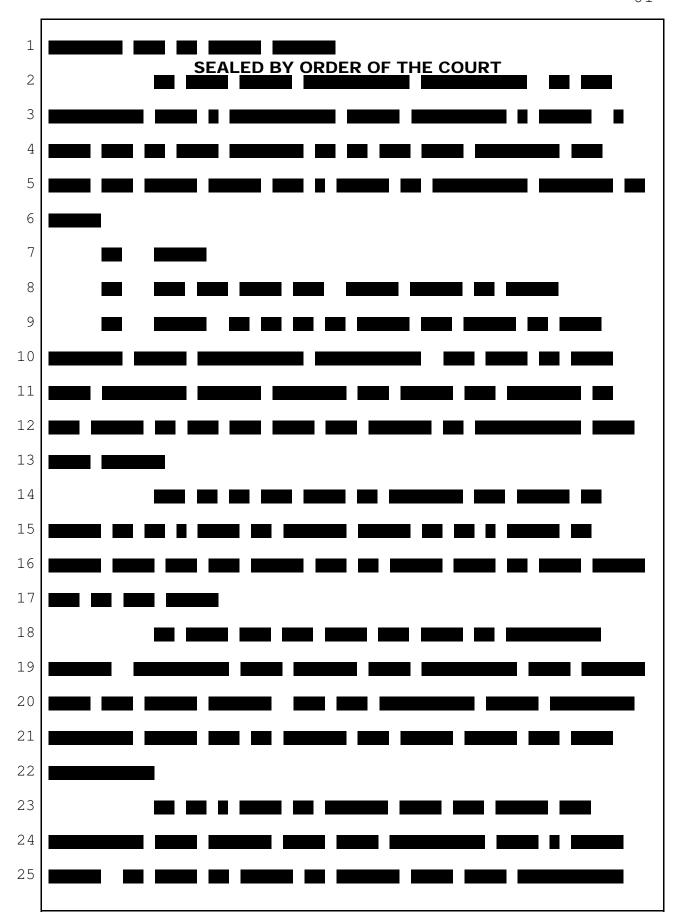
And once we have an idea of -- you know, maybe

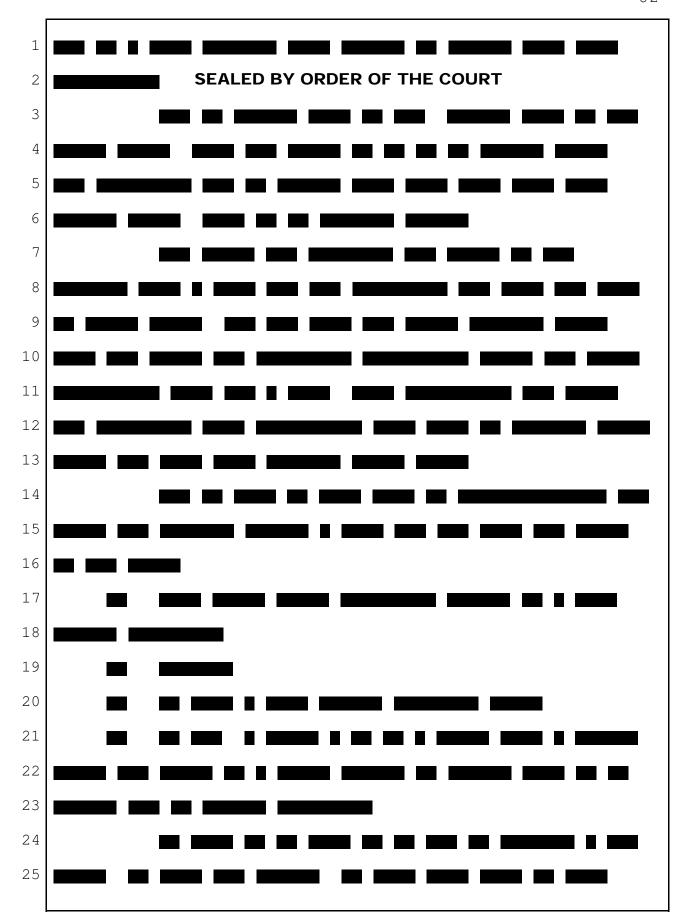
And so -- and the auction -- the auction itself is -- it's -- it's a complicated process. It's not your typical auction where the winner is the person

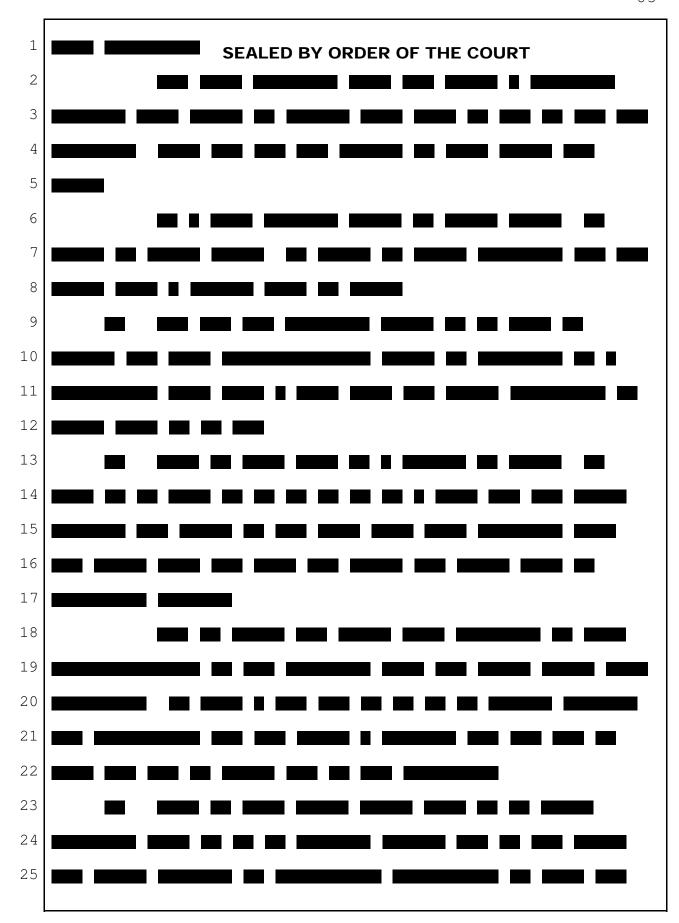
who pays the most. You know, our auction actually is a combination of not just how much someone is going to pay, but, you know, how useful we think the ad is to the user. MR. DEFRANCO: Your Honor, I think we're going to get into some technical details that we --THE COURT: Okay. All right. Ladies and Gentlemen, I'm going to have to ask you to leave at this time, and I'll invite you back in as soon as I can. SEALED BY ORDER OF THE COURT

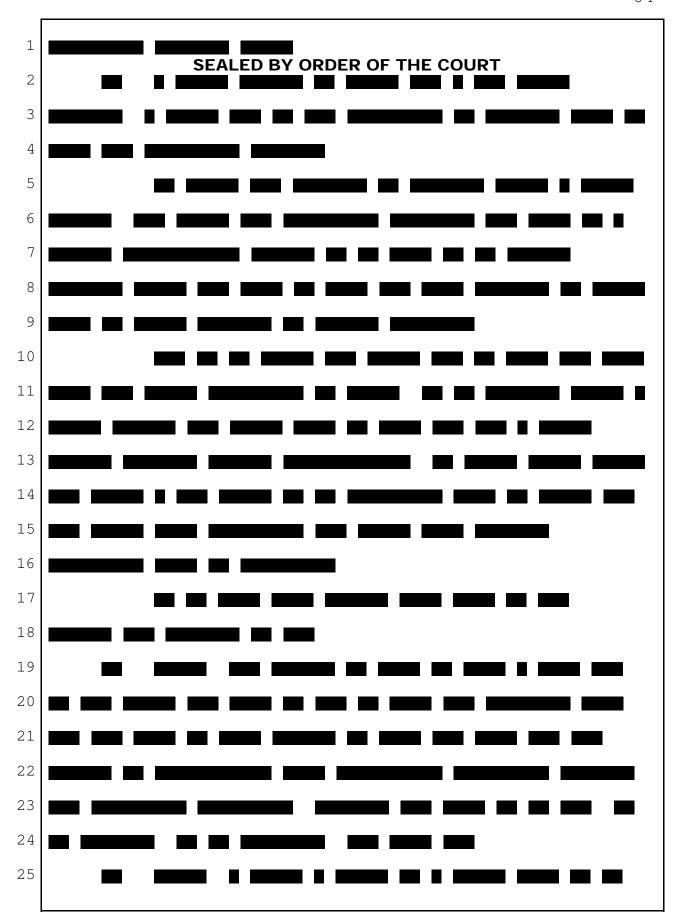


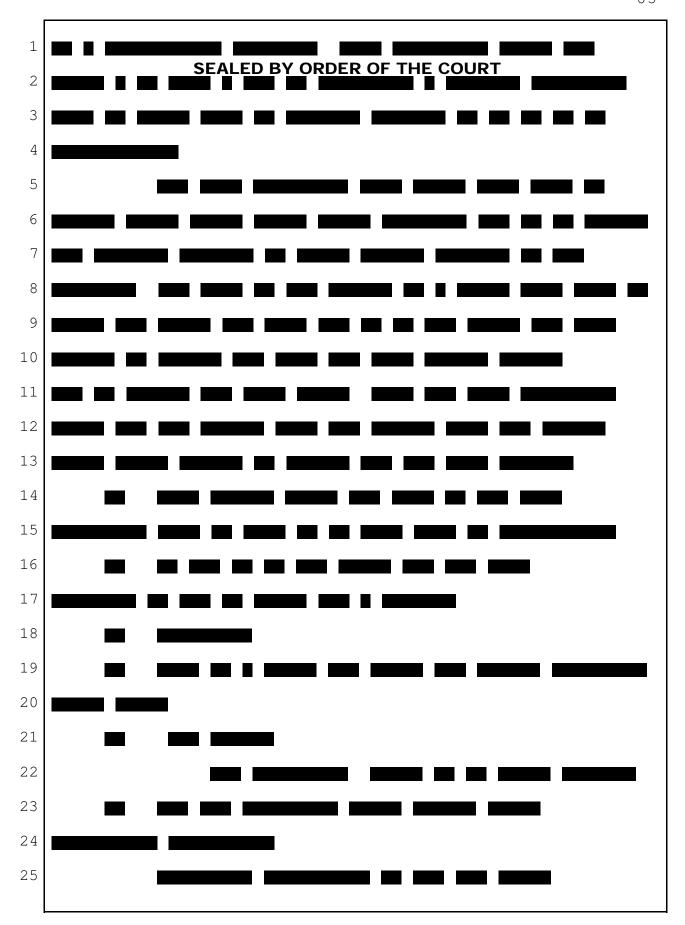


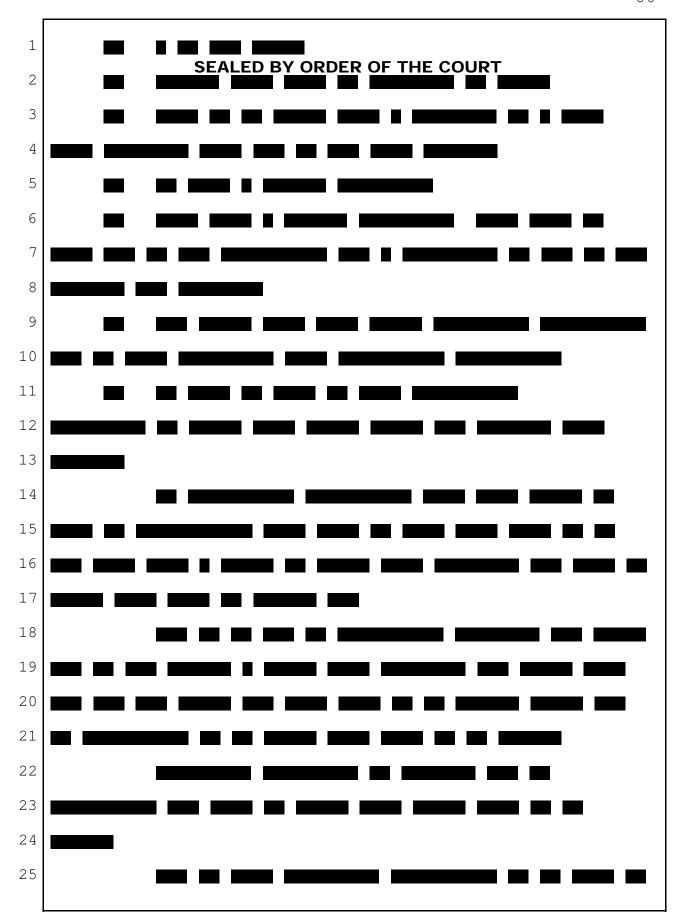


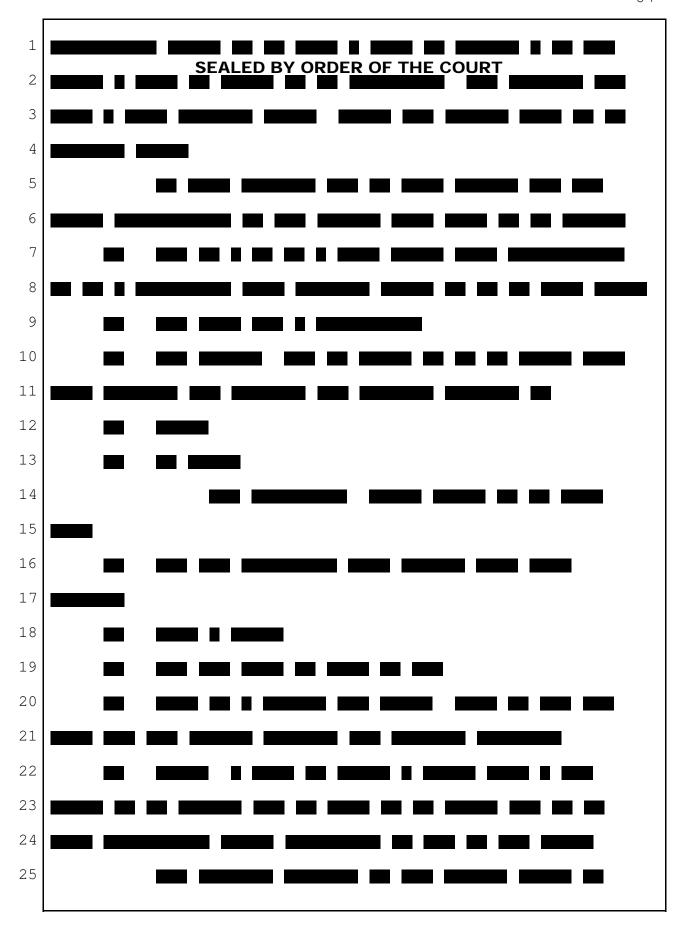


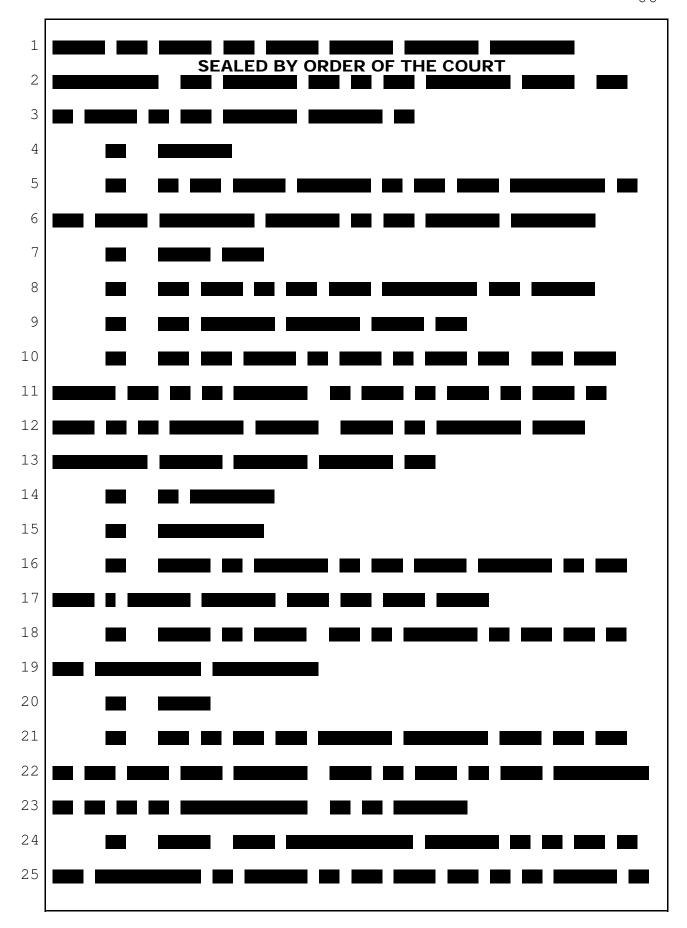


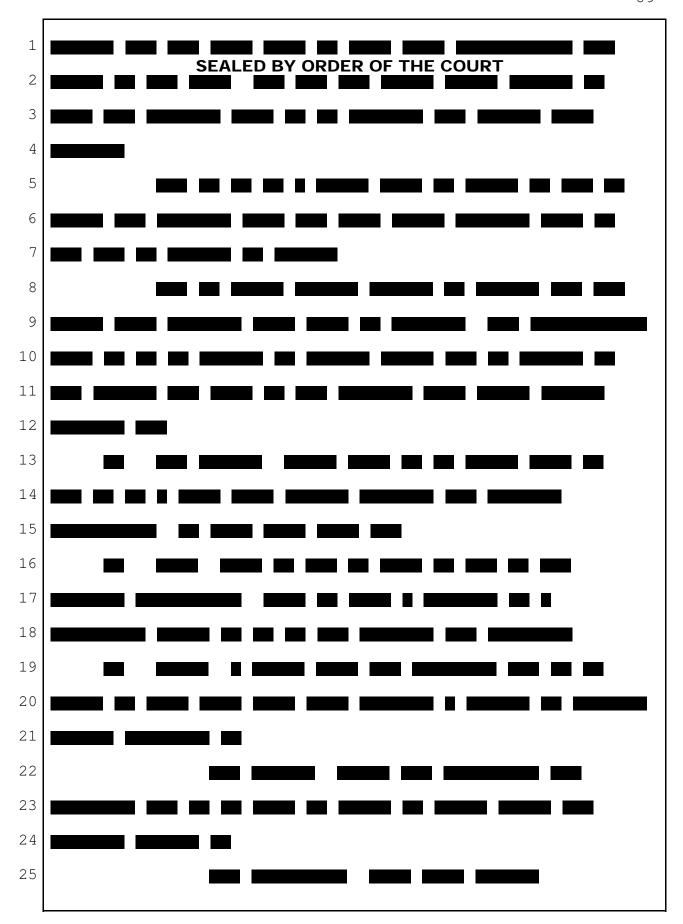


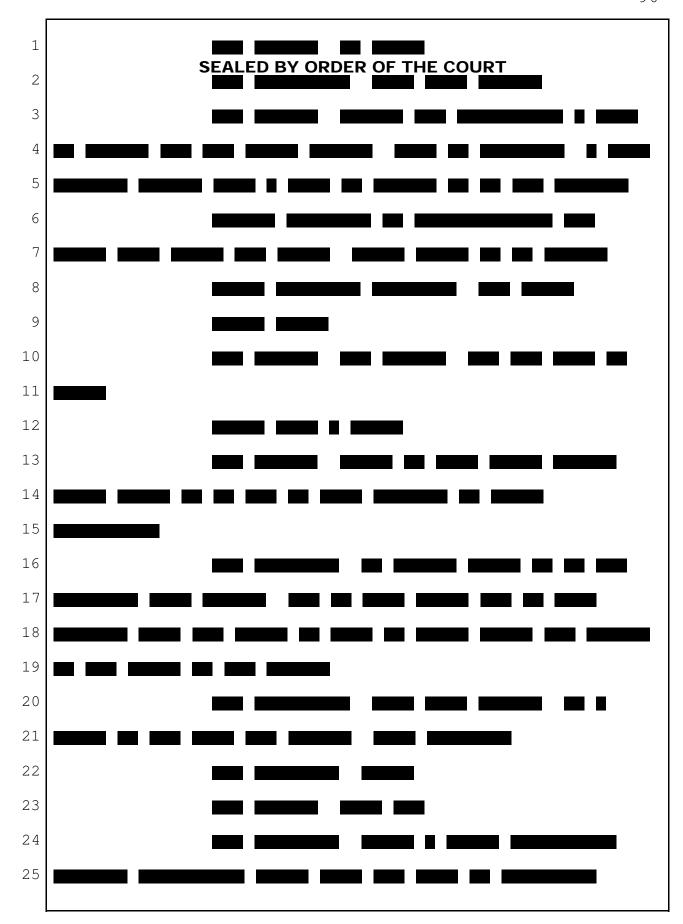


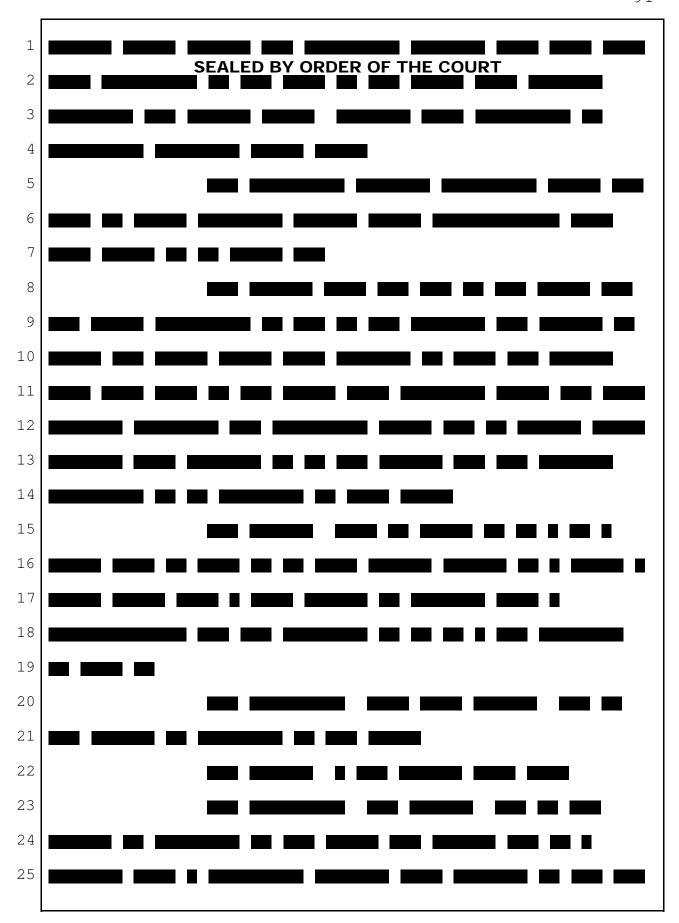


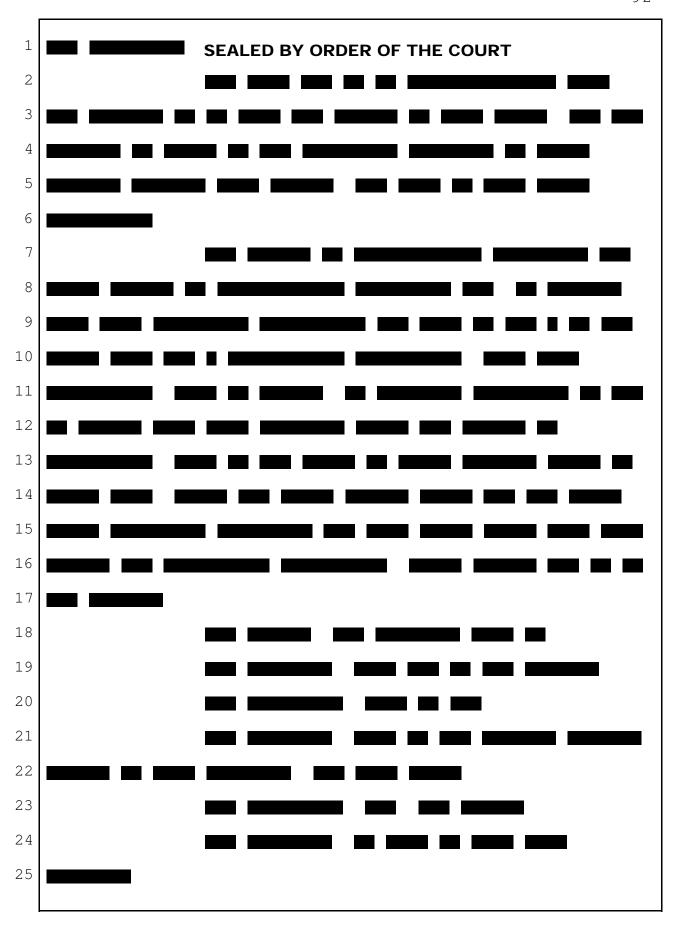


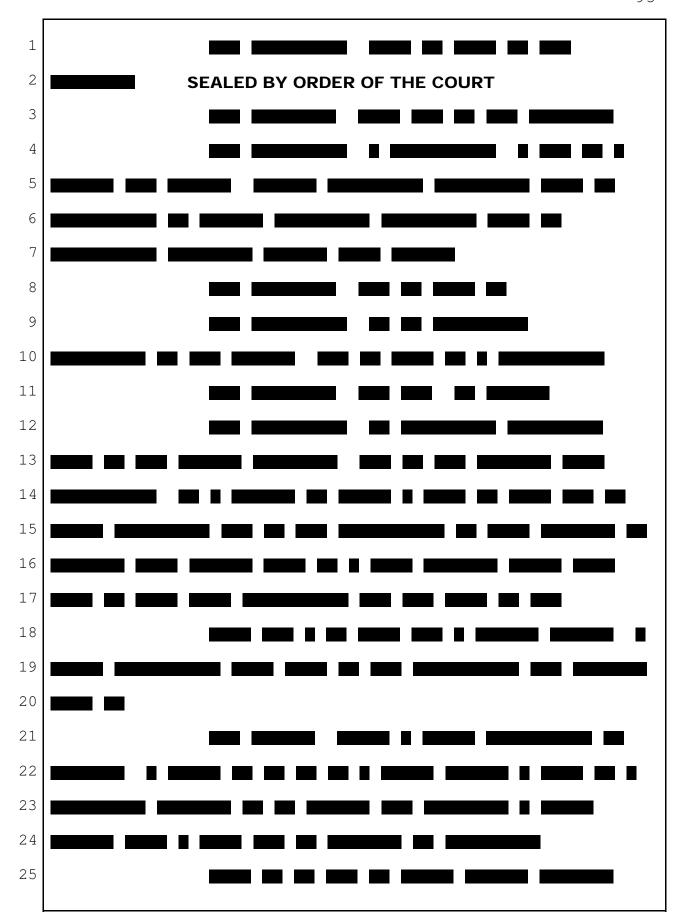


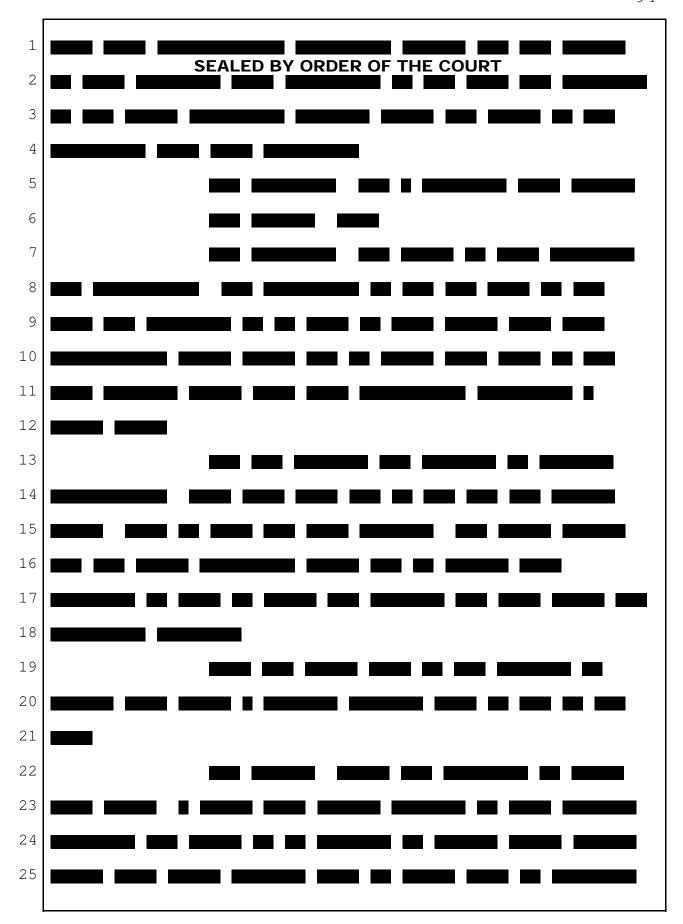












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14	
15	
16	COURT SECURITY OFFICER: All rise.
17	(Jury in.)
18	THE COURT: Please be seated.
19	Do we have a witness?
20	MR. DEFRANCO: I apologize, Your Honor.
21	I think he'll be right here.
22	Here he is.
23	THE COURT: Here he is.
24	Let's continue.
25	MR. DEFRANCO: Thank you, Your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Mr. Miller, before the break, we had up DX Demo 100. And rather than me showing you a slide and asking you the question, I'd like you to just walk us through the interface for AdSense for Content and just this is the product you deal with, right? One of the products?
 - A. That's right.

- Q. Okay. Why don't you just take a slide at a time and walk us through it, please.
- A. Okay. If I go too fast, let me know.
- So this is the -- the interface for AdSense for Content. So if you're a web publisher using our product, this is what you would go to to use our product.
- And so this slide, this is the first page you would see to use our system. And you see there's a button there that says sign up now. So if you're a new customer, you would click on that sign-up-now button.
- Q. And there's four products here, the two at issue in the case, if I have it right, Content, Mobile?
- 21 A. That's correct. So that's referring to
- 22 AdSense for Content and AdSense for Mobile.
- 23 Q. Next.
- A. So, yes, let's -- so if I was a new customer,
- 25 I would click on the sign-up-now button. That would

```
take me to, I think, the next slide.
1
             Yes.
2
                  So this is kind of a long -- long form,
3
  but, you know, if you're a new customer, this is -- this
  is how you sign up for AdSense for Content. You tell
5
  us, you know, your name and your website that you
  want -- you want, you know, users to see ads for when
  they visit.
8
             So, you know, Jerry would put down his website
9
          He would tell us his name. He would tell us how
10
  to pay him, because it's a free product, and we actually
  pay him money that we collect from advertisers. And so
11
  he would tell us how to send him a check or his bank
12
13
   account so we can pay him.
14
             But there's a couple -- couple choices and
15
   things you have to do, but that's basically what you
  tell us to get started.
16
17
        Q.
             Okay.
18
        Α.
             So --
19
        0.
             And then the next?
            Yeah. So the next -- next page.
20
        Α.
21
             So -- so let's pretend, you know, Jerry is
   going to our product. He has an account. He's going
22
   in, so the first thing Jerry would see is this summary
23
24
   of -- of today, a report.
25
             So it's a report saying, Jerry, here's how
```

- much money you've made today from AdSense for Content.
- $2 \mid So$ this is actually a picture of my -- my account. I
- 3 made zero dollars, but, hopefully, Jerry would see, you
- 4 know, some money he's made and some numbers showing, you
- 5 know, how many people have come to his -- his site and
- 6 how much money he's made from the ads we've shown to his
- 7 users.
- 8 Q. And -- but say, Jerry, we have advertisers,
- 9 publishers. Which one are you talking about? What is
- 10 Jerry's?
- 11 A. So Jerry -- I'm using the earlier example
- 12 where Jerry is a publisher who has a dog-naming website
- 13 that he wants us to show ads on when his user is
- 14 visited.
- Q. And when it says the earnings, where -- where
- 16 does Jerry get his earnings from?
- 17 A. Well, Google has millions of advertisers who
- 18 are, you know, in our -- in our system. And when people
- 19 click on their ads, you know, we collect money from the
- 20 advertisers, and we pay it to people like Jerry, the
- 21 publishers.
- 22 Q. All right. Let's go to the next slide. Keep
- 23 moving, please.
- 24 A. So let's say Jerry wants to put ads -- you
- 25 know, he wants to show ads to his users. And so this is

the set-up process he would go through to tell us, you 2 know, please show ads to my users when they visit their 3 site. 4 So if you see the top there, you see AdSense 5 for Content in blue, you would click there and that would be -- get them into the first step of, you know, setting up ads to be shown to users. 8 So if you go to the next page. 9 So this is sort of the first step, and there's 10 sort of four steps he has to go through to -- to get And what you see is there's -- there's two 11 12 options. You see ad unit there, and you see link unit. 13 Those are two different kind of -- of ads we can display 14 to users. 15 And I think -- I think for this purpose, I 16 think the main focus -- I think the only focus is the ad unit. And so what he would do is, he would say I want 17 18 to add an ad unit. 19 And you see to the right there, you see that 20 it says ad title, ad text, that's an example of what an ad unit would look like. So when someone visits Jerry's 21 page, he would see a little square like that with words 22 which is the ad that we're showing. 2.3 24 So if we go to the next page. 25 So this is the same page as before, and what

I'm -- you see there is in that box, we have a couple different options that Jerry can pick in deciding the ads that Google is going to show. He can say -- it says text and image ads, text ads only, or image ads only. And what that means is we have two different types of ads. We have text ads, which are like the one on the right there. It's, you know, three lines of words, and there could be a website address.

But we also have image ads, which are basically pictures, almost like a billboard. And so Jerry can say, you know, I'm happy seeing -- I'm happy to have my users see both text and image ads, or he could say, you know, I only want text ads; I don't want any pictures shown to my users. And so he has that flexibility in the ads.

So let's go to the next page.

All right. So this is where we're getting into some of the more details and choices that Jerry has. And so I'll start at the top. So you see a section called format.

Actually, maybe before I get into it, what this is really doing is this is a way for Jerry to change how the ads will appear to his users. So let's say Jerry said he wants text ads, only text ads. So what he can do is change, you know, the colors and other

1 things. So when a user visits his site and sees ads, 2 3 they look different. And so the first thing he can do is he can choose the format of the ads. 4 5 Q. Keep going. Keep going? 6 Α. 7 Okay. So formatting the ads, what that means 8 is the size of the ads. 9 Q. Okay. Next slide. And so he can choose, you know, a big square, 10 a small square. He can choose different sizes of the 11 ads that we're going to show. 12 13 0. Okay. Next? Next, he can also choose -- change the colors. 14 15 And so he can say I want the text ads to be, you know, red or orange like on the left there. He can do blue; 16 17 he can really make them look different depending on his 18 preferences. 19 Q. Okay. Next? 20 He can also change how the ads -- the font, Α. 21 meaning how the text is displayed. He can also change 22 the -- the -- what we call the corners. So, you know, you have a square box with sharp corners. You can have 23 2.4 kind of rounded corners, like on a table. So he has

also -- he can also change that option as well.

Next page.

So this is -- so Jerry's done; you know, he's made his choices. He can also use some what we call channels. This is like a label, like a reporting label. He can also use labels to help him measure things. And it's an optional feature.

Next page.

And then he can give us his ad unit, you know, this block of ads, a name. So this is — this is where he can choose the name. And then he would hit submit and get code, and that would take you to the next page.

So this is the final step. So Jerry's -- he's created that unit. He's ready to show, you know, ads to his users. And so what's -- what this is showing here is that there is some computer code you see in that box there. We call it JavaScript. That's the computer language.

And Jerry can take that JavaScript computer code put it, you know, on his website, and then what would happen is when someone visits his website, Google will show user add.

And that's kind of the final step. So within a couple of minutes, Jerry can really kind of walk through these steps and, hopefully, start making money for his site.

```
Thanks.
        Q.
 1
             Let's do the same thing on the -- we started
 2
 3
  this morning talking about what happens at Google,
   right?
 4
 5
             This is what side of the system, publisher or
  advertiser?
 6
        A. This is the publisher; this is the website
 8
   owner.
9
            Let's -- let's just do the same thing for the
  advertiser's side.
10
11
        Α.
           Okay.
12
        Q. And that was great. That -- just do that
13
   again for us.
14
        A. Okay. So the next slide.
15
                  MR. DEFRANCO: The next slide, Charles, I
16
  think it's 113.
17
                  THE WITNESS: Yeah, that looks right.
18
            All right. So I was just talking about the
        Α.
   website, the publisher, but we also have advertisers who
20
   also need to -- to put ads and -- and create ads in our
21
   system.
22
            And so what -- maybe I'll use another -- I
  used Jerry for websites. Maybe I'll use, like, Charlie.
24
  I'll make up a name, Charlie. Let's say Charlie wants
25
  to sell dog bones just to make it easy -- or actually,
```

```
let's do even simpler.
1
2
             Charlie wants to do guitar lessons. He's a
3
   quitar instructor. He wants to show ads for quitar
   lessons.
4
5
             So Charlie would come to this -- this is
  the -- a Google web page for AdWords. And AdWords is
6
  our -- is our interface for an advertiser who wants to
  put ads into our system.
             And so -- and Charlie would come here and
9
10
   create -- log in to our system.
11
             So can you go to the next page?
12
             So once Charlie has, you know, logged into our
13
   system, you know, we show basic reporting. We show him
  how much money he's spending with Google. And we show a
14
15
   list of his advertising campaigns.
16
             You'll see kind of one -- you'll see a little
   green circle and a name next to it. That's -- that's
17
18
   one of the campaigns he may be running.
19
             And a campaign is just -- it's a word we use
2.0
   for a bunch of ads that work together. So it's all
  his -- it's kind of a folder for all his ads.
21
22
             So next page.
2.3
             So let's say, you know, Charlie wants to
24
  create a new advertising campaign. He wants to get new
25
  customers for his guitar lessons, and so he's going to
```

1 create a new campaign. 2 So what this page is showing you is the steps 3 he would go through to start a new advertising campaign at Google. And there's a bunch of options. And so at 5 the top, you see locations, languages, and demographics. Right there. 6 So what -- what this means is that Charlie can 8 say, you know, I want to show my ad to people in the United States, or -- and he can be really specific. He 10 could say only to people, you know, in Dallas; or he can -- he can kind of choose who he wants to see his 11 ads. 12 13 He can also choose the language of the users. I mean, let's say Charlie only speaks English, and he 14 15 wants English customers. And so he can say please only 16 show my ad to people who speak English. 17 Okay. Can you do the next slide? 18 Yeah. Some of these have more detail than you Q. 19 want to go in. 20 Do you want it skip this one? 21 Α. Yeah. Please skip. 22 Q. Okay. 2.3 MR. DEFRANCO: Skip that one, please, 24 Charles. 25 Α. Yes, please.

- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Skip that one?
- A. Yeah, it's not important.

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- Q. If somebody else wants to ask you about that, they will.
- A. Okay. Actually -- I'm sorry -- let me go back one more time. One more time.

So there's other things Jerry can also do. He can decide to show his ads to people on google.com, our search website. And for most people, that's why they're coming to Google; they want to show their ads on our website. So he can say only show my ad to people who are doing searches on google.com.

And he can also -- in the final section, you see on the bottom there, it says bidding and budget.

And this -- this refers to our -- our lauctions.

So Jerry can say, you know, here's my -- my bid. I'm willing to pay a dollar for a click. And this is how he tells us, you know, his bid for the auctions.

And that's the last step on this page.

So next page.

So let's say Jerry has gone through setting up his campaign, and he wants to start advertising. So he's going to give us information about the ads he wants to show.

And so maybe if you skip ahead to the next 1 2 one. I think it's better. 3 So -- and on the top there, you see a -- a box that says create an ad. 4 5 Let's go to that. A little -- a little hard to read, but -- so 6 what this is, is Jerry wants to show a text ad to users. And so you can see, there's a word headline and description line. There are a couple of lines there, 10 and -- exactly right there. 11 And what Jerry is doing is -- or sorry -- what 12 Charlie is doing is he's entering information about his 13 guitar lessons. So his ads, you know, would say guitar 14 lessons. 15 And you can see a preview on the right of what his ad would look like on google.com. And he can sort 16 of change the words that it would show to a user. So 17 he's going to say guitar lessons. He might say I have 18 19 the best guitar lessons in Texas, if that's who he's 20 advertising to. 21 And he also has the address for his website to click and learn more about his lessons. 22 2.3 Okay. 24 And you see -- further down, you see keywords. 25 So earlier, I talked about contextual targeting. This

is where advertisers can give us keywords or words that suggest where they want their ads to be shown.

So in this case, you see a box in the left there that says enter one keyword per line. And so what Charlie can do here is tell us the kind of -- of, you know, places he would like to show his ad.

So he may want to show his ad when someone does a search for guitar lessons. Maybe he wants to show his ad on sites about learning to play guitar. And so he can give us those -- those hints, those keywords.

- Q. Can I -- can Jerry -- I forgot.
- 12 A. Charlie. Charlie.

1

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- Q. I can't -- Charlie. Can Charlie guarantee
 where his ad will appear on a particular publisher's -sent to browsers and where they will appear on what
 sites?
- A. No. So -- I mean, what could -- what Charlie is doing is he can say -- let's say he wants his ad to be shown on the AdSense for Content. He's hoping his ad will be shown on Jerry's site, someone's site.
- 21 There's no way to really guarantee it.
- Q. Can Jerry -- Jerry -- we talked about the publisher earlier putting in the -- the first interface was which interface?
- 25 A. That was for the publisher of the websites.

And you talked about publishers can control 1 Q. 2 certain aspects or ad appearances? 3 That's right. Α. What were some of those examples? 4 5 Yeah. So, you know, Jerry could have made the Α. ads look blue or black. He could change the corners; 6 make them round or sharp. 8 Q. Can -- can the advertiser -- can Charlie do 9 that? 10 Α. No. So -- so this advertiser -- he can change the 11 words in his ad, but he can't change the color or the 13 borders. That's something that only the publisher can do, only someone like Jerry can do. 15 So -- I mean, before there was a picture of the ad on the right. And the advertiser really has no 16 17 idea how his ad is going to look when it shows up on someone's site. It could be black or blue. He really 19 has no idea. 20 THE COURT: Excuse me just a second. 21 You might want to slow your answers down. 22 THE WITNESS: Sorry. 2.3 THE COURT: Well, she's trying to take down what you say, and it will be easier for her. 25

MR. DEFRANCO: I apologize.

should have -- I'm sorry. 1 2 Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Where does taking 3 information, the words Charlie, the advertiser, put in and conforming them to color, font, those types of 5 attributes that Jerry, the publisher, put in? Where does that occur in Google's system? 6 7 Well, it sort of occurs, I guess, at the end Α. of the process. So -- I mean, the advertiser, Charlie, he's giving us kind of like a -- a blank formatted ad. 10 He's just giving us the words for the ad. You know, we don't actually, you know, add the 11 colors and things until, you know, Jerry -- Jerry's 12 13 site -- until someone goes to Jerry's site, and then we -- we figure out what ads to show and then we figure 15 out, oh, Jerry likes blue ads. 16 So at that point, we actually color in the ads and add the -- add the formats. 17 18 When you say we, is that some system at Q. 19 Google? 20 A. Yeah. So there's a computer system at Google that does that. 21 22 Q. And you said -- just to clarify, you said 23 blank formatted ads? A. Blank formatted ads. 24

Q. You mean no format?

- A. It's -- there's -- there's no format. It's just the words that -- that Jerry or -- sorry -- that Charlie has put into the ad.

 Q. Could we go back -- I'm sorry. Now I'm
 - A. No problem.

rushing you. I apologize.

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MR. DEFRANCO: Charles, can we go back to the prior set of screen shots, the one we showed before AdSense for Content? AdSense for Content, Demo 100.

- 10 Sorry? 100. Let's try 100.
- Oh, this is the one.
- Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Different products, AdSense for Mobile is also generally at issue in this case, the front end and back end.
- The ads in AdSense for Mobile, they go to phones, right?
- 17 A. That's right.
 - Q. But, generally, is the process basically the same for AdSense for Mobile products in terms of the -- let's take it one at a time -- the advertiser interface?
- A. Yeah. So -- so for Mobile advertisements, an advertiser like Charlie would also use what I showed before, the advertiser interface.
- Q. And phones -- are phones getting more or less sophisticated?

- A. More sophisticated.
- Q. And do some phones today have browsers like computers have browsers?
- A. Yes. Like I have an iPhone, and iPhones have web browsers like computers.
- Q. And the way ads are sent from Google to -- to a desktop computer, if I'm using the web, is it similar to the way that it's done for phones?
- 9 A. Yeah. So if I'm -- if I'm on a phone using a 10 web browser, it's just -- it's the same as a computer.
- 11 Q. All right. One more -- one more topic.
- MR. DEFRANCO: Let's -- let's put up
- 13 Exhibit 897.

2

3

4

5

- 14 MR. TRIBBLE: May we approach, Your
- 15 Honor? That's not in evidence.
- THE COURT: Yes.
- 17 (Bench conference.)
- MR. TRIBBLE: Your Honor, it's an e-mail,
- 19 not a business record. We have an outstanding hearsay
- 20 objection, and we also object that this was only
- 21 added -- this is the document -- this is the one
- 22 document they've produced. They added it to their
- 23 exhibit list last week.
- MR. DEFRANCO: Your Honor, it's the
- 25 same -- that's the same argument. I used this exhibit

```
with Ms. Wojcicki.
1
                  MR. TRIBBLE: You didn't move for it to
2
3
   be entered, though. I have no objection to him talking
   generally about this topic.
5
                  I tell you what; I withdraw my objection,
6
   Your Honor.
7
                  THE COURT: Okay.
8
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Just let it in.
9
                  THE COURT: All right.
10
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
                  THE COURT: It will be admitted.
11
                  (Bench conference concluded.)
12
13
             (By Mr. DeFranco) I'm just putting this e-mail
        0.
        It's got a word, and I got this word wrong.
14
15
   to make sure I've got it right.
16
             It says Explorer, right? Do you see that?
             Can you zoom in a little bit?
17
        Α.
18
             Explorer Project, is that something you're
        Q.
19
   familiar with?
20
        Α.
            Yes. I know the Explorer Project.
21
             Okay. At a very general level -- I don't want
   you to talk about software. Please don't get down to
22
2.3
   the software level.
24
             At a general level, how does Explorer -- well,
25
   let's start slow. I'm sorry. I'm trying to do three
```

```
things at once, and none of them are coming out very
 2
  well. Let me try again, please.
 3
             Is Explorer a project in development? Is it a
  prototype or beta? Is it something that's full-blown,
 5
   out on the market? Can you tell us just briefly the
   status of it?
 6
        Α.
             Sure. It's -- it's a prototype or beta.
 8
   some people are starting to use it, some advertisers.
9
        Q. And in general terms, what is it? Is it
10
   something you're working one?
            It's actually something that I -- I started at
11
        Α.
   Google.
12
13
        Ο.
            Okay.
14
             So I'm really familiar with it.
15
             When you say -- you're the one that started
16
   this project?
17
        Α.
             I mean, I -- I named it Explorer.
18
             Okay. So when -- tell us, generally, what
        Q.
19
   Explorer is.
20
        A. So generally what Explorer is, is that Google
21
   will not require an advertiser to give us any keywords
22
   or -- or placements, any -- any hints on where they
   want -- want their ad to be shown.
23
24
             Google does all that work for them, and Google
25
  basically determines where we think an ad will do well,
```

```
on what publishers we should show an ad.
 1
             Is there -- in addition to just the user, the
 2
 3
   advertiser, just putting in the words that will be used
   ultimately in the ad, is there any other keyword or
 5
  hints, I think you used, that's given by the user, the
  advertiser? Excuse me.
 6
        Α.
             No. So, I mean, if -- with Explorer, if
   Charlie wanted to have an ad for guitar lessons, he
   would just say -- you know, he would -- he would create
10
  the -- the text for the ad, basically guitar lessons,
  and then that would be it.
11
12
             So the process would be a lot simpler than
13
   what it looks like right now, and Google would do all
   the hard work for him.
14
15
            And is that -- what's the state of that
        0.
   product? Is it working? Is it not working?
16
             I mean, it's -- it's working. It's --
17
        Α.
   you know, we've been testing it with advertisers for a
   number of months. And for many of them, it's working
   really well.
20
21
                  MR. DEFRANCO: See you in a minute.
22
                  Thank you very much.
2.3
                  THE COURT: Mr. Tribble, cross-
24
   examination?
```

MR. TRIBBLE: Yes, Your Honor.

```
1
                  Your Honor, can I get one side-bar for
2
   clarification?
3
                  THE COURT: Yes, of course.
                  (Bench conference.)
4
5
                  MR. TRIBBLE: He just went beyond the
   face of the document and said, oh, we've been testing
6
   it; it's been working really well.
8
                  None of that's in the document. I'd like
9
   to get into the fact that they didn't produce the source
10
   code, didn't produce this. They haven't produced any of
   these tests showing that it's working.
11
12
                  THE COURT: Well, the way you can -- you
13
   can get into that by saying there's no software that's
   going to be introduced about this. There's no test data
14
   that's been introduced and all that. But you can't get
15
   into the failure to produce documents.
16
17
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Okay.
18
                  THE COURT: You can say, you know, you've
19
   seen no document in this trial, for instance, that it's
20
   not in trial, okay?
21
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Okay.
22
                  THE COURT: All right.
2.3
                  (Bench conference concluded.)
24
                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
25
   BY MR. TRIBBLE:
```

- Q. Good morning.
- 2 A. Good morning.
 - O. Let's talk about this last item.

What did you call it? Is it auto-targeting or

5 something?

1

3

- A. We call it Explorer. It's also called auto-targeting.
- Q. And the point of this new prototype design -9 and this is to be used for AdSense Online; is that
 10 right?
- 11 A. Yes, AdSense for Content.
- Q. You said the point was so that the advertiser would not have to enter keywords; isn't that right.
- 14 A. That's correct.
- MR. TRIBBLE: And can we put up --
- Q. (By Mr. Tribble) What page of your
- 17 demonstrative that you were walking through on AdWords
- 18 has the spot where they enter keywords?
- 19 A. That was DX Demo 119.
- MR. TRIBBLE: Can we put that up? Do you
- 21 have that demonstrative?
- Q. (By Mr. Tribble) Okay. Is this the page?
- 23 A. Yes.
- MR. TRIBBLE: Can we blow up the spot
- 25 where you enter the keywords?

```
(By Mr. Tribble) Okay.
1
        Q.
                                     This is how AdSense
   currently operates, correct?
2
3
        Α.
             Yes.
4
             This is the way it's operated the entire time
5
   you've been employed at Google?
             Yes. That's right.
6
        Α.
7
             It's the same way it's worked since the very
        0.
   beginning of AdSense?
9
        Α.
             Yes.
10
             And entering keywords -- have you read the
   patents at issue in this lawsuit?
11
12
             No, I haven't.
        Α.
             Okay. The -- there's a requirement -- one of
13
        0.
14
   the elements in the patent claim is that you must have a
   second interface, the interface for the advertisers that
15
16
   prompts them to input information to select a site.
17
             The difference between -- you understand,
   don't you, that your testimony is being introduced by
19
   the Defendant in this case, because Defendant's
20
   non-infringement expert will testify later today or
21
   tomorrow that that new system constitutes a
   non-infringing alternative?
22
2.3
                  THE COURT: Well, let me just --
24
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Object to the --
25
                  THE COURT: Well, hold on a second.
```

```
1
                  He's not going to testify tomorrow.
2
   can assure you that.
3
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Fair enough, Your Honor.
  Fair enough.
4
5
                  THE COURT: I just want to put the jury
6
   at ease.
7
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Okay. Fair enough.
8
                  THE COURT: Go ahead. I'm sorry to
9
   interrupt.
10
             (By Mr. Tribble) You understand that your
   testimony in this case only relates to whether there's a
11
   non-infringing alternative.
12
             You understand that, don't you?
13
             I mean, I don't -- I don't -- I just know my
14
15
   role is to talk about the product.
16
        Q.
             Okay.
             I don't know how it gets into things.
17
18
             But the patent requires that there be an
        Q.
19
   interface to enter information to select, and the
   difference between your system and the actual system
20
   that's being used and has been used the entire time at
21
22
   AdSense Online has been in place is that the actual
23
   system prompts the user to enter keywords.
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Objection to the reference
24
25
   of the patent with this witness, Your Honor.
```

THE COURT: Overruled. 1 2 0. (By Mr. Tribble) I'll just ask it a different 3 way. Yeah. I'm not sure I understand the question. 4 Α. 5 You'll agree that AdWords -- when used with Q. 6 AdSense, AdWords has a user interface for the advertiser? 8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. And that it has a spot for the advertiser to enter keywords, correct? 10 Α. Yes. 11 12 And -- and the difference with the alternative 13 system, the prototype that you're working on, it 14 requires no keywords. 15 Let me ask you, are you aware that this --16 entering keywords, this was the system put in place when 17 AdWords first started out? 18 Α. Yes. 19 Okay. And are you aware that in 2006, Google 20 added a -- a different type of information that the 21 advertiser could put in that was used in the selection of the websites for the ads? 22 2.3 Are you referring to placements? Α. 24 0. Yes. 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. Can you show us -- is it on the same spot, the placement?
 - A. Yes. It's further down.
 - Q. Okay. In 2006, three years after AdSense came out, they added placement targeting, correct?
 - A. That's right.

4

5

6

9

16

17

- Q. And in placement targeting, the information that's inputted are the actual URLs, the website addresses, correct?
- 10 A. That's right.
- 12 the keyword targeting, isn't it?
- A. It's -- it's different. I don't know if I
 would say it's more narrow, more or less specific. It
 depends on the situation.
 - Q. Well, in this type of targeting that was added later in the evolution of the product, you have to know the exact URL, don't you?
- 19 A. You do.
- Q. Okay. Now -- in fact, I want to clear up a

 l huge source of confusion, I believe, in this trial. I

 mean, you understand that Dr. Rhyne in our -- in our

 part of the case, he walked through slides that showed

 these same types of boxes and things and walked the jury

 through this in his infringement analysis.

```
Has anyone made you aware of that?
 1
             No.
 2
        Α.
 3
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Objection --
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Okay. I'll move on.
 4
 5
                  MR. DEFRANCO: I object to that.
 6
                  THE COURT: Well, I'll overrule the
 7
   objection.
 8
                  MR. TRIBBLE: I was actually checking
9
   into that, Your Honor. Thank you.
10
             (By Mr. Tribble) Now, do you see any claim --
  well, let me ask you this.
11
12
             Just looking at the claim as you have it here
13
   today, do you see content targeting listed in any of
  these words in the claim?
14
15
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Objection. It's for the
16
   Court to interpret the claims, Your Honor.
17
                  THE COURT: Overruled.
18
        Α.
             I don't see content targeting.
19
             (By Mr. Tribble) Do you see auctioning or
20
   auction process or pricing?
21
        A. No, I don't.
22
            Have you applied for patents on other things?
2.3
                  MR. DEFRANCO: I object. This is the
  patent issue, Your Honor.
25
                  THE COURT: Overruled.
```

- A. Yes, I have filed for patents.
- Q. (By Mr. Tribble) Well, you are aware, aren't
 you, as -- from your familiarity with the patent process
 that for a patent to be infringed, all that's necessary
 is that the elements listed in the claim are present in
- 6 the accused system?
 - A. I mean, I'm -- I don't -- I've filed patents, but I'm definitely not a patent expert.
 - Q. Okay. Fair enough.
- THE COURT: Well, are you aware of that,
- 11 in response to his question?
- 12 THE WITNESS: So maybe you can ask the
- 13 question again.
- 14 Q. (By Mr. Tribble) I'm not trying to beat up on
- 15 you.

- 16 A. Okay.
- Q. It's simply this: To infringe a patent, all
- 18 that's required is the accused system embodies the
- 19 elements listed in the claim. And so, for example, if
- 20 it had a bunch of other features -- you know, it might
- 21 have all kinds of features.
- 22 As long as it had the elements listed in the
- 23 claim, it would infringe that claim. Are you aware of
- 24 that?
- A. I guess that makes sense to me.

Okay. And so if auctioning and content 1 Q. 2 targeting are not part of these claims listed here in 3 this asserted claim in this lawsuit, then they would not be relevant to infringement of this claim. 5 Would you agree with that? Well, I noticed -- I think I saw the word 6 select on that claim, and I think for us the contextual targeting option is how we select our ads. 9 Q. Okay. 10 So it's hard for me to separate the 11 separate --12 Q. Fair enough. 13 And I think Dr. Rhyne testified about that as 14 well, that the system -- the way the system does the 15 selection, the Google system, it does content targeting 16 to do the selection, but that the information --17 information used in that process is input through the AdWords interface. 19 Would you agree with that? 20 Α. So -- I mean, our option -- I'm not sure I totally agree, to be honest. I think -- you know, we 21 use the information. 22 2.3 Let me ask it this way. Q.

In the matching process, are you more

24

25

Α.

Q.

Yeah.

```
comfortable with that?
1
2
        Α.
            Okay.
3
        Q. Okay. In the matching process, do you use
   those keywords?
4
5
            Yes, we do.
        Α.
6
             And so in the selection process, are you
  comfortable with that?
8
        A. Yes.
9
        0.
            Is that information that's input used to
10
  select?
11
       Α.
            Yes.
12
        Q.
             Okay.
             So it's -- I mean, I'm not sure I discussed
13
14
  selection, but it selects the ads that, you know, may go
15
  into the auction.
16
       Q. Okay. Let's go through a few other things.
  Ad -- AdSense Direct, it has a couple hundred customers,
17
  correct?
18
19
        Α.
             That's correct.
20
            A couple hundred. How many customers does
  AdSense Online have?
21
22
        Α.
            Probably over a million.
2.3
        Q. Over a million.
24
             And it wouldn't be feasible to move all the
25 AdSense Online customers on over to AdSense Direct,
```

```
would it?
 1
 2
        Α.
             No.
 3
             And so if someone were arguing that a
  non-infringing alternative to the AdSense Online system
 5
   would be that Google could simply move all those million
  customers over to AdSense Direct, which currently has a
 6
   couple hundred customers, you would disagree with that,
 8
   wouldn't you?
 9
             So the question is, could you move --
10
        Q.
             Let me ask it this way.
11
        Α.
             Yeah.
12
             Do you think it would be profitable to move a
        Q.
   million AdSense Online customers over to becoming
   AdSense Direct customers?
14
15
             I mean, it wouldn't be feasible to move a
16
   million AdSense publishers over to Direct.
17
        Q.
             Fair enough.
18
             And -- and let's -- do I have your slide?
19
             Here they are.
20
             Let's go back to your AdWords exhibit.
                                                       Which
21
   one did you cover first, AdSense?
             I did AdSense first and then AdWords.
22
        Α.
2.3
             Let's look at AdSense. That's -- what is
        Ο.
   that, DX100?
24
25
        Α.
             Yes.
```

```
DX Demo 100. Let's go to Page 106.
 1
        Q.
 2
             And Dr. Rhyne went over this, but just -- this
 3
   is a user interface for the publishers to use, right?
   The web pages?
 4
 5
             That's right.
        Α.
 6
             And it allows you to set color, background
 7
   color, right?
 8
        A. That's right.
            Border color?
9
        0.
        A. That's right.
10
        O. Font color?
11
12
            Yes.
        Α.
             Okay. Is that information stored in a
13
        Q.
14
  database?
15
        Α.
            Presently it is, yes.
16
        Q.
             Presently?
17
             First interface -- database, are you -- are
18
   there plans to change that as well?
19
        Α.
             No, there are not.
20
        Q..
             Okay. Just checking.
21
             Let's go to the AdWords demo. I think we -- I
   guess we've talked about all this. It's a user
22
2.3
   interface.
24
             You agree with that?
25
        A. On AdWords? Yes.
```

```
1
        Q. Yes. Okay.
 2
             Now, I just have a few documents I wanted to
 3
   go through with you, if I can find them.
 4
             Here they are.
 5
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Let's look at 1668.
 6
  Your Honor, I have copies.
 7
                  THE COURT: Of course.
 8
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
 9
                  THE WITNESS: Thank you.
10
                  MR. TRIBBLE: Thank you.
11
             (By Mr. Tribble) And I just had a couple of
12
   questions about this.
             This is a Google presentation about AdSense
13
14
  for Content, correct?
15
        A. I'm not sure I know this document, but it
16
   looks like it is, yes.
17
        Q. And it says confidential. This is an internal
   Google document discussing AdSense, correct?
19
            Yes. Yes.
20
        Q. Okay. I just wanted to ask you -- turn to
21
   Page 3546.
             Do you see the question: What is the revenue
22
2.3
  share?
24
        Α.
            Yes, I see that question.
25
             The revenue share, that's the portion of the
```

```
money that Google pays back to the publishers?
1
2
        Α.
             Yes.
3
        Q. Okay. And do you agree that it is true that
  Google does not disclose to the publishers the exact
5
  revenue share, correct?
             For -- for Online publishers, that's correct.
6
7
             Yeah. But it says: However, we, Google, are
        Q.
  being very aggressive and generous with the amount we
9
  provide publishers.
10
             Do you agree with that?
11
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Object, Your Honor.
                                                       This
   is a technical person. He doesn't deal with financial
12
  considerations about revenue.
13
                  THE COURT: Overruled.
14
15
        Α.
             Do I agree with that?
16
             (By Mr. Tribble) Yeah.
        Q.
17
             I mean, we are -- we are paying publishers the
        Α.
18
  majority of the revenue we collect from advertisers.
19
            And do you agree that Google is being very
20
   aggressive and generous in setting the amount that it
21
  pays out to the publishers?
22
             It seems generous. I don't know if it's
        Α.
23
   aggressive. I don't really have a good way to measure
24
   that --
25
        Q. Okay.
```

- A. -- to be honest.
- 2 Q. Fair enough.
- A. I mean, I would say it's -- it's -- it's their website, so they kind of deserve it, is the way I would
- 5 think about it.

- Q. Do you know the amount they're getting?
- 7 A. I do, yes.
- Q. Okay.
- 9 MR. TRIBBLE: Now, let's go to
- 10 Exhibit 1656.
- 11 Q. (By Mr. Tribble) I just wanted to ask you one
- 12 question. You were talking about, in discussing your
- 13 prototype, you know, that -- satisfying users' needs and
- 14 things like that.
- Do you recall that?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And you have some familiarity with what the
- 18 customers of AdSense want and what they value.
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Would you agree that the AdSense
- 21 publishers value the ease of use of the system?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And that it's automated?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And I just -- take a look at the third

```
In this customer survey, customers of AdSense
 1
  page.
 2
  were asked, what do you like best about AdSense?
 3 \mid \text{And do you see that the } -- \text{ the highest answer, } 31
  percent of those responding, the single feature that
 5
   they liked best was the ease of use and the ease of
 6
   setup?
 7
             Do you see that?
 8
        Α.
             Yes, I see that.
 9
        Q.
             And second was the revenue that was generated
10
   by this automated system.
11
        Α.
             Okay.
12
        Q. Fourth was the customization.
             And fifth was the clean user interface.
13
14
        Α.
             Okay.
15
             And so all of those combined are about 68
16
   percent of everyone responding; would you agree with
17
   t.hat.?
18
        Α.
             Yes.
19
                   MR. TRIBBLE: I pass the witness.
20
                   THE COURT: Redirect?
21
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
22
   BY MR. DEFRANCO:
2.3
             I've got to earn my keep, so let's see what I
24
   can ask you.
25
             You were asked a series of questions about an
```

```
expert, Dr. Rhyne.
1
             Do you remember that?
2
3
        Α.
             Yes.
             Do you understand that you're not allowed to
4
5
   be in the courtroom when other witnesses are testifying?
             Yes. Yes, that's right.
6
        Α.
7
             Have you ever heard of Dr. Rhyne before?
        Q..
8
             No, I haven't.
        Α.
9
        Q.
             Now, you were asked about content targeting
10
   and selection. Is the content targeting that Google
   does part of the -- the selection process as to which ad
11
   is going to be -- appear on a user's browser?
12
13
        Α.
             Yes, it is.
14
             And -- and among the three pieces, parts,
15
   contributor, advertisers, Google publishers, is there
16
   one you would point to as to where the selection process
17
   takes place?
18
             I mean, I would -- I would say Google --
19
   Google is managing the selection process.
20
             You were asked about Online versus Direct.
        Q.
21
        Α.
             Yes.
22
             Is there a separate group for Online within
        Q.
23
   Google?
24
        Α.
             Separate group?
25
             In other words, you're -- you're in the --
        Q.
```

```
you're in the Online group, right?
1
2
            Yes. I --
3
        Q. And how many -- do you have an idea,
  generally, how many people service the -- the Google
5
  noncomputer customers, like the Online customers?
             How many people?
6
7
             I'm sorry. Bad question. Hunger.
        Q.
8
             Do you know how many people within Google
9
  service the customers, the publishers, who are Direct
10
  publishers?
11
       A. Who are Direct publishers? I don't really
12
  know.
13
        0.
            Okay. But you said it's -- there's
14
   something -- about a hundred customers now, right?
15
            A couple hundred customers.
16
            Okay. And what -- the Direct sales force team
        Q.
   currently serves a hundred customers; is that correct?
17
18
           Yes. There's a Direct sales team that manages
19
   those couple hundred customers.
20
        Q. And you said it wasn't feasible for the -- for
   Google to handle a million customers directly; is that
21
   right?
22
2.3
             That's right.
        Α.
            With the hundred people, right?
24
        0.
25
             Could Google hire more people to service more
```

```
people directly?
 1
 2
             We would have -- we would have to hire more
 3
  people to do that, that's right.
             Could it be handled, the million or more, with
 4
 5
   the current number of Direct people?
        Α.
 6
             No.
 7
                  MR. DEFRANCO: That's it. Thank you.
 8
                  MR. TRIBBLE: No questions, Your Honor.
 9
                  THE COURT: May this witness be excused?
10
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes, Your Honor.
11
   you.
12
                  THE COURT: All right. You may step
13
   down. If you'd just leave this stuff up there, someone
14
   will take care of it.
15
                  THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you.
16
                  THE COURT: Call your next witness.
17
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Your Honor, we're going
18
  to -- that was the last Google witness. We're now going
19
   to talk to prior art witnesses, and the first is Karen
20
  Delfau.
                  THE COURT: It's a live witness or --
21
22
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Yes, Your Honor.
2.3
                  COURTROOM DEPUTY: Raise your right hand,
   please.
24
25
                  (Witness sworn.)
```

```
THE COURT: If you'll speak into the
1
2
  microphone and keep your voice up for me, it will help.
3
                  Also, don't talk too quickly, because
   she'll have a difficult time taking down your answers,
4
5
   okay?
                  THE WITNESS: Yes.
6
7
                  THE COURT: Proceed.
8
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Thank you, Your Honor.
9
           KAREN DELFAU, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, SWORN
10
                      DIRECT EXAMINATION
11
   BY MR. DEFRANCO:
12
            Would you please state your full name for the
   record?
13
14
            Karen Elaine Delfau.
        Α.
15
             You're going to need -- can you speak a little
   bit more into the microphone? I'm quilty of the same
16
17
   thing, so...
18
        Α.
             Okay.
19
        Q.
             And where do you currently work?
20
             I work at Google.
        Α.
21
             So there's no confusion, you're here to
   testify about what product today, generally?
22
2.3
             The DoubleClick DART product.
        Α.
24
             Okay. And how did you come to work at Google?
        0.
25
             Well, I worked at DoubleClick since February
```

- of 1998, and DoubleClick was acquired by Google in March of 2008, and I became a Google employee at that time.
- Q. Okay. And are you aware, just very generally, that one of the issues in this case is whether the DoubleClick system is prior art to the patents at issue?
 - A. Yes, vaguely aware of that.
- Q. Well, have you ever -- have you ever read the patents?
- A. I have not.

2

3

5

6

7

8

- Q. Okay. Well, we want to ask you about

 DoubleClick, so let's just get a little background on

 the record.
- If you wouldn't mind just telling us, we ask everyone, your educational background, please.
- A. Okay. So I went to the United States of
 California at San Diego where I was a chemistry major
 for three years, and then I decided chemistry wasn't for
 me, so I ended up graduating with a bachelor's in
 communications and a minor in chemistry and a minor in
 writing.
- And then I went to the American University of
 Paris where I got a graduate certificate in technical
 writing.
- Q. Okay. And why don't you just -- briefly just walk through your employment background generally for

us.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

So after the American University, I had an internship and was a technical writer at a small firm in -- just outside of Paris. I moved -- called Morpho Systems.

I moved to another company called Bull/Zenith Data Systems and was, again, a technical writer.

After about 18 months, I changed jobs and went to a small French company that worked in financial risk management, and I was a technical writer and then managed a group of technical writers and then began working on training materials.

So then we were purchased by Reuters, and they sent me to New York when they purchased another company and asked me to, basically, do the same thing, create a documentation team and training program.

- Okay. And at some point, did you join Ο. 18 DoubleClick?
- 19 And after about a year -- two years in New 20 York at Reuters, I joined DoubleClick.
- 21 And what did you do when you first joined the Ο. company? What was your job title, if you remember? 22 What were your responsibilities, please? 23
- 24 So I was hired as -- in client relations, and 25 the responsibility was to build a training program for

DoubleClick clients.

1

2

3

5

6

7

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

I quickly realized that we needed training materials, user documentation, and that I couldn't do it all, so I began hiring a team of both technical writers and trainers to do that.

- Q. And what -- what type of -- what types of user -- what are user manuals used for?
- A. They're -- they're just guides or information that we give to clients to show them how to use our products.
 - Q. And you -- did you mention technical documents? Is that different from user manuals or --
 - A. We did a little bit of both. We did some kind of overview and concepts documents that were for our engineers that explained the complex algorithms. I hired somebody to do that. The majority of our work was focused on user documentation.
- Q. Okay. You don't have a -- I apologize, if you said this. Do you have any kind of software degree?
- 20 A. I don't.
- Q. It's in a different area of science?
- 22 A. Yes. It was in chemistry.
- Q. Okay. Do -- but, generally, in the work that you do, user manuals, technical documents, do you have to have a technical understanding of the systems you

deal with?

1

2

3

5

6

9

10

12

13

14

19

20

21

- A. Yes. The way I usually talk about it is, it's almost like you're a translator talking to the engineers technically and then communicating that to a layperson in a way they can understand the information.
- Q. Okay. And tell -- tell us, as best you can, what business was DoubleClick in at the time you joined the company back in '98?
 - A. In internet advertising.
 - Q. Was that your first experience in that area?
- 11 A. Yes, it was.
 - Q. And tell us a little bit -- give us just a little bit more detail about DoubleClick's internet advertising business at the time you joined the company.
- A. Well, when I joined the company, the primary focus was the DoubleClick media network. And that was a company that used technology to help advertisers run ad campaigns on publisher websites.
 - As I joined -- I joined to be part of a new division, which was selling that DART technology to other publishers so that they could create their own AdNetworks.
- Q. Okay. Let -- let's get some -- let's get some
 terms down, because we're going to -- we're going to
 talk about these systems, and I think we'll use your

```
terms, but they're not familiar to many of us.
1
             What -- what does DART stand for?
2
3
             Dynamic Advertising Reporting and Targeting.
        Α.
             And is there a term known as DFA?
4
        0.
5
             Yes.
        Α.
            And what's DFA?
6
        Q..
7
        Α.
            DART for Advertisers.
8
        Q.
            And -- and is there DFP? What's DFP?
9
        Α.
            DART for Publishers.
             And what was -- when you say DART, D-A-R-T --
10
  right -- you said it's Dynamic Advertising Reporting and
11
  Targeting? What did that do?
12
13
        A. Well, the DART system was the technology
  behind our ability to sell and manage online advertising
14
15
   campaigns to serve ads, to report on how ads were
16
  served, to target ads.
          And was that system located within -- well,
17
  where was it? Was it at DoubleClick? Was it someplace
19
   else?
20
            Well, we -- I mean, the system is run from a
21
  data center. You know, we grew from one data center to
  many data centers. It's a redundant distributed system.
22
            And where do -- where do the advertisements
2.3
   that are in that part of the system, where did they come
```

from?

- A. Well, when advertisements are entered into the application, they're stored in the DART production database.
- Q. And where do -- and where do advertisements go from that system?
 - A. Well, they get served on publisher websites.
- Q. And what -- what interface or part of the system is used to get advertisements into the DoubleClick system?
- A. So both DART for Advertisers and DART for Publishers have a graphical user interface that the -- our clients would use to describe the ad, to enter information about the ad, targeting criteria, where the ad was -- sorry -- to be served, what time of day, what day of week, how you wanted it to look, all kinds of information about the campaign start and end dates.
- Q. And -- well, can you give us -- let's talk about examples to make this clear.

Can you give us an example of somebody that would want to use -- let's start with the DART for Publisher piece. Can you give us an example of that?

A. Sure.

2.3

So an example of a publisher would be CNN.

And just like a newspaper, CNN would need to run

advertisements to run their business.

And so CNN would have a sales force that would go out and make deals with advertisers and then book their ads and have ads served to the user's browser when the user was on the CNN website.

- Q. And give us an example of somebody who had used the DFA part.
- A. So a good example is like General Motors would want to run campaigns across many sites on the internet. And so GM might have multiple campaigns -- one campaign and multiple ads, and they would want to run an ad on maybe cars.com; they could run on CNN; they could run an ad on Kelley Blue Book, basically, any site on the internet.
- Q. And D-A-R-T, did that relate to the other two pieces that -- in the examples you just described?
 - A. Well, DART is the underlying technology of the application.
- Q. Okay. And we're going to get into this -- in this in more detail, but do you remember generally when DFA was first used by people outside of DoubleClick?
 - A. So I started in February -- early February of 1998, and one of the -- kind of first things I did in the first couple of months was to start learning DFA.

 We were just in the process of rolling that out, so it was the spring of '98.

```
1 Q. When was -- when was the -- I think I started
```

- 2 with DFA. When was DFP first available?
- 3 A. Well -- so the technology was available in
- 4 1996 when the company was founded. And they began
- 5 licensing DFP to clients in the fall of 1997. The first
- 6 company was Wall Street Journal, who wanted to use the
- 7 software on their own.
- Q. Okay. Let's -- let's talk about some
- 9 documents.
- MR. DEFRANCO: Let's put up on the
- 11 screen, please, Exhibit 596.
- 12 Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) You'll have one in your
- 13 binder, if you see it. You should be able to see it on
- 14 the screen, and, hopefully, that will help.
- Would you tell us, please, what this document
- 16 is?
- 17 A. This is training material for DART for
- 18 Advertisers' clients.
- 19 Q. And there's a -- there's a date, I think,
- 20 right here.
- MR. DEFRANCO: If we could scroll -- can
- 22 you blow that out?
- 23 Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Can you see that date?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And can you read that to us, please?

```
1
                 MR. NELSON: Do you have copy of the
 2
   documents?
 3
                 MR. DEFRANCO: Oh, I'm sorry. I
 4
   apologize.
 5
                 Your Honor, may I approach the witness?
                  THE COURT: Yes.
 6
 7
                 MR. DEFRANCO: It's 596.
 8
       Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Okay. Have you seen this
9
   before?
10
     A. Yes.
   And I'm sorry. I cut you off. You were telling us the
11
  date of the document?
13
       A. June, July of 1998 is when the document was
14
  created.
15
       Q. Okay. Let's talk about some of the
16
  information that's in the document.
17
                 MR. DEFRANCO: Turn to the second page,
18 the bottom half of -- let's see, I'm going to look
  for -- Charles, can you put up the document number
20
  again?
21
                 Let's look at Page No. 40241 of
22 Exhibit 596.
2.3
     Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) Okay. There's a -- there's
24 a chart there. It talks about -- do you see it says:
25
  Concepts of the DFA network?
```

A. Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

Q. How to set up and manage ad campaigns using the DFA network.

Targeting capabilities, do you remember what that was about?

- A. Well, targeting capabilities are the different properties you set for an ad that is the way that the ad is served.
- So I mentioned before, you can target an ad to run only on a specific day of the week, time of day, only to users who have a McIntosh or who have a PC, to specific websites. There's -- there's a very long list
- 13 that is listed later in this document --
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. -- of all the targeting capabilities.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 MR. DEFRANCO: Charles, next page,
- 18 please, the bottom half of the document.
- 19 Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) There's a business model
- 20 architecture there.
- Do you see that?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Can you tell us what that shows, please?
- A. This is kind of a very high-level overview of
- 25 kind of how DFA works.

```
1
             So it shows -- if you start with the little
2
  user on the computer, that's the user who goes to the
3
  site, and it looks like it's www.clubtours.com.
             So when you go enter a URL to a site, the
4
5
  site -- the browser calls the site's web server to load
  the page. On that page, there are html ads, which are
6
  represented by this ad banner, that calls the DFA ad
8
   servers, which in turn serve the ad that you see there.
9
        Q. Okay.
10
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's turn to the next
   slide, please.
11
12
                  And the top -- Charles, would you please
   expand the top, please?
13
14
        Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) We've talked -- I'll tell
15
  you -- I'll try to get this straight.
16
             We've been talking in this case about
17
   different pieces of -- of Google's system. I don't want
18
   to get into Google's system with you, but talking about
19
   advertisers on one end and publishers on one side.
20
        Α.
            Uh-huh.
21
            Can you tell us, on this slide, are those two
   parties discussed here?
22
          So the advertiser, you see that there's a
2.3
24
  definition of that, a client who runs or buys campaigns.
25
  A publisher is the person or business entity running the
```

site. 1 So that is a reference to a publisher. 2 3 And it talks about ad placement. Q.. Do you see that? 4 5 Yes. Α. What was -- what was that describing? 6 Q. 7 That's what we generally refer to in shorthand Α. as an ad and all of the information about the ad, the dates, times, targeting, et cetera. 10 Q. Okay. MR. DEFRANCO: Let's keep going, please. 11 Let's move to Document No. 44. I'm going to skip a 12 13 page, Page 5. 14 Q. (By Mr. DeFranco) There's a chart down at the 15 bottom that says the DFA process. 16 Α. Yes. Q. And it's got a number of steps there. 17 18 Α. Yes. 19 Q. What are those steps -- who are those steps 20 for? Those are for the advertiser or the publisher? 21 This is for the advertiser. The intent here Α. is just to give the person in training an overview of 22 the -- of the process involved in getting DFA to start 23 24 serving ad -- your ads. 25 Q. Okay. And can you just, in a couple of

```
sentences -- I don't want to belabor the point -- just
1
   walk through those steps with us? Is that okay?
2
3
  you -- can you do that?
             Sure. Yeah. Yeah. Very clear.
        Α.
4
5
             I mean, this is really the steps that the --
   the advertiser works with the sales engineer to set up
6
   their system to -- to use DFA.
8
             Is that initially when they want to --
        Q.
9
             It's a one-time thing, right.
10
        Q.
             Yeah.
11
        Α.
             Then the media buyer goes and buys advertising
   space from publishers on publisher websites.
12
             Then they hand off information to a
13
   trafficker, and the trafficker is the person at the
14
15
   advertiser who actually enters the information about the
   ad, the targeting criteria, the properties, all those
16
   things I've been referring to.
17
18
             And then DFA generates the html tags that the
19
   trafficker then sends to those websites where the ad is
20
   running or it's targeted to.
21
        Q.
            Okay.
22
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's -- let's move ahead
23
   a couple of pages, No. 7 in this document.
24
             (By Mr. DeFranco) And at the bottom half of
        0.
   the page, there's something called -- I think it's
25
```

```
called create advertiser --
 1
 2
        Α.
             Yes.
 3
             -- at the top?
        Ο.
 4
             Do you see that?
 5
        Α.
             Yes.
             What is that menu showing?
 6
        Q.
 7
             So that's part of the one-time setup that I
  mentioned. This is where the DART sales engineer would
   work with the -- probably the technical person at the
   advertiser to, you know, enter basic information about
10
  the advertiser.
11
12
        Q. All right.
13
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's turn to Page 10,
14
  please, of this document at the top.
15
             (By Mr. DeFranco) It talks about rich media.
16
   What is rich media?
17
             I'm sorry. Where are you?
        Α.
18
        Q.
             Let me slow down. It's Page 10 --
19
             No. I don't know which page.
20
             -- at the top. It's got two bullet points,
        Q.
21
   actually, browsers and banners, rich media.
22
             Do you see that?
2.3
        Α.
             Oh, yes. Sorry.
24
        Ο.
             What -- what are those two bullet points
25
   referring to?
```

1 Α. So this talks -- sorry. I need a little 2 context here. Just a second. 3 (Witness reviews document.) So this is explaining the various fields on 4 5 the create advertiser page that you just referred to, and it kind of gives some information about each field and the type of information that should be put in there. 8 Q. Are there -- are there different types of 9 advertisements that the DFA system could handle? 10 Α. Yes. 11 0. What are those types? 12 There's the standard image ads. There's Α. animated -- which are GIFS or JPEGS. There's animated 14 images, which are kind of rotating or looping images. 15 There is a wide variety of rich media, which is anything 16 from an html text ad to a CGI to Shockwave, JavaScript, more sophisticated type of ads. There's simple text 17 18 ads. 19 Q. Okay. 20 Α. That's about it. 21 Just give -- give us a little simpler 22 understanding of what an image ad is. 2.3 It's just an image. Α. 24 0. That was good. Yeah. 25 So image versus text, how do they differ?

```
Well, text is just simply words. An image is,
1
        Α.
  you know, like any image. It can be anything from a
2
3 photograph to a picture.
             Okay. And if -- if a user of the DFA system
4
5
   wanted to put in a text ad, is there a place in this
   document where it's shown how that works?
6
            Yes.
                   There's -- there's several ways to do
   it, but --
9
        Q.
             Well, I don't want to miss anything.
10
        Α.
             Okay.
             Is there a first way?
11
        Q.
12
        Α.
             There is a first way.
13
             So one of the ways of doing that --
14
             Is there -- let me just cut you off to save
        Ο.
15
   time.
16
             Is there an interface in here they can use?
            Yes.
17
        Α.
18
             All right. Why don't we jump to that.
        Q.
19
             So I don't know the page offhand. It's in the
   general properties, ad properties page.
20
21
             I've got it down -- what's shown on Page 12?
        Ο.
22
   I have a tab on Page 12 in my binder. I thought that
   was it, but maybe I'm wrong.
23
24
             Can you turn to Page 12 at the top?
25
             I don't know what page you're referring to.
```

Okay. Sorry, sorry, sorry.

1

2

3

5

6

8

9

- Q. Do you know what's shown there?
- A. Yes. That is the parameters that you would set at the site level to indicate how the site receives and displays any kind of rich media or html.
- Q. Okay. So to be clear, is this at the advertisers' side or the publishers' side?
- A. So this is on the advertisers' side. And the site would give the advertiser that information.
- So you see the note that site technical specifications will be set to default unless otherwise addressed with your sales engineer.
- Q. Okay. And you talked about -- about text that could be used as an ad. Could text be put in here as an ad?
- A. No. This is -- these are the headers and footers that go and surround the text ad --
- 18 Q. Okay.
- 19 A. -- when the ad's delivered. So it's part of 20 that dynamic generation of the ad.
- Q. Okay. And where would -- where would the user put in text if they wanted to put in a text ad?
- A. You could do that on the ad properties page.
- Q. Okay. Is that what you're looking for?
- 25 A. Yeah.

```
All right. Well, let me -- sorry for that
 1
        Q.
 2
   diversion, but that was helpful.
 3
             If you -- is that -- is the properties page
   shown in here; do you know?
 4
 5
        Α.
             It is.
 6
        Q..
             Okay.
 7
             I can't find it.
        Α.
 8
            Okay. We'll come back to that. It may be in
        Q.
   another document. I'll take a look for it.
9
             It's here. It's here. Okay.
10
        Α.
             There's -- if you look at -- we're going to --
11
   we're going to go to another exhibit in a little bit,
   but let's turn to -- there's something in your binder
13
   called 594?
14
15
        A. Uh-huh.
16
        Q. And at the bottom, it's 209, is the number.
   Is that the ads property page?
17
18
        Α.
             Yes.
19
             Okay. Why don't -- why don't you tell us
20
   what -- what that page is about.
21
             So this is where I mentioned you set the
        Α.
22
   general properties of an ad.
2.3
        Q.
             When you say you?
24
             Sorry. A trafficker.
        Α.
25
        Q.
            Or --
```

- A. An advertiser. So it's the --
- Q. Okay. Can you walk us through this a little
- 3 bit?

1

4

- A. Yeah.
- So the -- the way this worked was, there was a section called General Properties. If you see all the way over to the very right, there's a link that says:

Set guarantee properties.

- 9 So you would click that, and you would have a
- 10 form to fill out with the name of the ad, after
- 11 click-through, URL, banner size, and so on. And so a
- 12 variety of properties.
- And then I think on the next page or two pages
- 14 later, there's the rest of the pages shown.
- 15 Q. And is there a place where text could be put
- 16 in?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Where -- where would -- did you point that
- 19 out? Where would that be?
- 20 A. So it's very small. I can't see it. It's
- 21 called -- it's such a bad copy. It's called either ad
- 22 html or it's called rich media.
- 23 And the reason that I don't know which one it
- 24 is, is because that was part of a change in terminology
- 25 that happened in kind of -- probably late '98, beginning

```
of '99. I think probably '98, we just -- we changed the
 1
 2
  name of that field.
 3
             But you just click that and open a form and
   enter the text.
 4
 5
        Q. Now, this document -- the first document that
  we looked at, which had some dates on the front, can you
 6
   go back and remind us of the dating convention that you
   were using at the time at DoubleClick?
9
        Α.
            This document or the previous one?
             The 596, that document.
10
             So one of the conventions we used for training
11
        Α.
  materials was the creation date. So that was the June,
12
13
   July 1998.
14
             And then that second date was 12/13/99.
15
   so that was when the document was printed to be used in
   a training class.
16
        Q. That -- this version or --
17
18
        Α.
            Yes.
19
             Okay. And generally -- and when did you get
        Q.
20
   to DoubleClick?
21
        A. In February of '98.
22
             Okay. The features we went over in this
   document, do you remember dealing with those features in
23
   the -- in the June, July '98 timeframe.
24
```

25

A. Yes.

1 Q. And let's go to a different exhibit for a 2 moment. 3 MR. DEFRANCO: It's DX671. 0. (By Mr. DeFranco) Are you with me? 4 5 Α. Yes. Okay. Now, can you tell us what this page is? 6 Q. 7 So this is the ad properties page for DART for Publishers. 9 Ο. Okay. And this is a little bit easier to read 10 than the other copy we looked at, I think. 11 Α. Yeah. And, again, can you remind us, what different 12 kinds of ads could DoubleClick serve? 13 14 A. I mean, really it was kind of up to the 15 imagination of the client. For the most part, we served standard image ads, animated images, any kind of rich 16 media, which is anything from html to Shockwave to video 17 and standard text. 18 19 Did -- did customers, advertisers actually use 20 standard text ads back when you joined DoubleClick? 21 Yeah, some did. Α. 22 Were image ads or text ads -- was one or the other more prevalent in the internet at that time? 23

Well, I don't know about in the internet, but,

you know, that was one of the things that we did, is

24

25

```
allow clients to do both, depending on what their needs
1
   were, image ads or text ads.
2
3
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Now, let's turn to another
   document Exhibit 373.
4
5
             (By Mr. DeFranco) Have you seen that document
        Q.
6
   before?
7
        Α.
             I don't know if I have a tab.
8
        Q.
            It's a tab -- I'm sorry. It's Tab 373.
9
        Α.
             I don't think I have --
10
        Q..
             It's a different document in your binder.
        Α.
             Oh.
11
12
        Q.
            Okay. Have you seen this before?
             Yes, I have.
13
        Α.
14
             Is this something that was prepared by people
15
  who worked for you or with you at DoubleClick?
16
        Α.
            Yes.
        Q. And was this a -- did this document exist back
17
18
   in 1998; do you know?
19
             Yeah. That's when we started writing those --
20
   all the documents for the DART for Advertisers products.
21
                  MR. DEFRANCO: And let's turn to Page
   4610, is one I want to take you to.
22
2.3
        Q.
             (By Mr. DeFranco) Can you tell us generally
24
   what's shown on that page?
25
            And we use -- we use the term -- I know you
```

```
use traffickers, and I'm not trying to correct you, but,
1
  you know, that's the term we understand here.
2
             If you can use advertisers --
3
        Α.
             Okay.
4
5
            -- when it is an advertiser, that would be --
  make it easier.
6
             But can you describe, generally, what's shown
8
  on this page?
9
             So this is the process that the advertiser
10
  takes to enter a campaign into DART for Advertisers.
                                                         Ιt
   starts with, you know, log in to DART for advertisers.
11
  There's the one-time setup that's shown here, creating
12
13
  buys, indicating which sites that the ad is running or
  targeted to, and then talking about all of the ad
14
15
  properties that the advertiser would enter about the ad.
16
        Q.
            Okay.
                  MR. DEFRANCO: And let's go to 4623.
17
18
             (By Mr. DeFranco) And what does this -- what
        Q.
19
   does this page describe?
20
        Α.
             This is the step-by-step procedure that the
21
   advertiser follows, first, to declare the buy. So what
22
   was purchased, what kind of advertising was purchased on
2.3
  which sites.
24
        Q. Now, it's got some -- in Box 5, I want to
25
  point you to something that says CLK command.
```

```
Do you see that?
1
2
        Α.
            Yes.
3
            What does that refer to?
        Ο.
            So that's the click command.
4
        Α.
5
             And what's a click command?
        Q..
             Well, that's a means that you have of tracking
6
   clicks on text ads.
8
        Q.
            We saw something before, a term html. Are you
9
  familiar with html?
            Well, yes.
10
        Α.
            What is html?
11
        0.
            Html is a simple markup language that's used
12
        Α.
13
  to display text or pages on the internet.
14
          Can you -- can you give us an example of that?
15
  If I have text, and I'm using html, how do the two
16
  relate?
        A. Well, you can use html to change how the text
17
   looks, to change the font, to change the color of the
19
  font, to put a box around it.
20
       Q. When using DoubleClick, do you remember, did
   an -- did an advertiser have to use html code?
21
22
       A. No.
2.3
                  MR. DEFRANCO: Let's turn to Page 625.
24
                  THE COURT: Mr. DeFranco, it's -- we're
25
  at the noon hour now, and we're going to break, take a
```

```
lunch recess.
2
                  Ladies and Gentlemen, take an hour and 15
3 minutes. Have a nice lunch.
 4
                  Remember my prior instructions, and don't
5 talk about the case.
6
                  COURT SECURITY OFFICER: All rise.
 7
                  (Jury out.)
8
                  THE COURT: All right. Court will be in
  recess until 1:15.
9
10
                  (Recess.)
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	
2	<u>CERTIFICATION</u>
3	
4	I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing is a
5	true and correct transcript from the stenographic notes
6	of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter to the
7	best of my ability.
8	
9	
10	
11	/s/SUSAN SIMMONS, CSR Date
12	Official Court Reporter State of Texas No.: 267 Expiration Date: 12/31/10
13	
14	
15	
16	/s/
	Deputy Official Court Reporter State of Texas No.: 7804 Expiration Date 12/31/10
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
2425	
<u> </u>	