

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
MARSHALL DIVISION**

PAID SEARCH ENGINE TOOLS, LLC

Plaintiff,

v.

GOOGLE, INC. and MICROSOFT
CORPORATION,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2-08CV-061

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

To expedite the flow of discovery materials, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that only materials the parties are entitled to keep confidential are subject to such treatment, and to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonably necessary uses of such materials in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c), it is hereby ORDERED THAT:

INFORMATION SUBJECT TO THIS ORDER

Discovery materials produced in this case may be labeled as one of three categories: CONFIDENTIAL, CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY and RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE, as set forth in Items A-C below. All three of the

identified categories of information shall be identified collectively in this Order by the title "Protected Information."

A. Information Designated as Confidential Information

1. For purposes of this Order, "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION" shall mean all information or material produced for or disclosed to a receiving party that a producing party, including any party to this action and any non-party producing information or material voluntarily or pursuant to a subpoena or a court order, considers to constitute confidential technical, sales, marketing, financial, or other commercially sensitive information, whether embodied in physical objects, documents, or the factual knowledge of persons, and which has been so designated by the producing party. Any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION obtained by any party from any party, person, corporation, company or other entity pursuant to discovery in this litigation may be used only for purposes of this litigation.

2. Any document or tangible thing containing or including any CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION may be designated as such by the producing party by marking it "CONFIDENTIAL" prior to or at the time copies are furnished to the receiving party.

3. All CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION not reduced to documentary, tangible or physical form or which cannot be conveniently designated as set forth in paragraph 2, shall be designated by the producing party by informing the receiving party of the designation in writing.

4. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 9, any documents (including physical objects) made available for inspection by counsel for the receiving party prior to producing copies of selected items shall initially be considered, as a whole, to constitute CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information and shall be subject to this Order. Thereafter, the producing party shall have a reasonable time to review and designate the appropriate documents

as CONFIDENTIAL, CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY, or RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE prior to furnishing copies to the receiving party.

5. The following information is not CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION:

a. Publicly available materials, SUCH AS: published advertising materials, patents and publications, press releases, newspaper and magazine articles, information released to the public, pleadings and other litigation-related documents filed on the public record, and information publicly filed with governmental agencies, such as the Securities and Exchange Commission;

b. Any information which is or, after its disclosure to a receiving party, becomes part of the public domain as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order;

c. Any information that the receiving party can show was already known to it prior to the disclosure with no obligation of confidentiality;

d. Any information which the receiving party can show by written records was received by it after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the producing party; and

e. Any information which the receiving party can show was independently developed by it after the time of disclosure by personnel who did not have access to the producing party's CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.

6. Documents designated CONFIDENTIAL and information contained therein shall only be disclosed if reasonably necessary for purposes of this litigation, and shall only be disclosed to:

(a) Outside litigation counsel of record and supporting personnel employed in the law firm(s) of outside litigation counsel of record, such as attorneys, paralegals, legal translators, legal secretaries, legal clerks and shorthand reporters;

(b) Technical Advisers and their necessary support personnel, subject to the provisions of paragraphs 13-18 herein, and who have signed the form attached hereto as Attachment A;

(c) Up to three (3) in-house counsel with responsibility for managing this litigation, any paralegals or clerical employees in a party's legal department necessary to assist them in this litigation, and two (2) employees of a party who either have responsibility for making decisions dealing directly with the litigation in this action or who are assisting outside counsel in preparation for proceedings in this action who have signed the form attached hereto as Attachment A, except that defendants' in-house counsel, paralegals, clerical employees, or other employees under this paragraph shall not have access to any co-defendants' CONFIDENTIAL material;

(d) The Court, its personnel and stenographic reporters, and any jurors sworn in this matter (under seal or with other suitable precautions determined by the Court);

(e) Independent legal translators retained to translate in connection with this action; independent stenographic reporters and videographers retained to record and transcribe testimony in connection with this action;

(f) Graphics, translation, or design services retained by counsel for purposes of preparing demonstrative or other exhibits for deposition, trial, or other court proceedings in the actions; non-technical jury or trial consulting services including mock jurors who have been

informed of the requirement to maintain these documents as Confidential Information and have agreed to do so; and

(g) Commercial copy vendors retained by counsel for purposes of this action who have been informed of the requirement to maintain these documents as Confidential Information and have agreed to do so.

B. Information Designated Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only

7. The CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY designation is reserved for CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION that constitutes proprietary marketing, financial, sales, web traffic, research and development, or technical data/information or commercially sensitive competitive information, including, without limitation, confidential information obtained from a nonparty pursuant to a current Nondisclosure Agreement ("NDA"), CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION relating to future products not yet commercially released, strategic plans, and settlement agreements or settlement communications, the disclosure of which is likely to cause harm to the competitive position of the producing party. Documents marked CONFIDENTIAL OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY shall be treated as if designated CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY. In determining whether information should be designated as CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY, each party agrees to use such designation only in good faith.

8. Documents designated CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY and information contained therein shall only be disclosed if reasonably necessary for purposes of this litigation, and shall only be disclosed to:

(a) Outside litigation counsel of record and supporting personnel employed in the law firm(s) of outside litigation counsel of record, such as attorneys, paralegals, legal translators, legal secretaries, legal clerks and shorthand reporters;

(b) With the prior written consent of the producing party, up to three (3) in-house counsel with responsibility for managing this litigation and any paralegals or clerical employees in a party's legal department necessary to assist them in this litigation who have signed the form attached hereto as Attachment A, except that defendants' in-house counsel, paralegals, or clerical employees under this paragraph shall not have access to any co-defendants' CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY material;

(c) Technical Advisers and their necessary support personnel, subject to the provisions of paragraphs 13-18 herein, and who have signed the form attached hereto as Attachment A;

(d) The Court, its personnel and stenographic reporters, and any jurors sworn in this matter (under seal or with other suitable precautions determined by the Court);

(e) Independent legal translators retained to translate in connection with this action; independent stenographic reporters and videographers retained to record and transcribe testimony in connection with this action;

(f) Graphics, translation, or design services retained by counsel for purposes of preparing demonstrative or other exhibits for deposition, trial, or other court proceedings in the actions; non-technical jury or trial consulting services not including mock jurors who have been informed of the requirement to maintain these documents as Confidential Information and have agreed to do so; and

(g) Commercial copy vendors retained by counsel for purposes of this action who have been informed of the requirement to maintain these documents as Confidential Information and have agreed to do so.

C. Information Designated Restricted Confidential - Source Code

Documents or other things that contain a party's source code may be designated "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL—SOURCE CODE", if they comprise or include confidential, proprietary and/or trade secret source code. Any source code produced in this litigation will be made available for review at a single secure site selected by the producing party, either (1) at the producing party's counsel's office or (2) at another single secure site within the continental United States selected by the producing party, at the producing party's sole discretion. Nothing in this Order shall obligate the parties to produce any source code or act as an admission that any particular source code is discoverable. The following conditions shall govern the production, review and use of source code information.

9. All source code produced shall be deemed designated as "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL —SOURCE CODE." All such source code, and any other Protected Information designated as "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL —SOURCE CODE," shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) All source code will be made available by the producing party to the receiving party's outside counsel and/or Technical Advisers that comply with paragraphs 13-18 in a private room on a secured computer without Internet access or network access to other computers and without any peripheral devices or connections, as necessary and appropriate to prevent and protect against any unauthorized copying, transmission, removal or other transfer of any source code outside or away from the computer on which the source code is provided for inspection (the "Source Code Computer"). The producing party shall be obligated to install such tools or programs necessary to review and search the code produced on the platform produced.

(b) The receiving party's outside counsel and/or Technical Advisor shall be entitled to take notes relating to the source code but may not copy the source code into the notes.

Such notes shall constitute and be subject to the provisions of section 9(g) below. No copies of all or any portion of the source code may leave the room in which the source code is inspected except as otherwise provided herein. Further, no other written or electronic record of the source code is permitted except as otherwise provided herein.

(c) The producing party shall make available a laser printer with commercially reasonable printing speeds for on-site printing during inspection of the code. The receiving party may print portions of the source code only when reasonably necessary to facilitate the receiving party's preparation of the case, including when reasonably necessary to prepare any filing with the Court, or any trial exhibit or demonstrative, or to serve any pleadings or other papers on any other party; to prepare internal attorney work product materials; or to prepare other necessary case materials such as testifying expert reports, consulting expert written analyses and related drafts and correspondences. The receiving party shall print only such portions as are reasonably necessary for the purposes for which any part of the source code is printed at the time. In no event may the receiving party print more than 25 consecutive pages and no more than 500 pages of source code in aggregate during the duration of the case without prior written approval by the producing party, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. Upon printing any such portions of source code, the printed pages shall be collected by the producing party. The producing party shall Bates number, copy, and label "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE" any pages printed by the receiving party. If the producing party objects that the printed portions are not reasonably necessary to any case preparation activity, the producing party shall make such objection known to the receiving party within five (5) business days. If after meeting and conferring the producing party and the receiving party cannot resolve the objection, the producing party shall be entitled to seek a Court

resolution of whether the printed source code in question is not reasonably necessary to any case preparation activity. In the absence of any objection, or upon resolution of any such dispute by the Court, the producing party shall provide one copy set of such pages to the receiving party within two (2) business days and shall retain one copy set. The printed pages shall constitute part of the source code produced by the producing party in this action.

(d) A list of names of persons who will view the source code will be provided to the producing party in conjunction with any written (including email) notice requesting inspection. The receiving party shall maintain a daily log of the names of persons who enter the locked room to view the source code and when they enter and depart. The producing party shall be entitled to have a person observe all entrances and exits from the source code viewing room, and to a copy of the log.

(e) Unless otherwise agreed in advance by the parties in writing, following each inspection, the receiving party's outside counsel and/or Technical Advisers shall remove all notes, documents, laptops, and all other materials from the room that may contain work product and/or attorney-client privileged information. The producing party shall not be responsible for any items left in the room following each inspection.

(f) Other than as provided in Paragraph 9(c) above, the receiving party will not copy, remove, or otherwise transfer any source code from the Source Code Computer including, without limitation, copying, removing, or transferring the source code onto any other computers or peripheral equipment. The receiving party will not transmit any source code in any way from the producing party's facilities or the offices of its outside counsel of record.

(g) The outside counsel and Technical Advisers (who have been approved to access source code under paragraphs 13-18) for a receiving party shall maintain and store any

paper copies of the source code or notes related to such source code (as referenced in paragraph (b) of this section) at their offices in a manner that prevents duplication of or unauthorized access to the source code or notes, including, without limitation, storing the source code or notes in a locked room or cabinet at all times when it is not in use;

(h) The receiving party's outside counsel of record may make no more than four (4) additional paper copies of any portions of the source code printed pursuant to subparagraph 9(c), not including copies attached to court filings or expert reports, or that are part of trial exhibits or demonstratives, and shall maintain a log of all copies of the source code (received from a producing party) that are provided by the receiving party to any expert. The log shall include the names of the recipients and reviewers of copies and locations where the copies are stored. Any paper copies of source code shall be stored or viewed only at (i) the offices of outside counsel for the Receiving Party, (ii) the offices of Technical Advisers who have been approved to access source code under paragraphs 13-18; (iii) the site where any deposition is taken; (iv) the Court; or (v) any intermediate secure location necessary to transport the information to a hearing, trial or deposition. Any such paper copies shall be maintained at all times in a locked and secure location. The producing party shall not unreasonably deny a receiving party's request to make (and log) additional copies, providing that the request is for good cause and for use that otherwise complies with this order.

(i) The receiving party may include excerpts of source code in a pleading, exhibit, trial demonstrative, trial exhibit, expert report, discovery document, deposition transcript, other Court document, or any drafts of these documents ("SOURCE CODE DOCUMENTS"). The receiving party shall only include such excerpts as are reasonably necessary for the purposes for which such part of the source code is used.

(j) To the extent portions of source code are quoted in a SOURCE CODE DOCUMENT, either (1) the entire document will be stamped and treated as RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL-SOURCE CODE or (2) those pages containing quoted source code will be separately bound, and stamped and treated as RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL-SOURCE CODE. All SOURCE CODE DOCUMENTS shall be filed under seal.

(k) All paper copies shall be securely destroyed if they are no longer in use (e.g. at the conclusion of a deposition). Copies of source code that are marked as deposition exhibits shall not be provided to the Court Reporter or attached to deposition transcripts; rather, the deposition record will identify the exhibit by its production numbers.

(l) Except as provided in this sub-paragraph 9(l), the receiving party may not create electronic images, or any other images, of the source code from the paper copy for use on a computer (e.g., may not scan the source code to a PDF, or photograph the code). The receiving party may create an electronic copy or image of selected portions of the source code only when reasonably necessary to accomplish any filing with the Court, to create trial exhibits or demonstratives, or to serve any pleadings or other papers on any other party (including expert reports). Images or copies of source code shall not be included in correspondence between the parties (references to production numbers shall be used instead) and shall be omitted from pleadings and other papers except to the extent permitted herein. The receiving party may create an electronic image of a selected portion of the source code only when the electronic file containing such image has been encrypted using commercially reasonable encryption software including password protection. The communication and/or disclosure of electronic files containing any portion of source code shall at all times be limited to individuals who are authorized to see source code under the provisions of this Protective Order. The receiving party

shall maintain a log of all electronic images and paper copies of source code in its possession or in the possession of its retained consultants, including the names of the recipients and reviewers of any electronic or paper copies and the locations where the copies are stored. Additionally, all electronic copies must be labeled "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE".

(m) The receiving party's outside counsel may only disclose a copy of the source code to individuals specified in Paragraph 8(a), (c), (d), and (e) above (e.g., source code may not be disclosed to in-house counsel).

PROSECUTION BAR

10. In addition to the designations listed above, any party may also label documents or other materials as PROSECUTION BAR materials. The "PROSECUTION BAR" materials shall include only those CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION, CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY, and RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL-SOURCE CODE designated materials and documents comprising or containing non-public, technical information (such as source code, system diagrams, flow charts, white papers, engineering specifications, research and development materials and the like) that is designated as such by the producing party at the time of production. Any person reviewing any of an opposing party's PROSECUTION BAR materials shall not, for a period commencing upon receipt of such information and ending one year following the certification of destruction or return of documents pursuant to Paragraph 34 engage in any PROSECUTION ACTIVITY involving claims on a method, apparatus, or system for bid management. Additionally, any person reviewing any of an opposing party's PROSECUTION BAR materials shall not on behalf of Plaintiff or the named inventors of U.S. Patent No. 7,043,450, for a period commencing upon receipt of such information and ending one year following the certification of destruction or return of documents pursuant to Paragraph 34,

engage in any PROSECUTION ACTIVITY involving claims on a method, apparatus, or system for bid management and/or for online advertising.

11. The following documents and materials shall not be classified as PROSECUTION BAR materials: (i) publications, including patents and published patent applications; (ii) materials regarding 3rd party systems or products that were publicly known, on sale, or in public use before May 9, 2006, unless such materials are designated as PROSECUTION BAR materials by a 3rd party; and (iii) other information that is publicly available.

12. PROSECUTION ACTIVITY shall mean: (1) prepare and/or prosecute (or assist in preparing or prosecuting) any patent application (or portion thereof), whether design or utility, and either in the United States or abroad on behalf of the patentee or assignee of such patent application; (2) prepare (or assist in preparing) patent claim(s) on behalf of the patentee or assignee of such patent application; (3) initiate or participate (or assist in initiating or participating) in any reissue or reexamination proceedings on behalf of the patentee or the assignee of the patentee's rights that are the subject of the reissue or reexamination proceedings. PROSECUTION ACTIVITY shall not include participation in reexamination proceedings when challenging, or representing a party challenging a patent through reexamination or reissue. The parties expressly agree that the PROSECUTION BAR set forth herein shall be personal to any attorney who reviews PROSECUTION BAR materials and shall not be imputed to any other persons or attorneys at the attorney's law firm or company. For the avoidance of doubt, in connection with a reexamination or reissue proceeding, preparing an analysis of Prior Art as compared to the existing claims of a patent or preparing a non-obviousness analysis as compared to the existing claims of a patent would not be a PROSECUTION ACTIVITY. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent any attorney from sending Prior Art to an attorney involved in patent

prosecution for purposes of ensuring that such Prior Art is submitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (or any similar agency of a foreign government) to assist a patent applicant in complying with its duty of candor. For purposes of this Order only, Prior Art shall mean (i) publications, including patents and published patent applications; and (ii) materials or information regarding 3rd party systems or products that were publicly known, on sale, or in public use before July 5, 2001, unless such materials are designated as PROSECUTION BAR materials by a 3rd party.

DISCLOSURE OF TECHNICAL ADVISERS

13. Information designated by the producing party under any category of Protected Information and such copies of this information as are reasonably necessary for maintaining, defending or evaluating this litigation may be furnished and disclosed to the receiving party's Technical Advisers and their necessary support personnel. The term "Technical Adviser" shall mean an independent, outside expert witness or consultant with whom counsel may deem it necessary to consult and whom complies with paragraph 13-18.

14. No disclosure of Protected Information to a Technical Adviser or their necessary support personnel shall occur until that person has signed the form attached hereto as Attachment A, and a signed copy has been provided to the producing party; and to the extent there has been an objection under paragraph 16, that objection is resolved as discussed below.

15. A party desiring to disclose Protected Information to a Technical Adviser shall also give prior written notice by email to the producing party, who shall have ten (10) business days after such notice is given to object in writing. The party desiring to disclose Protected Information to a Technical Adviser must provide the following information for each Technical Adviser: name, address, curriculum vitae, current employer, employment (including consulting)

history for the past five (5) years, and a listing of cases in which the witness has testified as an expert at trial or by deposition within the preceding four years. No Protected Information shall be disclosed to such expert(s) or consultant(s) until after the expiration of the foregoing notice period.

16. A party objecting to disclosure of Protected Information to a Technical Adviser shall state with particularity the ground(s) of the objection. The objecting party's consent to the disclosure of Protected Information to a Technical Adviser shall not be unreasonably withheld.

17. If after consideration of the objection, the party desiring to disclose the Protected Information to a Technical Adviser refuses to withdraw the Technical Adviser, that party shall provide notice to the objecting party. Thereafter, the objecting party shall move the Court, within ten (10) business days of receiving such notice, for a ruling on its objection. A failure to file a motion within the ten (10) business day period shall operate as an approval of disclosure of the Protected Information to the Technical Adviser. The parties agree to cooperate in good faith to shorten the time frames set forth in this paragraph if necessary to abide by any discovery or briefing schedules.

18. The objecting party shall have the burden of showing to the Court "good cause" for preventing the disclosure of its Protected Information to the Technical Adviser. This "good cause" shall include a showing that: (1) the Protected Information is confidential commercial information, (2) disclosure of the Protected Information would result in a clearly defined and serious injury to the objecting party's business, and (3) the proposed Technical Advisor is in a position that provides a substantial risk of allowing the Protected Information to be disclosed to the objecting party's competitors.

CHALLENGES TO CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

19. The parties shall use reasonable care when designating documents or information as Protected Information. Nothing in this Order shall prevent a receiving party from contending that any documents or information designated as Protected Information have been improperly designated. A receiving party may at any time request that the producing party cancel or modify the Protected Information designation with respect to any document or information contained therein.

20. A party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of a designation of any category of Protected Information at the time of production, and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto. Such a challenge shall be written, shall be served on counsel for the producing party, and shall particularly identify the documents or information that the receiving party contends should be differently designated. The parties shall use their best efforts to resolve promptly and informally such disputes. If an agreement cannot be reached, the receiving party shall request that the Court cancel or modify a designation. The burden of demonstrating the confidential nature of any information shall at all times be and remain on the designating party.

21. Until a determination by the Court, the information in issue shall be treated as having been properly designated and subject to the terms of this Order.

LIMITATIONS ON THE USE OF PROTECTED INFORMATION

22. All Protected Information shall be held in confidence by each person to whom it is disclosed, shall be used only for purposes of this litigation, shall not be used for any business purpose, and shall not be disclosed to any person who is not entitled to receive such information

as herein provided. All produced Protected Information shall be carefully maintained so as to preclude access by persons who are not entitled to receive such information.

23. Except as may be otherwise ordered by the Court, any person having access to Protected Information under the terms of this Order or by virtue of his or her employment or other relationship with a producing party or who otherwise legally has access to Protected Information may be examined as a witness at deposition and trial and may testify concerning all such Protected Information. Without in any way limiting the generality of the foregoing:

(a) A present director, officer, and/or employee of a producing party may be examined and may testify at deposition or trial concerning all Protected Information which has been produced by that party and which is related to or within the scope of his/her employment at the producing party, or related to the 30(b)(6) deposition topic for which he/she has been named;

(b) A former director, officer, agent and/or employee of a producing party may be examined and may testify at deposition or trial concerning all Protected Information of which he or she has prior knowledge, including any Protected Information that refers to matters of which the witness has personal knowledge, which has been produced by that party and which pertains to the period or periods of his or her employment, but may not retain originals or copies of such Protected Information or any notes or transcripts reflecting such Protected Information, other than for the limited period of time necessary to review any deposition transcripts and make corrections; and

(c) Non-parties may be examined or testify at depositions or trial concerning any document containing Protected Information of a producing party which appears on its face or from other documents or testimony to have been received from or communicated to the non-party as a result of any contact or relationship with the producing party or a representative of the

producing party, but may not retain originals or copies of such Protected Information or any notes or transcripts reflecting such Protected Information, other than for the limited period of time necessary to review any deposition transcripts and make corrections. Any person other than the witness, his or her attorney(s), or any person qualified to receive Protected Information under this Order shall be excluded from the portion of the examination concerning such information, unless the producing party consents to persons other than qualified recipients being present at the examination. If the witness is represented by an attorney who is not qualified under this Order to receive such information, then prior to the examination, the producing party shall request that the attorney provide a signed statement, in the form of Attachment A hereto, that he or she will comply with the terms of this Order and maintain the confidentiality of Protected Information disclosed during the course of the examination. In the event that such attorney declines to sign such a statement prior to the examination, the parties, by their attorneys, shall jointly seek a protective order from the Court prohibiting the attorney from disclosing Protected Information.

24. All transcripts of depositions, exhibits, answers to interrogatories, pleadings, briefs, and other documents submitted to the Court which have been designated as Protected Information, or which contain information so designated, shall be filed under seal in a manner prescribed by the Court for such filings.

25. Outside attorneys of record for the parties are hereby authorized to be the persons who may retrieve confidential exhibits and/or other confidential matters filed with the Court upon termination of this litigation without further order of this Court, and are the persons to whom such confidential exhibits or other confidential matters may be returned by the Clerk of the Court, if they are not so retrieved. No material or copies thereof so filed shall be released except by order of the Court, to outside counsel of record, or as otherwise provided for

hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing and with regard to material designated as RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL - SOURCE CODE, the provisions of Section C are controlling to the extent those provisions differ from this paragraph.

26. Protected Information shall not be copied or otherwise produced by a receiving party, except for transmission to qualified recipients, without the written permission of the producing party, or, in the alternative, by further order of the Court. Nothing herein shall, however, restrict a qualified recipient from making working copies, abstracts, digests and analyses of CONFIDENTIAL and CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information for use in connection with this litigation and such working copies, abstracts, digests and analyses shall be deemed Protected Information under the terms of this Order. Further, nothing herein shall restrict a qualified recipient from converting or translating CONFIDENTIAL and CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information into machine readable form for incorporation into a data retrieval system used in connection with this action, provided that access to that Protected Information, in whatever form stored or reproduced, shall be limited to qualified recipients.

27. At the request of any party, the original and all copies of any deposition transcript, in whole or in part, shall be marked "CONFIDENTIAL," "CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," or "RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE" by the reporter. This request may be made orally during the deposition or in writing within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the final certified transcript. Deposition transcripts shall be treated as CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY until the expiration of the time to make a confidentiality designation. Any portions so designated shall thereafter be treated in accordance with the terms of this Order.

NONPARTY USE OF THIS PROTECTIVE ORDER

28. A nonparty producing information or material voluntarily or pursuant to a subpoena or a court order may designate such material or information as Protected Information pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order.

29. A nonparty's use of this Protective Order to protect its Protected Information does not entitle that nonparty access to the Protected Information produced by any party in this case.

NO WAIVER OF PRIVILEGE

30. Nothing in this Protective Order shall require production of information that a party contends is protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege, the work product immunity or other privilege, doctrine, right, or immunity. If information subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, or other privilege, doctrine, right, or immunity is nevertheless inadvertently or unintentionally produced, such production shall in no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver or estoppel as to any such privilege, doctrine, right or immunity. Any party that inadvertently or unintentionally produces materials protected by the attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, or other privilege, doctrine, right, or immunity may obtain the return of those materials by notifying the recipient(s) promptly after the discovery of the inadvertent or unintentional production and providing a privilege log for the inadvertently or unintentionally produced materials. The recipient(s) shall gather and return all copies of the privileged or immune material to the producing party, except for any pages containing privileged markings by the recipient, which pages shall instead be destroyed and certified as such by the recipient to the producing party. Notwithstanding this provision, no person is required to delete

information that may reside on the respective person's electronic back-up systems that are overwritten in the normal course of business.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

31. Nothing in this Protective Order shall bar counsel from rendering advice to his or her client with respect to this litigation and in the course thereof relying on any Protected Information, provided counsel does not disclose Protected Information in a manner not specifically authorized under this Protective Order.

32. Any of the notice requirements herein may be waived, in whole or in part, but only in writing signed by outside counsel of record for the party against whom such waiver will be effective.

33. Inadvertent or unintentional production of documents or things containing Protected Information which are not designated as one or more of the three categories of Protected Information at the time of production shall not be deemed a waiver in whole or in part of a claim for confidential treatment. The producing party shall immediately notify the receiving parties promptly after discovery of the error in writing and, with respect to documents, provide replacement pages bearing the appropriate confidentiality legend. In the event of any unintentional or inadvertent disclosure of Protected Information other than in a manner authorized by this Protective Order, counsel for the party responsible for the disclosure shall immediately notify opposing counsel of all of the pertinent facts, and make every effort to further prevent unauthorized disclosure including, retrieving all copies of the Protected Information from the recipient(s) thereof, and securing the agreement of the recipients not to further disseminate the Protected Information in any form. Compliance with the foregoing shall not prevent the producing party from seeking further relief from the Court.

34. Within sixty (60) days after the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order, or the complete settlement of all claims asserted against all parties in this action, each party shall, at the option of the receiving party, either return or destroy all physical objects and documents which embody Protected Information it has received, and shall destroy in whatever form stored or reproduced, all physical objects and documents, including but not limited to, correspondence, memoranda, notes and other work product materials, which contain or refer to any category of Protected Information. All Protected Information, not embodied in physical objects and documents shall remain subject to this Order. Notwithstanding this provision, no person is required to delete information that may reside on the respective person's electronic back-up systems that are over-written in the normal course of business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, outside counsel shall be entitled to maintain copies of all correspondence, pleadings, motions and trial briefs (including all supporting and opposing papers and exhibits thereto), written discovery requests and responses (and exhibits thereto), deposition transcripts (and exhibits thereto), trial transcripts, and exhibits offered or introduced into evidence at any hearing or trial, and their attorney work product which refers or is related to any CONFIDENTIAL and CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information for archival purposes only, except that such outside counsel shall not retain any RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL – SOURCE CODE materials. If a party opts to destroy CONFIDENTIAL or CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY information, the party must provide a Certificate of Destruction to the producing party.

35. If at any time documents containing Protected Information are subpoenaed by any court, arbitral, administrative or legislative body, the person to whom the subpoena or other request is directed shall immediately give written notice thereof to every party who has produced such documents and to its counsel and shall provide each such party with an opportunity to

object to the production of such documents. If a producing party does not take steps to prevent disclosure of such documents within ten (10) business days of the date written notice is given, the party to whom the referenced subpoena is directed may produce such documents in response thereto.

36. Documents produced in this case with a designation of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL” or “CONFIDENTIAL OUTSIDE COUNSEL ONLY” shall be treated as if such documents were designated as CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY under this Protective Order.

37. Nothing in this Order shall restrict any party to this lawsuit or its attorneys from disclosing or using, in any manner and for any purpose, its own Protected Information.

38. This Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any party to apply to the Court at any time for additional protection, or to relax or rescind the restrictions of this Order. Furthermore, without application to this Court, any party that is a beneficiary of the protections of this Order may enter a written agreement releasing any other party hereto from one or more requirements of this Order even if the conduct subject to the release would otherwise violate the terms herein.

39. The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division, is responsible for the interpretation and enforcement of this Agreed Protective Order. After termination of this litigation, the provisions of this Agreed Protective Order shall continue to be binding except with respect to those documents and information that become a matter of public record. This Court retains and shall have continuing jurisdiction over the parties and recipients of the Protected Information for enforcement of the provision of this Agreed Protective Order following termination of this litigation. All disputes concerning Protected

Information produced under the protection of this Agreed Protective Order shall be resolved by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Marshall Division.

SIGNED this 6th day of March, 2009.


CHARLES EVERINGHAM IV
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
MARSHALL DIVISION**

PAID SEARCH ENGINE TOOLS, LLC

Plaintiff,

v.

GOOGLE, INC. and MICROSOFT
CORPORATION,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2-08CV-061

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

ATTACHMENT A TO THE AGREED PROTECTIVE ORDER

CONFIDENTIAL AGREEMENT

I reside at _____.

1. My present employer is _____.

2. My present occupation or job description is _____.

3. I have read the Agreed Protective Order dated _____, 2009, and

have been engaged as _____ on

behalf of _____ in the preparation and conduct of
litigation styled Paid Search Engine Tools, LLC. v. Google Inc. and Microsoft, Corp.

4. I am fully familiar with and agree to comply with and be bound by the provisions of said Order. I understand that I am to retain all copies of any documents designated as CONFIDENTIAL, CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY and/or RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL-SOURCE CODE information in a secure manner, and that all copies are to remain in my personal custody until I have completed my assigned duties, whereupon the copies and any writings prepared by me containing any CONFIDENTIAL, CONFIDENTIAL

ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY and/or RESTRICTED CONFIDENTIAL-SOURCE CODE information are to be returned to counsel who provided me with such material or destroyed.

5. I will not divulge to persons other than those specifically authorized by said Order, and will not copy or use except solely for the purpose of this action, any information obtained pursuant to said Order, except as provided in said Order. I also agree to notify any stenographic or clerical personnel who are required to assist me of the terms of said Order.

6. I state under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on _____, 20____.
