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# EXHIBIT 1

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

ADVANCEME, INC.	§
	§
Plaintiff,	§
	§ §
V.	§
	§ §
RAPIDPAY, LLC, BUSINESS CAPITAL	§
CORPORATION, FIRST FUNDS LLC,	§
MERCHANT MONEY TREE, INC.,	§
<b>REACH FINANCIAL, LLC and</b>	§
FAST TRANSACT, INC. d/b/a	§
SIMPLE CASH	§
Defendants.	§ §
	§

CAUSE NO. 6:05-CV-424 (LED)

## DEFENDANTS FIRST FUNDS, LLC's, MERCHANT MONEY TREE, INC.'s, AND REACH FINANCIAL, LLC's REPLY IN SUPPORT OF THEIR MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND PRELIMINARY INVALIDITY CONTENTIONS

Defendants First Funds, LLC, Merchant Money Tree, Inc., and Reach Financial, LLC ("Defendants") hereby file their Reply in Support of their Motion for Leave to Amend Preliminary Invalidity Contentions and, in support hereof, would respectfully show the Court as follows:

I.

## BACKGROUND

As described in Defendants' Motion for Leave to Amend Preliminary Invalidity Contentions ("Motion"), Defendants have gone to great lengths to diligently pursue and collect evidence supporting invalidating prior art in this matter, including undertaking the daunting task of convincing their direct competitors to cooperate and to search for documents over a decade old. *See* Timeline of Facts Relevant to Defendants' Motion to Amend Invalidity Contentions ("Timeline"), attached hereto as Ex. F; Motion at 2-4. As soon as evidence and documents were located, Defendants have both (a) promptly provided the documents to Plaintiff AdvanceMe, Inc. ("AdvanceMe"), and (b) promptly incorporated the evidence and documents into, and served on AdvanceMe, invalidity charts identifying where each element of each claim may be found in the prior art systems. *Id*. Upon being told by AdvanceMe that it would object to the updated invalidity contentions, Defendants realized they had omitted to obtain leave and immediately filed the motion for leave to amend.

Rather than explain how Defendants could have possibly been more diligent in their efforts to discover and disclose the Litle & Company prior art systems and supporting documentation, AdvanceMe, in its Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Leave to Amend Invalidity Contentions ("Opposition"), disregards the documented timeline of relevant facts set forth in Defendants' Motion and instead responds with assertions regarding when it *thinks* Defendants may have gained knowledge of the Litle & Company prior art. Further, AdvanceMe makes specious claims of hypothetical prejudice, all of which are either wholly unsupported or inapplicable to the instant case, as described herein.

Having shown good cause for the proposed amendments of their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions ("Original Contentions"), Defendants respectfully request that the Court grant their Motion.<sup>1</sup>

### II.

### ARGUMENT

## A. Defendants Have Shown Good Cause for the Proposed Amendments

As the parties agree, the Court may grant Defendants' Motion if Defendants show good cause for the proposed amendments. *See STMicroelectronics, Inc. v. Motorola, Inc.*, 307 F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As explained in their Motion, Defendants seek leave to amend their Original Contentions to include the Litle & Company prior art systems. *See* Ex. G, Proposed Litle & Company Invalidity Claim Chart.

Supp. 2d 845, 849 (E.D. Tex. 2004) (Davis, J.); Opposition at 9. Four considerations are relevant to the Court's determination: (1) Defendants' <u>reasons</u> for not including the proposed amendments by the scheduling order deadline; (2) the <u>importance</u> of the Litle & Company prior art systems; (3) potential <u>prejudice</u> in allowing the addition of the Litle & Company prior art systems; and (4) the availability of a continuance to cure such prejudice. *See Alt v. Medtronic*, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 4435 (E.D. Tex. Feb. 1, 2006) (Davis, J.). As explained in their Motion and below, each of these four factors weighs strongly in favor of permitting Defendants' requested amendments. AdvanceMe's only arguments in opposition are either contrary to the documented facts or unsupported assertions of prejudice.

## 1. <u>Defendants Received the Litle & Co. Information & Documents After Their</u> <u>Preliminary Invalidity Contentions Were Due</u>

As demonstrated in the Motion and reiterated herein, the first factor – the explanation for the delay – weighs heavily in favor of granting Defendants' proposed amendments. Defendants did not receive sufficient Litle & Co. information and documents to assert this prior art in good faith until July 14, 2006.<sup>2</sup> *See* Motion at 2-4; Ex. F. Defendants promptly provided the documents and their First Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions (including the initial Litle & Company disclosures) to AdvanceMe on July 20, 2006. Defendants brought this motion as soon as it was brought to Defendants' attention that such a motion for leave to amend was necessary to amend their Original Contentions. *See* Ex. H (Letter from Robert Matz to Hilary Preston dated September 1, 2006). AdvanceMe's attempt to attribute a lack of good faith or gamesmanship to the delay in bringing the motion is thus misplaced. Defendants have promptly provided all relevant information to AdvanceMe as it has become available to Defendants, as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As explained in Defendants' Motion, the proposed amendment further supplements the disclosures regarding Litle & Company made in Defendants' First Amended Invalidity Contentions served July 20, 2006. See Ex. G; Motion, Ex. C to Gray Decl.

described in their Motion and herein. *Id.* Upon receiving additional Litle & Company documents on July 25, 2006, Defendants promptly provided those documents to AdvanceMe on July 28, 2006 and provided AdvanceMe with their Second Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions (the amendments on which their Motion is based) on August 31, 2006. *See* Motion at 2-4; Ex. F. This documented timeline demonstrates that Defendants could not have reasonably met the scheduling order deadline of July 7, 2006 for the Litle & Company prior art systems and documents, despite their diligence. AdvanceMe's Opposition does nothing to undercut that demonstration. Instead, it responds by making bald and unsupported assertions about Defendants' knowledge, all of which are contradicted by the objective facts.

AdvanceMe argues that Defendants received "the Litle documents" in June, *see* Opposition at 11, although it fails to recognize that the *only* Litle documents received in June were fragments of a single postage advance agreement. *See* Ex. F; Ex. B to the Declaration of Joseph Gray in Support of Defendant's Motion ("Gray Declaration"). At that time, Defendants had not obtained enough information about Litle & Company (which was sold in 1995) to determine whether and to what extent Litle & Company practiced the claimed invention in the early 1990s. It was not until Defendants received additional information and additional documentation on July 14, 2006 that Defendants were able to assert in good faith that Litle & Company publicly and commercially practiced U.S. Patent No. 6,942,281's (the "281 Patent") claimed invention. *See* Ex. F; Ex. C to Gray Declaration. Seven days later, on July 21, 2006, Defendants served their First Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, which included the Litle & Company prior art systems and citations to the relevant documents that Defendants had received as of that date. *See* Ex. F.

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Relevant information has been difficult to obtain. Defendants had only limited access to Mr. Litle. Many relevant documents were in the possession of Paymentech (a multi-billion dollar processing company and competitor of Defendants, which evolved from First USA years after First USA bought Litle & Co. in 1995). Additionally, Mr. Litle is the CEO of a large processing company (also a competitor of Defendants') and has no immediate interest in the outcome of this litigation. *See* Ex. I. Defendants have painstakingly gained only limited access to Mr. Litle and have had an extremely difficult time convincing Paymentech to search for decade-old documents and provide them to Defendants.

Defendants have exerted incredible efforts in their search for documentation regarding the Litle & Company prior art and have provided to AdvanceMe all relevant information they have obtained every step of the way.<sup>3</sup> *See* Ex. F; Motion at 2-4. Indeed, Defendants now seek to supplement their contentions to include the Litle & Co. prior art systems and the documentary evidence that they received after July 7, 2006, and had promptly produced to AdvanceMe on July 21 and July 28, 2006. AdvanceMe's statement that "[t]he alleged prior that the Defendants now seek to add was known to the defendants weeks before they served their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions" Opposition at 1, is simply inaccurate, as it is directly contradicted by AmeriMerchant's documented correspondence with Tim Litle and Paymentech.

## 2. <u>The Litle & Company Prior Art Systems Anticipate All Relevant Claims of</u> <u>the '281 Patent</u>

As explained in Defendants' Motion, the Litle & Co. prior art systems and documents and the accompanying analyses in Defendants' proposed amendments, are critically important to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defendants brought this motion as soon as it was brought to their attention that they had failed to file a motion for leave to amend their Original Contentions. *See* Ex. H (letter from Robert Matz). AdvanceMe's attempt to attribute a lack of good faith or gamesmanship to the delay in bringing the motion is thus misplaced. Defendants have promptly provided all relevant information to AdvanceMe as it has become available, as described in their Motion and herein.

their defense of AdvanceMe's claims, as they establish invalidity of all relevant asserted claims. *See* Motion at 7; Ex. G. AdvanceMe, in its Opposition, does not explain any basis for contending that Litle & Company does not constitute invalidating prior art, but rather states that Defendants "rely only on lawyer's argument." Opposition at 15. But Defendants do no such thing. The detailed facts demonstrating how Litle & Company's systems anticipated the relevant asserted claims are found in the July 21, 2006 amended Invalidity Contentions, as supplemented by the Litle & Company documents (produced to AdvanceMe on or before July 28, 2006) and in Defendants' further Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions (served August 30, 2006).

AdvanceMe fails to mention that Mr. Litle testified at his deposition on September 6, 2006, that Defendants' proposed Amended Invalidity Contentions accurately describe the manner in which the Litle & Company systems anticipate all relevant claims of the patent-insuit. *See* Ex. J, Tim Litle Deposition Transcript at 123-158. AdvanceMe also fails to mention that it cross-examined Mr. Litle for about three hours and was unable to raise even one single basis for contending that any relevant asserted claims could somehow avoid anticipation by the Litle & Co. systems. As this Court has agreed that an amendment to include invalidating prior art weighs in favor of permitting the amendment, Defendants have satisfied this second prong of the analysis.<sup>4</sup> *See Alt*, 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 4435, \*12-13.

## 3. <u>AdvanceMe Will Suffer No Relevant Prejudice if the Court Permits the</u> <u>Amendment</u>

As explained in Defendants' Motion and confirmed by AdvanceMe's Opposition, AdvanceMe will suffer no relevant prejudice if the Court permits the proposed amendments. Defendants included the initial framework for the Litle & Company prior art in their First

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Defendants again note that their second proposed amendment is proposing to *supplement* their first amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions of July 21, 2006 to include *further* support found in documents obtained *after* those Contentions were served.

Amended Preliminary Infringement Contentions, which were served on AdvanceMe on July 21, 2006. *See* Ex. F. AdvanceMe was thus on notice of this prior art system two weeks after the scheduling order deadline. On July 28, 2006, eight days after serving their First Amended Preliminary Infringement Contentions, Defendants produced the additional documentation to AdvanceMe on which the entirety of Defendants' proposed amendments are based. *See* Ex. F. Further, trial is set for March 26, 2007, and discovery does not close until February 15, 2007. Both parties thus have ample time to conduct all necessary discovery.

But, instead of addressing these facts directly, AdvanceMe ignores the precedent of this Court that permitted an amendment seven months after the original deadline for submission of preliminary invalidity contentions (and after the *Markman* hearing)<sup>5</sup> and proffers several stock claims of prejudice that are wholly disconnected from the facts of this case. AdvanceMe claims that Defendants' proposed amendments threaten "to throw the discovery process into chaos" because AdvanceMe has "prepared discovery requests, responded to discovery, conducted depositions, and prepared for claims construction on the assumption that the Defendants' original Preliminary Invalidity Contentions would govern Defendants' invalidity arguments in this case." Opposition at 17. AdvanceMe also inexplicably claims that it would have to propound "new requests for admission and new requests for production." *Id.* AdvanceMe's specious claims of prejudice may appear credible in a vacuum, but they are wholly inapplicable to this case.

First, as the parties in this action are to produce all documents relevant to any claim or defense without discovery requests, pursuant to the patent rules and Discovery Order, and as AdvanceMe has not served a single request for admission on Defendants, AdvanceMe's claim of prejudice based on propounding "new requests for admission and new requests for production"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Alt v. Medtronic, Inc., 2006 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 4435, \*13-14 (E.D. Tex. Feb. 1, 2006).

are questionable at best. Regarding "respond[ing] to discovery," AdvanceMe has not produced a <u>single</u> non-publicly available document in this action,<sup>6</sup> but instead has only produced several thousand pages of publicly available prosecution histories, and the articles and patents cited therein. Nor has AdvanceMe responded to the single interrogatory propounded by any Defendant. AdvanceMe does not explain how its *lack* of discovery response has in any way been affected by the proposed amendments.

Second, AdvanceMe argues that it has "prepared for claims construction on the assumption that Defendants' Preliminary Invalidity Contentions would govern Defendants' arguments in this case." Opposition at 11. While it is clear from AdvanceMe's proposed constructions that it is attempting to exclude prior art through erroneous claim construction, as explained in Defendants' Responsive Claim Construction Brief at 5-12 and 16-21, invalidity contentions and prior art are *wholly irrelevant* to claim construction analysis and thus provide no basis for AdvanceMe's claims of prejudice. *See Phillips v. AWH Corp.*, 415 F.3d 1303, 1327 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (en banc).

Third, only two depositions have been taken in this case, *both of which were noticed by Defendants*: Mr. Litle and the alleged inventor, Barbara Johnson.<sup>7</sup> At Mr. Litle's deposition on September 6, 2006, all parties examined Mr. Litle on the documents that AmeriMerchant received by July 25, 2006 and that Defendants produced to AdvanceMe on or before July 28, 2006. In other words, AdvanceMe received all Litle & Company documents on which Defendants' proposed amendments are based, and on which Defendants' questioning at Mr.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> However, yesterday, Plaintiff, for the first time produced some discovery, in the form of excerpts from three depositions in another case, where Defendants had been requesting the entire deposition transcripts for some time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Barbara Johnson was deposed on June 28, 2006 at the location of AdvanceMe's choice, well before the July 20, 2006 scheduling order deadline for submitting preliminary invalidity contentions.

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Litle's deposition was largely based, over a *month prior* to Mr. Litle's deposition, and AdvanceMe had the opportunity to question Mr. Litle based on all of those documents. Further, AdvanceMe served a subpoena requesting *additional* documents on Mr. Litle, and Mr. Litle produced all relevant documents pursuant to that subpoena in advance of the deposition. AdvanceMe thus had every opportunity to examine Mr. Litle based on all relevant documents at his deposition on September 6th, which it did for roughly three hours. AdvanceMe also fails to mention that upon receiving Defendant's updated invalidity contentions on August 31, 2006, AdvanceMe contacted Mr. Litle, asked him questions, and told him that his deposition would be taken on September 6, 2006. How can AdvanceMe now pretend it was not ready for the deposition on the date it chose for the deposition?

As shown above, AdvanceMe's stock claims of prejudice are untenable under the facts of this case. The reality is that, despite AdvanceMe's rhetoric of "enough [is] enough," Opposition at 2, the trial in this case is about six months away and discovery does not close for over four months, and AdvanceMe will suffer no actual prejudice from the Court's granting Defendants' Motion. This factor thus also weighs in favor of permitting Defendants' proposed amendments.

## 4. Availability of a Continuance

As explained in Defendants' Motion, any prejudice suffered by AdvanceMe could be cured by a continuance of the pre-trial deadlines. Motion at 9. AdvanceMe does not argue that such a continuance would not cure any prejudice suffered; instead, AdvanceMe claims that its "planning for [certain unrelated] discovery would have to be modified," including the claim construction hearing and 30(b)(6) depositions. Opposition at 17. AdvanceMe, however, fails to explain how its "planning" for this discovery would "have to be modified," or why a continuance would not resolve any such "planning" issues. This factor thus weighs heavily in favor of permitting Defendants' proposed amendments.

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## B. The Court Should Deny AdvanceMe's Premature Request

In what appears to be AdvanceMe's true motivation in opposing Defendants' meritorious Motion, AdvanceMe argues that it would have been willing to agree to the amended Invalidity Contentions provided that this should "be the last set of amended contentions that Defendants are permitted to serve in this case." Opposition at 17. AdvanceMe's novel suggestion of a preemptive approach to *future* amendments, even if based on good cause, is not only unsupported, but contrary to the interests of justice. Indeed, such an argument reveals the lack of a credible argument in opposition to the *current* Motion. The Court should not permit AdvanceMe to cower behind stock claims of prejudice in an attempt to avoid introduction or development of invalidating prior art. Third party depositions to provide additional evidence to support the disclosed prior art are still being scheduled,<sup>8</sup> and additional facts regarding prior art systems which were used commercially more than 10 years ago by various companies, many of whom no longer exist, are still being investigated on an urgent basis. Defendants thus respectfully request that AdvanceMe's request for an arbitrary, preemptive exclusion of any future proposed amendments to Defendants' Preliminary Invalidity Contentions be disregarded.

### III.

### CONCLUSION

Defendants therefore respectfully request that the Court grant their motion for leave to amend, and that any future motions for leave to amend be considered on their own merits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For example, the deposition of Lee Suckow (the CEO of Clever Ideas-LeCard, Inc., another invalidating prior art system) is scheduled for Wednesday, October 4, 2006.

October 3, 2006

Respectfully submitted,

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Counsel for Defendants First Funds, LLC, Merchant Money Tree, Inc., and Reach Financial, LLC

## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

ADVANCEME, INC.	§
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Plaintiff,	§
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RAPIDPAY, LLC, BUSINESS CAPITAL	§
CORPORATION, FIRST FUNDS LLC,	§
MERCHANT MONEY TREE, INC.,	§
<b>REACH FINANCIAL, LLC and</b>	§
FAST TRANSACT, INC. d/b/a	§
SIMPLE CASH	§
	§
Defendants.	§
-	§

CAUSE NO. 6:05-CV-424 (LED)

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that all counsel of record who have consented to electronic service

are being served a copy of this document via the court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-

5(a)(3) on this the 3rd day of October, 2006. Any other counsel of record will be served by first

class mail on this same date.

/s/ Willem G. Schuurman Willem G. Schuurman

# EXHIBIT F

## **EXHIBIT F** Timeline of Facts Relevant to Defendants' Motion to Amend Invalidity Contentions

- <u>February 27, 2006</u>: AdvanceMe adds Defendants (the "*Rapidpay* Defendants") as defendants in the instant action and files an action against AmeriMerchant, LLC ("AmeriMerchant") (together with the *Rapidpay* Defendants, "Defendants") similarly claiming infringement of the '281 Patent.
- <u>April 20, 2006</u>: Defendants retain Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. ("V&E") as national counsel.
- <u>April 26, 2006</u>: David Goldin (of AmeriMerchant) sends an email to Tim Litle containing David Goldin's contact information. *See* Ex. A to Gray Declaration.
- June 19, 2006: Paymentech provides to AmeriMerchant (which, in turn, provides to the *Rapidpay* Defendants) fragments of supporting documentation for a Litle & Company "postage advance" agreement with a merchant. *See* Ex. B to Gray Declaration.<sup>1</sup> This documentation, alone, does not provide the Defendants with sufficient information to include Litle & Company as a prior art reference in their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions. Defendants' efforts to discover additional documentation continue.
- June 28, 2006: Deposition of the alleged inventor, Barbara Johnson. Examination did not involve Litle & Company.
- July 7, 2006: The *Rapidpay* Defendants serve their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions.
- July 14, 2006: Paymentech provides to AmeriMerchant (which, in turn, provides to the *Rapidpay* Defendants) additional fragments of supporting documentation evidencing Litle & Company's public and commercial use of its "postage advance" product. *See* Motion, Ex. C to Gray Declaration. At this point, based on *both* sets of documents they have received and factual investigations to date, Defendants have a good faith basis for including Litle & Company as a prior art reference in their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions.
- <u>July 20 and 21, 2006</u>: AmeriMerchant serves its Preliminary Invalidity Contentions in the *AmeriMerchant* action; the *Rapidpay* Defendants serve their Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions (amended to include Litle & Company prior art reference); and Defendants provide to AdvanceMe all Litle & Company supporting documentation they have received to date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AmeriMerchant received these first fragments of documentation on June 19, 2006. The fax header accompanying the documents reveals this date, although the fax cover sheet improperly states "March 3, 2006." *See* Motion, Ex. B to Gray Declaration. These documents were first received by AmeriMerchant on June 19, 2006, as correctly revealed by the fax header.

- <u>July 25, 2006</u>: Defendants finally receive from Paymentech a *complete* "postage advance" agreement and additional supporting documentation regarding the systems and methods practiced by Litle & Company prior to the filing of the '281 Patent. *See* Motion, Ex. D to Gray Declaration.
- July 28, 2006: Defendants produce all Litle & Company documentation received since July 20, 2006 to AdvanceMe.
- <u>August 30 and 31, 2006</u>: Defendants served on AdvanceMe amended preliminary invalidity contentions in both actions reflecting the additional information in the documents that were produced by July 28, 2006. These amended preliminary invalidity contentions added no new prior art references; they simply further explained the Litle & Company systems and methods that were disclosed in AmeriMerchant's Preliminary Invalidity Contentions and the *Rapidpay* Defendants' First Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, served July 20, 2006.
- <u>September 6, 2006</u>: Deposition of Tim Litle. All parties, including AdvanceMe, examined Tim Litle based on Litle & Company documents *available to all parties over one month earlier*.

# EXHIBIT G

## LITLE & CO. Invalidity Claim Chart United States Patent No. 6,941,281

CLAIMS	PRIOR PUBLICATION REFERENCES
1. A method for automated payment, comprising:	Litle & Co. ("Litle") utilized a method for automated payments to Litle as repayment of obligations owed by merchants either for postage or cash advances. <i>See</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , Litle & Co. Member Agreement, LI_00017-29 (hereafter "Member Agreement"); <i>see</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , Demand Promissory Note for Postage Advances between Museum Publications of America and Litle & Co., dated September 27, 1993, LI_00033-35 (hereafter "Promissory Note"); <i>see</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy, LI_00030-31; <i>see</i> M. Kripalani, T. Pouschine, "People thought I was nuts", FORBES, June 8, 1992, v.149, n12, p120(2), LI_00001-03 (hereafter "Forbes Article").
at a merchant, accepting a customer identifier as payment from the customer,	The merchant, either directly or via its agent, would accept a customer identifier, <i>e.g.</i> , a card, as payment from the customer. <i>See</i> Member Agreement, LI_00017-29. "WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby." Member Agreement at LI_00018. " <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id</i> .

CLAIMS	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES
	"BANK CARD means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> "CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." <i>Id.</i> "T&E CARD is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> "LE CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
and electronically forwarding information related to the payment to a computerized merchant processor;	The merchant, either directly or via its agent, electronically forwarded information related to the payment to Litle, the computerized merchant processor. "WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby." Member Agreement at LI_00018 (showing that the merchant electronically forwarded information related to the payment to Litle, a computerized merchant processor). "SALES RECORD means all documents or data presented to LITLE as evidence of a CARD SALE." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019 (showing that the merchant electronically accepts the customer identifier).

CLAIMS	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES
	<ul> <li>"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDERS's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be obtained)" <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019 (showing that the merchant electronically forwarded information related to the payment to Litle, a computerized merchant processor).</li> <li>"<u>SALES RECORD</u> means all documents or data presented to LITLE as evidence of a CARD SALE." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.</li> <li>"Litle &amp; Co. continues to be your credit card processor and will continue to work directly with you to provide a high level of customer and technical service." February 28, 1992 letter from Tim Litle to Robert George, LI_00016.</li> </ul>
at the computerized merchant processor, acquiring the information related to the payment from the merchant, authorizing and settling the payment,	<ul> <li>"Litle &amp; Co. continues to be your credit card processor and will continue to work directly with you to provide a high level of customer and technical service." February 28, 1992 letter from Tim Litle to Robert George, LI_00016.</li> <li>"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paperbased and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS" Member Agreement at LI_00018.</li> </ul>
and forwarding at least a portion of the payment to a computerized payment receiver as payment of at least a portion of an obligation made by the merchant;	"In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS"

CLAIMS	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES
	Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that a portion of the card payments were forwarded to Litle, as a computerized payment receiver, as payment of at least a portion of an obligation that arose when Litle advanced postage costs ("Principal Amount of Advance") to merchant).
	" <u>NET PROCEEDS</u> is an amount equal to: The GROSS PROCEEDS, Less LITLE FEES, Less RELEASED CHARGEBACKS (if no RESERVE exists), Less any other amounts due from MEMBER to LITLE, Less any PREPAYMENTS." Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	"Litle agreed to finance [Exposures, Inc.'s ("Exposures")] postage by discounting his [Exposures'] credit card receivables." <i>See</i> Forbes Article at LI_00003 (describing how a portion of the payment from credit card companies was forwarded as payment on Exposures' obligation to Litle, as a computerized payment receiver, for financing postage costs, with the remainder, the discounted credit card receivables, being forwarded to Exposures).
	"As security for the obligations of Boston Publishing (the Borrower) under such financing agreements, Hanover Finance is being granted a security interest in our inventory, certain accounts and substantially all of the tangible and intangible personal property of Boston Publishing, including, without limitation, all rights of the Borrower to receive payments in respect of Card Sales from Litle & Co 1. Upon written instruction from Hanover Finance or assignees of Hanover Finance, designated in writing by Hanover Finance, without further action by Boston Publishing, you will make all payments of Net Proceeds or any other credits, reserves, deposits, balances, refunds or other amounts now or hereafter due to Boston Publishing under the Member Agreement in respect of Card Sales directly by wire transfer, to such account or accounts as Hanover Finance may designate in writing (the "Accounts")."
	February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy at LI_00030-31 (showing that Litle forwarded a portion of the payment to the loan payment

CLAIMS	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES
	receiver, <i>e.g.</i> , Hanover Finance, as payment of at least a portion of an obligation made by the merchant, <i>e.g.</i> , Boston Publishing).
and at the computerized payment receiver, receiving the portion of the payment forwarded by the computerized merchant processor and applying that portion to the outstanding obligation made by the merchant to reduce such obligation.	"In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS "
	Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that a portion of the payment is received by Litle as repayment of an obligation that arose when Litle advanced postage costs ("Principal Amount of Advance") to merchant); <i>see</i> Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (showing that Litle received and applied the forwarded portion of the payment to Museum Publication of America's outstanding obligation to Litle).
	" <u>NET PROCEEDS</u> is an amount equal to: The GROSS PROCEEDS, Less LITLE FEES, Less RELEASED CHARGEBACKS (if no RESERVE exists), Less any other amounts due from MEMBER to LITLE, Less any PREPAYMENTS." Member Agreement at LI_00018.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting step comprises accepting a credit card number as the customer identifier.	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK

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	CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id</i> .
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
3. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting step comprises accepting a debit card number as the customer identifier.	It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the alleged invention of Plaintiff's asserted claims to apply mechanisms and methods in use for one type of customer identifier to another type of customer identifier, <i>e.g.</i> for debit cards as well as credit cards. And the statements by the alleged inventor and by the examiner, and the language of the patent itself makes clear that a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make the method or system work in the same way for any customer identifier, including debit cards.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of

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	CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby." Member Agreement at LI_00018. "CHARGE CARD is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i> " <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> " <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and
	through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
4. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting step comprises accepting a smart card number as the customer identifier.	It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the alleged invention of Plaintiff's asserted claims to apply mechanisms and methods in use for one type of customer identifier to another type of customer identifier, <i>e.g.</i> for smart cards as well as credit cards. And the statements by the alleged inventor and by the examiner, and the language of the patent itself makes clear that a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make the

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	method or system work in the same way for any customer identifier, including smart cards.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id</i> .
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id</i> .
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
5. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper-

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step comprises accepting a charge card number as the customer identifier.	based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id</i> .
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting step comprises accepting the customer identifier at a merchant location.	"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDER's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be

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	obtained)" Member Agreement at LI_00019.
7. The method of claim 1 wherein the accepting step comprises electronically accepting the customer identifier.	"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDER's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be obtained)" Member Agreement at LI_00019.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS" Member Agreement at LI_00018 (showing that the merchant electronically accepts the customer identifier).
	" <u>SALES RECORD</u> means all documents or data presented to LITLE as evidence of a CARD SALE." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019 (showing that the merchant electronically accepts the customer identifier).
8. The method of claim 1 wherein the steps performed at the merchant processor further comprise accumulating the payments until a predetermined amount is reached and then forwarding at least a portion of the accumulated payments to the payment receiver.	Litle would accumulate the payments until a predetermined amount was reached and then forward at least a portion of the accumulated payments to the payment receiver. <i>See</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (outlining specified daily and weekly payment amount).
9. The method of claim 1 wherein the steps performed at the merchant processor comprise periodically forwarding at least a portion of the payment to the payment receiver.	Litle would periodically forward at least a portion of the payment to the payment receiver. <i>See</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (outlining daily and weekly payment schedules).
	"In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be

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	processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS" Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that payments were periodically forwarded).
10. A system for automated payment of an obligation made by a merchant, comprising:	Litle utilized a system for automated payments to Litle as repayment of obligations owed by merchants either for postage or cash advances. <i>See</i> Member Agreement; Promissory Note; February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy; Forbes Article.
at a merchant, means for accepting a customer identifier as payment from the customer and	The merchant, either directly or via its agent, would accept a customer identifier as payment from the customer. Means for accepting a customer identifier as payment existed, including, on information and belief, a magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone.
for electronically forwarding information related to the payment to a computerized merchant processor,	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
wherein the merchant associated with the payment has an outstanding obligation to a third party;	Member Agreement at LI_00018 (showing that the merchant maintained a magnetic card reader and/or keyboard input and/or telephone for accepting a customer identifier and electronically forwarded information related to the payment to Litle, a computerized merchant processor).
	"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDERS's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for

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	sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be obtained)" <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019 (showing that the merchant maintained a magnetic card reader and/or keyboard input and/or telephone for accepting a customer identifier and electronically forwarded information related to the payment to Litle, a computerized merchant processor).
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00018.
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
	"In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted

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	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES from daily NET PROCEEDS" Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that Litle acted as the merchant processor and that the merchant had an outstanding obligation that arose when Litle advanced postage costs ("Principal Amount of Advance") to merchant). "As security for the obligations of Boston Publishing (the Borrower) under such financing agreements, Hanover Finance is being granted a security interest in our inventory, certain accounts and substantially all of the tangible and intangible personal property of Boston Publishing, including, without limitation, all rights of the Borrower to receive payments in respect of Card Sales from Litle & Co1. Upon written instruction from Hanover Finance or assignees of Hanover Finance, designated in writing by Hanover Finance, without further action by Boston Publishing, you will make all payments of Net Proceeds or any other credits, reserves, deposits, balances, refunds or other amounts now or
	other credits, reserves, deposits, balances, refunds or other amounts now or hereafter due to Boston Publishing under the Member Agreement in respect of Card Sales directly by wire transfer, to such account or accounts as Hanover Finance may designate in writing (the "Accounts")." February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy at LI_00030-31 (showing that the merchant, <i>e.g.</i> , Boston Publishing, had an outstanding
and at the computerized merchant processor, means for receiving the information related to the payment from the merchant, means for authorizing and settling the payment,	obligation to a third party, <i>e.g.</i> , Hanover Finance). The language of the patent makes clear that a merchant processor acquires payment information and authorizes and settles the payment. On information and belief, the means for performing these functions and for forwarding a portion of the payment to the third party to reduce the obligation is a modem and computer running appropriate software.
incans for authorizing and setting the payment,	"Litle & Co. continues to be your credit card processor and will continue to work directly with you to provide a high level of customer and technical service." February 28, 1992 letter from Tim Litle to Robert George at LI_00016.

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and means for forwarding a portion of the payment to the third party to reduce the obligation.	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES           "WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and           WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."           Member Agreement at LI_00018.         "In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS" Promissory Note at LI_00033 and Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (showing that a portion of card payments are forwarded to Litle, as a computerized payment receiver, to reduce the obligation that arose when Litle advanced postage costs ("Principal Amount of Advance") to merchant).
	" <u>NET PROCEEDS</u> is an amount equal to: The GROSS PROCEEDS, Less LITLE FEES, Less RELEASED CHARGEBACKS (if no RESERVE exists), Less any other amounts due from MEMBER to LITLE, Less any PREPAYMENTS." Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	"As security for the obligations of Boston Publishing (the Borrower) under such financing agreements, Hanover Finance is being granted a security interest in our

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	inventory, certain accounts and substantially all of the tangible and intangible personal property of Boston Publishing, including, without limitation, all rights of the Borrower to receive payments in respect of Card Sales from Litle & Co 1. Upon written instruction from Hanover Finance or assignees of Hanover Finance, designated in writing by Hanover Finance, without further action by Boston Publishing, you will make all payments of Net Proceeds or any other credits, reserves, deposits, balances, refunds or other amounts now or hereafter due to Boston Publishing under the Member Agreement in respect of Card Sales directly by wire transfer, to such account or accounts as Hanover Finance may designate in writing (the "Accounts")."
11. The system of claim 10 wherein the accepting means comprises means for accepting a credit card number as the customer identifier.	The merchant, <i>e.g.</i> , Museum Publications of America, accepted credit cards from customers for payment. Means for accepting a credit card number as the customer identifier included, on information and belief, a magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	"CHARGE CARD is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a

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	CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i> " <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective data if about ond
	CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>CARD ORGANIZATION</u> is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." <i>Id.</i> " <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
12. The system of claim 10 wherein the accepting means comprises means for accepting a debit card number as the customer identifier.	It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the alleged invention of Plaintiff's asserted claims to apply systems and means in use for one type of customer identifier to another type of customer identifier, <i>e.g.</i> for debit cards as well as credit cards. And the statements by the alleged inventor and by the examiner, and the language of the patent itself makes clear that a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make the method or system work in the same way for any customer identifier, including debit cards. Debit card numbers may be accepted, for example, using the merchant's magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES

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	RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby." Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id</i> .
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
13. The system of claim 10 wherein the accepting means comprises means for accepting a smart card number as the customer identifier.	It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the alleged invention of Plaintiff's asserted claims to apply systems and means in use for one type of customer identifier to another type of customer identifier, <i>e.g.</i> for smart cards as well as credit cards. And the statements by the alleged inventor and by the examiner, and the language of the patent itself makes clear that a person of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make the method or system work in the same way for any customer identifier, including smart cards. Smart card numbers may be accepted, for example, using the merchant's

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	magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id.</i>
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i>
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
14. The system of claim 10 wherein the accepting means comprises means for accepting	

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a charge card number as the customer identifier.	customer identifier included, on information and belief, a magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone. "WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS, and
	WHEREAS, MEMBER desires to honor CHARGE CARDS in connection with the retail sale of PRODUCTS to MEMBER's customers, to submit SALES RECORDs and REFUNDs representing such transactions to LITLE for processing and to sell to FNBL the SALES RECORDs generated with BANK CARDs and the indebtednesses represented thereby."
	Member Agreement at LI_00018.
	" <u>CHARGE CARD</u> is the plastic BANK CARD or T&E CARD issued by a CARD ORGANIZATION to the CARDHOLDER and the charge account number designated on the card, either of which MEMBER accepts from customers as payment for their purchases from MEMBER." <i>Id</i> .
	" <u>BANK CARD</u> means a valid and unexpired CHARGE CARD issued by an ISSUING MEMBER of MCI or VISA which contains the MasterCard service mark or Visa's Blue, White and Gold Bands Design service mark. A BANK CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id</i> .
	"CARD ORGANIZATION is VISA, MCI or the issuer of a T&E CARD." Id.
	" <u>T&amp;E CARD</u> is a valid and unexpired Travel and Entertainment CHARGE CARD issued by American Express, Carte Blanche, Diner's Club or Discover. A T&E CARD shall be deemed valid on and after the effective date, if shown, and through and including the expiration date embossed thereon." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019.
15. The system of claim 10 wherein the	On information and belief, means for accepting the customer identifier existed at

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accepting means comprises means for accepting the customer identifier at a merchant location.	a location of a merchant or merchant's agent, including, on information and belief, a magnetic card reader, keyboard input and/or telephone.
	"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDERS's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be obtained)" Member Agreement at LI_00019.
16. The system of claim 10 wherein the accepting means comprises means for electronically accepting the customer identifier.	On information and belief, means for a merchant's electronically accepting a customer identifier existed in the Litle system, including, on information and belief, a magnetic card reader, keyboard and/or telephone.
	"c. MEMBER shall complete each SALES RECORD to include a notation in the space provided for the CARDHOLDERS's signature that the sale was initiated by mail order (MO), telephone order (TO) or pre-authorized order (PO) (except for sales made in person, for which the CARDHOLDER's signature shall be obtained)" Member Agreement at LI_00019.
	"WHEREAS, LITLE and NPC are engaged in the business of processing paper- based and electronic data representing transactions conducted through the use of CHARGE CARDS" Member Agreement at LI_00018 (showing that the merchant electronically accepts the customer identifier).
	" <u>SALES RECORD</u> means all documents or data presented to LITLE as evidence of a CARD SALE." <i>Id.</i> at LI_00019 (showing that the merchant electronically accepts the customer identifier).
17. The system of claim 10 wherein the means at the merchant processor further comprise means for accumulating the payments until a predetermined amount is reached and means for forwarding at least a portion of the accumulated	Litle would accumulate the payments until a predetermined amount was reached and then forward at least a portion of the accumulated payments. <i>See</i> Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (outlining specified daily and weekly payment amount).

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payments to the third party.	On information and belief, the means for accumulating the payments until a predetermined amount was reached and means for forwarding at least a portion of the accumulated payments was a modem and computer running appropriate software.
18. The system of claim 10 wherein the forwarding means at the merchant processor comprises means for periodically forwarding at least a portion of the payment to the third party.	Litle would periodically forward at least a portion of the payment. <i>See</i> Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (outlining daily and weekly payment schedules). On information and belief, the means for performing this function was a modem and computer running appropriate software.
	"In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS" Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that payments were periodically forwarded).
19. The system of claim 10 wherein the forwarding means at the merchant processor comprises means for forwarding to the third party an amount that is a percentage of the obligation.	Litle forwarded an amount that is a percentage of the obligation. On information and belief, the means for performing this function was a computer running appropriate software. "In consideration of Litle & Co. making advances for the account of [Museum Publications of America] to United States Postal Service, [Museum Publications of America] agrees to pay on demand the Principal Amount of Advance plus
	management fee to Litle & Co., or order. MEMBER further agrees that all CHARGE CARD transactions from all divisions and subsidiaries will be processed by Litle & Co. while any amount owed under this note is still outstanding. Notwithstanding that such amounts are otherwise payable on

# UNITED STATES PATENT NO. 6,941,281

CLAIMS	SPECIFICATION REFERENCES
	demand, MEMBER agrees that (ii) the Daily Repayments shall be deducted from daily NET PROCEEDS" Promissory Note at LI_00033 (showing that payments forwarded were in an amount that was a percentage of the obligation); <i>see also</i> Promissory Note Repayment Schedule at LI_00035 (outlining daily and weekly payment amount, all of which individually and collectively constituted a percentage of the merchant's total obligation).

# EXHIBIT H

# Paul Hastings

ATTORNEYS

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Atlanta Beijing Brussels Hong Kong London Los Angeles Milan New York **Orange County** Palo Alto Paris San Diego San Francisco Shanghai Stamford Tokyo Washington, DC 650-320-1823 robertmatz@paulhastings.com

September 1, 2006

### Via E-Mail

Hilary Preston, Esq. Vinson & Elkins LLP 666 Fifth Avenue, 26th Floor New York, New York 10103

Re: AdvanceMe, Inc. v. RapidPay LLC, et al. (No. 6:05-cv-00424) (E.D. Tex.); AdvanceMe, Inc. v. AmeriMerchant, LLC (No. 6:06-CV-82)(E.D. Tex.). Defendants' Amended and Second Amended Invalidity Contentions

Dear Hilary:

I write to inform you that Defendants in the above-referenced matters have violated the Patent Rules of the Eastern District of Texas by purporting to amend their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions without an order of the Court.

P.R. 3-7 provides:

Amendment or modification of the....Preliminary or Final Invalidity Contentions, other than as expressly provided in P.R. 3-6, may be made only by order of the Court, which shall be entered only upon a showing of good cause.

In the RapidPay matter, Defendants have twice purported to amend their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions without an order of the Court. On July 21, 2006, Defendants attempted to amend their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions by adding a number of alleged prior publication references to their Preliminary Infringement Contentions: (1) a credit card processing agreement among Electronic Data Systems Corporation, Reno Air, and First USA Merchant Services, (2) an article from Forbes magazine, and (3) a Promissory Note between Litle & Co. and Exposures, Inc.. On August 30, 2006, the RapidPay Defendants purported to amend their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions to include additional prior publication references with respect to Litle & Co., including (1) a Litle & Co. Member Agreement, (2) a Demand Promissory Note for Postage Advances between Museum Publications of America and Litle & Co., (3) a February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy. Since amendment of Defendants' Preliminary Invalidity Contentions can be made only by order of the Court, and since there is no order of the Court granting Defendants permission to amend their Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, these purported Amended and Second Amended Invalidity Contentions are of no legal effect.

Hilary Preston, Esq. September 1, 2006 Page 2

In the AmeriMerchant matter, on August 30, 2006, Defendant purported to amend its Preliminary Invalidity Contentions to include prior publication references with respect to Litle & Co., including (1) a Litle & Co. Member Agreement, (2) a Demand Promissory Note for Postage Advances between Museum Publications of America and Litle & Co., (3) a February 17, 1994 Letter from Robert George to Michael Duffy. Again, since amendment of Defendant's Preliminary Invalidity Contentions can be made only by order of the Court, and since there is no order of the Court granting Defendant permission to amend its Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, its Amended Preliminary Invalidity Contentions are of no legal effect.

In light of the foregoing, please be advised that AdvanceMe will only be considering those contentions set forth in Merchant Money Tree, Inc., First Funds LLC, and Reach Financial, LLC's Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, dated July 7, 2006, and AmeriMerchant, LLC's Preliminary Invalidity Contentions, dated July 20, 2006.

Sincerely Robert C. Matz

for PAUL, HASTINGS, JA'NOFSKY & WALKER LLP

LEGAL\_US\_W # 54328782.1

# EXHIBIT I



# **500 PROFILES OF SUCCESS**

## INCLUDING

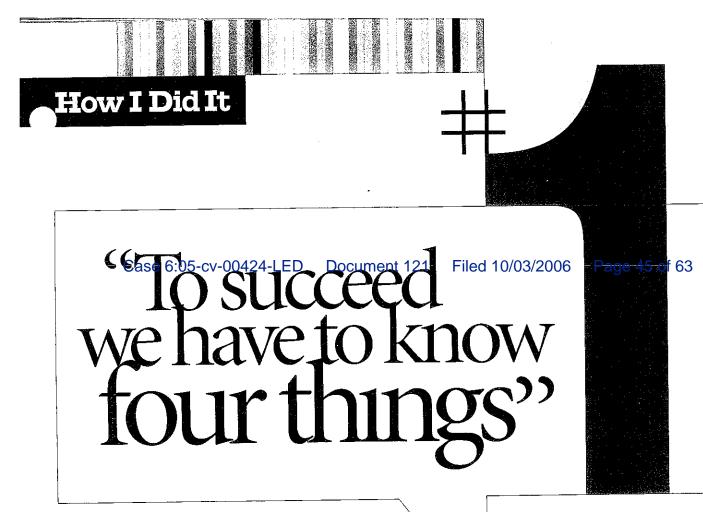
The new No. 1 company (5,629% three-year growth), the biggest job creator (6,591 employees), and the flat-out biggest company ever to appear on this list, with annual revenue of \$3.4 billion

PLUS

What the CEOs think about compensation, benefits, politics, and cashing out







Three-Year Growth

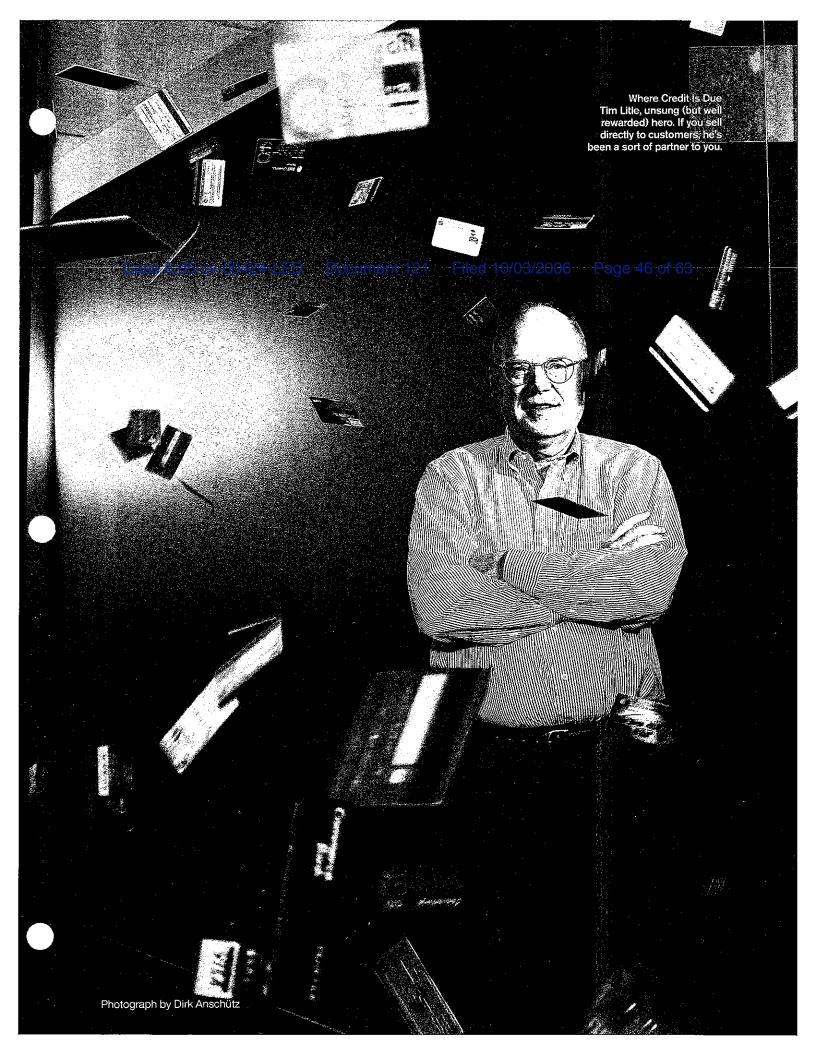
More than 40 years of direct marketing and financial services history is packed into the genial, unassuming person of Tim Litle. An engineer to the core, Litle, 66, is responsible for some of the commercial world's least sexy innovations, including those three-digit numbers on the backs of credit cards that discourage fraud, credit card rules that let consumers buy on installment plans, and the system by which mass mailers receive discounts from the US. Postal Service for presorting by carrier route. Those ideas and others have made or saved billions of dollars for Litle's clients, as well as thousands of direct marketers who have never heard his name. Litle & Co. is No. 1 on this year's Inc. 500 list with \$34.8 million in 2005 revenue and three-year growth of 5,629.1 percent.

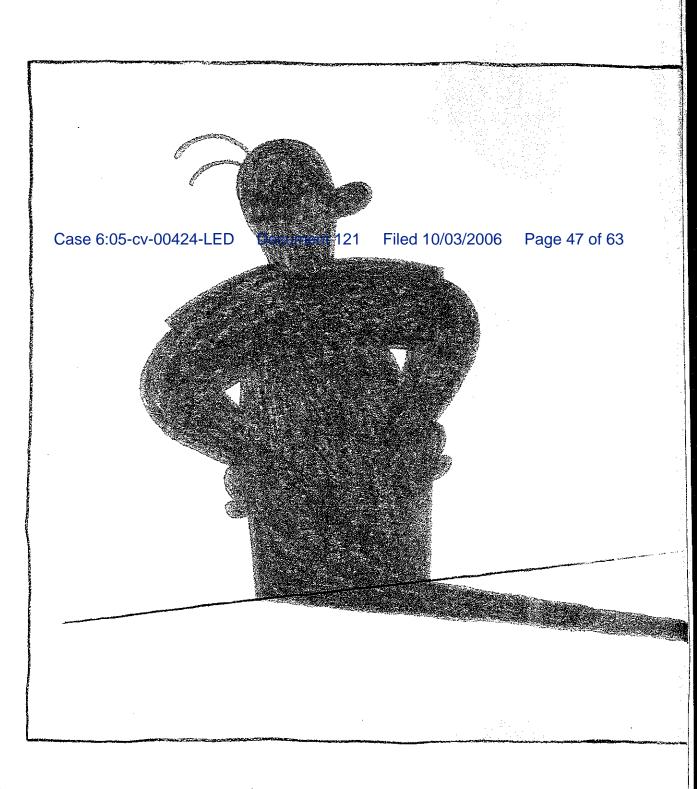
l grew up in Grosse Pointe, Michigan. My grandfather was the chief engineer for Lincoln; my dad ran the Detroit office for *Time* magazine. The engineering gene must have skipped a generation: I got it and went to Cal Tech. My freshman physics professor was Richard Feynman and my freshman chemistry professor was Linus Pauling. At Harvard Business School I took all the entrepreneurial courses I could. I wanted to be a technical entrepreneur, although at the time it wasn't clear what that meant. After business school I worked on cold-war intelligence technologies at Litton Industries. I was there for less than a year when I got appendicitis, and while I was having my appendix out someone stole my project from the lab. The Feds were all TIM LICE Chairman, Litle & Co. Financiai Services

over the place. I left Litton in 1965. That was the last time I worked for a company that wasn't mine.

A politician friend wanted to be able to mass-mail letters to specific groups of voters. I thought we could use computers to create targeted letters based on information about groups of people. The politician and I and two other guys started a company to do that for large marketers.

We got into list management, which means segmenting a marketer's mailing list according to demographics and buying patterns. We also saw a big opportunity in subscription fulfillment—making sure the right people get the publications they subscribe to. One of our clients was *The Christian* 





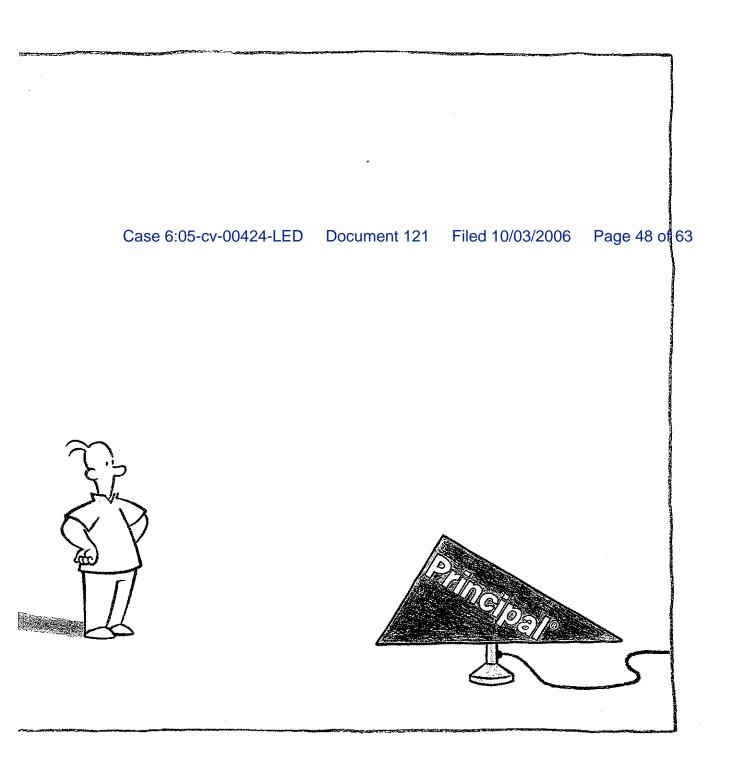
EVEN A GROWING BUSINESS should feel like the most important company in its town,

Think big.

on helping businesses of all sizes, well, grow. Whether it's retirement planning solutions that fit your exact needs. And the needs of the company you'll be tomorrow.

To learn more, contact your financial

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state, country, world. At least that's how we see it. For over 125 years, we've focused and investments, medical coverage or life insurance, we can easily customize Because no matter how big you are, truth is, we'd like to help you get bigger.



WE'LL GIVE YOU AN EDGEs

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Science Monitor. Only 70 percent of the time did subscribers get it on the day they expected it. I went into one of the printing lants and watched people take the Monitors off the belt and stuff them in mail sacks. There was a thick manual about how to put stuff in the sack and the maximum weight and the minimum number of pieces. These were minimumwage people-a lot of them didn't speak English. And they were writing out the tags that went on the mail sacks by hand and then taking them to the post office where more per pasould than the bar on bar under the bar on bar under thing iled to bar and the bar of the bar a table and then put them in other sacks. We came up with a system to computerize that: Labels would be printed according to Zip codes and the newspapers would then be sorted based on their destinations. We got it working, and I'll be damned if they didn't get 92 percent on-time delivery.

### One of my business school friends was

high up at the U.S. Postal Service, and they'd been studying the Monitor thing. He said, "We save so much money with this, do you think you could get your buddies in the direct marketing business to do it if we give them a discount?" It cost 9.6 cents to mail a catalog, so I said, "How about four ents?" Eight months later the post office announced its first Carrier Route Presort discount, and it was four cents. Now about half of all mail is delivered that way. I think they paid me \$500 for introducing the idea.

Around 1977, I had sold my company, and my wife, Joan, and I bought a catalog company. It was called Clymer's of Bucks County and it sold American handicrafts. We also began to handle warehousing and fulfillment for other catalogs. All the catalogs were losing 2 percent of sales because of inefficiencies in the paymentprocessing system-the networks were set up for retailers and not for situations where the buyer isn't present to hand over his card. So in 1982 I put together a system to address the requirements of catalogs and the card-not-present world. We eventually brought that 2 percent down to about .1 percent.

I started the first Litle & Co. in 1986, with \$1.6 million of unsecured credit

**Inc.com** For a full archive of past How I Did It features, visit www.inc.com/keyword/hidi.

from the bank. The total amount Joan and I put in was \$1,000. It was another payments-processing company for catalogers. We had customers like AOL, Lands' End, most of the guys on latenight television selling Chinese woks.

We did some significant things. We worked with Visa to introduce address verification, where a cataloger asks for the customer's billing address as a way to check his identity. With American Express we introduced the identification

marketing or Internet conferences. Third, we have to know Visa and MasterCard regulations. And fourth, we have to know how to manage risk. We are the ones who make sure the card issuers get their money from our customers' sales. So if one of our customers goes out of business we take it on the chin pretty hard.

This is the engineer in me talking, but I want to build the perfect payment processing system. The software environment has changed a lot since my old

"Like those other things, installment billing was a dumb idea of mine, then it was an interesting idea of mine, then it was Visa's idea."

we got through was installment billing. Visa had rules against that because the interest would be paid to the seller and not the credit card issuer. We explained that companies like NordicTrack don't want the interest; they want to increase their sales. We suggested a rule that would prohibit the seller from collecting interest on installment payments. Six weeks later, the rules changed, and Visa ended up selling installment payments as a feature. Like those other things it was a dumb idea of mine, and then it was an interesting idea of mine, and then it was Visa's idea.

In 1995 I sold the company to First USA for about \$80 million. I didn't sell them my name so they renamed it Paymentech.

In 2001 I started this company. It does the same thing as the first Litle & Co., but it's a different entity. More than half of our clients are Internet marketers.

To succeed, we have to know four things. First, we have to be good systems guys. Our competitors are very nontechnical, whereas systems are our core competence. Second, we have to know our market. Our competitors are populated by bankers and go to banking conferences; we go to direct

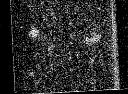
our computer room: The undepreciated value of all our computer hardware is around \$500,000. There was probably \$20 million in the old Litle & Co., and we had twice the number of employees.

My son Tom has an art history degree and a fine arts degree. He also ran a successful venture capital firm for six years. But he worked at my other companies during the '90s, and last year he joined this one as vice president of business development. He's done such a terrific job that the members of our executive committee have come to me individually and said, "It's time to make Tom CEO." So we did that.

One of my personal goals for this year is not to be in the critical path of anything going on at the company. I think I'm doing a good job at staying out of these guys' way. I'm in the meeting every month where we plan the next month's software. And I explain how to deal with Visa and MasterCard, and with our partner bank, Wells Fargo. But I don't roll up my sleeves and do things like I used to.

People think I'm crazy, but I love this business.

As told to Leigh Buchanan



LIKE NOTHING ELSE."

Pictured. The 2007 H2. © General Motors Corporation, 2006. HUMMER.COM

# EXHIBIT J

- 5

1

VOLUME: I 1 **PAGES:** 1 - 306 EXHIBITS: Per index 2 3 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS 4 TYLER DIVISION 5 C.A. No. 6:05-cv-424-LED-JDL 6 ) ADVANCEME, INC., 7 ) Plaintiff ) 8 vs. 9 RAPIDPAY LLC, BUSINESS CAPITAL ) 10 CORPORATION, FIRST FUNDS LLC, ) MERCHANT MONEY TREE, INC., ) 11 REACH FINANCIAL, LLC and ) FAST TRANSACT, INC. ) 12 d/b/a SIMPLE CASH, ) ) Defendants 13 14 C.A. No. 6:06-cv-82-LED 15 ) ADVANCEME, INC., 16 ) Plaintiff 17 vs. 18 AMERIMERCHANT, LLC, 19 Defendant. ) 20 21 VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION 22 OF 23 THOMAS J. LITLE, IV 24 WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 2006 25



122	124
1 it, and the performance obligation was	1 prepared with two columns. The left column
2 something that the fulfillment company is	2 lists the daims of the patent, which is the
3 legally required to do anyway, and that is,	3 claims on Litle Exhibit 11 that you just
4 don't charge the customer until the goods	4 read, 1 and 10, as well as all the other
5 are shipped.	5 claims which are printed in the left column,
6 Q. What are the obligations of the catalog	6 and in the right column, we've cited to
7 company?	7 portions of the Litle documents that you've
	8 testified here today that refer to the
	9 elements of the claim that are listed in the
<ul> <li>9 Q.  In the three-party agreement, did the</li> <li>10 merchant have any obligations to the</li> </ul>	10 left-hand column, and what I'd like to ask
	11 you to do is we'll go through this row by
<ol> <li>fulfillment company?</li> <li>A. The merchant had to pay the fulfillment</li> </ol>	12 row and I'd like you to read the right-hand
	13 column, I'll read the left-hand column to
13 company for their services.	14 you, and ask you to tell us if what we've
14 Q. And the obligations of Litle & Company?	15 cited in the right-hand column is accurate.
<ul><li>15 A. We had to pay the fulfillment company on</li><li>16 behalf of the merchant and we had our normal</li></ul>	16 MR. EDELMAN: Excuse me. Before
	17 you read that, can I have a representation
17 obligations as for routine payment	18 as to whether this was provided
18 processing, as well.	19 MR. GRAY: Yes, it was.
19 Q. That were outlined in the Member Agreement?	20 MR. EDELMAN: It was provided when?
20 A. Yes.	21 MR. GRAY: Last week sometime.
21 (One-page document entitled "US	21 MR. GRAT. Last week sometime. 22 MR. EDELMAN: Okay.
22 6,941,281 B1" is marked Exhibit 23 Number 11 for Identification.)	23 MR. SMITH: I'd like to note, we're
	24 not going to object to the line of
24 Q. I'm handing you what has been marked Litle	25 questioning, certainly, but Mr. Litle is
25 Exhibit 11, which are the claims of United	25 questioning, certainty, but int but is
123	125
	1 here as a fact witness. He is not rendering
1 States Patent 6941281. It shows it's	<ol> <li>here as a fact witness. He is not rendering</li> <li>a conclusion on patent validity. He is here</li> </ol>
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32 (Pages 122 to 125)

126	128
1 A. Okay.	1 MR. EDELMAN: I can put my
2 Q and if you would like to refer back to	2 objections on the record.
3 Litle Exhibit 11, right there, you can read	3 MR. SCHUURMAN: Well, make them
4 the full claim in context.	4 short.
5 A. Okay.	5 MR. EDELMAN: I will make them as
6 Q. So "A method for automated payment," and	6 long as I want to make them.
7 what we've listed here are all the documents	7 Q. Based on your understanding after being in
8 you've testified about today and stated	8 the card processing industry for about 25
9 "Litle & Company utilized a method for	9 years
10 automated payments as repayment of	10 A. More than that.
11 obligations owed by merchants either for	11 Q. I'm sorry? Longer than that?
12 postage or cash advances." Is that correct?	12 MR. SMITH: 25-plus.
13 A. Yeah, and also, the reserves and something	13 Q. 25-plus years.
14 like the Hanover Direct obligation. The	14 MR. EDELMAN: Don't make him a
15 other kinds of obligations that we've talked	15 patent attorney.
16 about. So it isn't just for postage or cash	16 Q. Do the
17 advances.	17 MR. GRAY: I'm sorry. Is that an
18 Q. Was the fulfillment center operation that	18 objection?
19 you just testified about, was that a method	19 MR. EDELMAN: Yes, it is.
20 of automated payment?	20 MR. GRAY: I didn't hear
21 A. To the fulfillment center?	21 "objection."
22 Q. Yes.	22 MR. EDELMAN: Objection. It
23 A. Yes.	23 doesn't make him a patent attorney. Go
24 Q. What about for the wire fee you discussed?	24 ahead.
25 A. For the what?	25 MR. GRAY: Please limit your
	130
127	129 1 objections to objections as to form.
1 Q. For the wire fee; was that a method for 2 automated payment?	2 MR. EDELMAN: It was a beautiful
3 A. Yes.	3 objection as to form.
4 Q. And was equipment payments for equipment	4 Q. Okay. Does the right-hand column, does that
5 rental and purchase, was that a method for	5 recite citations to the documents you've
6 automated payment?	6 testified about today that show a merchant
7 A. Yes.	7 accepts a customer identifier as payment
8 Q. Looking now at the second row of the first	8 from a customer?
9 page of Litle 12, the claim says "At a	9 MR. EDELMAN: Same objection.
10 merchant, accepting a customer identifier as	10 Q. Please take as much time as you need.
11 payment from the customer." Can you look at	11 A. And the question is, at that time, did we
12 the right-hand column and tell me whether or	12 accept the customer identifier as a payment
13 not those citations from the Litle documents	13 for transaction, and the answer is we did.
14 show that a merchant accepted the customer	14 Q. The merchants did or Litle & Company did?
15 identifier as payment from the customer?	15 A. The merchants accepted it.
16 MR. EDELMAN: Objection. Calls for	16 Q. As described in the quotes in this chart
17 claim construction, beyond the scope of the	17 that you're reading?
18 testimony, misleading, lack of foundation.	18 MR. EDELMAN: Same objection.
19 Q. I absolutely do not want you to try to	19 A. Right.
20 construe the claims.	20 Q. Okay. Looking at the bottom row on Page 2
21 MR. EDELMAN: He has to construe	21 of Litle Exhibit 12, the claim states "and
22 the claim to answer the question.	22 electronically forwarding information
23 MR. SCHUURMAN: Why don't you ask	23 related to the payment to a computerized
24 him during your cross and stop interfering.	24 merchant processor." Could you please tell
	25 me whether the cites in the right-hand
25 Go ahead.	

33 (Pages 126 to 129)

130	132
1 column illustrate that Litle & Company	1 needed for our process, and then the
2 electronically or that the merchant	2 settlement information might have gone to
3 electronically forwarded information related	3 NDC first and then through NPC, but it was
4 to the payment to Litle & Company?	4 part of our contract, and the settlement
5 MR. EDELMAN: Objection. Calls for	5 information sometimes then went directly to
6 claim construction, beyond beyond the scope	6 us. Could go any one of those ways.
7 of the deposition, lack of foundation.	7 Q. Whether the card was present or not present,
8 A. Yes.	8 was the information related to the payment,
	9 such as the card number and the payment
9 Q. And to clarify, you said that using	10 amount
10 pursuant to the Member Agreement, which is	10 amount 11 A. Yes.
11 Litle Exhibit 4, the merchant would accept	
12 credit cards, debit cards, and charge cards,	12 Q was that electronically forwarded?
13 such as an American Express card?	13 A. Yes. In the card-not-present, it was always
14 A. That's correct.	14 directly forwarded to us.
15 Q. And did you also testify that the merchant	15 Q. Electronically?
16 would accept those cards using a telephone	16 A. Yes. When it was card-not-present, it was
17 and inputting the credit card number into a	17 always forwarded electronically, but the
18 computer?	18 route that it took could vary, depending on
19 A. That's one way, yes.	19 the circumstances.
20 MR. EDELMAN: I just want to put an	20 Q. Okay. Thank you. On Page 3 of Litle
21 objection on the record. It wasn't clear to	21 Exhibit 12, the next portion of the claim
22 me vague and ambiguous as to which	22 states "at the computerized merchant
23 merchants you're referring to.	23 processor, acquiring the information related
24 Q. Which merchants would accept a credit card	24 to the payment from the merchant,
25 via telephone?	25 authorizing and settling the payment, and
131 1 A. That's how the card-not-present merchants	133 1 forwarding at least a portion of the payment
<ul> <li>A. That's how the card-not-present merchants</li> <li>received most of their transactions. When</li> <li>they didn't receive them by telephone was</li> <li>when they or by an order blank sent</li> <li>through the mail. It was typically at a</li> <li>warehouse sale or something like that. Then</li> <li>they were operating just like a normal</li> <li>retailer operating.</li> <li>Q. And was the process by which those merchants</li> <li>forwarded information, such as the card,</li> <li>information and payment amount, to Litle &amp;</li> <li>Company in the authorization step in Litle</li> <li>10, was that process different for</li> <li>card-not-present or card-present</li> <li>transactions?</li> <li>A. How they actually forwarded the information</li> <li>to us? Yeah. Actually, sometimes we got</li> <li>the settlement information well, the</li> <li>authorization process might not I can't</li> <li>Might not have actually gone through us, but</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>forwarding at least a portion of the payment</li> <li>to a computerized payment receiver as</li> <li>payment of at least a portion of an</li> <li>obligation made by the merchant."</li> <li>A. Uh-huh.</li> <li>Q. Could you please read the citations in the</li> <li>right-hand column, and it flows over on to</li> <li>Page 4 and 5, and tell me whether that</li> <li>accurately recites the portions of the</li> <li>agreements you've testified to today.</li> <li>MR. EDELMAN: I'm sorry. Was your</li> <li>question getting at whether it reflects the</li> <li>language of the Claim 10?</li> <li>MR. GRAY: No. I asked whether it</li> <li>accurately reflects</li> <li>MR. EDELMAN: Reflects the</li> <li>agreements.</li> <li>Q. Do you understand my question?</li> <li>A. Yeah. You are asking I'll read it back.</li> <li>As I understand it, you're asking me to look</li> <li>at the citations and without trying to</li> </ul>
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34 (Pages 130 to 133)

136 134 differently. MR. EDELMAN: That's fine. 1 1 2 MR. SMITH: He knows too well. 2 A. I have a question. In the first sentence, MR. EDELMAN: Objection. 3 it says, at the end, "Management fee to 3 4 Litle & Company, or order." I'm not sure 4 A. And then they charge you for it. 5 that's either what it says or what it should 5 Q. Your understanding, though, as someone who has been in the payment processing 6 6 have said. 7 industry for 25-plus years. Q. I believe that is what it says. That's 7 8 A. I would say I understand what the left-hand Litle Exhibit 7, I believe? 8 9 column is getting at and the right-hand 9 MR. EDELMAN: I'm sorry. Where is 10 column is a reflection of exactly that --10 the witness referring? 11 Q. Okay. MR. GRAY: The bottom of Page 3, 11 the bottom paragraph in the right column, 12 A. -- and matches what our documentation was. 12 13 Q. And I'm going to be asking the same the fourth line down. 13 14 questions about each row going throughout MR. EDELMAN: Oh, I see it. 14 this document. So beginning on Page 5, 15 15 Thanks. would you please read the citations in the 16 16 A. Yeah, I think that was a typo and it should have probably said -- it should have 17 right column? 17 18 A. The question is the same; is this an probably referred to what we were thinking 18 19 accurate representation? of setting up or maybe had set up as a 19 20 Q. Yes. separate operation to do postage financing. 20 21 A. Yes, it is. 21 Q. Okay. Outside of Litle & Company? 22 Q. Do those citations accurately reflect your 22 A. Right. Well, it would have been owned by understanding of the description in the roughly the same people, but it would have 23 23 24 left-hand column? been a separate operation. 24 25 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections. 25 Q. Do you have any other questions about the 137 135 1 A. Yes. I understand the computer payment citations in the right column? 1 receiver as what I call the third party, and 2 A. Yeah. I'd like to look at the definition of 2 "prepayments." 3 if that's the case, yes, it does accurately 3 Q. That's in the Member Agreement? 4 reflect it. 4 Q. Looking at the next row, and the left-hand A. Okay. Yes, that's accurate. 5 5 Q. Do all these citations on Pages 3 through 5 column begins with the Number 2 --6 6 accurately reflect your understanding of 7 A. Uh-huh. 7 Q. -- it says "The method of claim 1 wherein what the language in the left column 8 8 the accepting step comprises accepting a 9 9 requires? credit card number as the customer MR. EDELMAN: Same objections. 10 10 identifier." Could you please look at 11 A. As I understand it, yes. 11 what's cited in the right-hand column and 12 Q. And do you have any questions about what 12 tell me if that accurately reflects the that -- do you understand what the claim 13 13 Litle documents and -- well, if it language in the left-hand column is on those 14 14 accurately reflects that Litle accepted 15 15 pages? credit card numbers? Sorry. Let me start 16 16 MR. EDELMAN: Same objection. over. That the merchants who processed MR. SMITH: Objection. I think 17 17 through Litle accepted credit card numbers. "claim language" is misleading. He can 18 18 19 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections. talk about what the words say, but "claim 19 20 MR. SMITH: Do you understand that language" is a big problem. 20 21 Q. The language that's printed in the left-hand 21 question? 22 THE WITNESS: I think so. column, do the right-hand citations 22 Q. Let me rephrase. Sorry. Could you look at 23 accurately reflect your understanding? 23 the citations in the right-hand column and 24 A. As a layman's understanding because lawyers 24 tell me whether those citations accurately always interpret stuff a little 25 25

35 (Pages 134 to 137)

138	140
1 illustrate that Litle & Company processed	1 computer chip on them that did something.
2 credit card transactions for merchants?	2 There are cards now that carry changing
3 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections.	3 passwords on it, sort of like an RSA
4 A. Yes. That was our service, processing	4 password. There are cards that you can
5 credit cards for merchants.	5 stick your thumb over and it can identify
6 Q. And on Page 6 of Litle Exhibit 12, the	6 the fact that your thumb print is really
7 bottom row begins with the number 3, could	7 your thumb print and not somebody else's. A
8 you please look at the right-hand column	8 Smart Card encompasses all kinds of stuff.
9 and, disregarding the first paragraph,	9 A Smart Card typically had to be used in
10 please tell me whether those citations	10 conjunction with some sort of terminal
11 A. Disregarding the first paragraph?	11 device. So we didn't handle any Smart Cards
12 Q. Right, disregarding, and was your testimony	12 that I know, except that it's also my
13 earlier that Litle would process debit cards	13 understanding that some Smart Cards had Visa
14 on behalf of merchants?	14 or MasterCard identification numbers on
15 A. Yes, but they weren't necessarily identified	15 them, and if that case, if somebody gave
16 as debit cards.	16 those Visa and MasterCard identification
17 Q. Right.	17 numbers over the telephone as a
18 A. In fact, they were necessarily by the	18 card-not-present card, we would handle it
19 payment networks disguised as debit cards.	19 like we'd handle any other credit card,
20 Q. Could you please read the citations to the	20 although we wouldn't necessarily know it was
21 documents and tell me whether those	21 a Smart Card.
22 citations showed that Litle accepted debit	22 Q. Could you look at Page 8 of Litle Exhibit
23 cards sorry that Litle processed	23 12, the very bottom line, and Page 9, and
24 transactions where debit cards were used at	24 tell me whether the citations to the Litle
25 the merchant?	25 documents in the right-hand column
120	141
139	141
1 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections.	1 illustrate that Litle processed charge card
1 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections. 2 A. And the question again, is?	<ol> <li>illustrate that Litle processed charge card</li> <li>transactions for its merchants.</li> </ol>
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36 (Pages 138 to 141)

142	144
1421the things that I actually got Visa and2MasterCard to do was to allow us, instead of3putting the city and state as an identifier4for where the card-not-present transactions5came from, allowing them or now, it's a6requirement to put the 800 number of the7customer service number on it. I don't8remember at this time whether the actual9city and state was still required, but this10was interestingly enough true for11card-not-present, as well as card-present12transactions.13Q. On Page 10, Row 7, would you please tell me14whether the right-hand column illustrates15how merchants for whom Litle would process16transactions would electronically accept17cards?18MR. EDELMAN: Same objections.19MR. SMITH: It looks like, on some20of this, there's some editorial, as well.21So within the quotes is what came from the22documents; is that right?23MR. GRAY: Right.24MR. SMITH: Are you asking him to25verify what is in the parentheses?	144 1 it religiously and sometimes they didn't do 2 so well, but 3 Q. And you earlier did you earlier testify 4 that some of Litle & Company's merchants 5 would have credit card terminals or card 6 terminals at the merchant location? 7 A. Yes, and we could always identify those 8 transactions, because we'd get a terminal 9 number and we knew which terminal it was 10 used, and so we'd always know that was a 11 card-present transaction. We didn't 12 necessarily always know that a 13 card-not-present transaction was a telephone 14 order or a mail order, and I frankly don't 15 think Visa and MasterCard cared about that. 16 Q. How would you receive that information from 17 the terminal? 18 A. Well, it could take several routes, but 19 electronically, the path that it took 20 would could take several different 21 routes. It could come right from the 22 terminal to us. It could go from the 23 terminal to NPC, and I don't really remember 25 all the ways, but we would change over
143 1 MR. GRAY: No. 2 MR. SMITH: Okay. So just I 3 just want to be 4 MR. GRAY: Well, actually, yes. 5 Q. If we say it shows something, I'd like you 6 to verify that the quote actually does 7 show. 8 MR. SMITH: Do you understand what 9 they're asking? 10 THE WITNESS: Yes. 11 A. This is certainly what was said. The idea 12 of actually identifying a sale as a mail 13 order or a telephone order was often done, 14 not necessarily always done. We'd identify 15 each merchant or each sub-merchant by our 16 internal merchant number that we had that 17 the merchant also used. So anything that 18 would come under one merchant number would 19 be a mail order. Another sub-merchant 20 number would be a telephone number. Another 21 sub-merchant number would be a card-present 22 transaction. We'd roll all that up and 23 account for it as one merchant, but we could 24 tell where the transactions came from, 25 typically, and the merchants sometimes did	1451time, we would change the way we did that.2For efficiency reasons, for cost reasons,3for whatever reasons, we would change that,4but we always received it electronically.5We probably received some paper6transactions, but I can't imagine, during7the whole course of our company, we received8more than a handful.9Q. Looking at Row 8 on Page 10 of Litle Exhibit1012, did Litle & Company ever instruct FNBL11to accumulate payments until a certain12amount is reached before forwarding13payments?14MR. EDELMAN: Objection. Calls for15claim.17Q. Do you understand that language, Mr. Litle,18"accumulate the payments"?19MR. EDELMAN: Same objection.20MR. SMITH: Well, I think it's a21couple of questions. So do you want him to23comment on the text that's written here next24to25MR. GRAY: Comment on my question.

37 (Pages 142 to 145)

	146		148
1 (	Q. You can disregard the text on the right-hand	1	gateway into the networks, and so we would
2	side.	2	settle with them multiple times. Maybe we'd
3	MR. SMITH: Okay. Ignore what is	3	only settle with them once. I don't
4	on the paper. Can you read the question	4	remember. I know when we were settling
5	back, please.	5	directly through Visa and MasterCard, we did
6	(The following question was read	6	settle with them multiple times.
7	back by the court reporter:	7	Now, we didn't the part of when
8	"Looking at Row 8 on Page 10 of	8	we would electronically transmit the data to
	Litle Exhibit 12, did Litle &	9	the merchants or the third parties, that was
9 10	Company ever instruct FNBL to	10	kind of independent of that. The dollar
11	accumulate payments until a certain	11	value would accumulate or the dollar value
12	amount is reached before forwarding	12	would show up in the First National Bank of
13	payments?")	13	Louisville account as a funds transfer in
14		14	bulk. They were just one big number that
14	part is, we did accumulate transactions.	15	came in from Visa, one number that came in
16	Some of our customers would send us	16	from MasterCard, and then we'd sort it out
10	they'd go through a cycle every day. Some	17	according to our own accounting records.
17	of them would go through a cycle every day. Some	18	Maybe I don't understand the question.
19	minutes, and based on the way transactions	19	
20	are settled, you know, they're all settled	20	trigger an electronic forwarding of money
20	in a batch, that's all batch is today, even,	21	from FNBL to a merchant or to a third
22	and we would settle them through the Visa	22	party?
23	and MasterCard network. Also, multiple		A. Our instruction.
24	times during the day, but somebody like		Q. And what was a typical instruction?
25	Micro Warehouse would send us batches every		A. It would be, at this point in time "On
	147.		149
1	147 ten minutes, and we would accumulate those		this day, transfer this amount to that
1 2	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next	2	this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account, and
	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next time we settled it through the Visa and	2 3	this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account," and it was just a list of amounts and accounts
2	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next time we settled it through the Visa and MasterCard networks. Now, that wasn't	2 3 4	this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account," and it was just a list of amounts and accounts that we would transfer.
2 3	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next time we settled it through the Visa and MasterCard networks. Now, that wasn't necessarily accumulating it until a	2 3 4 5	this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account," and it was just a list of amounts and accounts that we would transfer. Q. Would it forward would it transfer those
2 3 4	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next time we settled it through the Visa and MasterCard networks. Now, that wasn't necessarily accumulating it until a pre-determined amount was reached. It was	2 3 4 5 6	<ul><li>this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account," and it was just a list of amounts and accounts that we would transfer.</li><li>Q. Would it forward would it transfer those amounts daily, for example?</li></ul>
2 3 4 5 6 7	ten minutes, and we would accumulate those until it was convenient or until the next time we settled it through the Visa and MasterCard networks. Now, that wasn't necessarily accumulating it until a pre-determined amount was reached. It was accumulating it until either we wanted to	2 3 4 5 6 7	<ul><li>this day, transfer this amount to that account, this account to that account," and it was just a list of amounts and accounts that we would transfer.</li><li>Q. Would it forward would it transfer those amounts daily, for example?</li><li>A. Yes. That cycle was done every day.</li></ul>
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38 (Pages 146 to 149)

150	152
1 would say "Forward the daily net proceeds,	1 Q. (Cont'd. By Mr. Gray) Mr. Litle, I'd like
2 less any of the other obligations of the	2 you to look back at Litle Exhibit 11, and
3 merchant." The other obligations could be	3 again, read Claim 10 to yourself slowly.
4 for chargebacks that had actually already	4 When the language when the claim recites
5 been withheld by the networks, it could be	5 "means" for something, that means it's
6 for our fees, it could be for payment of	6 reciting an apparatus or equipment that is
7 postage advances, it could be for payment of	7 used for performing a particular function,
8 terminals, it could be to increase increase	8 and what I'd like to ask you is, for each of
	9 those portions of a claim, and I'll begin
	10 with "means for accepting a customer
10 of stuff	
11 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Five minutes	
12 left on tape.	12 I'd like you to tell me whether there was
13 A but when you say FNBL forwarded an	13 standard equipment used in the industry for
amount, they forwarded what we told them.	14 performing a particular function. Do you
15 It was the sum of all those components.	15 understand?
16 Q. Would you instruct FNBL to forward those	16 A. I think so.
17 payments to the third party?	17 MR. EDELMAN: I object. Also, it
18 A. Yes.	18 calls for claim construction.
19 Q. Daily?	19 Q. Was there standard equipment used in the
20 A. Yes.	20 industry for accepting a customer identifier
21 Q. For example	21 as payment from the customer?
22 A. It depended. Actually, sometimes we did do	22 MR. EDELMAN: Same objections.
23 it weekly, so we would I guess we	23 A. There were standards. There were several
24 would yeah, most of the time we did it	24 types of equipment. The one we dealt with
25 daily. Frankly, we tried to do everything	25 most was an order processing system that was
· · · · ·	
151	153
1 daily. We tried to deal with interchange	1 basically a terminal and an operator would
2 daily. We tried to deal with all this stuff	2 key in the order. The software that managed
3 daily, because that was easiest for the	3 that computerized order entry system was
4 merchant if everything happened all at the	4 often sold to the direct marketers by a
5 same time. We'd sort out the fact that Visa	5 third party, and there are limited numbers.
6 actually charge dollars us for interchange	6 Sometimes direct marketers wrote their own
7 once a month. There were all kinds of	7 software. They used different equipment,
8 different timing arrangements that were in	8 but it was all basically what one would
9 there, and for a merchant to try and figure	9 consider a relatively standard order entry
10 that all out, it was difficult, so we tried	10 system.
11 to do everything daily for the merchant.	11 Q. And to clarify, was that a computer keyboard
12 Q. But if not daily, was it typically on some	12 where someone would input a number
-	13 A. Yes.
	14 Q into a computer?
14 A. Yes.	15 A. Uh-huh. That was one way.
15 MR. GRAY: We can go ahead and	16 Q. What was another way?
16 change the tape. 17 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is	17 A. Another way was to actually use terminals
	18 and probably five years before the period of
18 2:08. This is the end of Cassette 2. We	19 time we're talking about, which I think is
19 are off the record.	20 1992, that range, the computerized order
20 MR. SMITH: We'll take five.	21 entry systems really didn't accept credit
21 (Recess.)	
22 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is	
23 2:17. This is the beginning of Cassette	
24 Number 3 in the deposition of Thomas Litle.	but by 1992, it was generally order entry
25 We are on the record.	25 systems that were built to accept credit

39 (Pages 150 to 153)

154	156
1 cards, to check the validity, the mechanical	1 the
2 validity. The Visa and MasterCard	2 Q. Right. For example, computers, network and
3 transactions were 16 characters long and	3 modem.
4 started with a 4 and a 5 respectively, and	4 A. Well, that's it. It was the way the
5 had a 10-check digit at the end, and that	5 transaction was captured, whether it was in
6 kind of stuff, and that was most of the	6 an order entry system or a terminal, the way
7 card-not-present transactions.	7 it was transmitted, whether it was connected
8 Q. And Litle & Company processed did Litle &	8 by modem or to a lease line a modem to a
9 Company process card transactions for	9 dial-up line. It was actually modems to a
10 merchants who accepted credit cards or cards	10 frame relay line or connected to a lease
11 via terminals or computer keyboard input?	11 line at the merchant's end. Basically, the
12 A. Yes. The terminals was we certainly	12 reverse of that at our end to receive the
13 did. That was a smaller part of our	13 information, and the information went back
14 business.	14 and forth. When a merchant would send in a
15 Q. What sort of hardware did merchants use to	15 settlement file, for example, then we had to
16 electronically forward information related	16 send back a confirmation that what they
17 to the payment to Litle?	17 thought they sent us, we actually got, and
18 A. They used on their computers, they had	18 that was the moment in time, when we sent
19 connections to either in those days, they	19 back that confirmation, when we owned the
20 had connections to either a frame relay	20 transactions.
21 system, which was something supplied by the	21 Q. And you testified earlier to this, but what
22 telephone company, or a regular dial-up	22 hardware was used sorry. Let me start
<ul><li>telephone, and those transactions would get</li></ul>	23 over. How was the money forwarded from FNBL
24 conveyed to us via those kinds of	24 to the third party in your diagram in
25 telephone-operated networks.	25 Exhibit 10?
155	157
1 Q, Okay. How would Litle receive that	1 A. Either through a wire transfer, which was,
2 information from the merchant?	2 a wire transfer system is operated by the
3 A. We would also be connected to either a plain	3 Fed it's the way banks typically transfer
4 dial-up line, and the merchant would call	4 money between each other or by the ACH
5 the number, our number, basically, make a	5 an ACH system, which means automated
6 telephone call, and we'd have a modem	6 clearinghouse, and I think that's operated
7 connected to that and we'd receive the	7 by the Fed no. It's operated by an
8 merchant's data, or we'd be connected to the	8 organization called NACHA, National
9 other end of a frame relay circuit and	9 Automated Clearinghouse Association, or
10 accept the information from the merchant, or	10 something like that, and which really did
11 in some cases, we actually had a lease line	11 the same thing as a wire did, except it took
12 between the merchant and us, and so it was	12 a day longer.
13 just like a the phone company provided	13 Q. In each of the examples that you've
14 it, but it was like a wire between us and	14 testified to here today, is the equipment
15 the merchant.	15 that is used by each of the entities in
	16 Litle Exhibit 10, is that is it the same
16 Q. What hardware was used for authorizing and	
17 settling the payment at each of the entities	17 equipment?
<ul><li>17 settling the payment at each of the entities</li><li>18 involved in the process?</li></ul>	17 equipment? 18 A. Pretty much. Depending on the
<ol> <li>settling the payment at each of the entities</li> <li>involved in the process?</li> <li>MR. EDELMAN: Objection. Calls for</li> </ol>	<ul><li>17 equipment?</li><li>18 A. Pretty much. Depending on the</li><li>19 circumstance. If it was the same</li></ul>
<ol> <li>settling the payment at each of the entities</li> <li>involved in the process?</li> <li>MR. EDELMAN: Objection. Calls for</li> <li>claim construction.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>equipment?</li> <li>A. Pretty much. Depending on the</li> <li>circumstance. If it was the same</li> <li>circumstance, it would be the same type of</li> </ol>
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40 (Pages 154 to 157)

158	160
1 change between the Hanover finance situation	1 we haven't really gotten to that aspect of
2 and the postage finance situation, for	2 what we what we think our service will
3 example?	3 be. I don't know if we'll ever perform
4 A. It could because it just depended on how	4 that. We may. We may not.
5 Hanover would receive payments. Maybe they	5 Q. When you say "that," do you mean providing
6 received an ACH. Maybe they received a	6 payments to third parties?
7 wire. I don't remember how they did that.	7 A. Yes.
8 Q. Either way, it was an electronic transfer?	8 Q. Do you have an option that's advertised on
9 A. Yes.	9 your website called Dynamic Settlement?
10 MR. GRAY: I'll pass the witness.	10 A. It's not active. Dynamic Settlement, no, we
11 (Discussion off the record.)	11 don't
12 CROSS-EXAMINATION	12 Q. What is Dynamic Settlement?
13 by Mr. Edelman:	13 A. Huh?
14 Q. Good afternoon.	14 Q. What is Dynamic Settlement?
15 A. Hi.	15 A. Actually, I don't remember what Dynamic
16 Q. I am Mike Edelman. I will be asking you	16 Settlement is.
17 questions on behalf of Advanceme. Could you	17 Q. Doesn't Dynamic Settlement, as described on
18 put Litle Exhibit 11 back in front of you?	18 your website, describe payments to third
19 Now, I believe you testified earlier that	19 parties?
20 you thought, at least from your perspective,	20 MR. SMITH: Objection. Same
21 that you understood what Claims 1 and 10	21 instruction. You're here in a personal
22 encompassed?	22 capacity; not as a representative of the new
23 A. Uh-huh.	<ul><li>23 Little &amp; Co.</li><li>24 A. Okay. Providing payments to third parties.</li></ul>
24 Q. Is that correct?	
25 A. Not from a lawyer's point of view, but	25 We do that in the sense that we maintain
159	161
159	
1 from	1 reserves, we maintain we do some of the
1 from 2 Q. From your point of view?	<ol> <li>reserves, we maintain we do some of the</li> <li>stuff we're talking about. We don't do</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>from</li> <li>Q. From your point of view?</li> <li>A from a layman's point of view, yeah.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>reserves, we maintain we do some of the</li> <li>stuff we're talking about. We don't do</li> <li>postage financing.</li> <li>Q. Do you believe that maintaining reserves for</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>from</li> <li>Q. From your point of view?</li> <li>A from a layman's point of view, yeah.</li> <li>Q. All right. Does your company perform the</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>reserves, we maintain we do some of the</li> <li>stuff we're talking about. We don't do</li> <li>postage financing.</li> </ol>
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306 COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS 1 2 MIDDLESEX, SS. 3 4 I, Denise M. Rae, a Certified 5 Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public duly 6 commissioned and qualified within and for 7 the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, do hereby 8 certify: That THOMAS J. LITLE, IV, the 9 10 witness whose deposition is hereinbefore set 11 forth, was duly sworn by me, and that such 12 deposition is a true record of the testimony 13 given by the witness to the best of my 14 skill, knowledge, and ability. 15 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto 16 set my hand and my affixed notarial seal 17 this 8th day of September, 2006. 18 Demie m. Rae 19 20 Denise M. Rae 21 Notary Public 22 23 My commission expires: 24 January 16, 2009 25