

EXHIBIT A



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
TYLER DIVISION

BEDROCK COMPUTER TECHNOLOGIES, LLC,

Plaintiff,

-vs- Case No. 6:09-cv-0029

SOFTLAYER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,
CITIWARE TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS, LLC,
GOOGLE, INC., YAHOO! INC.,
MYSPACE, INC., AMAZON.COM INC.,
MATCH.COM, LLC and AOL LLC

Defendants.

RED HAT, INC,

Plaintiff,

-vs- Case No. 6:09-cv-00549

BEDROCK COMPUTER TECHNOLOGIES, LLC

Defendants.

VIDEO DEPOSITION OF MARK T. JONES, Ph.D.

11:15 a.m. to 5:55 p.m.

September 29, 2010

Blacksburg, Virginia

Job No. 14183

REPORTED BY: Rhonda D. Tuck, RPR, CRR

1 Deposition of MARK T. JONES, Ph.D., taken and
2 transcribed on behalf of the Defendants, by and
3 before Rhonda D. Tuck, RPR, CRR, Notary Public in
4 and for the Commonwealth of Virginia at large,
5 pursuant to Rule 30 of the Federal Rules of Civil
6 Procedure, and by Notice to Take Depositions;
7 commencing at 11:15 a.m., September 29, 2010, at
8 Blacksburg, Virginia.

9
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24 **ALSO PRESENT:**

25 **BEN HERNANDEZ, VIDEOGRAPHER**

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I N D E X

WITNESS:

MARK T. JONES, Ph.D.

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* * * * *

1 BY MR. STERN::

2 Q. Okay. And so just so we're clear,
3 there's nothing extraneous and nothing needed in
4 that area search table procedure from the word
5 search table procedure to alternate version of
6 search table procedure that would -- to render
7 this a hash algorithm, right?

8 A. I think we might be talking past one
9 another on the extraneous part. I would say it is
10 a hash algorithm if it has the features I
11 mentioned earlier. This is a hash algorithm, and
12 part of that hash algorithm is the on the fly
13 removal of expired records. I would still call
14 this a hash -- I mean, that's part of this hash
15 algorithm, so I think we might be talking past one
16 another on that part.

17 Q. Professor, since you've testified under
18 oath several times now that every hash algorithm
19 uses a particular hash function, would you please
20 tell me which hash function is used by the hash
21 algorithm described in the area you just
22 identified?

23 A. I didn't say particular. I said a hash
24 function.

25 Q. I understand. I'm asking you can you

1 tell me which hash function is used by the hash
2 algorithm you just identified. Is it modulo?

3 A. It's any hash function.

4 Q. Is it cryptographic?

5 A. It's any hash function.

6 Q. So the number of functions that could
7 be used by this hash algorithm is infinite?

8 A. I should know, but I don't know the
9 number. I would assume the number of prime
10 numbers is infinite, so within the family of
11 modulo, if the number of prime numbers is
12 infinite, then I would say that the number of
13 possible hash functions is infinite.

14 Q. So in your view, the number of hash
15 algorithms that can be used in this patent in the
16 means-plus-function claims is infinite?

17 A. No.

18 Q. Well, you said the hash algorithm would
19 use any one of an infinite number of hash
20 functions, right?

21 A. Right.

22 Q. Okay. Just so we're clear, it's your
23 view that the hash algorithm that's identified
24 would use any one or more of an infinite number of
25 hash functions?

1 A. Yes.

2 **Q. Okay. And it's your testimony that the**
3 **area we just went through, the area, that part of**
4 **that includes the search for the -- I'm sorry, the**
5 **on the fly deletion or removal of records, right?**

6 A. Yes.

7 **Q. Can you tell me the section of the**
8 **pseudocode that does that?**

9 A. That's where -- there's a line that
10 begins, if P up arrow, and if the record contents,
11 if that's expired, then it calls a procedure that
12 will remove that from the link list.

13 **Q. Where does that end?**

14 A. I'm sorry. It's those two lines.

15 **Q. Okay. And the phrase that starts else**
16 **begins, what does that do?**

17 A. There we are -- that's part of -- the
18 else begin is if it's not expired, then check to
19 see if the contents match the -- the key that's
20 being searched for.

21 **Q. Now, in table 3, what you previously**
22 **identified in table 3, the box that says hash**
23 **search key --**

24 A. Yes.

25 **Q. Do you see that? The function that**

1 takes place in that box all precedes the search
2 for and the deletion of the expired records,
3 right? Do you see where it says hash the search
4 key?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. The hash the search key according to
7 figure 3 all takes place before the search for the
8 identification and the removal of the expired
9 records, right?

10 A. It's part of that process. It's taking
11 it to the correct link list. You couldn't do the
12 search without that.

13 Q. Well, I understand that, but this is --
14 you testified this is a search procedure
15 identified in Exhibit 3, right?

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. Let me see if I get this straight,
18 Professor, is it your sworn testimony that it's
19 your view that the hash function operates not just
20 within box 31 on figure 3 but operates all the way
21 to stop on box 37?

22 A. No.

23 Q. Okay. The hash function operates
24 within box 31, right?

25 A. That's correct.

1 Q. Just so it's clear, the hash function
2 operates within box 31, right?

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. Now, in the area that you just
5 identified, the search table procedure, where does
6 the hash function operate? What lines reflect the
7 operation of the search of the hash function
8 operating on the search table procedure?

9 A. It's the line after the word begin that
10 is indexed colon equals hash.

11 Q. Yes?

12 A. That's the line where the hash function
13 is called.

14 Q. And where does that end?

15 A. It's the semicolon on that line.

16 Q. Okay. So just so we're clear, the hash
17 function -- I want to make sure that we're
18 absolutely clear about this. In the area called
19 search table procedure, the hash function is
20 denoted by the language that reads begin, skip a
21 line, index, full colon, equal, hash, paren,
22 record underscore key, closed paren, semicolon?

23 A. It's after the begin. It doesn't
24 include begin. But otherwise, that's correct.

25 Q. Okay. That's fine. So then the hash

1 function is denoted in the pseudocode by the
2 phrase index, full colon, equal sign, hash, paren,
3 record, underscore key, semicolon, right?

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. Okay. That is what denotes the hash
6 function, right?

7 A. Yes.

8 Q. You'll agree with me that that line
9 doesn't say anything about modulo arithmetic?

10 A. That's correct.

11 Q. It doesn't say anything about
12 cryptographic?

13 A. That's correct.

14 Q. That line doesn't describe what
15 particular hash function is being used, right?

16 A. That's correct.

17 Q. And then what other lines in this
18 particular -- in this area between search table
19 procedure and until the alternative version of
20 search table procedure, what other lines would
21 represent what's taking place in the area
22 corresponding to Figure 3 from the box 32 onward?

23 A. Do you want me to go box by box, or
24 just give you a range?

25 Q. Is it accurate to say that -- well, why

1 Q. It refers to the fact that someone
2 would have to use a hash function but doesn't
3 identify the code associated with that hash
4 function, right?

5 A. That's correct.

6 Q. And you've testified that the hash
7 function that could be used for this particular
8 algorithm could be one of any number of hash
9 functions, correct?

10 A. That's correct.

11 Q. In fact, according to you, it could be
12 any number of -- well, it could be almost an
13 infinite set of hash functions, right?

14 A. Yes.

15 MR. CURRY: Counsel, are you at a good
16 stopping point? I'm just getting a little
17 hungry is all.

18 MR. STERN: Are we break for -- how
19 much time do you want to break for lunch?

20 MR. CURRY: It's up to you. It's your
21 depo.

22 MR. STERN: I'll ask the witness.

23 THE WITNESS: I think if we did 45
24 minutes, a half hour, however long it takes to
25 eat downstairs.

1 the use of removing expired records dynamically
2 based on the determination of a maximum number of
3 records to be removed?

4 A. This will remove all the records until
5 the search key is found in the list.

6 Q. So is it accurate that neither the
7 search table procedure identified in Column 11
8 through 12 and the alternate version of search
9 table procedure specifically address dynamically
10 determining a maximum number of records to be
11 removed in the access link list of records?

12 A. That's correct.

13 MR. STERN: I'm done. I've got to
14 catch a flight. I'm going to yield to my
15 colleagues here.

16 MR. BRIGHT: Take a few minutes.

17 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is
18 approximately 3:39 p.m., and we're off the
19 record.

20
21 (Break in proceedings.)

22
23 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is
24 approximately 3:48 p.m., and we're back on the
25 record.

E X A M I N A T I O N

1
2
3 BY MR. BRIGHT::

4 Q. Bear with me, I will try to avoid any
5 duplicative questioning, but I just wanted to note
6 for the record there may be instances where I need
7 to sort of establish a foundational question?

8 MR. CURRY: I understand to a certain
9 point, but get into the same -- you know,
10 style Q and A I'm going to be instructing.

11
12 BY MR. BRIGHT:

13 Q. Now, sir, do you agree that the
14 means-plus-function elements in the claims in the
15 '120 patent are implemented by a general purpose
16 computer?

17 A. I believe the structure includes a
18 general purpose computer, the structure that I
19 identified.

20 Q. Let me ask you this way: Do you agree
21 that the corresponding structures for the
22 means-plus-function elements in the claims of the
23 '120 patent are computer algorithms?

24 A. Running on a general -- you know, part
25 of the structure identified is computer algorithm

1 on a general purpose computer.

2 Q. Okay. But at least a part of the
3 necessary structure for implementing the
4 means-plus-function elements in the claims in the
5 '120 patent is a computer algorithm?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. And in forming your opinions about the
8 corresponding computer algorithms for the
9 means-plus-function elements, did you reach an
10 understanding of the recited functions in those
11 claim elements?

12 A. Yes, I did.

13 Q. Now, I think you said in your
14 declaration that the specification must recite
15 some structure corresponding to the claim to
16 means. Do you recall that?

17 A. Not those specific words, but I would
18 certainly agree that the specification needs to
19 disclose a structure for the means-plus-function
20 claim terms.

21 Q. Now, if you could turn to your
22 declaration which has been marked as Defendants'
23 Exhibit 18, and specifically to Page 3 at the top.

24 A. I'm there.

25 Q. Do you see where you've said I further

1 A. I'm there.

2 **Q. So do you agree that the word hashing**
3 **in this means-plus-function element is functional**
4 **language?**

5 A. I'm not -- are you asking whether it's
6 part of the function? I guess I'm not quite sure
7 what you're saying by functional language.

8 **Q. I guess another way to ask it, the**
9 **hashing word in the hashing means element, does**
10 **that hashing word convey any structure to you?**

11 A. It's identifying -- the hashing means
12 is what -- the name they're using for this means.
13 Hashing itself -- the fact that they're using the
14 word hashing there isn't conveying a particular
15 structure.

16 **Q. So, again, the word hashing and the**
17 **hashing means is functional language, right?**

18 MR. CURRY: Objection to form.

19 THE WITNESS: I guess I'm not quite --
20 I still don't -- the word functional language
21 or phrase functional language, I'm not sure of
22 the exact definition of that.

23

24 **BY MR. BRIGHT: :**

25 **Q. Well, let me try and get us on the same**

1 machine would execute, I'd have to read up --
2 haven't seen it done and haven't done it myself,
3 but I certainly know that it can be done.

4 **Q. And would there -- is it possible that**
5 **one of ordinary skill in the art would actually**
6 **come up with another way of expressing the hashing**
7 **algorithm mathematically that would also be**
8 **correct?**

9 A. You mean hashing algorithm like, say, I
10 took the search table procedure and implementing
11 the data structures and was able to express that
12 mathematically might someone else do that
13 differently?

14 **Q. Yes.**

15 A. They could use different notation,
16 certainly.

17 **Q. Besides different notation, would it be**
18 **possible that one of ordinary skill in the art**
19 **would come up with a different mathematical**
20 **expression for the algorithm?**

21 A. I don't know, and I haven't thought
22 about it enough to -- I don't even know what my
23 result would be. I know how to proceed, but I
24 don't know what my result would be, so I don't
25 know if it would be the only one.

1 Q. Just to close the loop on something you
2 testified about earlier, you mentioned that you
3 were familiar with the -- I think the Knuth
4 textbook, correct?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. And that's cited in the '120 patent,
7 correct?

8 A. Yes.

9 Q. Did you see anything in that textbook
10 with which you disagreed?

11 MR. CURRY: Objection. Form.

12 THE WITNESS: I know there's certainly
13 errors in it because I know that it's its
14 practice to pay people for corrections, but I
15 didn't come across anything that jumped out at
16 me.

17

18 **BY MR. BRIGHT::**

19 Q. Okay. And when you say errors,
20 typographical error as soon as are those the
21 nature of the errors you're talking about?

22 A. Oh, you might make an error in -- it
23 might be something more than typographical.
24 Anytime you write -- this is one of a three-volume
25 set that's a massive work, particularly in that

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BY MR. BRIGHT: :

Q. In your last answer when you say parts of a hashing algorithm, which parts?

A. I'll have to go specifically to my report just to indicate which boxes, for example, in Figure 3, and then which lines in the search table procedure, in the alternative search table procedure as well as the lines and specification that indicate which parts I'm talking about. I think the best ones to look at are Figures 3 in the search table procedure.

Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that it's your opinion that the corresponding structure for the record search means includes a hashing function?

A. Includes the use of a hashing function, yes.

Q. Now, if you would, turn to Claim 2 in the '120 patent.

A. I'm there.

Q. The means for dynamically determining maximum number for the record search means to remove in the access link list of records is what I'm focused on now. Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.