CLAIM CHART EXHIBIT 1 "VIOLA 5/12/93"

INVALIDITY CLAIM CHART FOR U.S. PATENT NO. 5,838,906

• [VIOLA -5/12/93], DATED MAY 12, 1993 [PA-NAT-78\VIOLA\1993-05-12 DX34 - EX A TO INV CONTENTIONS\SOFTWARE\VIOLA930512.TAR.GZ]. THE BODY OF MY REPORT HAS A NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION THAT AUGMENTS AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED PART OF THIS CHART, AND VISE-VERSA FOR THIS AND ALL MY CHARTS.

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
906-1.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an application program. See, e.g., :
A method for running an application program in a	
computer network environment, comprising:	ViolaWWW is a web browser computer program that was implemented
	using the Viola toolkit/language system. (See, e.g., viola\apps\www.v.)
	By way of example, Viola's documentation states that "ViolaWWW
	implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web
	system." (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a computer network environment. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW operates in a computer network environment, including local
	area networks or the World Wide Web. ViolaWWW operates in computer
	network environment consisting of clients and servers wherein a server —
	such as HMMI and HTMI files to client workstations. As Viola's
	documentation notes "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser
	client to the World-Wide Web System " (See e g
	viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
906-1.b:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation. See, e.g., :
providing at least one client workstation and one	
network server coupled to said network	ViolaWWW operated on a client workstation. By way of example,
environment, wherein said network environment is	ViolaWWW executed on Sun SPARCstations running a SunOS operating
a distributed hypermedia environment;	system. This client workstation could interoperate with servers, such as
	file servers or HTTP servers. Viola's documentation notes that
	"ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-
	Wide Web" (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a network server. <i>See, e.g.</i> , : ViolaWWW operated with network servers. Viola's documentation notes
	that "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web System" (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.) Servers that ViolaWWW operate with include file servers or HTTP servers. These servers transmit hypermedia documents, such as HMML or HTML files, and a client workstation running ViolaWWW receives them.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a distributed hypermedia environment. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW operates in a distributed hypermedia environment, including local area networks or the World Wide Web. ViolaWWW operates in
	computer network environment consisting of clients and servers wherein a server — such as a file server or HTTP server — publishes hypermedia documents such as HMML and HTML files to client workstations. As Viola's documentation notes, "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web System." (See, e.g.,
00(1	viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
executing, at said client workstation, a browser	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application. See, e.g., :
application, that parses a first distributed hypermedia document to identify text formats included in said distributed hypermedia document and for responding to predetermined text formats to initiate processing specified by said text	ViolaWWW is a web browser application that was implemented using the Viola toolkit/language system. (See, e.g., viola\apps\www.v.) By way of example, Viola's documentation states that "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web system." (See, e.g., apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
formats;	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser application parses a hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
Claim Text from '900 Fatent	 Viola 3/12/93 Viola WWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain enabling information from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such documents include those in viola\docs. The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain predetermined text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window. For example, the hypermedia documents downloaded by ViolaWWW may contain HMML tags or HTML tags. In particular, the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document contains the HMML tags (i.e., text formats) TITLE, H1 and ITALIC. (See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As another example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TITLE and H1. The hypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the tags. ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the tags. For example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler hmml.v,
	 src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.) Viola 5/12/93 discloses a hypermedia document with text formats. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain text formats from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such documents include those in viola\docs. The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain predetermined text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	by ViolaWWW may contain HMML tags or HTML tags. In particular, the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document contains the HMML tags (i.e., text formats) TITLE, H1 and ITALIC. (See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As another example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TITLE and H1. The hypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the tags. ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the tags. For example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.)
906-1.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that a hypermedia document is received from the server.
utilizing said browser to display, on said client workstation, at least a portion of a first hypermedia document received over said network from said server,	 See, e.g., : A client workstation running the ViolaWWW browser receives hypermedia documents from a server. Examples of servers from which ViolaWWW receives hypermedia documents include file servers or HTTP servers. Examples of documents that ViolaWWW receives can be found in \viola\docs, and include testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. Code files evidencing ViolaWWW's ability to retrieve documents from servers include apps\VWHandler_hmml.v and src\cl_generic.c. Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser displays a hypermedia document. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to

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	identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by the tags and displays the hypermedia document. For example, ViolaWWW will display the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. Other tags are discussed in more detail elsewhere in this chart.
906-1.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that a hypermedia document is displayed in a browser
wherein the portion of said first hypermedia document is displayed within a first browser-	window. See, e.g., :
controlled window on said client workstation,	 ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents, in the ViolaWWW browser window. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by the tags. The documents are displayed in the ViolaWWW browser window.
906-1.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an embed text format at a first location in a hypermedia
wherein said first distributed hypermedia	document. See, e.g., :
document includes an embed text format, located at a first location in said first distributed hypermedia document, that specifies the location of at least a portion of an object external to the first distributed hypermedia document,	ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia documents (e.g., HTML and HMML documents) from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over the distributed hypermedia network environment. The hypermedia document received from the network server contains text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window. These text formats include embed text formats. For example, an HMML file can include an embed text format called VOBJF. (See, e.g., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml; docs\violaChier.hmml.) The VOBJF text format is located at a first

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	location in its hypermedia document.
	$V_{i} = 1 + 5/12/02$ discloses that the early detect formula to $v_{i} = \frac{1}{2} (v_{i} + 1) + \frac{1}{2} (v_{i} + 1)$
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the embed text format specifies the location of an object. See, e.g.
	00jcct. <i>bee</i> , e.g., .
	The VOBJF embed text format specifies the location of an object. For example, testPlot.hmml includes a VOBJF tag that shows the tag's syntax, including that it specifies the location of an object based on a filepath location in which the object can be found: <vobjf>/home/wei/viola/apps/plot.v<\VOBJF> (See viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.)</vobjf>
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses an object that is external to a hypermedia document.
	<i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	In one example, when a Viola applet is embedded in a ViolaWWW web page, using the VOBJF tag, at least a portion of an object external to a hypermedia document, the default grid, appears in the ViolaWWW window upon browser launch (i.e., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml). The data for the default grid is specified in the file plot.v by the command: output("equation 0"); (See apps\plot.v.)
906-1.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object has associated type information. See, e.g.,
wherein said object has type information	:
associated with it utilized by said browser to	For example, the file plot y contains type information associated with the
external to the first distributed hypermedia	object
document, and	/path {/home/wei/vplot/vplot}
,	(See viola\apps\plot.v.)
	The type information is used by the ViolaWWW to identify and locate the
	vplot executable application.
	switch (pid = vfork()) {

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	 case 0: * Child *\ execy(GET_path(self)_args):
	(See src\cl_TTY.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser uses type information to identify and locate an executable application. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	<pre>For example, the file plot.v contains type information associated with the object. /path {/home/wei/vplot/vplot } (See viola\apps\plot.v.) The type information is used by the ViolaWWW to identify and locate the vplot executable application. ViolaWWW then invokes the executable application. switch (pid = vfork()) {</pre>
	case 0: * Child *\
	 execv(GET_path(self), args); (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application is external to the hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application is external to the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document. (See viola\docs\testPlot.hmml); (<i>see, e.g.</i> , PA-NAT-00000078\vplot\).
906-1.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser parses the embed text format. See, e.g.,
wherein said embed text format is parsed by said	:
browser to automatically invoke said executable	

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application to execute on said client workstation in	The file containing enabling information is downloaded from the remote
order to display said object and enable an end-user	network server and parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the text formats.
to directly interact with said object within a	ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the text formats. For
display area created at said first location within the	example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large,
portion of said first distributed hypermedia	bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See,
document being displayed in said first browser-	e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c,
controlled window.	viola\libWWW.)
	For hypermedia documents containing embed text formats, these embed
	text formats are likewise identified by parsing the file. For example, when
	parsing testPlot.hmml or violaChier.hmml, violaWWW identifies the
	VOBJF tag while parsing. (See, e.g., src\sgml.c, apps\HMML_vobjf.v.)
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses automatic invocation of the executable application S_{aa}
	α β α β
	0.8., .
	When ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag, it automatically invokes the
	vplot executable application. The automatic invocation does not require
	action by the user.
	For example, when ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag in testPlot.hmml,
	the vplot application is automatically invoked as follows:
	switch (pid = vfork()) {
	case 0: * Child *\
	execv(GET_path(self), args);
	(See src\cl_TTY.c.)
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the executable application displays the object See
	$\rho \sigma$.
	For example, the vplot application displays the object as a grid inside the
	ViolaWWW window that is displaying testPlot.hmml. The object is

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	displayed at the location in the window corresponding to the VOBJF tag. (See viola\docs\testplot.hmml.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application enables direct interaction with the object. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., viola\apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that interaction with the object is at a first location in the hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.) This interaction with the object occurs at the first location within the portion of the HMML document displayed in the ViolaWWW window. (See, e.g., docs\testPlot.hmml, apps\plot.v)
906-2.a : The method of claim 1, wherein said executable application is a controllable application and further	Viola 5/12/93 discloses interactive control via inter-process communications between a browser and an application. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
comprising the step of: interactively controlling said controllable application on said client workstation via inter-process communications between said browser and said controllable application.	ViolaWWW browser can communicate with an application using inter- process communication. As noted in Viola's documentation, " viola is message driven. Messages can originate from window system events and user-GUI interaction, generated by timers, interprocess communication, and objects' scripts." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) "When a user interacts with any GUI object in an application, the appropriate message is sent to the correspond object which responds to the message according to its default script_or according to the object specific

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	script provided by the author of the application." (See, e.g.,
	viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.)
	"Viola is message driven. Message may be generated by a number of
	sources. A message is typically caused by the user interacting with a
	graphical user interface object, but it could also be generated by other
	objects, or by a timer facility Each object serves particular tasks and may
	delegate tasks by send messages to other objects or processes. The
	messaging system allows the objects to work together." (See, e.g.,
	viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.)
	"In sum, Viola provides an environment where applications are composed
	of groups of objects where each object interacts, by message passing, with
	the user and with each other. " (See, e.g., docs\violaBrief.hmml.)
	In one example, the ViolaWWW browser communicates with vplot using
	inter-process communication. (See, e.g., viola\apps\plot.v,
	viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) (See also main.c of vplot source code, available at,
	e.g., PA-NAT-00000078\vplot\MS_SUPP_1205_001\petra\vplot.)
906-3.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses ongoing inter-process communications. See, e.g., :
The method of claim 2, wherein the	
communications to interactively control said	ViolaWWW browser can communicate with an application using inter-
controllable application continue to be exchanged	process communication. As noted in Viola's documentation, " viola is
between the controllable application and the	message driven. Messages can originate from window system events and
browser even after the controllable application	user-GUI interaction, generated by timers, interprocess communication,
program has been launched.	and objects' scripts." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.)
	"When a user interacts with any GUI object in an application, the
	appropriate message is sent to the correspond object which responds to the
	message according to its default script, or according to the object specific
	script provided by the author of the application." (See, e.g.,
	viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.)
	"Viola is message driven. Message may be generated by a number of
	sources. A message is typically caused by the user interacting with a
	graphical user interface object, but it could also be generated by other

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	 objects, or by a timer facility Each object serves particular tasks and may delegate tasks by send messages to other objects or processes. The messaging system allows the objects to work together." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) "In sum, Viola provides an environment where applications are composed of groups of objects where each object interacts, by message passing, with the user and with each other." (See, e.g., docs\violaBrief.hmml.) In one example, the ViolaWWW browser communicates with vplot using inter-process communication. (See, e.g., viola\apps\plot.v, viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) (See also main.c of vplot source code, available at, e.g., PA-NAT-00000078\vplot\MS_SUPP_1205_001\petra\vplot.) In this example, an end-user can continue interacting with an object, such as the default grid, in an ongoing basis using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., viola\apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.) These interactions are communicated between the browser and the vplot executable eapplication on an ongoing basis so that vplot can process those interactions.
906-6.a : A computer program product for use in a system having at least one client workstation and one	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an application program in a computer network environment. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-1.a.
network server coupled to said network environment, wherein said network environment is a distributed hypermedia environment, the	Viola 5/12/93 also discloses a client workstation and a network server in a distributed hypermedia environment. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-1.b.
computer program product comprising:	
906-6.b:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses computer code physically embodied on a medium. See,
a computer usable medium having computer	<i>e.g.</i> , :
therein said computer program product further	
therein, said computer program product further	

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comprising:	The computer on which ViolaWWW executes includes computer usable
	media having computer readable program code physically embodied
	therein. By way of example, ViolaWWW executed on Sun
	SPARCstations running a SunOS operating system. ViolaWWW could be
	executed on the Sun SPARCstation with the command "viola –o www."
	(See, e.g., viola\RUN.WWW.) Viola, including the www.v file that
	implements the ViolaWWW browser, contains computer readable code
	that is stored on the SPARCstation's computer usable media.
906-6.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application that parses a hypermedia
computer readable program code for causing said	document with text formats and responds to predetermined text formats to
client workstation to execute a browser application	initiate processing specified by the text formats. See evidence recited for 906-
to parse a first distributed hypermedia document to	1.c.
identify text formats included in said distributed	
hypermedia document and to respond to	
predetermined text formats to initiate processes	
specified by said text formats;	
906-6.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a hypermedia document received from a server and a
computer readable program code for causing said	browser that displays the hypermedia document. See evidence recited for 906-
client workstation to utilize said browser to	1.d.
display, on said client workstation, at least a	
portion of a first hypermedia document received	
over said network from said server,	
906-6.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the hypermedia document is displayed in a browser
wherein the portion of said first hypermedia	window. See evidence recited for 906-1.e.
document is displayed within a first browser-	
controlled window on said client workstation,	
906-6.f.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an embed text format at a first location in a hypermedia
wherein said first distributed hypermedia	document; that the embed text format specifies the location of an object; and that
document includes an embed text format, located	the object is external to the hypermedia document. See evidence recited for 906-
at a first location in said first distributed	1.t.
hypermedia document, that specifies the location	
of at least a portion of an object external to the first	

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
distributed hypermedia document,	
906-6.g : wherein said object has type information associated with it utilized by said browser to identify and locate an executable application external to the first distributed hypermedia document, and	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object has associated type information, that the browser uses the type information to identify and locate an executable application, and that the executable application is external to the hypermedia document. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-1.g.
906-6.h : wherein said embed text format is parsed by said browser to automatically invoke said executable application to execute on said client workstation in order to display said object and enable an end-user to directly interact with said object within a display area created at said first location within the portion of said first distributed hypermedia document being displayed in said first browser- controlled window.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser parses the embed text format; that the browser automatically invokes the executable application; that the executable application displays the object and enables an end-user to directly interact with it; and that interaction with the object is at a first location in the hypermedia document. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-1.h.
906-7.a : The computer program product of claim 6, wherein said executable application is a controllable application and further comprising: computer readable program code for causing said client workstation to interactively control said controllable application on said client workstation via inter-process communications between said browser and said controllable application.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses interactive control via inter-process communications between a browser and an application. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-2.a.
906-8.a : The computer program product of claim 7, wherein the communications to interactively control said controllable application continue to be exchanged	Viola 5/12/93 discloses ongoing inter-process communications. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-3.a.

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between the controllable application and the	
browser even after the controllable application	
program has been launched.	
006 11 or	Viola 5/12/02 disalages additional instructions on the server. See, e.g., t
906-11.a : The method of claim 3, wherein additional instructions for controlling said controllable application reside on said network server, wherein said step of interactively controlling said controllable application includes the following substeps:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses additional instructions on the server See, e.g., : Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, additional instructions would reside on the server.
	 Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video 8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, including distributed application such as VIS. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation.
906-11.b:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the client issues commands to the server. See, e.g.,
issuing, from the client workstation, one or more commands to the network server;	
	Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, the client would issue commands to the server These facilities provide for a client issuing commands to a server.
	Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video 8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, such as distributed applications including VIS. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation.
906-11.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the server executes instructions in response to client
executing, on the network server, one or more instructions in response to said commands;	commands. See, e.g., :
	 Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call. In this case, the server would execute in response to commands from the client. These facilities provide for a server executing in response to the comments from the client. Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video 8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, including distributed applications such as VIS. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation.

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
906-11.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the server responds with information to the client.
sending information from said network server to said client workstation in response to said executed	See, e.g., :
said client workstation in response to said executed instructions; and	Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, the server would respond with information to the client. These facilities provide for the server responding to the command issued by the client with information to the client.
	Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video 8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, including distributed applications such as VIS. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation
906-11.e : processing said information at the client workstation to interactively control said controllable application.	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the client uses information from the server to interactively control the application. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	 example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, the client would use information from the server to control the application. These facilities provide for the server responding to the command issued by the client with information to the client. The client can then use that information to control the executable application.
	8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, including distributed applications such as VIS. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation
906-13.a : The computer program product of claim 8, wherein additional instructions for controlling said controllable application reside on said network server, wherein said computer readable program code for causing said client workstation to interactively control said controllable application on said client workstation includes:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses additional instructions on the server <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-11.a.
906-13.b : computer readable program code for causing said client workstation to issue from the client workstation, one or more commands to the network server;	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the client issues commands to the server. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-11.b.
906-13.c : computer readable program code for causing said network server to execute one or more instructions in response to said commands;	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the server executes instructions in response to client commands. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 906-11.c.
906-13.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the server responds with information to the client.

Claim Text from '906 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
computer readable program code for causing said	See evidence recited for 906-11.d.
network sever to send information to said client	
workstation in response to said executed	
instructions; and	
906-13.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the client uses information from the server to
computer readable program code for causing said	interactively control the application. See evidence recited for 906-11.e.
client workstation to process said information at	
the client workstation to interactively control said	
controllable application.	

INVALIDITY CLAIM CHART FOR U.S. PATENT NO. 7,599,985

• VIOLA 5/12/93, DATED MAY 12, 1993 [PA-NAT-78\VIOLA\1993-05-12 DX34 - EX A TO INV CONTENTIONS\SOFTWARE\VIOLA930512.TAR.GZ, ("VIOLA 5/12/93"). THE BODY OF MY REPORT HAS A NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION THAT AUGMENTS AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED PART OF THIS CHART, AND VISE-VERSA FOR THIS AND ALL MY CHARTS.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
985-1.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an application program. See, e.g., :
A method for running an application program in a distributed hypermedia network environment, wherein the network environment comprises at least one client workstation and one network server coupled to the network environment, the method comprising:	 ViolaWWW is a web browser computer program that was implemented using the Viola toolkit/language system. (See, e.g., viola\apps\www.v.) By way of example, Viola's documentation states that "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web system." (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.) Viola 5/12/93 discloses a distributed hypermedia environment. <i>See, e.g.</i>, :
	ViolaWWW operates in a distributed hypermedia environment, including local area networks or the World Wide Web. ViolaWWW operates in computer network environment consisting of clients and servers wherein a server — such as a file server or HTTP server — publishes hypermedia documents such as HMML and HTML files to client workstations. As Viola's documentation notes, "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web System." (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW operated on a client workstation. By way of example, ViolaWWW executed on Sun SPARCstations running a SunOS operating

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	system. This client workstation could interoperate with servers, such as
	file servers or HTTP servers. Viola's documentation notes that
	"ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-
	Wide Web" (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a network server. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW operated with network servers. Viola's documentation notes that "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web System" (See, e.g., viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.) Servers that ViolaWWW operate with include file servers or HTTP servers. These servers transmit hypermedia documents, such as HMML or HTML files, and a client
	workstation running ViolaWWW receives them.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a distributed hypermedia environment. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW operates in a distributed hypermedia environment, including local area networks or the World Wide Web. ViolaWWW operates in computer network environment consisting of clients and servers wherein a server — such as a file server or HTTP server — publishes hypermedia
	documents such as HMML and HTML files to client workstations. As
	Viola's documentation notes, "ViolaWWW implements an X-Windows
	browser client to the World-Wide Web System." (See, e.g.,
	viola\apps\violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
985-1.b	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application. See, e.g., :
receiving, at the client workstation from the	
herwork server over the network environment, at	Viola toolkit/language system (See, e.g. viola/appa/www.y.)
heast one me containing information to enable a	Ry way of avample. Viola's documentation states that "ViolaWWW
a distributed hypermedia document within a	implements an X-Windows browser client to the World Wide Web
browser-controlled window.	system" (See e g anns\violaWWWAhout hmml)

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a file containing enabling information. See, e.g., :
	 ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain enabling information from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such documents include those in viola\docs. The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain predetermined text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window. For example, the hypermedia documents downloaded by ViolaWWW may contain HMML tags or HTML tags. In particular, the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document contains the HMML tags (i.e., text formats) TITLE, H1 and ITALIC. (See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As another example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TITLE and H1. The hypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the tags. ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the tags. For example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWW.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the file is received at the client workstation from the network server. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	A client workstation running the ViolaWWW browser receives hypermedia documents from a server. Examples of servers from which ViolaWWW receives hypermedia documents include file servers or HTTP servers. Examples of files that ViolaWWW receives can be found in \viola\docs, including testPlot.hmml and testAll.html, and \viola\apps,

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	such as plot.v. Code files evidencing ViolaWWW's ability to retrieve documents from servers include apps\VWHandler_hmml.v and src\cl_generic.c.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser displays at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by the tags and displays the hypermedia document. For example, ViolaWWW will display the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. Other tags are discussed in more detail elsewhere in this chart.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that at least a portion of a hypermedia document is displayed in a browser-controlled window. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	 ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents, in the ViolaWWW browser window. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	the tags. The documents are displayed in the ViolaWWW browser
	window.
985-1.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
executing the browser application on the client	workstation. See, e.g., :
workstation, with the browser application:	
	ViolaWWW is a web browser application that was implemented using the
	Viola toolkit/language system. (See, e.g., viola\apps\www.v.)
	By way of example, Viola's documentation states that "ViolaWWW
	implements an X-Windows browser client to the World-Wide Web
	system." (See, e.g., apps/violaWWWAbout.hmml.)
985-1.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses responding to text formats to initiate processing
responding to text formats to initiate processing specified by the text formats;	specified by the text formats, i.e., parsing text formats. See, e.g., :
	ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia
	document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain text
	formats from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a
	distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such
	documents include those in viola\docs.
	The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain
	predetermined text formats which enable a browser application to display
	at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-
	controlled window. For example, the hypermedia documents downloaded
	by ViolaWWW may contain HMML tags or HTML tags. In particular,
	the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document contains the HMML tags (i.e.,
	text formats) TITLE, H1 and ITALIC. (See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As
	another example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TTTLE and H1.
	The hypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is
	parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the text formats. ViolaWWW then
	initiates processing specified by the text formats. For example,
	ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header
	text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g.,

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.)
985-1.e : displaying at least a portion of the document within the browser-controlled window:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser displays a hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by the tags and displays the hypermedia document. For example, ViolaWWW will display the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. Other tags are discussed in more detail elsewhere in this chart.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that a hypermedia document is displayed in a browser window. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	 ViolaWWW displays hypermedia documents, including HMML and HTML hypermedia documents, in the ViolaWWW browser window. Examples of hypermedia HTML and HMML documents that ViolaWWW displayed — either by retrieving them from a local directory or retrieving them from a server location — are stored in viola\docs, such as testPlot.hmml and testAll.html. ViolaWWW could display other hypermedia documents as well. ViolaWWW displays HTML and HMML documents by parsing them to identify HMML or HTML tags, and then initiates processing specified by the tags. The documents are displayed in the ViolaWWW browser

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	window.
985-1.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format. See, e.g., :
identifying an embed text format which	
corresponds to a first location in the document,	The file containing enabling information is downloaded from the remote
where the embed text format specifies the location	network server and parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the text formats.
of at least a portion of an object external to the file,	ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the text formats. For
where the object has type information associated	example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large,
with it;	bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See,
	e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c,
	$v_{10}a_{10}WWW.)$
	For hypermedia documents containing embed text formats, these embed
	text formats are likewise identified by parsing the file. For example, when
	VOD IE tog while persing (See, e.g., are/sgml e. apps/UMAI, webify)
	VOBJE tag while parsing. (See, e.g., sic/sgini.c, apps/HiviWiL_vobji.v.)
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the embed text format corresponds to a first location
	in the hypermedia document See, $e g$.
	in the hypermedia document. Soo, e.g., .
	ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia
	documents (e.g., HTML and HMML documents) from a network server
	(e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over the distributed hypermedia
	network environment. The hypermedia document received from the
	network server contains text formats which enable a browser application
	to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a
	browser-controlled window. These text formats include embed text
	formats. For example, an HMML file can include an embed text format
	called VOBJF. (See, e.g., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml;
	docs/violaChier.hmml.) The VOBJF text format corresponds to a first
	location in the hypermedia document.
	Viola 5/12/02 discloses that the ambed text format exception the location of an
	viola 5/12/95 discloses that the embed text format specifies the location of an

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	The VOBJF embed text format specifies the location of an object. For example, testPlot.hmml includes a VOBJF tag that shows the tag's syntax, including that it specifies the location of an object based on a filepath location in which the object can be found: <vobjf>/home/wei/viola/apps/plot.v<\VOBJF> (See viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.)</vobjf>
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is external to the file containing enabling information. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	In one example, when a Viola applet is embedded in a ViolaWWW web page, using the VOBJF tag, at least a portion of an object external to a file containing enabling information, the default grid, appears in the ViolaWWW window upon browser launch (i.e., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml). The data for the default grid is specified in the file plot.v by the command: output("equation 0"); (See apps\plot.v.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object has associated type information. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the file plot.v contains type information associated with the object. /path {/home/wei/vplot/vplot} (See viola\apps\plot.v.) The type information is used by the ViolaWWW to identify and locate the vplot executable application. switch (pid = vfork()) {
	case 0: * Child *\

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	execv(GET_path(self), args);
	(See src\cl_TTY.c.)
985-1.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser uses type information to identify and
utilizing the type information to identify and locate	locate an executable application. See, e.g., :
an executable application external to the file; and	
	For example, the file plot.v contains type information associated with the object.
	<pre>/path {/home/wei/vplot/vplot }</pre>
	(See viola\apps\plot.v.)
	The type information is used by the ViolaWWW to identify and locate the
	vplot executable application. ViolaWWW then invokes the executable
	application.
	switch (pid = viork()) {
	case 0: * Child *\
	execv(GET_path(self), args);
	(See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application is external to the file containing enabling information. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application is external to the
	testPlot.nmmi file containing enabling information. (See $v_{i} = 1 + v_{i} =$
085 1 h	Viola (docs (lest Piol. IIIIIIII) (PA-NA 1-00000078 (vpiol.)).
905-1.11 .	
in response to the identifying of the embed text	•
format to execute on the client workstation in	The file containing anabling information is downloaded from the remote
order to display the object and anable an and user	network server and parsed by VioleWWW to identify the text formate
to directly interact with the object while the object	ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the text formats. For

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
is being displayed within a display area created at	example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large,
the first location within the portion of the	bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See,
hypermedia document being displayed in the browser-controlled window.	e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.)
	For hypermedia documents containing embed text formats, these embed text formats are likewise identified by parsing the file. For example, when parsing testPlot.hmml or violaChier.hmml, violaWWW identifies the VOBJF tag while parsing. (See, e.g., src\sgml.c, apps\HMML_vobjf.v.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatic invocation of the executable application. <i>See</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , :
	When ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag, it automatically invokes the vplot executable application. The automatic invocation does not require action by the user. For example, when ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag in testPlot.hmml, the vplot application is automatically invoked as follows:
	<pre>switch (pid = vfork()) {</pre>
	case 0: * Child *\
	 execv(GET_path(self), args);
	(See src\cl_TTY.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application displays the object. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot application displays the object as a grid inside the ViolaWWW window that is displaying testPlot.hmml. The object is displayed at the location in the window corresponding to the VOBJF tag. (See viola\docs\testplot.hmml.)

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application enables direct interaction with the object. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., viola\apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.)
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that interaction with the object is at a first location in the hypermedia document. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.) This interaction with the object occurs at the first location within the portion of the HMML document displayed in the ViolaWWW window. (See, e.g., docs\testPlot.hmml, apps\plot.v)
985-2.a : The method of claim 1 where: the information to enable comprises text formats.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file is text formats. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	 ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain enabling information from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such documents include those in viola\docs. The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain enabling information in the form of text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window. For example, the hypermedia documents downloaded by ViolaWWW may contain HMML tags or HTML tags. For example, the testPlot.hmml hypermedia

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	 document contains the HMML tags (i.e., text formats) TITLE, H1 and ITALIC. (See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As another example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TITLE and H1. The hypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the text formats. ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the tags. For example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.)
985-3.a : The method of claim 2 where the text formats are HTML tags.	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats are HTML tags. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files that contain text formats in the form of HTML tags from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such documents include those in viola\docs. For example, the testAll.html file contains HTML tags, such as TITLE and H1.
985-4.a : The method of claim 1 where the information contained in the file received comprises at least one embed text format.	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file includes an embed text format. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia documents (e.g., HTML and HMML documents) from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over the distributed hypermedia network environment. The hypermedia document received from the network server contains text formats which enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window. These text formats include embed text formats

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	For example, an HMML file can include an embed text format called
	VOBJF. (See, e.g., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml; docs\violaChier.hmml.)
985-5.a : The method of claim 1 where the step of identifying an embed text format comprises: parsing the received file to identify text formats included in the received file.	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the embed text format is identified by parsing the file containing enabling information. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : The file containing enabling information is downloaded from the remote network server and parsed by ViolaWWW to identify the text formats. ViolaWWW then initiates processing specified by the text formats. For example, ViolaWWW displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large, bold, header text and the text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libWWW.) For hypermedia documents containing embed text formats, these embed
	parsing testPlot.hmml or violaChier.hmml, violaWWW identifies the VOBJF tag while parsing. (See, e.g., src\sgml.c, apps\HMML_vobjf.v.)
095 (a)	$V_{iala} = 5/12/02$ disalages that the nonzer is in the hyperpart $S_{ab} = 2$
The method of claim 5 where the parsing is by a parser in the browser.	Viola 5/12/95 discloses that the parser is in the browser <i>See, e.g.</i> , . Viola includes files for parsing. (See, e.g., apps\VWHandler_hmml.v, src\sgmlsA2B.c and src\sgml.c, viola\libwww.) Furthermore, as discussed within my report, HTML and\or HMML parsers were readily available and inherent to the operation of world wide web browser applications.
985-7.a : The method of claim 1 where the processing specified by the text formats is specified directly.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats directly specify the processing. <i>See</i> , <i>e.g.</i> , :
	ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive hypermedia document files (i.e., HTML and HMML documents) that contain text formats from a network server (e.g., a file server or HTTP server) over a

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	distributed hypermedia network environment. Examples of such
	documents include those in viola\docs.
	The hypermedia document files received from the network server contain
	predetermined text formats that directly specify processing. For example,
	the hypermedia documents downloaded by ViolaWWW contain HMML
	tags or HTML tags. In particular, the testPlot.hmml hypermedia
	document contains the HMML tags such as TTTLE, HI and ITALIC.
	(See, e.g., testPlot.hmml.) As another example, the testAll.html file
	contains HIML tags, such as IIILE and HI.
	ne nypermedia document downloaded from the remote network server is
	parsed by viola w w to identify the tags. Viola w w w then initiates
	displays the text marked by the H1 tag in large hold header text and the
	text marked by the ITALIC tag in italics. (See e.g.
	anns/VWHandler hmml v src/som/sA2B c and src/som/ c
	viola\libWWW)
985-8.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the correspondence is implied by the order of text
The method of claim 1 where the correspondence	formats. See, e.g., :
is implied by the order of the text format in a set of	
all of the text formats.	In ViolaWWW, the correspondence between the location in the document
	and the text formats is implied by the order of the text formats. For
	example, testPlot.hmml has several HMML tags (text formats). In
	testPlot.hmml, TITLE tag appears before H1 tag. H1 tag is followed by P
	tag. VOBJF tag appears later. When ViolaWWW displays the document,
	the title (associated with IIILE tag) is displayed first. The title is
	followed by neading (associated with HI tag). A paragraph (associated
	the decument where VOP IE tag is specified. (See a g
	doorstellet hmml)
	Similarly, for test All html, a title (associated with a TITLE tag) is
	displayed ahead of Header 1 (associated with a subsequent header tag)

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	which is displayed ahead of Header 2 (associated with a still subsequent
	header tag). (See docs\testAll.html.)
985-9.a : The method of claim 1 where the embed text format specifies the location of at least a portion of an object directly.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the embed text format specifies the location of the object directly. <i>See, e.g.,</i> : The VOBJF embed text format specifies the location of an object directly. For example, testPlot.hmml includes a VOBJF tag specifying the location of an object based on a filepath location in which the object can be found: <vobjf>/home/wei/viola/apps/plot.v<\VOBJF> (See viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.)</vobjf>
985-10.a : The method of claim 1 where having type information associated is by including type information in the embed text format.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the type information is in the embed text format. See, e.g., : For example, the file plot.v (which contains type information as described above) is in the VOBJF embed text format. <vobjf>/home/wei/viola/apps/plot.v<\VOBJF> (See viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.)</vobjf>
985-11.a : The method of claim 1 where automatically invoking does not require interactive action by the user.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that automatic invocation does not require interactive action by the user. See, e.g., : When ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag, it automatically invokes the vplot executable application. The automatic invocation does not require action by the user. For example, when ViolaWWW parses the VOBJF tag in testPlot.hmml, the vplot application is automatically invoked without any interactive action by the user, as follows: switch (pid = vfork()) { case 0: * Child *\

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	 execv(GET_path(self), args); (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.)
985-16.a : One or more computer readable media encoded with software comprising computer executable instructions, for use in a distributed hypermedia network environment, wherein the network environment comprises at least one client workstation and one network server coupled to the network environment, and when the software is executed operable to:	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses computer code physically embodied on a medium. See, e.g., : The computer on which ViolaWWW executes includes computer usable media having computer readable program code physically embodied therein. By way of example, ViolaWWW executed on Sun SPARCstations running a SunOS operating system. ViolaWWW could be executed on the Sun SPARCstation with the command "viola –o www." (See, e.g., viola\RUN.WWW.) Viola, including the www.v file that implements the ViolaWWW browser, contains computer readable code that is stored on the SPARCstation's computer usable media.
	hypermedia environment. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.a.
985-16.b : receive, at the client workstation from the network server over the network environment, at least one file containing information to enable a browser application to display at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document within a browser-controlled window;	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application; a file containing enabling information received from a server; that the browser displays at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia document; and that the display is in a browser-controlled window. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.b.
985-16.c : cause the client workstation to utilize the browser to:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client workstation. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.c.
985-16.d : respond to text formats to initiate processing specified by the text formats;	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. See evidence recited for 985-1.d.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
985-16.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
display at least a portion of the document within	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
the browser-controlled window;	
985-16.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format; that the embed text
identify an embed text format corresponding to a	format corresponds to a first location in a hypermedia document; that the embed
first location in the document, the embed text	text format specifies the location of at least a portion of an object external to the
format specifying the location of at least a portion	file containing enabling information; and that the object has associated type
of an object external to the file, with the object	information. See evidence recited for 985-1.f.
having type information associated with it;	
985-16.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses using type information to identify and locate an
utilize the type information to identify and locate	executable application external to the file. See evidence recited for 985-1.g.
an executable application external to the file; and	
985-16.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatically invoking the executable application; that
automatically invoke the executable application, in	the executable application displays the object and enables an end-user to directly
response to the identifying of the embed text	interact with it; and that the interaction with the object is at a first location in a
format, to execute on the client workstation in	hypermedia document. See evidence recited for 985-1.h.
order to display the object and enable an end-user	
to directly interact with the object while the object	
is being displayed within a display area created at	
the first location within the portion of the	
hypermedia document being displayed in the	
browser-controlled window.	
085 17 a	Viola $5/12/02$ discloses that the anabling information in the file is text formate
703-17.a. The computer readable media of claim 16 where:	s_{10} solution $s_{12/75}$ discusses that the chaoting information in the file is text formats.
the information to enable comprises text formats	see condence recited for 983-2.a.
the information to enable comprises text formats.	
985-18 a	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats are HTML tags See evidence
The computer readable media of claim 17 where:	recited for 985-3 a
the text formats are HTML tags	100100a 101 / 00 / 5.u.
985-19.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file includes an

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
The computer readable media of claim 16 where:	embed text format. See evidence recited for 985-4.a.
the information contained in the file received	
comprises at least one embed text format.	
085 20 at	Viele 5/12/02 diselesses digital information. See . e.g. :
A method of serving digital information in a	viola 5/12/95 discloses digital information. See, e.g., .
computer network environment having a network	The information that is exchanged between a client workstation running
server coupled the network environment, and	ViolaWWW and a network server (such as web server or file server) is
where the network environment is a distributed	digital information.
hypermedia environment, the method comprising:	For example, ViolaWWW running on the client workstation can receive
	hypermedia documents (HTML and HMML documents) from a network
	server over the distributed hypermedia network environment. These
	documents are transmitted according to network protocols that transmit
	has served in digital form can be found in viole/dees, including
	testPlot hmml and testAll html
	ViolaWWW also could receive *.v files over networks in digital form.
	Examples of *.v files are in viola\apps, and include plot.v.
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses a network server in a distributed hypermedia
095 20 h.	environment. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
905-20.0.	viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
one client workstation over said network in order	Viola 5/12/93 discloses communicating via network server in order to cause the
to cause said client workstation to:	client workstation to act. See, e.g., :
	The ViolaWWW browser operating on a client workstation requests
	hypermedia documents from a server, such as a file server or an HTTP
	server. The server responds by communicating to the client workstation.
	By way of example, the server transmits hypermedia documents, examples
	or which can be round in viola/docs. The server can transmit *.v files,
	examples of which are found in viola\apps. In one example, the server

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	transmits testPlot.hmml and plot.v to the client workstation.
	The client workstation, after receiving the hypermedia document and/or
	*.v file from the network server, parses the hypermedia document and
	responds to the text formats contained in the hypermedia document to
	initiate processing specified by the text formats and/or by initiating
	processing according to a *.v file. (See, e.g., src\sgmlsA2B.c and
	src\sgml.c.)
985-20.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application; a file containing enabling
receive, over said network environment from said	information received from a server; that the browser displays at least a portion of
server, at least one file containing information to	a distributed hypermedia document; and that the display is in a browser-
enable a browser application to display at least a	controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.b.
portion of a distributed hypermedia document	
within a browser-controlled window;	
985-20.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
execute, at said client workstation, a browser	workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.c.
application, with the browser application:	
985-20.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. See evidence recited for 985-1.d.
responding to text formats to initiate processing	
specified by the text formats;	Viola 5/12/02 displayers displaying at least a partian of the document within the
905-20.1 .	browser controlled window. See evidence regited for 085, 1 c
displaying, on said cheft workstation, at least a	biowser-controlled willdow. See evidence recited for 983-1.e.
controlled window:	
985-20 g ²	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format: that the embed text
identifying an embed text format which	format corresponds to a first location in a hypermedia document: that the embed
corresponds to a first location in the document	text format specifies the location of at least a portion of an object external to the
where the embed text format specifies the location	file containing enabling information and that the object has associated type
of at least a portion of an object external to the file	information See evidence recited for 985-1 f
where the object has type information associated	
with it:	
985-20.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses using type information to identify and locate an
utilizing the type information to identify and locate	executable application external to the file. See evidence recited for 985-1.g.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
an executable application external to the file; and	
985-20.i : automatically invoking the executable application, in response to the identifying of the embed text format, to execute on the client workstation in order to display the object and enable an end-user to directly interact with the object while the object is being displayed within a display area created at the first location within the portion of the hypermedia document being displayed in the browser-controlled window.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatically invoking the executable application; that the executable application displays the object and enables an end-user to directly interact with it; and that the interaction with the object is at a first location in a hypermedia document. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.h.
985-21.a : The method of claim 20 where: the information to enable comprises text formats.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file is text formats. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-2.a.
985-22.a : The method of claim 21 where: the text formats are HTML tags.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats are HTML tags. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-3.a.
985-23.a : The method of claim 20 where: the information contained in the file received comprises at least one embed text format.	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file includes an embed text format. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-4.a.
985-24.a : A method for running an executable application in a computer network environment, wherein said network environment has at least one client workstation and one network server coupled to a network environment, the method comprising:	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation and a network server in a network environment. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.a. Viola 5/12/93 discloses an executable application. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.g.
985-24.b:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
enabling an end-user to directly interact with an	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
object by utilizing said executable application to	
interactively process said object while the object is	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an object external to a file containing enabling
being displayed within a display area created at a	information. See evidence recited for 985-1.f.
first location within a portion of a hypermedia	
document being displayed in a browser-controlled	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that there is enabling of an end-user to directly interact
window,	with the object. See, e.g., :
	For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly
	interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the
	X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.)
	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the interaction with the object is at a first location in
	a hypermedia document. See evidence recited for 985-1 h
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is displayed at a first location within a
	portion of the hypermedia document being displayed. See, e.g., :
	In one example, the object is displayed and interactive processing of the
	object occurs at the first location within the portion of the hypermedia
	document displayed in the Viola WW window.
	For example, the vplot application displays the object as a grid (the default
	grid) inside the violaw www.indow. The object is displayed at the first
	displayed in the VieleWWW window. (See a g
	uispiayed in the violaw w w window. (See, e.g.,
085 24 a:	Viola 5/12/02 discloses a client workstation and a network server in a distributed
vharain said natwork anvironment is a distributed	hypermedia environment. See evidence regited for Q85.1.2
hypermedia environment	nypermedia environment. See evidence reencu for 965-1.a.
985-24 d	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application: a file containing enabling
wherein said client workstation receives over said	information received from a server: that the browser displays at least a portion of
network environment from said server at least one	a distributed hypermedia document and that the displays at least a portion of
985-24.c: wherein said network environment is a distributed hypermedia environment, 985-24.d: wherein said client workstation receives, over said network environment from said server, at least one	 For example, the vplot executable application enables the user to directly interact with the object using the slider bars to rotate the object around the X, Y and Z axes. (See, e.g., apps\plot.v, src\cl_slider.c, src\cl_client.c.) Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the interaction with the object is at a first location in a hypermedia document. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.h. Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is displayed at a first location within a portion of the hypermedia document being displayed. <i>See, e.g.</i>, : In one example, the object is displayed and interactive processing of the object occurs at the first location within the portion of the hypermedia document displayed in the ViolaWWW window. For example, the vplot application displays the object as a grid (the defaul grid) inside the ViolaWWW window. The object is displayed at the first location in the portion of the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document being displayed in the ViolaWWW window. (See, e.g., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.) Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation and a network server in a distributed hypermedia environment. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.a.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
file containing information to enable said browser	controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.b.
application to display, on said client workstation,	
at least said portion of said distributed hypermedia	
document within said browser-controlled window,	
985-24.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an executable application external to the file. See
wherein said executable application is external to	evidence recited for 985-1.g.
said file,	
985-24.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
wherein said client workstation executes the	workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.c.
browser application, with the browser application	
responding to text formats to initiate processing	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. See evidence recited for 985-1.d.
specified by the text formats,	
985-24.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
wherein at least said portion of the document is	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
displayed within the browser-controlled window,	
985-24.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format and that the embed text
wherein an embed text format which corresponds	format corresponds to a first location in a hypermedia document. See evidence
to said first location in the document is identified	recited for 985-1.f.
by the browser,	
985-24.i:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the embed text format specifies the location of at
wherein the embed text format specifies the	least a portion of an object external to the file containing enabling information.
location of at least a portion of said object external	See evidence recited for 985-1.f.
to the file,	
985-24.j:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object has associated type information. See
wherein the object has type information associated	evidence recited for 985-1.f.
with it,	
985-24.k:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses using type information to identify and locate an
wherein the type information is utilized by the	executable application external to the file. See evidence recited for 985-1.g.
browser to identify and locate said executable	
application, and	
985-24.l:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatically invoking the executable application. See
wherein the executable application is automatically	evidence recited for 985-1.h.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
invoked by the browser, in response to the	
identifying of the embed text format.	
985-25.a:	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the enabling information in the file is text formats.
The method of claim 24 where: the information to	See evidence recited for 985-2.a.
enable comprises text formats.	
985-26.a :	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses that the text formats are HTML tags. See evidence
The method of claim 25 where: the text formats	recited for 985-3.a.
are HTML tags.	
095 27 a:	Viola $5/12/02$ displayed that the analysing information in the file includes an
703-27.a. The method of claim 24 where: the information	embed text format. See evidence regited for 985-4 a
contained in the file received comprises at least	embed text format. See evidence feetied for 965-4.a.
one embed text format	
985-28.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses computer code physically embodied on a medium. See
One or more computer readable media encoded	evidence recited for 985-16.a.
with software comprising an executable	
application for use in a system having at least one	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation and a network server in a network
client workstation and one network server coupled	environment. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
to a network environment, operable to:	
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an executable application. See evidence recited for 985-
007.001	
985-28.b:	Viola $5/12/93$ discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
cause the client workstation to display an object	browser-controlled window. See evidence fected for 985-1.e.
and enable an end-user to unectly interact with	Viola 5/12/03 discloses an object external to a file containing enabling
within a display area created at a first location	information See evidence recited for 985-1 f
within a portion of a hypermedia document being	mormation. See evidence reened for 965-1.1.
displayed in a browser-controlled window	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that there is enabling of an end-user to directly interact
	with the object. See evidence recited for 985-24.b.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the interaction with the object is at a first location in a hypermedia document. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.h.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is displayed within a display area created at the first location <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
	In one example, the object is displayed and interactive processing of the object occurs at the first location within the portion of the hypermedia document displayed in the ViolaWWW window. For example, the vplot application displays the object as a grid (the default grid) inside the ViolaWWW window. The object is displayed at the first location in the portion of the testPlot.hmml hypermedia document being displayed in the ViolaWWW window. (See, e.g., viola\docs\testPlot.hmml.)
985-28.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation and a network server in a distributed
wherein said network environment is a distributed	hypermedia environment. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
hypermedia environment,	
985-28.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application; a file containing enabling
wherein said client workstation receives, over said	information received from a server; that the browser displays at least a portion of
network environment from said server, at least one	a distributed hypermedia document; and that the display is in a browser-
file containing information to enable said browser	controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.b.
application to display, on said client workstation,	
at least said portion of said distributed hypermedia	
document within said browser-controlled window,	
985-28.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an executable application external to the file. See
wherein said executable application is external to	evidence recited for 985-1.g.
said file,	
985-28.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
wherein said client workstation executes said	workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.c.
browser application, with the browser application	
responding to text formats to initiate processing	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. See evidence recited for 985-1.d.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
specified by the text formats,	
985-28.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
wherein at least said portion of the document is	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
displayed within the browser-controlled window,	
985-28.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format and that the embed text
wherein an embed text format which corresponds	format corresponds to a first location in a hypermedia document. See evidence
to said first location in the document is identified	recited for 985-1.f.
by the browser,	
985-28.i:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the embed text format specifies the location of at
wherein the embed text format specifies the	least a portion of an object external to the file containing enabling information.
location of at least a portion of said object external	See evidence recited for 985-1.f.
to the file,	
985-28.j:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object has associated type information. See
wherein the object has type information associated	evidence recited for 985-1.f.
with it,	
985-28.k:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses using type information to identify and locate an
wherein the type information is utilized by the	executable application external to the file. See evidence recited for 985-1.g.
browser to identify and locate said executable	
application, and	
985-28.1:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatically invoking the executable application. See
wherein the executable application is automatically	evidence recited for 985-1.h.
invoked by the browser, in response to the	
identifying of the embed text format.	
005.26	
985-36.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an application program in a distributed hypermedia
A method for running an application program in a	environment comprising at least client workstation and network server. See
distributed hypermedia network environment,	evidence reched for 985-1.a.
wherein the distributed hypermedia network	
environment comprises at least one client	
workstation and one remote network server	
coupled to the distributed hypermedia network	
environment, the method comprising:	

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
985-36.b:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application; a file containing enabling
receiving, at the client workstation from the	information; that the file is received at the client workstation from the network
network server over the distributed hypermedia	server; that the browser displays at least a portion of a distributed hypermedia
network environment, at least one file containing	document; and that at least a portion of a hypermedia document is displayed in a
information to enable a browser application to	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.b.
display at least a portion of a distributed	
hypermedia document within a browser-controlled	
window;	
985-36.c:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
executing the browser application on the client	workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.c.
workstation, with the browser application:	
985-36.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.d.
responding to text formats to initiate processing	
specified by the text formats;	
985-36.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
displaying at least a portion of the document	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
within the browser-controlled window;	
985-36.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an object. See, e.g., :
identifying an embed text format which	
corresponds to a first location in the document,	In one example, when a Viola applet is embedded in a ViolaWWW web
where the embed text format specifies the location	page, using the VOBJF tag, at least a portion of an object, the default grid,
of at least a portion of an object;	appears in the ViolaWWW window upon browser launch.
	The data for the default grid is specified in the file plot v by the command:
	output("equation 0");
	(See apps/plot.v.)
	V_{i} = $5/12/02$ discloses identifying on embed tout formati that the embed tout
	v 101a 5/12/95 discusses identifying an embed text format; that the embed text
	ambad toxt format specifies the location of an object. See avidence regited for
	985-1.f.
985-36.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser identifies and locates an executable
identifying and locating an executable application	application associated with the object. See, e.g.,

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
associated with the object; and	
	For example, the file plot.v contains type information associated with the object. /path {/home/wei/vplot/vplot } (See apps\plot.v.) The type information is used by the ViolaWWW to identify and locate the vplot executable application. ViolaWWW then invokes the vplot executable application. switch (pid = vfork()) { case 0: * Child *\ execv(GET_path(self)_args):
	(See src\cl TTY.c.)
985-36.h : automatically invoking the executable application, in response to the identifying of the embed text format, in order to enable an end-user to directly interact with the object, while the object is being displayed within a display area created at the first location within the portion of the hypermedia document being displayed in the browser- controlled window,	 Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format. See evidence recited in 985-1.f. Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatic invocation of the executable application; that the executable application displays the object; that the executable application enables direct interaction with the object; and that interaction with the object is at a first location in the hypermedia document. See evidence recited in 985-1.h. Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is displayed at a first location within a portion of the hypermedia document being displayed. See evidence recited at 985-24.b. Viola 5/12/93 discloses that a hypermedia document is displayed in a browser window. See, e.g., evidence recited for 985-1.e.
985-36.i : wherein the executable application is part of a	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a distributed application. See, e.g., :

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
distributed application, and	Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example, and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, a portion of the computations would be performed on a process on a remote server. Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video 8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged with other applications, including distributed applications such as VIS. See example below. ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it works with an executable application on the client workstation.



Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
	application is part of a distributed application.
	Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video
	8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged
	with any application, including distributed applications such as VIS.
	ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it
	works with an executable application on the client workstation.
985-36.j:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the distributed application executes at least partially
wherein at least a portion of the distributed	on a network server. <i>See, e.g.</i> , :
application is for execution on a remote network	
server coupled to the distributed hypermedia	Viola's documentation states that "Through a communication facility such
network environment.	as the socket, a message may also come from another process on the
	network." (See, e.g., viola\docs\violaBrief.hmml.) By way of example,
	and as discussed elsewhere in this chart, ViolaWWW provides for
	automatically invoking the vplot executable application using the execv
	system call. (See viola\src\cl_TTY.c.) Vplot can be implemented as a
	distributed application wherein a portion of the computations — for
	example, graphics transformations — can be executed on a remote server
	by using the rexec socket-based system call or other Unix socket-based
	system calls in leiu of the execv system call. In this case, a portion of the
	computations would be performed on a process on a remote server
	Furthermore, as discussed in my report and in the videos Viola video
	8.avi, Viola video 8B.avi, and Viola video 9.avi, vplot can be interchanged
	with other applications, including distributed applications such as VIS.
	ViolaWWW works with a distributed application in the same way that it
	works with an executable application on the client workstation.
985-37.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file is text formats.
The method of claim 36 where: the information to	See evidence recited for 985-2.a.
enable comprises text formats.	
985-38.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats are HTML tags. See evidence
The method of claim 37 where: the text formats	recited for 985-3.a.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
are HTML tags.	
985-39.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file includes an
The method of claim 36 where: the information	embed text format. See evidence recited for 985-4.a.
contained in the file received comprises at least	
one embed text format.	
985-40.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses digital information. See evidence recited for 985-20.a.
A method of serving digital information in a	
computer network environment having a network	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a network server in a distributed hypermedia
server coupled to said computer network	environment. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
environment, and where the network environment	
is a distributed hypermedia network environment,	
the method comprising:	
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a client workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.a.
communicating via the network server with at least	Viale $5/12/02$ displayed communicating via network converts and to cause the
network anvironment in order to cause said client	viola 5/12/95 discloses communicating via network server in order to cause the
workstation to:	chefit workstation to act. See evidence recited for 983-20.0.
985-40 c ²	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application: a file containing enabling
receive over said computer network environment	information received from a server that the browser displays at least a portion of
from the network server, at least one file	a distributed hypermedia document: and that the displays at least a portion of
containing information to enable a browser	controlled window. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.b.
application to display at least a portion of a	
distributed hypermedia document within a	
browser-controlled window;	
985-40.d:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses a browser application executing on the client
execute, at said client workstation, a browser	workstation. See evidence recited for 985-1.c.
application, with the browser application:	
985-40.e:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses parsing text formats. See evidence recited for 985-1.d.
responding to text formats to initiate processing	
specified by the text formats;	

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
985-40.f:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses displaying at least a portion of the document within the
displaying, on said client workstation, at least a	browser-controlled window. See evidence recited for 985-1.e.
portion of the document within the browser-	
controlled window;	
985-40.g:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses an object. See evidence recited for 985-36.f.
identifying an embed text format which	
corresponds to a first location in the document,	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format; that the embed text
where the embed text format specifies the location	format corresponds to a first location in the hypermedia document; and that the
of at least a portion of an object;	embed text format specifies the location of an object. <i>See</i> evidence recited for 985-1.f.
985-40.h:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the browser identifies and locates an executable
identifying and locating an executable application	application associated with the object. See evidence recited for 985-36.g.
associated with the object; and	
985-40.i:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses identifying an embed text format. See evidence recited
automatically invoking the executable application,	in 985-1.f.
in response to the identifying of the embed text	
format, in order to enable an end-user to directly	Viola 5/12/93 discloses automatic invocation of the executable application; that
interact with the object while the object is being	the executable application displays the object; that the executable application
displayed within a display area created at the first	enables direct interaction with the object; and that interaction with the object is
location within the portion of the hypermedia	at a first location in the hypermedia document. See evidence recited in 985-1.h.
document being displayed in the browser-	
controlled window,	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the object is displayed at a first location within a
	portion of the hypermedia document being displayed. See evidence recited for
	983-24.0.
	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that a hypermedia document is displayed in a browser
	window See e_{σ} evidence recited for 985-1 e
985-40.j:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the executable application is part of a distributed
wherein the executable application is part of a	application. See evidence recited in 985-36.i.

Claim Text from '985 Patent	Viola 5/12/93
distributed application, and	
985-40.k:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the distributed application executes at least partially
wherein at least a portion of the distributed	on a network server. See evidence recited for 985-36.j.
application is for execution on the network server.	
985-41.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file is text formats.
The method of claim 40 where: the information to	See evidence recited for 985-2.a.
enable comprises text formats.	
985-42.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the text formats are HTML tags. See evidence
The method of claim 41 where: the text formats	recited for 985-3.a.
are HTML tags.	
985-43.a:	Viola 5/12/93 discloses that the enabling information in the file includes an
The method of claim 40 where: the information	embed text format. See evidence recited for 985-4.a.
contained in the file received comprises at least	
one embed text format.	