

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS DIVISION**

<b>JAMES A ROUGHLEY,</b>  <b>Plaintiff,</b>  v.  <b>CRAIG WATKINS,</b>  <b>Defendant.</b>	§ § § § § § § § § §	<b>3:14-CV-02637-N-BK</b>
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**ORDER ACCEPTING FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION  
OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**


The United States Magistrate Judge made Findings, Conclusions, and a Recommendation in this case. Plaintiff/Petitioner filed objections, and the District Court has made a *de novo* review of those portions of the proposed findings and recommendation to which objection was made. The objections are overruled, and the Court **ACCEPTS** the Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the complaint is summarily **DISMISSED** with prejudice as frivolous and/or for failure to state a claim on which relief may be granted. *See* [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(e\)\(2\)\(B\)](#); [28 U.S.C. § 1915A\(b\)](#). This dismissal will count as a “strike” or “prior occasion” within the meaning of [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(g\)](#).

The Court prospectively **CERTIFIES** that any appeal of this action would not be taken in good faith. *See* [28 U.S.C. § 1915\(a\)\(3\)](#); [FED. R. APP. P. 24\(a\)\(3\)](#). In support of this certification, the Court adopts and incorporates by reference the Magistrate Judge’s Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation. *See* [Baugh v. Taylor, 117 F.3d 197, 202](#) and n.21 (5th Cir. 1997). Based on the Findings and Recommendation, the Court finds that any appeal of this action would present no legal point of arguable merit and would, therefore, be frivolous.

[Howard v. King, 707 F.2d 215, 220 \(5th Cir. 1983\)](#).<sup>2</sup> In the event of an appeal, Plaintiff may challenge this certification by filing a separate motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal with the Clerk of the Court, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. See [Baugh, 117 F.3d at 202](#); [FED. R. APP. P. 24\(a\)\(5\)](#).

SO ORDERED this October 17, 2014.

  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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<sup>2</sup> [Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4\(a\)](#) governs the time to appeal an order. A timely notice of appeal must be filed even if the district court certifies an appeal as not taken in good faith.