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# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS **DALLAS DIVISION**

§

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING	Ş
COMMISSION, ET AL.,	§
PLAINTIFFS,	§
	§
V.	§
	§
TMTE, INC., ET AL.	§
DEFENDANTS.	§

CASE NO. 3:20-CV-2910-X

# FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and the district judge's Order on Receiver's Motions for Appointment of Appraisers, Approval of Appraisals, and Setting Hearing Regarding Approval of Sale of Property, Doc. 533, this case was referred to the undersigned United States magistrate judge for hearing and the entry of findings and a recommended disposition on the Receiver's motions seeking, inter alia, authorization of the sale of certain real property. For the reasons that follow, the Court should approve the Receiver's private sale of the subject properties.

#### I. BACKGROUND

From January to March 2023, the Court-appointed Receiver, Kelly M. Crawford (the "Receiver"), filed three motions requesting that the Court appoint appraisers, approve the appraisals, and set a hearing to approve the private sale of three properties: (1) 1921 S. Croskey St., Philadelphia, PA 19145 (the "Croskey Property"); (2) 532 E Penn St., Philadelphia, PA 19144 (the "E Penn Property"); and (3) 106 E Roosevelt Blvd., Philadelphia, PA 19120 (the "E Roosevelt Property").<sup>1</sup> Doc. 490; Doc. 493; Doc. 517. In March 2023, the district judge entered an order which granted the Receiver's motions, appointed appraisers, approved their appraisals, and ordered a hearing be held before the undersigned. Doc. 533, *passim*.

Pursuant to the order of referral, the issues before the undersigned are whether: (1) any bona fide purchasers, at the time of the hearing, had submitted any competing bids which were at least ten percent more than the current contract price of any of the properties; and (2) a private sale is in the best interest of each of the above properties.<sup>2</sup> On May 4, 2023, a hearing was held under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 2001(b). Doc. 542. Notice was provided the parties, however, only the Receiver appeared.

#### **II. ANALYSIS**

28 U.S.C. § 2001(b) outlines the Court's authority to authorize the private sale of real

property when such is in the best interest of the property. It provides:

After a hearing, of which notice to all interested parties shall be given by publication or otherwise as the court directs, the court may order the sale of such realty or interest or any part thereof at private sale for cash or other consideration and upon such terms and conditions as the court approves, if it finds that the best interests of the estate will be conserved thereby. Before confirmation of any private sale, the court shall appoint three disinterested persons to appraise such property or different groups of three appraisers each to appraise properties of different classes or situated in different localities. No private sale shall be confirmed at a price less than two-thirds of the appraised value. Before confirmation of any private sale, the terms thereof shall be published in such newspaper or newspapers of general circulation as the court directs at least ten days before confirmation. The private

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Court notes that while the Receiver filed a like motion regarding a fourth property, 443 W Roosevelt Blvd., Philadelphia, PA 19120, Doc. 517, the Receiver withdrew that motion at the hearing as the property is no longer under a contract for sale.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  At the hearing, pursuant to the statue, the Court also considered whether the Receiver published the terms of the private sales at least ten days prior to the hearing.

sale shall not be confirmed if a bona fide offer is made, under conditions prescribed by the court, which guarantees at least a 10 per centum increase over the price offered in the private sale.

28 U.S.C. § 2001(b); see S.E.C. v. T-Bar Res., LLC, No. 3:07-CV-1994-B, 2008 WL 4790987, at

\*3-4 (N.D. Tex. Oct. 28, 2008) (Boyle, J.) (finding that because Section 2001(b) establishes procedural safeguards to "protect against the high opportunity for fraud inherent in private sales of realty," a court cannot consider the best interests of the sale without a party's full compliance with the terms of the statute).

## A. The Croskey Property

The Court finds that it is in the best interest of the estate that the Croskey Property to be

privately sold, as the Receiver established previously and through the evidence subsequently

presented at the hearing that:

- The Court previously appointed three disinterested persons to appraise the property, Doc. 533 at 2;
- The Court previously accepted that the proposed sale price of \$107,000 exceeds twothirds of the \$93,666.67 average appraised value of the property, Doc. 533 at 2;
- The Receiver published the terms of the proposed sale in *The Philadelphia Inquirer* on April 10-12, 2023, which was at least ten days before the hearing held on May 4, 2023, Exhibit 4; and
- The Receiver received no bona fide offers which exceed ten percent of the property's contract sale price.

#### B. The E Penn Property

The Court finds that it is in the best interest of the estate that the E Penn Property to be

privately sold, as the Receiver established previously and through the evidence subsequently

presented at the hearing that:

- The Court previously appointed three disinterested persons to appraise the property, Doc. 533 at 3;
- The Court previously accepted that the proposed sale price of \$150,000 exceeds twothirds of the \$166,666.67 average appraised value of the property, Doc. 533 at 3;
- The Receiver published the terms of the proposed sale in *The Philadelphia Inquirer* on April 10-12, 2023, which was at least ten days before the hearing held on May 4, 2023, Exhibit 4; and
- The Receiver received no bona fide offers which exceed ten percent of the property's contract sale price.

## C. The E Roosevelt Property

The Court finds that it is in the best interest of the estate that the E Roosevelt Property to

be privately sold, as the Receiver established previously and through the evidence subsequently

presented at the hearing that:

- The Court previously appointed three disinterested persons to appraise the property, Doc. 533 at 6;
- The Court previously accepted that the proposed sale price of \$169,999 exceeds twothirds of the \$171,000 average appraised value of the property, Doc. 533 at 6;
- The Receiver published the terms of the proposed sale in *The Philadelphia Inquirer* on April 10-12, 2023, which was at least ten days before the hearing held on May 4, 2023, Exhibit 4; and
- The Receiver received no bona fide offers which exceed ten percent of the property's contract sale price.

## **III. CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing, the Court should approve the Receiver's private sale of the

Croskey Property for \$107,000; the E Penn Property for \$150,000; and the E Roosevelt Property

for \$169,999, and enter an order authorizing the same.

SO RECOMMENDED on May 16, 2023.

ARRIS TOLIVER UNITED/STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of this report and recommendation will be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of this report and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); FED. R. CIV. P. 72(b). An objection must identify the finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and indicate where in the magistrate judge's report and recommendation the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. *See Douglass v. United Servs. Auto. Ass'n*, 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996), *modified by statute on other grounds*, 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) (extending the time to file objections to 14 days).