## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

DARRELL WILSON JONES,	§ §				
Petitioner,	§				
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٧.	8	CIVIL	ACTION	NO.	H-12-0634
RICK THALER, DIRECTOR,	§				
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL	§				
JUSTICE, CORRECTIONAL	§				
INSTITUTIONS DIVISION,	§				
	§				
Respondent.	§				

## ORDER ADOPTING RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Pending is Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment (Document No. 12) against Petitioner's Federal Application for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Document No. 1). The Court has received from the Amended Memorandum and Recommendation Magistrate Judge an recommending that Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment (Document No. 12) be GRANTED and that Petitioner's Application for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Document No. 1) be DENIED and DISMISSED with prejudice. Petitioner filed Objections (Document No. 24) to the Amended Memorandum and Recommendation. The Court, after having made a de novo determination of Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment, Petitioner's Response, Petitioner's Application for Writ of Habeas Corpus, the Amended Memorandum and Recommendation, and Petitioner's Objections thereto, is of the opinion that the findings and recommendations of the Magistrate Judge are correct

and should be and hereby are accepted by the Court in their entirety. Accordingly,

It is ORDERED and ADJUDGED for the reasons set forth in the Amended Memorandum and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge filed on February 21, 2013, which is adopted in its entirety as the opinion of this Court, that Respondent's Motion for Summary Judgment Document No. 12) is GRANTED, and Petitioner's Application for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Document No. 1) is DENIED and DISMISSED with prejudice. It is further

ORDERED that a certificate of appealability is DENIED. A certificate of appealability from a habeas corpus proceeding will not issue unless the petitioner makes "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). This standard "includes showing that reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Slack v. McDaniel, 120 S. Ct. 1595, 1603-1604 (2000) (internal quotations and citations omitted). Stated differently, where the claims have been dismissed on the merits, the petitioner "must demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong." Id. at 1604; Beazley v. Johnson, 242 F.3d 248, 263 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 122 S.Ct. 329 (2001). When the claims have been dismissed on procedural grounds, the petitioner must show that "jurists of

reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of constitutional right and that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural ruling." Slack, 120 S. Ct. at 1604. A district court may deny a certificate of appealability sua sponte, without requiring further briefing or argument. Alexander v. Johnson, 211 F.3d 895, 898 (5th Cir. 2000).

For the reasons set forth in the Amended Memorandum and Recommendation, which has been adopted in its entirety as the opinion of the Court, the Court determines that Petitioner has not made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right, and that reasonable jurists would not debate the correctness of either the substantive or procedural rulings.

The Clerk will enter this Order and send copies to all parties of record.

Signed at Houston, Texas this

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE