Matson v. White Doc. 4

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

BEAUMONT DIVISION

JOHN DEE MATSON, JR. §

VS. § CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:16cv181

JONI WHITE §

MEMORANDUM OPINION REGARDING VENUE

Plaintiff John Dee Matson, Jr., an inmate confined at the Powledge Unit of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, Correctional Institutions Division, proceeding *pro se*, brings this civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against Joni White, Assistant Director for Classification and Records in Huntsville, Texas.

The above-styled action was referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 and the Local Rules for the Assignment of Duties to the United States Magistrate Judge for findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations for the disposition of the case.

Factual Background

Plaintiff alleges Joni White has denied him due process and equal protection regarding the denial of a mandatory supervision release date. Plaintiff also alleges the defendant has violated the *Ex Post Facto* clause.

Analysis

The Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. §1981, *et seq.*, under which this case is brought, does not contain a specific venue provision. Accordingly, venue in civil rights cases is controlled by 28 U.S.C. § 1391. *Jones v. Bailey*, 58 F.R.D. 453 (N.D. Ga. 1972), *aff'd per curium*, 480 F.2d 805 (5th Cir. 1973).

When, as in this case, jurisdiction is not founded solely on diversity of citizenship, 28 U.S.C. § 1391 provides that venue is proper only in the judicial district where the defendants reside or in which the claim arose. Here, the plaintiff complains of incidents which occurred at the Texas Department of Criminal Justice headquarters located in Huntsville, Texas. Further, the defendant regarding this claim is located in Walker County, Texas. When public officials are parties to an action in their official capacities, they reside for venue purposes in the county where they perform their official duties, which in this case is Walker County. *Holloway v. Gunnell*, 685 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1982); *Lowrey v. Estelle*, 433 F.2d 265 (5th Cir. 1976).

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 124, Walker County is located in the Houston Division of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas. Accordingly, venue for such claims is not proper in the Eastern District of Texas.

When venue is not proper, the court "shall dismiss, or if it be in the interest of justice, transfer such case to any district or division in which it could have been brought." 28 U.S.C. § 1406(a). Therefore, this action should be transferred to the Southern District of Texas. An appropriate order so providing will be entered by the undersigned.

SIGNED this 6 day of July , 2016.

KEITH F. GIBLIN

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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