

Having reviewed the Complaint and the file as a whole, the Court can discern absolutely no meritorious basis upon which former President George W. Bush could be named as a defendant in this lawsuit. Moreover, even were Scott to name former President Bush as a defendant, a federal judge need not recuse himself from every case involving the President who appointed him. *See, e.g., Armenian Assembly of Am., Inc. v. Cafesjian*, 783 F. Supp. 2d 78, 93 (D.C. Cir. 2011) (“The case law is clear that recusal is not warranted where a judge is alleged to be biased based solely on political connections to the President who appointed [him].”); *United States v. Gordon*, 974 F.2d 1110, 1114 (9th Cir. 1992), *overruled on other grounds by United States v. Bagdasarian*, 652 F.3d 1113 (2011) (“It is not reasonable to suspect that Judge Rafeedie’s ability to preside impartially would be affected by the fact that President Reagan appointed him.”). A federal judgeship is a life-tenured position, and federal judges take an oath to “faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all duties . . . under the Constitution and laws of the United States.” 28 U.S.C. § 453. As the D.C. Circuit has noted, Justices Ginsburg and Breyer, both Clinton appointees, participated in *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681 (1997), and Chief Justice Burger and Justices Blackmun and Powell, all Nixon appointees, participated in *United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683 (1974). *In re Executive Office of the President*, 215 F.3d 25, 25–26 (D.C. Cir. 2000). Consequently, the Court finds Judge Yeakel need not recuse himself from this case.

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED that the Motion to Recuse [#6] is DENIED; and

IT IS FINALLY ORDERED that the above-styled and numbered cause is TRANSFERRED to the Austin Docket of the Honorable Lee Yeakel, United States District Judge.

SIGNED this the 27th day of February 2015.



SAM SPARKS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE