## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF VERMONT

Vincent F. Rivera,

Plaintiff,

File No. 1:06-CV-165 V.

James H. Douglas, Patrick Leahy, and Vermont : Department of Corrections, Defendants.

## MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION (Paper 1)

Plaintiff Vincent F. Rivera, a Florida inmate proceeding pro se, has filed a motion to proceed in forma pauperis. (Paper 1). In his proposed complaint, Rivera seeks to bring claims against the defendants for their alleged participation in "an established prison industrial cartel operating state-to-state." Because Rivera has violated the "three strikes rule" by filing previous frivolous claims in United States federal courts, I recommend that his motion be DENIED, and that this case be DISMISSED without prejudice.

The Prison Litigation Reform Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g) ("PLRA"), states:

In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility,

brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.

In a 2005 decision, the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida rejected Rivera's application to proceed in forma pauperis on the ground that he had violated the PLRA's "three strikes rule."

Rivera v. Aramark, Inc., 2005 WL 1271368, at \*1 (M.D. Fla. May 18, 2005). In support of its ruling, the Aramark court cited three cases filed in the Middle District of Florida, each of which were dismissed because "they were frivolous, malicious or failed to state a claim upon which relief may be granted." Id.; see also Rivera v. Allin, 144 F.3d 719, 730-32 (11th Cir.), cert. dismissed, 524 U.S. 978 (1998) (upholding district court's "three strikes" dismissal of Rivera's filing).

Based upon the cases cited in the <u>Aramark</u> decision, this Court is compelled by § 1915(g) to deny Rivera in forma pauperis status. Rivera is currently incarcerated, is clearly a "three strikes" violator, and there is no indication that he is "under imminent danger of serious physical injury." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). I therefore

recommend that his motion to proceed in forma pauperis

(Paper 1) be DENIED, and that this case be DISMISSED

without prejudice, subject to refiling only upon the full
payment of the filing fee.

Dated at Burlington, in the District of Vermont, this  $25^{\rm th}$  day of August, 2006.

/s/ Jerome J. Niedermeier
Jerome J. Niedermeier
United States Magistrate Judge

Any party may object to this Report and Recommendation within 10 days after service by filing with the clerk of the court and serving on the magistrate judge and all parties, written objections which shall specifically identify the portions of the proposed findings, recommendations or report to which objection is made and the basis for such objections. Failure to file objections within the specified time waives the right to appeal the District Court's order. See Local Rules 72.1, 72.3, 73.1; 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b), 6(a) and 6(e).