

EXHIBIT B

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
NORFOLK DIVISION

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I/P ENGINE, INC.,

Plaintiff,

v. Civil Action No. 2:11-cv-512

GOOGLE INC., et al.,

Defendants.

-----x

CONFIDENTIAL PURSUANT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER

Videotaped Deposition of DONALD M. KOSAK
Washington, D.C.

Thursday, May 31, 2012

9:04 a.m.

Reported by: Amy E. Sikora, RPR, CRR, CSR-NY, CLR

Job No. CS397174

1 Deposition of DONALD M. KOSAK

2 held at the offices of:

3 Dickstein Shapiro LLP

4 1825 Eye Street, N.W.

5 Washington, D.C. 20006

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7 Pursuant to notice, before Amy E. Sikora,

8 Registered Professional Reporter, Certified

9 Realtime Reporter, Certified Shorthand

10 Reporter (NY), Certified LiveNote Reporter, and

11 Notary Public for the District of Columbia.

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A P P E A R A N C E S

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A P P E A R A N C E S

(Continued)

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ALSO PRESENT:

David L. Cohen, Esquire (p.m.)

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Kim Johnson, Videographer

1 Q. Sure.

2 A. Google AdSense is what I had heard
3 about. The -- the two terms are -- you know, the
4 product names that are both advertising, I got
5 them confused. I'm sorry.

6 Q. All right. Well, with respect to
7 Google AdSense, you knew about it by 2005?

8 A. Right.

9 Q. And that was because you used it at
10 Lycos?

11 A. Right, right.

12 Q. Did you have an understanding of how
13 Google AdSense worked?

14 A. I don't know how it worked internally.
15 We knew enough to put the required tags on the
16 page to call those ads, but what happens after
17 that, I don't know.

18 Q. Did you have any idea how ads were
19 selected?

20 MS. ALBERT: Objection, vague.

21 Q. In Google AdSense?

22 MR. BILSKER: Let me withdraw that.

23 Q. Did you have any idea how ads were
24 selected in Google AdSense in the 2005 time
25 frame?

1 A. No.

2 Q. Did you do anything to try to
3 determine how ads were selected in the 2005 time
4 frame in Google AdSense?

5 A. No.

6 Q. Is there a reason that you didn't do
7 anything to try to identify how they were
8 selected?

9 A. Yes.

10 Q. What was that reason?

11 A. There was no business reason for me to
12 spend time on analy -- analyzing something that
13 was, you know, wasn't a revenue stream for us.
14 Why -- why would I analyze it?

15 Q. At that time in 2005, who owned the
16 two patents that are part of this case?

17 A. In 2005, I'm not sure the ownership.
18 I -- I believe it was probably Dom Communications
19 Corporation.

20 Q. Not Lycos?

21 A. Well, Lycos was owned by Dom
22 Communication Corporation at the time. Hence, my
23 uncertainty about the ownership, whether they
24 were owned by a subdivision or the parent company
25 or -- I don't know exactly who had the ownership

1 Q. Yes.

2 A. No, I -- I don't recall.

3 Q. Were you doing anything to determine,
4 in 2005, whether anyone might be using the
5 patents that are part of this case?

6 A. I don't think that I did anything in
7 2005.

8 Q. When was the first time that you did
9 anything to make a determination as to whether
10 somebody was using the inventions that are
11 described in the patents in this case?

12 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

13 A. Could you repeat the question, please?

14 Q. Sure.

15 A. I'm sorry.

16 Q. When was the first time that you did
17 anything to make a determination that someone was
18 using the inventions that are described in the
19 patents in this case?

20 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

21 A. I -- I did nothing to -- to do this.
22 As -- as a technologist, as an engineer, that
23 would be something that the legal department
24 would handle, not -- not myself. So I took no
25 action to determine infringement or -- or, you

1 know, at any point as a technologist for Lycos.

2 Q. So you never remember seeing any
3 system where you said, hey, they're using
4 collaborative filtering and content-based
5 filtering and that's what our patents claim; you
6 never remember any situation like that?

7 A. Where I would take some initiative --
8 I'm clarifying the question. Where I would take
9 some initiative to say, hey, these guys are
10 infringing? I -- I don't believe that I ever did
11 that at Lycos.

12 Q. Were you involved in any way in a case
13 between Lycos and Choice Stream or Netflix?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. And what was your involvement in that
16 case?

17 A. I'm not familiar with the Choice
18 Stream. I don't recall that. But I remember
19 Netflix, so I'm clarifying my answer there.

20 Q. What was your involvement in that
21 case?

22 A. I was approached by our general
23 counsel and asked to collect documents pertaining
24 to the inventions that were mentioned in that
25 case. I don't recall which inventions they were.

1 A. Yeah. I -- I don't know what we're --
2 you know, what I would think in 1998.

3 Q. What would you think today?

4 A. Well, today it's pretty obvious that
5 those systems, you know, work in a lot of
6 different contexts.

7 Q. But is it a fair statement that a
8 system for scanning a network and a system for
9 searching a network, in your mind in '98, would
10 be different things?

11 MS. ALBERT: Objection. Vague.
12 Compound.

13 A. I'm not sure in my mind in 1998 what I
14 would be thinking because that was a long time
15 ago. So I -- I can't -- I don't know about that.

16 Q. Well, how about in relation to your
17 inventions that are part of this case. When they
18 mention scanning a network --

19 A. Uh-huh.

20 Q. -- what is it that you've got in mind
21 there?

22 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

23 A. Could you rephrase the question or --
24 or --

25 Q. Sure. When your patents discuss

1 system. The first major commercial one that I
2 wrote was called The Librarian.

3 Q. All right. Well, let's talk about a
4 search system that combined content-based- and
5 collaborative filtering. What was the first one?

6 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

7 A. The first one that I personally
8 constructed?

9 Q. All right. What was the first one in
10 general?

11 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

12 A. I don't know.

13 Q. What was the first one that you
14 participated in constructing?

15 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

16 A. What was the first one? Could you
17 help me to understand the question? What did you
18 mean by "one" in that?

19 Q. What was the name of the first search
20 system you participated in creating that combined
21 content-based- and collaborative filtering?

22 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

23 A. Could you repeat that question,
24 please? What was the name?

25 Q. What was the first search system --

1 combined collaborative filtering and
2 content-based filtering.

3 A. Could you repeat the question?

4 Q. When was the first time that you had a
5 search system that combined content-based
6 filtering and collaborative filtering?

7 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

8 A. I don't recall.

9 Q. What was name of the first system that
10 you had, working system that you had, that
11 combined content-based- and collaborative
12 filtering?

13 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

14 A. I don't recall.

15 Q. What are the possibilities?

16 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

17 A. The possible names? Well, there are a
18 lot of, you know, different project names, and
19 sometimes research projects had names or -- or,
20 you know, code names or like Greek letters or
21 project numbers. So, I mean, there's a lot of
22 different possibilities. I ran a lot of research
23 projects.

24 Q. Are there any that -- that you recall?

25 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

1 universities at the time hosting products like
2 Lycos, in '94 and '95, I believe was
3 Lycos.cmu.edu. So there's a fuzzy line in that
4 period of time between research and commercial
5 web properties.

6 Q. How did you become aware of other
7 collaborative filtering engines on the web such
8 as Firefly and GroupLens?

9 A. Sometimes I would meet people doing
10 those research projects because I frequently
11 spoke at universities or -- or, you know, gave
12 lectures. So I would shake hands with people and
13 they would tell me about projects. Other times I
14 might find them in a research paper or on a
15 website.

16 Q. So did you meet the guys from Firefly,
17 guys and girls?

18 A. While I was doing this, I didn't. But
19 I did have the opportunity to meet Dr. Patti Maes
20 some years after Lycos had acquired WiseWire.

21 Q. So you say here, "one of the first
22 collaborative filtering engines on the web."
23 What made you different from -- different, if at
24 all, from the other collaborative filtering
25 engines that were on the web?

1 A. I believe that we were the first that
2 combined content and collaborative filtering in
3 the mechanisms that we -- that we used.

4 Q. So how come you didn't actually say
5 that? Why didn't you say first content and
6 collaborative filtering engine?

7 A. Well, if you notice the pattern that I
8 in my profile, my most recent entries tend to be
9 larger. And as I go back, I used less and less
10 leans to describe it. So I only used a single
11 line to describe everything that I did over the
12 two years at WiseWire. So why I chose the
13 particular words, I don't know. Whatever fit in
14 that space at the time, I guess.

15 Q. Just seems a little curious to me that
16 you have, for example, the '799 patent up on a
17 plaque that you say is content based and
18 collaborative filtering, that you wouldn't have
19 described it as content-based- and collaborative
20 filtering. Can you think of any other reasons
21 why you didn't?

22 MS. ALBERT: Objection, asked and
23 answered.

24 A. I -- I don't know why I chose
25 particular words when I typed that. I probably

1 typed that years ago.

2 Q. All right. You started in November of
3 1995 at WiseWire; is that right?

4 A. Correct. November 15th.

5 Q. Was it called WiseWire at the time?

6 A. It was called Empirical Media at the
7 time.

8 Q. And how is it that you came to be
9 involved with Empirical Media in November of
10 1995?

11 A. Well, I had wrapped up a project for
12 the United States Senate, and that project
13 involved very early use of one of the very first
14 web browsers in late '94. And I felt that this
15 early technology possibly represented a huge
16 shift in the way that we used computers. And I
17 wanted very much to shift from doing these large
18 systems that I was working on to building systems
19 on the Internet.

20 So in 1994 I started poking around
21 people that I knew that were doing things on the
22 Internet, and I -- I'm not sure exactly who I
23 talked to at Carnegie Mellon, but somebody
24 eventually pointed me towards either Michael
25 Maulden or Ken Lang. Dr. Maulden was a professor

1 that. Could you be more clear on what you mean
2 by "relation"?

3 Q. Well, in the context of the '799
4 patent, what does "collaborative filtering" mean?

5 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

6 A. I can talk to you about our invention,
7 but, you know, I haven't looked at the contents
8 of this patent in, you know, quite sometime.

9 Q. All right. Let's -- let's first take
10 a look at column 3, and then we'll talk about
11 your invention.

12 A. Okay.

13 Q. So take a look at column 3.

14 A. I'm there.

15 Q. At around line 3 or so.

16 A. Okay.

17 Q. "A rating server predicts a score, or
18 rating, based on the heuristic that people who
19 agreed in the past will probably agree again."

20 Do you see that?

21 A. Mmm.

22 Q. Was that a decent summary, a fair
23 summary of collaborative filtering?

24 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

25 A. Yeah. I don't know if that -- that's

1 Q. But there was a version two to
2 U-Media?

3 A. Well, there was a version two to this
4 content and collaborative filtering system that
5 we were rolling out. It -- version two may have
6 started out as U-Media and then the name changed
7 to WiseWire. When we changed the name of our
8 company to WiseWire, we also changed the name of
9 the product that we were building to WiseWire.
10 We had several permutations of that.

11 Q. Was U-Media a website that Empirical
12 Media hosted?

13 A. I don't recall if it was a website or
14 if it was the name of the product on the
15 empiricalmedia.com website.

16 Q. What about wisewire.com, that was a
17 website that you hosted; right?

18 A. It was a website that the company
19 hosted, yes.

20 Q. And that was or was not one of the
21 major iterations of the product?

22 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

23 A. Yeah. I -- I don't know if -- if that
24 was -- like I said, there was a branding change
25 that happened then, but I don't remember if we

1 made a substantive change to the feature set of
2 the software at that point.

3 Q. What was the -- what substantive
4 change to the features of the software occurred
5 as a result of going from the first iteration to
6 the second iteration?

7 A. Well --

8 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

9 A. Yeah, I mentioned that I don't
10 remember exactly which features fell within which
11 major release. These major numbers had as much
12 to do with kind of the architecture of the
13 platform and -- as did the functionality or user
14 experience.

15 Q. Do you know what the difference
16 between the second release and the third release
17 was?

18 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

19 A. There were a lot of -- in any major
20 revision -- typically, the way software works is,
21 you have a major revision followed by a number of
22 minor revisions. So you get version 1.0 is
23 filled with bugs, as to be expected of any
24 software. Then version 1.1 comes out and that
25 fixes some of the bugs and you may add a few

1 projects and talk with him. So often I didn't --
2 I didn't see all the details, I just saw the
3 summaries of the -- of the projects.

4 Q. Who was the manager of the research
5 project that was directed towards search
6 combining collaborative- and content-based
7 filtering?

8 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

9 A. That particular project --

10 THE WITNESS: Sorry.

11 A. That particular project was something
12 that Ken and I worked on exclusively.

13 Q. And did you document the research,
14 that research project, in a Word document?

15 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

16 Q. Excuse me. In a word processing
17 document?

18 A. I recall that we had at least one
19 spreadsheet, several documents. We did a lot on
20 the whiteboard as well for this -- for this
21 project.

22 Q. But any -- any documents that still
23 exist that evidence any of this work that you --
24 that you say you did on search combining content
25 and collaborative filtering?

1 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

2 A. Yeah. I don't know if anything still
3 exists. I haven't methodically gone through all
4 the materials that are available.

5 Q. Well, was it part of the document
6 universe that you collected back in, I think you
7 said 2007, for the Netflix litigation?

8 A. Yeah. I collected a lot of documents
9 from research servers, from backups of machines.
10 I mean, I was pretty diligent in collecting what
11 materials Lycos had. I had the operations
12 manager also help me pull tapes and stuff from --
13 from our backup systems to try to get as many
14 documents from that time period as possible. And
15 I also took snapshots of the source code. Even
16 nonpublic facing source code was in that source
17 code repository, and there were directories in
18 that repository for the different research
19 projects.

20 So is it possible that there are
21 things in that collection? I think it's very
22 possible that there are things in that
23 collection. Do I know of particular documents?
24 I didn't -- I didn't go through as I was picking
25 the documents and review individual documents. I

1 think that I said that probably the earliest it
2 could have been would have been then that -- that
3 we first had an idea of -- of bringing some of
4 these components.

5 There were a lot of different ways to
6 integrate those components. It was a complicated
7 system. So I don't know when we hit upon the
8 idea. It could have been, you know, considerably
9 later that resulted in these or in these patents
10 that we had looked at earlier.

11 Q. Did you keep any notebooks of your
12 work?

13 A. I used to have some notebooks at one
14 point, notebooks that had primarily
15 WiseWire/Lycos things, yeah. I don't know if I
16 had anything particularly from the WiseWire time
17 period. I left all of my notebooks that I had
18 at -- at Lycos at that time.

19 MR. BILSKER: We've been going for a
20 little while. We may as well take our lunch
21 break now. That's fine. It's like one o'clock.

22 MS. ALBERT: Oh, it is? Time flies.
23 I'm fine with that. 45 minutes?

24 MR. BILSKER: Yeah.

25 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This the end of

1 A. In -- in general or --

2 Q. Yeah.

3 A. At my time at Lycos. The question's
4 very broad. I mean, it covers the scope of,
5 what, 14 years? And you're asking me if I ever
6 did something. I don't know if I can answer that
7 in any other way than -- than, I don't know.

8 Q. All right. So let's cabinet it in
9 time, then.

10 A. Okay.

11 Q. Prior to December 1998, did you ever
12 adapt any techniques from information filtering
13 to search systems that you were creating?

14 A. We certainly used various techniques
15 in some of those research projects that we built.

16 Q. And what techniques were those?

17 A. Various ways of parsing documents.
18 Various ways of stemming -- stemming is a
19 technical term. Different linguistic analysis.
20 Just an entire litany of -- of techniques.

21 Q. Any techniques related to
22 collaborative filtering?

23 A. Certainly some of the techniques had
24 something to do with collaborative filtering.

25 Q. Do you remember which of the

1 techniques had to do with collaborative filtering

2 that you used in search --

3 A. I don't know.

4 Q. -- or adapted from the early

5 information filtering techniques?

6 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

7 A. It's difficult for me to answer

8 because we had a lot of different research

9 projects, and many of them were on around ways of

10 improving the search experience. And this was,

11 you know, 1998 that we're talking about. I don't

12 recall exactly which experiments had which pieces

13 in it.

14 You know, these are not things that I

15 spent hours every day on the experiments. They

16 were things that I parceled off to people to run

17 tests and get results back to me. So I've got

18 possibly a few hours of experience on some of

19 them and, you know, maybe a day of experience on

20 another. They're not things that are going to be

21 indelibly etched in my memory.

22 Q. See, now I'm confused because earlier

23 today you said that you and Mr. Lang were the

24 only ones that were working on the search part of

25 the project?

1 Q. So the first time a user made a demand
2 search and there wasn't a wire for it, the
3 collaborative part of the algorithm did not kick
4 in?

5 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

6 A. Well, there -- there were instances
7 that we could use the information that we might
8 have on one of the results that came up to make a
9 determination as to whether, you know, the
10 ranking of that result should be moved up or
11 down.

12 Q. So tell me how that worked.

13 A. In our prototype system, when -- when
14 you had multiple queries coming through, the
15 queries didn't necessarily have to generate the
16 exact same result set. But there might be a
17 document that's in common between those result
18 sets. The fact that somebody at this
19 semi-related query (indicating) clicked on that
20 document, might make that document rise up
21 numerically its score higher. So that pattern of
22 behavior might influence other queries.

23 Q. How did you know that a query was
24 semi-related as opposed to -- if it wasn't
25 identical, how did you know that it was

1 semi-related?

2 A. Well, in my example I'm talking about
3 a case where the same result or the same document
4 was shown in both queries. So I'm drawing the
5 conclusion that there was a relationship between
6 the queries because they returned an instance of
7 the same document. And I'm kind of talking about
8 a very finite example here.

9 Q. And then when you used -- when you
10 used that information where somebody had clicked
11 on the same document that showed up in the two
12 queries, what happened next?

13 A. I don't know. I could speculate. I
14 mean, this -- this prototype that we're talking
15 about is a collection of different things and
16 it's, what? 12 years ago. We could walk through
17 hundreds of different corner cases. I know that
18 it did something for those corner cases. I can't
19 remember every single corner case a decade after
20 it was done.

21 Q. Well, let's not go for every single
22 one. Let's just talk about the ones you
23 remember.

24 A. Well, okay. On those corner cases, I
25 don't know.

1 Q. What do you mean by "corner cases"?

2 A. When you get down to the detail level
3 of how some particular co-occurrence of different
4 things by different users for different document
5 sets for hypothetical queries, I'm not going to
6 be able to answer questions like that 10 years
7 after, you know, this was done.

8 Again, to remind you, I didn't build
9 these prototypes. I helped collaborate with the
10 design of these things with Ken Lang who directed
11 the building of these prototypes. He would be
12 much more familiar with the prototypes than
13 myself.

14 Q. So when the prototypes were built, did
15 the builders have any leeway on how they were
16 implementing things or were they told exactly
17 what to do?

18 A. I don't know how Ken directed them. I
19 did not attend any of Ken's staff meetings or,
20 you know, research group meetings. I was, you
21 know, busy. The collaboration was between Ken
22 and myself.

23 Q. The people that were busy building the
24 system, what kind of backgrounds did they have?

25 A. Are you talking about the people who

1 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

2 A. I think that Lycos in 1998 was one of
3 the major leaders in the field, and there were
4 only a handful of companies that were employing
5 the same caliber of people.

6 Q. Now, on the prototype that was
7 developed that you're familiar with, was it the
8 content-based filter that combined the results
9 that came from the content filter and the
10 collaborative filter?

11 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

12 Q. Let me -- let me withdraw that.

13 A. Go ahead.

14 Q. Where was the combination done of
15 information that came from the content-based
16 filter and the collaborative filter?

17 A. The question "where" doesn't make a
18 lot of sense to me. I mean --

19 Q. In what software module was the
20 combination carried out?

21 A. I don't think that we had a module
22 called the combiner module or anything like that.
23 I -- I don't know how to answer the question.

24 Q. So was there a content-based filter
25 system that did the combining?

1 A. I think that I've answered that
2 question.

3 Q. What's the answer?

4 A. That I don't know.

5 Q. Even in -- in the prototype you don't
6 know?

7 A. I didn't go through the source code of
8 the prototype. I looked at some of the results
9 and some of the test queries. And, in fact, I
10 don't think that I actually used the live
11 prototype. I think that I had, here's the search
12 results we got, A. Here's the search results we
13 got, B. Which do you think are better. Well, I
14 like these. Well, that was with the thing turned
15 on or this turned off or these factors. Look,
16 we're making progress. Isn't this great. That's
17 the type of interaction I had with the system.

18 Q. All right. So I'm a little confused
19 again, because one of the things you said was
20 you're not intimately familiar with the patent,
21 but you're intimately familiar with your
22 invention and how it worked.

23 A. Uh-huh.

24 Q. And now I'm asking you about --

25 A. You're asking me about code in a

1 prototype from 10 years ago, and I'm answering
2 you, I'm not sure exactly where in this code in a
3 prototype 10 years ago that I didn't write a
4 particular mathematical function happens.

5 Q. So you don't know whether there was a
6 content-based filtering system that did the
7 combining of the content-based information in and
8 the collaborative-based information?

9 A. I do not know.

10 (Kosak Exhibit No. 13, Kosak
11 PowerPoint presentation created for
12 WiseWire, bearing Bates Nos.~IPEL0000306
13 through IPEL0000314, marked for
14 identification as of this date.)

15 Q. Do you recognize this document?

16 A. I think this was a PowerPoint
17 presentation that I created for WiseWire.

18 Q. What is agent mediated versus query
19 based on that first page?

20 A. In the late '90s, agent mediated was a
21 buzz word in the industry, meaning that software
22 acted on your behalf. And the other side of that
23 equation versus query based, that's you're acting
24 on your own behalf entering a query and results
25 are coming out. That's how I interpret it today.

1 BY MR. BILSKER:

2 Q. Mr. Kosak, when you were at Lycos, did
3 you fill out any kind of official form detailing
4 your invention before the '440 -- '420 or '664
5 were filed?

6 A. I don't recall.

7 Q. Were you involved in any way in the
8 prosecution, the back and forth between -- with
9 the patent office over the '420 or '664 patent?

10 A. I was involved in about 50 or 60
11 patents with Lycos. I don't recall exactly which
12 patents I handled particular pieces of inquiries
13 from the patent office. I'm assuming on the ones
14 that I'm a listed inventor that -- that I saw
15 them.

16 Q. Did you help in distinguishing any of
17 the prior art?

18 MS. ALBERT: Objection.

19 A. One of the difficulties I have in
20 answering this question is that the patent
21 numbers don't get assigned until years after the
22 fact. And in many of the patents that I worked
23 on, I did research into prior art, and some of
24 the patents somebody else, one of the other named
25 inventors, did research in the prior art.