IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Richmond Division

WILLIAM E. SHEARRIN,)
Petitioner,))
v.) Civil Action No. 3:11cv742–HEH
NEWPORT NEWS, VIRGINIA,))
Respondent.)

MEMORANDUM OPINION (Denying Successive 28 U.S.C. § 2254 Petition)

Petitioner, William E. Shearrin, a Virginia prisoner proceeding *pro se*, submitted this petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 ("§ 2254 Petition") challenging his convictions for felony rape in the Circuit Court for the City of Newport News, Virginia. On November 8, 2011, by Memorandum Opinion and Order, the Court denied Shearrin's prior § 2254 petition challenging the same convictions. *Shearrin v. Hampton Roads Reg'l Jail*, No. 3:11CV138–HEH, 2011 WL 5403243, at *3 (E.D. Va. Nov. 8, 2011).

The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 restricted the jurisdiction of the district courts to hear second or successive applications for federal habeas corpus relief by prisoners attacking the validity of their convictions and sentences by establishing a "gatekeeping' mechanism." *Felker v. Turpin*, 518 U.S. 651, 657 (1996). Specifically, "[b]efore a second or successive application permitted by this section is filed in the district court, the applicant shall move in the appropriate court of

appeals for an order authorizing the district court to consider the application." 28 U.S.C.

§ 2244(b)(3)(A). Because Shearrin has not obtained authorization from the United States

Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit to file a successive § 2254 petition challenging

his probation revocation, this Court lacks jurisdiction to entertain the present § 2254

petition. Accordingly, the § 2254 Petition will be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction.

Shearrin's motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis will be denied as moot and the

action will be dismissed.

An appeal may not be taken from the final order in a § 2254 proceeding unless a

judge issues a certificate of appealability ("COA"). 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(A). A COA

will not issue unless a prisoner makes "a substantial showing of the denial of a

constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). This requirement is satisfied only when

"reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition

should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were

'adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S.

473, 484 (2000) (quoting *Barefoot v. Estelle*, 463 U.S. 880, 893 n.4 (1983)). No law or

evidence suggests that Shearrin is entitled to further consideration in this matter. A

certificate of appealability will be denied.

An appropriate Order shall issue.

HENRY E. HUDSON

Date: Jan 26 20

Richmond, Virginia

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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