## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Richmond Division

GREGORY E. RICHARDSON,

Petitioner,

ν.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, et al.,

Respondents.

## MEMORANDUM OPINION

Civil Action No. 3:15CV224

Gregory E. Richardson, a Virginia prisoner proceeding prose, submitted this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Richardson has amassed an extensive history of frivolous and abusive litigation. See Richardson v. Va. Dep't of Corr., No. 3:07CV514, at 1-7 (E.D. Va. Dec. 9, 2008). Thus, Richardson's litigation in this district is subject to the following pre-filing injunction:

1. Absent a bona fide emergency, the Court will only process one action at a time from Richardson . . . .

If Richardson files a new action while another action is pending before the Court, the new action will be filed and summarily dismissed without

Every person who, under color of any statute . . . of any State . . . subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law . . .

42 U.S.C. § 1983.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The statute provides, in pertinent part:

prejudice. If an action is transferred or removed to this Court while another action is currently pending before the Court, the new action will be filed and summarily dismissed without prejudice. Richardson may dismiss a pending action to expedite another action that he wishes the Court to consider. Such dismissal, however, will be with prejudice if a responsive pleading or motion has been filed.

- 2. Richardson may not simultaneously litigate multiple challenges to his current custody in state and federal courts. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b); 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(1)(A).
- 3. Richardson is precluded from writing on both sides of any submission.
- 4. All petitions for writs of habeas corpus and civil rights actions under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 must be submitted on the standardized forms, which may be obtained from the Clerk of Court. To the extent that Richardson wishes to pursue an action under some other statute than 28 U.S.C. § 2241, 28 U.S.C § 2254, or 42 U.S.C. § 1983, he must identify the statute that authorizes the action at top of the first page of the action and succinctly explain why that statute is applicable.
- 5. In order to monitor Richardson's repetitious and multiplications litigation he must attach to each new complaint or petition a separate document entitled "motion for leave to file and certificate of compliance" which shall in separately number paragraphs:
  - (a) Identify by style, date filed, and current status, all cases filed by him or in which he has been a plaintiff or petitioner within the one year period preceding the filing of the certificate. Richardson shall also identify in which court the case was filed;
  - (b) Certify that the claims he wishes to present are new claims never before raised and dismissed with prejudice by any federal court and set forth why each claim could not have been raised in one of his prior federal actions;
  - (c) For any complaint, set forth in separate subparagraphs for each of the defendants the facts that Richardson believes entitle him to relief against the defendant and the basis for his belief that such facts exist. Each subparagraph must, standing alone and without reference to other subparagraphs, exhibits, or attachments, establish that the claim against the

defendant is made in good faith, and has a tenable basis in fact and is not frivolous;

- (d) Contain Richardson's statement under penalty of perjury that the statements made in the certificate of compliance are true.
- Richardson's failure to comply strictly with the requirements set forth above will result in summary denial of the motion for leave to file. If Richardson misrepresents any facts he will be subject to appropriate sanctions.

Richardson v. Va. Dep't of Corr., No. 3:07CV514, at 1-3 (E.D. Va. Jan. 8, 2009).

Richardson's newest filing fails to strictly comply with the requirements set forth in the pre-filing injunction. Richardson failed to file his action on the standardized form filing a 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action. To the extent he intends to file a civil action other than pursuant to § 1983, Richardson failed to identify the statute that authorizes the action at top of the first page of the action and succinctly explain why that is applicable. Accordingly, the action will be dismissed without prejudice.

The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Memorandum Opinion to Richardson.

Date: May 13, 2015

Richmond, Wirginia

Robert E. Payne
Senior United State

Senior United States District Judge