IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Richmond Division

SUNDARI K. PRASAD,

Plaintiff,

v.

Civil Action No. 3:18CV310

JUN 1 5 2018

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT RICHMOND, VA

DIRECTOR JANE DOE, et al.,

Defendants.

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Plaintiff, a Virginia inmate, submitted this action and requested leave to proceed in forma

pauperis. The pertinent statute provides:

In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action [*in forma pauperis*] if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.

28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Plaintiff has at least three other actions or appeals that have been dismissed

as frivolous or for failure to state a claim. See, e.g., Prasad v. Berger, No. 3:17CV74, 2018 WL

2088749, at *6 (E.D. Va. May 4, 2018); Prasad v. Judicial Inq. & Review Comm'n.,

No. 3:17CV498, 2018 WL 2015809, at *4 (E.D. Va. Apr. 30, 2018); Prasad v. Gothic Beauty

Magazine, No. 3:17CV446, 2018 WL 1863650, *5 (E.D. Va. Apr. 18, 2018); Prasad v. United

States, No. 3:17CV510, 2018 WL 1143597, at *4 (E.D. Va. Mar. 2, 2018); Prasad v.

Washington Metro Police Dep't, No. 3:17CV140, 2018 WL 1091999, at *4 (E.D. Va. Feb. 28,

2018); Prasad v. Karn Art Inc., No. 3:17CV62, 2017 WL 5012591, at *4 (E.D. Va. Nov. 2,

2017), aff'd 712 F. App'x 329 (4th Cir. 2018); Prasad v. Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc.,

No. 3:16CV897, 2017 WL 4399551, at *5 (E.D. Va. Oct. 3, 2017), aff 'd 712 F. App'x 336 (4th

Cir. 2018). Plaintiff's current complaint does not suggest that she is in imminent danger of serious physical harm.

Accordingly, by Memorandum Order entered on May 22, 2018, the Court DIRECTED that, within eleven (11) days of the date of entry thereof, Plaintiff must show good cause why she should be permitted to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Plaintiff has responded. Plaintiff states that two of the cases listed as strikes should not count. (ECF No. 3, at 1.) Plaintiff also suggests that "imminent danger is constant and physical harm has been established." (*Id.* (capitalization corrected) (emphasis omitted).) Plaintiff's vague assertions do not allow her to avoid the restrictions of 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Plaintiff provides no coherent explanation as to why she should be allowed to proceed *in forma pauperis* and fails to demonstrate that she "is under imminent danger of serious physical injury." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Moreover, Plaintiff's cases identified above properly counted as strikes. Accordingly, Plaintiff's request to proceed *in forma pauperis* is DENIED. The action will be DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE. If Plaintiff wishes to proceed with this action, she may submit a new complaint with the full \$400 filing fee. The Court will process such a complaint as a new civil action.

An appropriate Order shall accompany this Memorandum Opinion.

It is so ORDERED.

M. Hannah

United States District Judge

Date: JUN 15 2018 Richmond, Virginia