

He also sues Mr. Fred Schilling, an administrator, for not taking appropriate action after receiving Turner's grievances. Next, Turner complains that Dr. Bench "denied" his appeal of the recommitment proceedings on February 15, 2006, by having Turner transferred from Marion Correctional Treatment Center (MCTC) to Red Onion State Prison (ROSP) on May 3, 2006, two days before the Circuit Court of Smyth County planned a jury trial. Finally, Turner alleges that Dr. Bench illegally prescribed Geodon for Turner even after his transfer to ROSP. While taking the drug, Turner experienced insomnia and suicidal thoughts. In his "Motion to Explain Gravamen," filed two days after the complaint, Turner explains that prison doctors should be prescribing valium for him to "relax the nervous system."


This court has previously held that Turner has three "strikes" under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), and as such, he cannot proceed in forma pauperis in a civil action unless he demonstrates that he is in imminent danger of serious physical harm related to his claims in the lawsuit.¹ In this action, Turner seeks to proceed in forma pauperis. The court cannot find, however, that Turner's allegations demonstrate that he is in imminent danger of serious physical harm related to his claims. He alleges that he passed out and fell on one occasion over a year ago and that during another period of the past year, he had insomnia and suicidal thoughts. He does not allege any facts indicating that under his current course of treatment for mental health, he is likely to suffer any similar adverse effects or injuries. Therefore, the court concludes that he fails to meet the imminent danger exception under § 1915(g), and will deny his application to proceed in forma pauperis and dismiss the entire action

¹See Turner v. Carbone, Civil Action No. 7:03-cv-00757 (W.D. Va. 2003)(dismissed under §1915A); Turner v. Saatoff, Civil Action No. 7:99cv00720 (W.D. Va. October 28, 1999)(dismissed under §1915(e)(2)); Turner v. Poe, Civil Action 7:97cv00765 (W.D. Va. December 15, 1997)(dismissed under §1915(e)(2)).

without prejudice.² An appropriate order shall be issued this day.

The Clerk is directed to send copies of this memorandum opinion and accompanying order to plaintiff and to counsel of record for the defendants.

ENTER: This 31st day of March, 2007.


Senior United States District Judge

²Furthermore, Turner's complaint states, at most, a claim of medical negligence or disagreement with treatment, and neither of these claims rises to constitutional proportions so as to be actionable under § 1983. See Estelle v. Gamble, 429 U.S. 97 (1976) (to show Eighth Amendment claim regarding course of medical treatment, inmate must show officials were deliberately indifferent to his serious medical needs). As such, even if Turner were to prepay the filing fee, the court could summarily dismiss the complaint, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1).