1	DOUGLAS E. MCKINLEY, JR. Attorney At Law P.O. Box 202 Richland, Washington 99352 Phone 628-0809 Fax (509) 628-2307	THE HONORABLE FRED VAN SICKLE
2	Richland, Washington 99352 Phone 628-0809 Fax (509) 628-2307	,
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6 7	IN THE LINITED (	STATES DISTRICT COURT
8	FOR THE EASTERN	DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON RICHLAND
9	JAMES S. GORDON, JR,	NO. CV-04-5125-FVS
10	Plaintiff,	MEMORANDUM IN OPPOSITION TO
11	v.	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE
12	IMPULSE MARKETING GROUP, INC.,	DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACT SUPPORTIVE OF
13	Defendant	DEFENDANT'S CROSS MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
14	IMPULSE MARKETING GROUP,	Jury Trial Demanded
15	INC.,	Request for Telephonic Argument
16	Third Party Plaintiff	
17	v.	
18	BONNIE GORDON, JAMES S.	
19 20	BONNIE GORDON, JAMES S. GORDON, III, JONATHAN GORDON, JAMILA GORDON, ROBERT PRITCHETT, EMILY	
21	ABBEY, and LEW REED	
22	Third Party Defendants	
23		Page 1 of 6 DOUGLAS E. MCKINLEY, JR.
24	MEMORANDUM IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR	Attorney At Law P.O. Box 202
25	EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT OF	Richland, Washington 99352 Phone 628-0809 Fax (509) 628-2307
26	MATERIAL FACT SUPPORTIVE OF DEFENDANT'S CROSS MOTION FOR	
27	SUMMARY JUDGMENT	
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COMES NOW the Plaintiff, James S. Gordon, Jr., and hereby objects to Defendant's motion for an extension allowing the Defendant to file another "Statement of Facts," and requests to be heard on this objection via telephonic argument.

Briefly, the Defendant should not be given another opportunity to file a "statement of facts' because it has already filed its statement of facts, see dkt. 109 beginning at page 4. In bringing this motion, the Defendant is attempting to get a "second bite at the apple," because its first filing was so grossly deficient that the Court is certain to dismiss the Third Party Defendants, as the Plaintiff has requested in its motion for summary judgment. This will frustrate the Defendant's strategy of suing the Plaintiff's friends and family as retribution against the Plaintiff for bringing this action. Thus, the Defendant is asking the court to allow it to file yet another "statement of facts" to give it yet another opportunity to shore up its opposition to the Plaintiff's motion. The Court should not allow the Defendant endless opportunities to pursue this strategy.

Couching the Defendant's motion to file yet another "statement of facts" in the context of Defendant's "cross-motion" for summary judgment is simply a ruse,

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DOUGLAS E. MCKINLEY, JR.
Attorney At Law
P.O. Box 202
Richland, Washington 99352
Phone 628-0809 Fax (509) 628-2307

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summary judgment." The Defendant's "cross-motion" presents a pure question of law, in which no facts are needed for the Court to render it's decision. The Defendant has simply asked the Court to interpret a statute. The Defendant's "cross-motion" for summary judgment merely asks the Court to rule (incorrectly) that liability under RCW 19.190.010 is limited to "an "electronic mail address and not an internet domain name." Dkt. 87, pg. 25. (internal quotations omitted.) The plain language of the statute is all that is needed to demonstrate that the Defendant is mistaken, and no "facts" are necessary or even relevant for the Court to reach that conclusion. In any event, even if the Defendant wants to argue that there are facts that bear on this question, the Defendant has already had the opportunity to file such facts, and in fact has actually filed a statement of facts. see dkt. 109 beginning at page 4. If the Defendant failed to include facts in its' own filing that bear on its own motion, the Court should not penalize the Plaintiff! The Court should deny the Defendant's the opportunity to file yet another "statement of facts" as such a filing would plainly be unfair to the Plaintiff. The Court should also deny the Defendant's motion because it is

as can be seen by examining the substance of the Defendant's "cross-motion for

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Attorney At Law
P.O. Box 202
Richland, Washington 99352
Phone 628-0809 Fax (509) 628-2307

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procedurally unfair to the Plaintiff and even more unfair to the Third Party Defendants. The Plaintiff notes that the Defendant, as has been its past practice, has noted its motion well outside the boundaries of LR 7.1(h), in this instance on a ingle day's notice. The Plaintiff received notice of this motion purely as a result of he Plaintiff's counsel being notified by the Court's CM/ECF system. The Plaintiff otes that none of the Third Party Defendants are registered with the CM/ECF ystem. Assuming that the Defendant did not serve each of these individuals personally, it is highly likely that none of them have been given actual notice of this notion, and it is a certainty that neither the Plaintiff nor any of the Third Party Defendants were given notice as is required under FRCP 6(d). For that reason lone, the Defendant's motion should be denied. Indeed, the Court should inquire what steps, if any, the Defendant took to insure actual notice was given to the Third Party Defendants, and should not entertain this motion unless they were in fact given notice. In either event, the Plaintiff hereby requests a telephonic oral rgument to give the Plaintiff the opportunity to explain its objection to the court in reater detail than allowed by the compressed schedule dictated by the Defendant's motion. MEMORANDUM IN OPPOSITION TO

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Attorney At Law
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Finally, if the Court is inclined to allow the Defendant to file yet another

"statement of facts," the Court should insure that the Defendant's aren't using it to

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Attorney At Law
P.O. Box 202
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present more argument related to the Plaintiff's motion. The Court should do so by insuring that this second statement of facts is strictly limited to those facts which bear on the Defendant's "cross-motion" for summary judgment. The Court should accomplish this by bifurcating the Defendant's motion, so that it is heard after the Plaintiff's motion, and not allow this second statement of facts to be entered into the record until that time. Alternatively, as part of its order, the Court should make it a condition that the Defendant is prohibited from using any "facts" in its' second statement to oppose the Plaintiff's motion. The Defendant's second statement of facts should be strictly circumscribed to include only those that are relevant to the Defendant's cross motion for summary judgment, and any new "facts" used in it's opposition to the Plaintiff's motion should be stricken.