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Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), "[a]n appeal may not be taken *in forma* pauperis if the trial court certifies in writing that it is not taken in good faith." The good faith standard is an objective one, and good faith is demonstrated when an individual "seeks appellate review of any issue not frivolous." See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 445 (1962). For purposes of 28 U.S.C. § 1915, an appeal is frivolous if it lacks any arguable basis in law or fact. Neitzke v. Williams, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989).

The Court finds that any appeal of this Order would not be taken in good faith and would lack any arguable basis in law or fact. Accordingly, the Court hereby revokes Plaintiff's *in forma pauperis* status.

## **ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:**

- 1. Plaintiff's Complaint is **DISMISSED without prejudice** for failure to state a claim under 28 U.S.C. §1915(e)(2)(B).
- 2. Plaintiff's in forma pauperis status is **REVOKED.**

The District Court Executive is directed to enter this Order, enter judgment of dismissal without prejudice, forward a copy to Plaintiff, and **CLOSE** the file.

**DATED** October 22, 2013.



THOMAS O. RICE

United States District Judge