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| 5 | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
| 6 | EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON | |
| 7 8 9 | ANDREW GREGO, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff, v. | NO: 4:16-CV-5150-RMP ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO EXPEDITE AND STIPULATED MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE |
| 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | KADLEC REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER, a Washington non-profit corporation; CARDON HEALTHCARE NETWORK, LLC, d/b/a/ Cardon Healthcare Network and Cardon Outreach, a Delaware for-profit corporation; and CARDON HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, a Delaware for-profit corporation, Defendants. | ORDER |
| 17 | BEFORE THE COURT is the parties' stipulated motion for a protective | |
| 18 | order, ECF No. 23, and Defendant Cardon Healthcare Network, LLC's motion to | |
| 19 | expedite hearing of the same, ECF No. 22. The Court has reviewed the motions, | |
| 20 | the stipulation, the remaining record, and is fully informed. The Court finds good | |
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cause to expedite hearing of the protective order motion and to enter the protective
 order.

| 3 | Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that: | |
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| 4 | 1. Defendant's Motion to Expedite Consideration of Stipulation for | |
| 5 | Entry of Protective Order, ECF No. 22, is GRANTED. | |
| 6 | 2. The parties' Stipulated Motion for Entry of Protective Order, ECF | |
| 7 | No. 23, is GRANTED. The protective order in effect is set forth | |
| 8 | below. | |
| 9 | The District Court Clerk is directed to enter this Order and provide copies to | |
| 10 | counsel. | |
| 11 | DATED June 5, 2017. | |
| 12 | <u>s/Rosanna Malouf Peterson</u> | |
| 13 | ROSANNA MALOUF PETERSON United States District Judge | |
| 14 | PROTECTIVE ORDER | |
| 15 | I. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL | |
| 16 | "Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible | |
| 17 | things produced or otherwise exchanged: (a) any internal and proprietary policies, | |
| 18 | procedures or manuals prepared and used by the Defendants in their business, | |
| 19 | including the procedures used for the handling and processing of lien claims under | |
| 20 | RCW 60.44, and (b) medical records, financial records or other records disclosing | |
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personally identifiable information relating to the named plaintiffs and/or putative
 class members.

II. SCOPE

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The protections conferred by this order cover not only Confidential material
(as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from
Confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of
Confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by
parties or their counsel that might reveal Confidential material. However, the
protections conferred by this order do not cover information that is in the public
domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

III. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

3.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use Confidential material
that is disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with
this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation.
Confidential material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under
the conditions described in this order. Confidential material must be stored and
maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures
that access is limited to the persons authorized under this order.

19 3.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless
20 otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a
21 receiving party may disclose any Confidential material only to:
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FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER ~ 3

(a) The receiving party's counsel of record in this action, as well as
 employees of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the
 information for this litigation;

4 (b) The officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of
5 the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation,
6 unless the parties agree that a particular document or material produced is for
7 Attorney's Eyes Only and is so designated;

8 (c) Experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary
9 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to
10 Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

The court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

(e) Copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the
duplication of Confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining
the copy or imaging service instructs the service not to disclose any Confidential
material to third parties and to immediately return all originals and copies of any
Confidential material;

(f) During their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement
to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or
ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to

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(d)

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depositions that reveal Confidential material must be separately bound by the court
 reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this order;

3 (g) The author or recipient of a document containing the information or a
4 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

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3.3 Filing Confidential Material.

Any Confidential document or information contained therein used by 6 (a) 7 any party prior to trial in support of or in opposition to a motion, or for any other reason, shall not be filed in the public Court file but shall be delivered to the 8 9 hearing Judge for *in camera* review. For purposes of the Court's case schedule, document shall be considered "filed" with the Court when delivered or otherwise 10 11 submitted for *in camera* review. A non-designating party who submits any Protected Document or information contained therein in support of or in opposition 12 13 to a motion, or for any other reason, shall not be responsible for filing a motion to 14 seal and/or redact. It is the designating party's responsibility to file a motion to seal and/or redact any documents or materials filed with the Court. The 15 designating party must file a motion to seal and/or redact the Confidential 16 17 document or information contained therein within three (3) business days of the Confidential document or information contained therein being delivered to the 18 Judge for in camera review. See infra section 4.3(b). 19

 (b) If the party submitting the Confidential document or information
 contained therein, in support or in opposition to a motion, or for any other reason,
 ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO EXPEDITE AND STIPULATED MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER ~ 5 is not the designating party, said party shall follow the procedure set forth above as well as the procedures set forth hereafter:

(i) The original unredacted document shall not be filed in the Court file, but delivered to the Judge for in camera review.

(ii) The burden to establish the necessary legal basis for sealing or redacting of a document shall rest with the designating party.

(iii) It will be the designating party's burden to make the necessary
showing to the Court in its motion to seal and/or redact to support the
sealing or redaction of the documents in question. If the designating party is
requesting redaction of the document rather than outright sealing, the
designating party shall also furnish to the Court a proposed redacted version
of the document. Once the Court has ruled on the sealing/redaction motion,
the underlying document sought to be sealed or redacted shall be filed in the

IV.

DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

4.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for

Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for
protection under this order must take care to limit any such designation to specific
material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designating party must
designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or
written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the material,
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1 documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this order. 2

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose 6 the designating party to sanctions.

8 If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must 9 10 promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

4.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this order must be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

Information in documentary form: (e.g., paper or electronic 16 (a) documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or 17 18 other pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains Confidential material. If only a 19 20 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the producing

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party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 appropriate markings in the margins).

(b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings:
the parties must identify on the record, during the deposition, hearing, or other
proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate
other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within
fifteen days after receiving a deposition transcript, designate portions of the
transcript, or exhibits thereto, as Confidential.

9 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent
10 place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or
11 item is stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a portion or portions of the
12 information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent
13 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If a party learns it inadvertently 4.3 14 failed to designated qualified information or items as Confidential, the party must 15 correct that inadvertent failure as soon as reasonably practicable after learning of 16 the failure. Under these circumstances, the party's inadvertent failure to designate 17 18 will not be deemed a waiver of the party's right to secure protection under this 19 order for such material. A party who has corrected an inadvertent failure to designate under this provision must also make reasonable efforts to ensure that the 20 material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this order. 21 ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO EXPEDITE AND STIPULATED MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER ~ 8

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CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

2 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a 5.1 3 designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, 4 5 substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to challenge a 6 7 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the 8 original designation is disclosed.

9 5.2 **Meet and Confer.** The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute regarding Confidential designations without court involvement. Any 10 11 motion regarding Confidential designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has 12 engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in 13 an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the 14 date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer 15 requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference. 16

Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge 17 5.3 18 without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under LR 7.1. The burden of persuasion in any such motion 19 shall be on the designating party. All parties shall continue to maintain the 20 material in question as Confidential until the court rules on the challenge. 21 ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO EXPEDITE AND STIPULATED MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER ~ 9

VI. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that party must:

6 (a) Promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of
7 the subpoena or court order;

8 (b) Promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order
9 to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the
10 subpoena or order is subject to this order. Such notification shall include a copy of
11 this order; and

(c) Cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be
pursued by the designating party whose Confidential material may be affected.

14 VII. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
Confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under
this order, the receiving party must immediately (a) notify in writing the
designating party of the unauthorized disclosures; (b) use its best efforts to retrieve
all unauthorized copies of the protected material; (c) inform the person or persons
to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this order; and (d)

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request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement 1 2 to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

VIII. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR **OTHERWISE PROTECTED MATERIAL**

5 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain 6 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other 7 protection, the obligations of the receiving parties are those set forth in Fed. R. 8 Civ. P. 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure 9 may be established in an e-discovery order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties shall confer on an 10 11 appropriate non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502.

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IX. NONTERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

13 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving party must return all Confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties 16 may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival 17 18 copy of all documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, 19 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain 20 Confidential material. 21

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