APPENDIX A

{82045.DOC}

Merriam-Webster's Collegiate® Dictionary

ELEVENTH EDITION

60%-69% ... Grid

ি, ধান্ত ক্রিকার নাম প্রায় প্রায় বিশ্ব করিছে নির্মাণ করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে ক প্রারক্তি ক্রিকার ক্রিকার বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব করিছে বিশ্ব প্রায়েশ্য করিছে বিশ্ব করিছ



Merriam-Webster, Incorporated Springfield, Massachusetts, U.S.A.

and an interest



A GENUINE MERRIAM-WEBSTER

The name Webster alone is no guarantee of excellence. It is used by a number of publishers and may serve mainly to mislead an unwary buyer.

Merriam-WebsterTM is the name you should look for when you consider the purchase of dictionaries or other fine reference books. It carries the reputation of a company that has been publishing since 1831 and is your assurance of quality and authority.

Copyright © 2003 by Merriam-Webster, Incorporated

First Printing 2003

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Merriam-Webster's collegiate dictionary. — Eleventh ed.

p. cm.

Includes index.

ISBN 0-87779-807-9 (Laminated unindexed: alk. paper). — ISBN 0-87779-808-7 (Jacketed hardcover unindexed: alk. paper). — ISBN 0-87779-809-5 (Jacketed hardcover with CD-ROM: alk. paper). — ISBN 0-87779-810-9 (Leatherlook with CD-ROM: alk. paper). — 0-87779-813-3 (Canadian). — 0-87779-814-1 (international).

1. English language—Dictionaries. I. Title: Collegiate dictionary. II. Merriam-Webster, Inc.

PE1628.M36 2003

423—dc21

2003003674

CIP

COLLEGIATE is a registered trademark of Merriam-Webster, Incorporated

All rights reserved. No part of this book covered by the copyrights hereon may be reproduced or copied in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, taping, or information storage and retrieval systems—without written permission of the publisher.

Made in the United States of America

12TT:QWV03

The English L

A Dictionary

1

ve-da-lia \vi-'dai-ya\ n [NL, genus name] (1889): an Australian ladybug (Rodolia cardinalis) introduced to many countries to control scale insects — called also vedalia beetle
Ve-dan-ta \va-'dan-ta, vo-, -'dan-\n [Skt Vedānta, lit., end of the Veda, fr. Veda + anta end; akin to OE ende end] (1788): an orthodox system of Hindu philosophy developing esp. in a qualified monism the speculations of the Upanishads on ultimate reality and the liberation of the soul — Ve-dan-tism \-'dan-'dan-'taz-m, -'dan-\n — Ve-dan-tism \-'dain-tis, -'dan-\n adj (1882) 1: of or relating to the Vedanta philosophy 2: VEDIC
Ved-da or Ved-dah \(Ve-doi-N = Vedan-tism \) (1882) 1: of or relating to the Ved-dan or Ved-dah \(Ve-doi-N = Vedan-tism \) (2 is nhalese vedda hunter] (1681): a member of an aboriginal people of Sri Lanka
Ved-dold \(Ve-doid \) (n (1928): a member of a race of southern Asia traditionally classified by such physical features as wavy to curly hair, chocolate-brown skin color, and slender body build — Veddoid adj ve-dette or vi-dette \(\vi-\vi-det\) (n al sender body build — Veddoid adj ve-dette or vi-dette \(\vi-\vi-det\) (n [F, fr. It vedetta, alter. of veletta, prob. fr. Sp vela watch, fr. velar to keep watch, fr. \(\vi-dia\) (2 alk) (1848): of or relating to the Vedas, the language in which they are written, or Hindu history and culture between 1500 B.C. vee \(\ve-\vi-det\) (a. 1883) 1: something shaped like the letter V 2: the letter V

100 B.C. |v| < n (ca. 1883) 1: something shaped like the letter V 2: the

netter v vee-lay \ve-j\(\text{i\)a\ n [video jockey] (ca. 1981): an announcer of a program (as on television) that features music videos

veena var of VINA veep \'vep\ n [fr. v. p. (abbr. for vice president)] (1949) : VICE PRESI-

growing like plants **b**: consisting of plants: VEGETATIONAL 2: made from, obtained from, or containing plants or plant products (~soup) (~fat) 3: resembling or suggesting a plant (as in inertness or passivity)

*vegetable n (15c) 1: PLANT 1b 2: a usu. herbaceous plant (as the cabbage, bean, or potato) grown for an edible part that is usu. eaten as part of a meal; also: such an edible part 3: a person whose mental and physical functioning is severely impaired and esp. one who requires supportive measures (as mechanical ventilation) to survive vegetable ivory n (1842) 1: the hard white opaque endosperm of the ivory nut that takes a high polish and is used as a substitute for ivory 2: IVORY NUT vegetable marrow n (ca. 1816) chiefly Brit: any of various smoothered.

vegetable marrow n (ca. 1816) chiefly Brit: any of various smoothskinned elongated summer squashes with creamy-white to deep green skins

vegetable oil n (1765): an oil of plant origin; esp: a fatty oil from

seeds or fruits
vegetable oyster n (ca. 1818): SALSIFY
vegetable pear n (1887): CHAYOTE
vegetable wax n (1815): a wax of plant origin secreted commonly in
thin flakes by the walls of epidermal cells
vege-ta-bly \(\fove_i-\tau_0\text{-bic}\), ve-j-\(\text{-dav}\) or adj (1651): in the manner of or
like a vegetable
vege-tal \(\fove_i-\text{-li}\) adj [ML vegetare to grow] (15c) 1: VEGETABLE
2: \(\fove_i-\text{FINTIVE}\) 3: of or relating to the vegetal pole of an egg or to
that part of an egg from which the endoderm normally develops \(\sigma\)
blastomeres\(\sigma\)

that part of an egg from which the endoderm hormany develops (~> vegetal pole n (1896); the point on the surface of an egg that is diametrically opposite to the animal pole and usu. marks the center of the protoplasm containing more yolk — see BLASTULA illustration 'vege-tar-i-an' n (Pvegetable + -arian] (1839) 1: one who believes in or practices vegetarianism 2: HERBIVORE 'vegetarian adj (1849) 1: of or relating to vegetarians 2: consisting wholly of vegetables, fruits, grains, nuts, and sometimes eggs or dairy products (a ~ diet) veg-e-tar-i-an-ism \-e--ni-zom\ n (ca. 1851): the theory or practice of living on a vegetarian diet veg-e-tate \ve-i--\text{tiat}\ vb-i-\text{tat-ieq} [ML vegetatus, pp. of vegetare to grow] vi (1605) 1 a: to grow in the manner of a plant; also to grow exuberantly or with proliferation of fleshy or warty outgrowths b: to produce vegetation 2: to lead a passive existence without exertion of body or mind ~ vi: to establish vegetation in or on

vege-ta-tion \\vec{ve-jo-\tanhata} = \(n \) is destabled vegetabled in to \\vec{ve-jo-\tanhata} = \(n \) in the act or process of vegetating 2: inert existence 3: plant life or total plant cover (as of an area) 4: an abnormal growth upon a body part \(\text{fibrin} \simps = \text{on the mirral valve} \) \(-\text{ve-jo-\tanhata} = \text{ion-al} \\ \-\text{shnl} \), \(\text{shnl} \) is growing or having the power of growing (2): of, relating to, or engaged in nutritive and growth functions as contrasted with reproductive functions \((a \simps \) nutritive and \((a \simps \) is promoting plant growth \((the \simps \) properties of soil \(\text{c} \): \((a \simps \) in \) in \((a \simps \) in \) in \((a \simps \) in \) in \((a \simps \) in \((a \simps \) in \((a \simps

relating to the division of nature comprising the plant kingdom 4 a : AUTONOMIC 1 b : characterized by, resulting from, or being a state of severe mental impairment in which only involuntary bodily functions are sustained 5: VEGETABLE 3 — Veg-e-ta-tive-ly adv — Vege-ta-tive-ness n

ve-gete \vo-'jēt\ adj [L vegetus — more at VEGETABLE] (1639) archaic

Ve-gete \vo-\set\ adj [L vegetus — more at VEGETABLE] (1639) archaic : LIVELY, HEALTHY veg-gle also veg-le \vo-\set\ n [by shortening & alter.] (1955) 1: VEGETABLE 2 slamg: VEGETARIAN veggle burger n (1972): a party chiefly of vegetable-derived protein used as a meat substitute; also: a sandwich containing such a party veg out \vo-\ve-\ve-veged out; veg-ging out [short for vegetate] (1980): to spend time idly or passively ve-he-mence \vo-\ve-men(t)\set\ n (15c): the quality or state of being vehement: INTENNITY.

ve-he-mence \ve-a-mon(t)s\n (130). In the ment interest i

wement-, vemens] (15c): marked by forceful energy: POWERFUL (a → wind): as a : intensely emotional: IMPASSIONED, FERVIN (~ patricitism) b (1): deeply felt (a ~ suspicion) (2): forcibly expressed (~ denuciations) c : bitterly antagonistic (a ~ debate) — ve-hice (1 √e--kol also 'vē--hi-kol') n [F véhícule, fr. L' vehiculum carriage, conveyance, fr. vehere to carry — more at WAYI (1612) 1 a: an inert medium (as a syrup) in which a medicinally active agent is administered b: any of various media acting usu. as solvents, carriers, or binders for active ingredients or pigments 2: an agent of transmission is carriers. A medium through which something is expressed, achieved, or displayed (an investment ~); esp: a work created esp. to display the talents of a particular performer 4: a means of carrying or transporting something (planes, trains, and other ~s): as a 1: MOTOR VBHRICLE b: a piece of mechanized equipment Ve-hic-u-lar (vè-hi-ky-lar) adj (1616) 1 a: of, relating to, or designed for vehicles and esp. motor vehicles b: transported by vehicle C: caused by or resulting from the operation of a vehicle (~ homicide) 2: serving as a vehicle V-8 (vè-làt) n (1930): an internal combustion engine having two banks of four cylinders each with the banks at an angle to each other; also is an automobile having such an engine

1 veil (vàl) n RME, fr. AF veil, veille, fr. L. vela, pl. of velum sail, awning, curtain] (13c) 1 a: a length of cloth worn by women as a covering for the head and shoulders and often esp. in Eastern countries for the lace; specif: the outer covering of a nun's headdress b: a length of veiling or netting worn over the head or face or attached for protection or onament to a hat or headdress (a bridal ~) c: any of various litugical cloths; esp: a cloth used to cover the chalice 2: the life of a nun of the used in the phrase take the veil 3: a concealing curtain or cover of cloth 4: something that resembles a veil (a ~ of stars); esp: something that hides or obscures like a veil (lift the ~ of secrety) veil

the atmosphere
ve-lar \'ve-lor\ adj [NL velaris, fr. velum] (1876) 1: formed with the back of the tongue touching or near the soft palate (the $\sim 10^{\circ}$) 2: of, forming, or relating to a velum and esp. the soft p

velar n
ve-lar-i-um \vi-ler-\(\tilde{c}\)-m\\ n, pl-la\(\tilde{c}\)-\(\t

small loops
veld or veldt \velt, \text{ felt} n [Afrik veld, fr. D, field; akin to OE feld field]
(1835): a grassland esp. of southern Africa usu. with scattered shrubs

or trees ve-ll-ger \vē-lo-jor, \ve-\ n [NL, fr. velum + -ger bearing, fr. gerere to bear [1877]: a larval mollusk in the stage when it has developed the

veium vei-le-i-ty \ve-'lē-ə-tē, və-\ n, pl -ties [NL velleitas, fr. L velle to wish will — more at WILL] (1618) 1: the lowest degree of volition 2:a slight wish or tendency: INCLINATION

'ye|·lum \'ve-ləm\ n [ME velym, fr. AF velim calf, fr. veel calf — more at veal.] (14c) lambskin, kidskin, or calfskin prepared es igs books 2: a strong cream-colored par yellum adj (15c) 1: of, resembling, or brough (paper with a ~ finish) yeloce \vä-lo-(lochā\) adv or adj [It, fr. L 1 rapid manner — used as a direction in mu yelo-cim-e-ter\ve-lo-'si-ma-ter, ve-\ n [evice for measuring speed (as of fluid flow yeloc-l-pede \vo-lia-so-ped(n [F velocipe per foot — more at Foot] (1818): a light pelled by the rider: as a archaic: BICY 3-wheeled railroad handcar yeloc-l-rapt-tor\vo-lia-so-prap-tor\ n [NL,

ye-loc-i-rap-tor \vo-la-sa-rap-tor\ n [NL, plunderer, predator — more at RAPTOR] (lociraptor) of theropod dinosaurs of the La head with a flat snout and a large sickle-ship fach foot.

indice \ven-'de\ n (1547) : one to whom a findice \ven-'de\ n (1547) : one to whom a findice is sold : BUYER indet ta \ven-'de-ta\ n [It, lit., revenge, fr. I findicta — more at VINDICTIVE] (1855) 1: BL