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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

In re: PARK WEST GALLERIES, INC.,
MARKETING AND SALES PRACTICES
LITIGATION

MDL No. 09-2076RSL

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:
Bohm v. Park West Galleries, Inc.,
Case No. C09-1178RSL
Hatter v. Park West Galleries, Inc.,
Case No. C09-1242RSL
Alleman v. Park West Galleries, Inc.,
Case No. C09-1716RSL
Mullen v. Park West Galleries, Inc.,
Case No. C09-1717RSL.

ORDER GRANTING IN PART
PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO
CONSOLIDATE AND AMEND
COMPLAINT

This matter comes before the Court on "Plaintiffs' Motion for Leave to Consolidate and Amend Complaint." MDL09-2076, Dkt. # 214. Plaintiffs Joseph Bohm, John Lee, Donald and Joyce Hatter, Bruce and Patricia Alleman, and Sean Mullen seek to consolidate their individual actions and to amend their consolidated complaint to:

- (1) Add class allegations on behalf of the named plaintiffs and all similarly situated individuals;
- (2) Request invalidation of their sales contracts with Park West Galleries, Inc.;

ORDER GRANTING IN PART PLAINTIFFS'
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1 (3) Add additional factual allegations regarding the cruise lines' control over the art
2 auctions;

3 (4) Add a new claim for injunctive relief;

4 (5) Add various Park West entities as defendants; and

5 (6) Add Russell and Melissa Conley as named plaintiffs. Having reviewed the
6 memoranda and exhibits submitted by the parties,¹ the Court finds as follows:

7 **A. MODIFICATION OF THE CASE MANAGEMENT SCHEDULE**

8 After this multi-district litigation was transferred to this district, the Court issued a
9 case management order setting January 15, 2010, as the deadline for amending pleadings and
10 joining additional parties. Dkt. # 31. Because plaintiffs seek to amend their pleading after the
11 deadline established by the Court, they must show good cause pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P.
12 16(b)(4).

13 Despite the significant passage of time since the original complaint was filed, this
14 litigation remains in its infancy. Plaintiffs have not delayed or been dilatory in the prosecution
15 of their causes of action. Almost as soon as the motions to dismiss were ruled upon, plaintiffs
16 sought leave to amend their pleading. Discovery has barely begun, and there is no reason to
17 assume that an amendment at this time would require any duplication of effort or otherwise
18 increase the costs of this litigation. The Court finds that, given the nature of this case and the
19 related actions, plaintiffs have shown good cause for modification of the case management
20 deadline.

21 **B. LEAVE TO AMEND UNDER FED. R. CIV. P. 15(A)**

22 Courts "should freely give leave [to amend] when justice so requires." Fed. R.
23 Civ. P. 15(a)(2). There is a "strong policy in favor of allowing amendment" after "considering

24
25 ¹ This matter can be decided on the papers submitted. Park West's request for oral argument is
26 DENIED.

1 four factors: bad faith, undue delay, prejudice to the opposing party, and the futility of
2 amendment.” Kaplan v. Rose, 49 F.3d 1363, 1370 (9th Cir. 1994).² The underlying purpose of
3 Rule 15 is “to facilitate decision on the merits, rather than on the pleadings or technicalities.”
4 Lopez v. Smith, 203 F.3d 1122, 1127 (9th Cir. 2000). Amendment will be denied, however,
5 “when the movant presented no new facts but only new theories and provided no satisfactory
6 explanation for his failure to fully develop his contentions originally.” Vincent v. Trend W.
7 Tech. Corp., 828 F.2d 563, 570-71 (9th Cir. 1987) (internal quotation marks omitted). Park
8 West argues that all of the relevant considerations except bad faith militate against allowing the
9 amendment.

10 **1. Claim for Rescission of Sales Contracts**

11 Pursuant to the Restatement (Second) of Contracts § 164, “[i]f a party’s
12 manifestation of assent is induced by either a fraudulent or a material misrepresentation by the
13 other party upon which the recipient is justified in relying, the contract is voidable by the
14 recipient.” The Proposed Third Amended Complaint includes allegations of material
15 misrepresentations on which plaintiffs justifiably relied and seeks rescission of the sales
16 contracts plaintiffs subsequently entered into with Park West.

17 Park West argues that defendants should not be permitted to seek rescission
18 because, based on the undisputed facts of this case, such a claim would be futile. To determine
19 whether a proposed amendment is futile, the Court evaluates whether the revised allegations
20 would survive a motion to dismiss. Nunes, 375 F.3d at 808. Park West argues that, even if one
21 assumes that the sales contracts were at one time voidable by plaintiffs, they lost the power to
22 avoid the contracts through both affirmance and delay. The Court agrees. The power of a party
23 to avoid a contract for fraudulent misrepresentation is lost if, after he knows of the fraudulent

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25 ² The Ninth Circuit also takes into consideration whether plaintiff has previously amended the
26 complaint. Nunes v. Ashcroft, 375 F.3d 805, 808 (9th Cir. 2004).

1 misrepresentation, (a) he acts with respect to any property he received under the contract in a
2 manner inconsistent with disaffirmance or (b) he does not within a reasonable time notify the
3 other party that he intends to avoid the contract. Restatement (Second) of Contracts § 380 and
4 § 381. As far as the Court is aware, none of the plaintiffs offered to return the artwork
5 purchased from Park West. Until very recently, plaintiffs conducted themselves and this
6 litigation as if the sales contracts were valid, seeking to enforce some provisions while avoiding
7 others. This conduct was inconsistent with rescission.

8 Plaintiffs' recent demand for rescission is also untimely. Despite believing that
9 they had been defrauded by Park West as far back as mid-2008, plaintiffs did not give notice
10 that they intended to seek rescission until July 2010. Plaintiffs were in full possession of the
11 facts justifying a claim of rescission over two years ago. Instead, they filed a lawsuit seeking
12 numerous forms of relief and asserting a broad array of claims against Park West: rescission
13 was not sought. In these circumstances, a two year delay in manifesting an intention to avoid
14 the sales contracts was not reasonable.

15 The factual allegations of the proposed complaint do not give rise to a reasonable
16 inference that plaintiffs are entitled to rescission. Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544,
17 556 (2007), and Ashcroft v. Iqbal, ___ U.S. ___, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009). Because the
18 proposed amendment cannot save plaintiffs' claims against Park West, amendment is futile.

19 **2. Allegations Regarding Cruise Line Control Over Park West**

20 The proposed complaint contains "update[d] factual information to reflect what
21 Plaintiffs have learned in discovery about the Cruise Lines' knowledge, control and participation
22 in the art-at-sea auction scheme." Motion at 5. These allegations do not save any of the claims
23 that were dismissed on June 25, 2010, they do not appear to be relevant now that the cruise lines
24 are no longer defendants in this action, and they need not be pled in support of the remaining
25 claims.

1 Bohm v. Park West Galleries, Inc., C09-1178RSL;

2 Alleman v. Park West Galleries, Inc., C09-1716RSL; and

3 Mullen v. Park West Galleries, Inc., C09-1717RSL.

4 Every pleading filed in this consolidated action shall bear the following caption:

5
6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
7 AT SEATTLE

8 _____)
9 In re: PARK WEST GALLERIES, INC.,)
MARKETING AND SALES PRACTICES)
10 LITIGATION)

MDL No. 09-2076RSL

11 This Document Relates to:)

12 Bohm v. Park West Galleries, Inc.,)
13 Case No. C09-1178RSL.)

14 Documents shall no longer be filed in the Alleman and Mullen cause numbers.

15 The Bohm plaintiffs may, within ten days of the date of this order, file and serve
16 an amended consolidated complaint that includes class allegations and adds Russell and Melissa
17 Conley as named plaintiffs. The Bohm (and, if appropriate, Hatter) plaintiffs may amend their
18 complaints to add Albert Scaglione, PWG Florida, Inc., Vista Art, LLC, and Fine Art Sales, Inc.
19 as defendants and to add a claim for injunctive relief. Plaintiffs' other proposed changes are
20 futile and/or unnecessary as discussed above.

21
22 Dated this 15th day of September, 2010.

23 

24 Robert S. Lasnik
25 United States District Judge

26 ORDER GRANTING IN PART PLAINTIFFS'
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COMPLAINT