Having reviewed the memoranda, declaration, and exhibits submitted by plaintiff, the Court finds as follows:

- 1. While defendants have filed a notice of appeal, they have not posted a supersedeas bond to stay enforcement of the judgment. Accordingly, plaintiff may commence efforts to enforce its judgment. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 62(a); Columbia Pictures Indus. v. Krypton Broad. of Birmingham, Inc., 259 F.3d 1186, 1197 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2001) ("Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 62(a), a judgment of a United States District Court becomes final and enforceable [14] days after judgment is entered.").
- 2. Defendants do not dispute that they do not own property in Washington or do any business in Washington State. Dkt. #16  $\P$  2, 5; #39  $\P$ 2.
- 3. Defendants do not dispute that they have substantial assets in Southern, Central and Eastern Districts of California. Dkt. #16 ¶4, #39, Exs. 1&2.
- 4. Good cause exists under 28 U.S.C. § 1963 to certify the judgment for registration in California. Columbia Pictures, 259 F.3d at 1198 (good cause shown where judgment debtor did not dispute that he lacked assets in California or that he owned substantial property in Florida).

For all the foregoing reasons, plaintiff's Motion for an Order Certifying Judgment for Registration in the Southern, Central and Eastern Districts of California is GRANTED.

DATED this 3<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2010.

Robert S. Lasnik

MMS Casnik

United States District Judge

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ORDER CERTIFYING JUDGMENT FOR REGISTRATION IN CALIFORNIA - 2