## Exhibit 2

## Parties' Joint Claim Chart for U.S. Patent No. 6,757,682

## I. AGREED-UPON TERMS

Claim Language	Plaintiff's and Defendants' Agreed-Upon Construction	
intensity rank	intensity rank	
Found in claims <sup>1</sup> : 5, 6	Agreed-upon construction: A value associated with an item that represents the level of current interest in that particular item relative to other items	
from a source other than	from a source other than  Agreed-upon construction:	
Found in claims: 1, 2, and 3	From a user other than	
[receive / receiving] in real time	[receive / receiving] in real time  Agreed-upon construction:	
Found in claims: 1, 2, and 3	[receive/receiving] immediately or almost immediately after the indication.	

## II. TERMS IN DISPUTE

Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
'682 patent		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Throughout this claim chart, reference to an independent claim includes by reference any claims depending from that independent claim.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In addition to the intrinsic and extrinsic evidence cited herein, Interval identifies (1) all claims in which any term appears as support for its constructions and (2) all intrinsic and extrinsic evidence for each claim term cited by Defendants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Defendants provide herein preliminary claim constructions and identification of purported "structure" disclosed in the specification of the '682 patent for certain claim terms. By providing these constructions for any claim term or identifying a purported structure for any means-plus-function term, Defendants do not concede that any such claim or claim term satisfies the definiteness requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112 and expressly reserve the right to challenge any claim on that basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Defendants identify herein evidence that may support its proposed constructions. By identifying portions of the specification in this document, defendants do not concede that any claim satisfies the enablement or written description requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112 and expressly reserve the right to challenge any claim on those bases. By identifying portions of the provisional application to which the '682 patent purports to claim priority, defendants do not concede that said provisional application provides written description or other support for any claim. In addition to the intrinsic and extrinsic evidence cited herein, defendants identify (1) all claims in which any term appears as support for its constructions and (2) all intrinsic and extrinsic evidence for each claim term cited by Plaintiff.

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4	Term 1	an indication that [an/the] item is of current interest	an indication that [an/the] item is of current interest
5	"an indication that [an/the] item is of	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
6 7	current interest"	an indication that [an/the] item is of interest at that time	An alert that activity of interest is happening now in a dynamically changing electronic resource.
8	Found in claims: 1, 2, and 3		Intrinsic Evidence: '682 Patent Title, 1:1-2 ("ALERTING USERS
9		Intrinsic Evidence:	TO ITEMS OF CURRENT INTEREST")
10		Figs. 1, 2B, 5, 7, 11	'682 Patent 1:22-27 ("FIELD OF THE INVENTION: The present invention relates
11		"The level of current interest of a particular file or other electronic resources is determined	generally to communications and computer networks. More specifically, alerting users to
12		based on indications received from alerting users." 2:31-33.	dynamic content accessible via a communications or computer network that is of interest at the time of the alert is disclosed.")
13		"However, this proliferation of content, such as audio, image, and video content, presents	'682 Patent 1:43-53 ("First, the shear volume of
14 15		certain challenges from the perspective of users seeking content of current interest. First,	content available makes it difficult for users to find the content in which they are most
16		the shear volume of content available makes it difficult for users to find the content in which they are most interested in accessing at any	interested in accessing at any given time much of the content of potentially greatest interest, at least to many users, is dynamic. At
17		given time. Apart from having to sort through the enormous volume of content available,	certain times, a file or other electronic resource may be of great interest while at other times, or
18		much of the content of potentially greatest interest, at least to many users, is dynamic. At	perhaps even most of the time, it is not of great interest or not interesting at all.")
19		certain times, a file or other electronic resource may be of great interest while at other times, or perhaps even most of the time,	'682 Patent 1:58-2:6 ("A webcam might be used, for example, to provide images of a
20		it is not of great interest or not interesting at all." 1:41-52.	watering hole in Africa. Typically, users would access a website associated with the webcam to
21		"There is also a need to ensure that interested	view activity at the watering hole. However, there would be many periods during which
22		users receive alerts with respect to web content or other electronic resources that are	nothing of particular interest (e.g., no animals, etc.) would be happening at the watering hole.  Conversely, there would be occasional periods
23		of interest only to a relatively small community of users, or that are of interest on only relatively rare or infrequent occasions.	when activity of great interest would be occurring, such as the presence of a rare or
24		There is a risk, otherwise, that indications of current interest regarding such files and other	endangered animal at the watering hole. Users would have no way of knowing when such
25 26		electronic resources would be masked by more voluminous or frequent activity with	activity would be occurring, and might miss the most interesting images if they did not happen
26 27		respect to more widely popular or pervasive resources or types of resources (such as	to check the website at the right time. The same problems arise with respect to files or other electronic resources other than webcam content
-,		pornography sites on the World Wide Web)." 2:18-27.	provided via the World Wide Web, including other media such as audio.")

1 2 3	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	T. T.	"Accordingly, alerting users of items of	
4		current interest is disclosed. The level of	'682 Patent 2:7-14 ("As a result there is a need
5		current interest of a particular file or other electronic resource is determined based on	for a way to alert users to web content or other electronic resources available via a
_		indications received from alerting users. One	communications or computer network that are
6		or more users receive an alert that the item is of current interest." 2:30-34.	of interest at a particular time. To meet this latter need, there is a need to provide a way to
7		"Discominating to a marticipant on indication	become aware that dynamic web content or an
8		"Disseminating to a participant an indication that an item accessible by the participant via a	electronic resource other than web content is of interest at a given time, and to quantify the
		network is of current interest is disclosed" 2:47-65.	degree or level of current interest.")
9		2.47-03.	'682 Patent 2:30-34 ("Accordingly, alerting
10		"As indicated in FIG. 1, an alert sent by an alerting user includes, in one embodiment, at	users of items of current interest is disclosed. The level of current interest of a particular file
11		least the URL of the web content considered	or other electronic resource is determined based
		by the alerting user to be of current interest the alerting user may provide text indicating	on indications received from alerting users. One or more users receive an alert that the item is of
12		what the alerting user believes to be of current	current interest.")
13		interest in the web content." 5:4-12.	'682 Patent 2:47-65 (" Disseminating to a
14		'682 File History, April 9, 2003 Office	participant an indication that an item accessible
14		Action, at 3 (noting that documents viewed in Eichstaedt were of current interest); see also	by the participant via a network is of current interest is disclosed ")
15		September 16, 2003 Office Action, at 3	·
16		(same).	'682 Patent 3:9-12 ("to alert users to dynamic content of interest at the time of the alert (also
17		Provisional Application to the '682 Patent	referred to herein as an 'item of current
17		(No. 60/178627), at 3 ("In one embodiment, a 'Hot Now' virtual pushbutton is present on a	interest')").
18		user's web display. When the user sees	'682 Patent 4:11-14 ("alert users to dynamic
19		something they feel is of interest, they press the button. Pressing the Hot Now button sends	content of interest at the time of the alert (also referred to herein as an 'item of current
		an alert message to everyone using the	interest').")
20		infrastructure who has indicated that such alerts are of interest to them (based upon	'682 Patent 4:11-19 (" The system 100
21		factors described below). Along with the alert	includes at least one alerting user 102 who
22		message a link to the website of interest is provided, and alerted users can chose [sic] to	accesses dynamic content associated with a uniform resource locator (URL), determines the
		go there. If they also believe the site is	content is of current interest, and sends an alert
23		currently interesting, they can press their Hot Now button and further propagate the alert.");	indicating that the URL is of current interest, as described more fully below.").
24		see also 9 ("For example, the system may be used to provide and alert when someone finds	'682 Patent 4:20-24 ("In one embodiment,
25		anything on the Web that is timely and worthy	participant 104 provides an indication of the
25		of alerting others who have expressed interest, such as auctions.").	participant's interests and receives a list of URLs providing the location of dynamic
26			content, such as web content on the World Wide
27		Extrinsic evidence: Webster's New World College Dictionary, 4th	Web, that may be of interest to the participant at the time of the alert.")
		ed. at 355 (defining "current" as "at the	·
		present time; contemporary")	'682 Patent 5:4-12 ("As indicated in FIG. 1, an

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4   5		The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, 4th ed. (2000) at 446 (defining "current" as "belonging to the	alert sent by an alerting user includes, in one embodiment, at least the URL of the web content considered by the alerting user to be of current interest ")
		present time" or "prevalent, especially at the	
6 7		present time")  Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary	'682 Patent 5:13-19 ("FIG. 2A is a series of three screen shots showing three different states of an alert submission display")
8		(1985) at 316 (defining "current" as "occurring in or existing at the present time").	'682 Patent Figures 2A, 3, 11
9		Declaration of William Mangione-Smith, ¶¶ 5, 7 (opining that claims should not be limited to a preferred embodiment)	'682 Patent 5:58-60 ("The process begins in step 302 in which an alert indicating that an item is of current interest is received.")
11			
12			Provisional Application 60/178,627 ("Provisional App.") (referenced by the '682
13			patent as a related U.S. Application)
14			Provisional App., Title: "Alerting Users to Web Sites of Current Interest "
15			Provisional App. at Summary ("While dozens of
16 17			web cam portals and directories exist, none are capable of propagating an alert that 'something interesting is happening now,' to the right people. To solve this problem, a real time meta-
18			data happening infrastructure allowing people who see interesting occurrences to alert other interested parties is disclosed. The system is
19			referred to as 'Hot Now.'")
20			Provisional App. at Sec. 1.3 ("Today, dozens of such webcam dozens exist, some including
21			more than 10,000 entries. Such services are valuable in a limited way. They can help users
22			find the African watering hole, but cannot help users determine when an animal is present.")
23			Provisional App. at Sec. 1.4 ("Most webcam
24			and web video directories have some method of ranking. These methods range from editorial
25			choices made by the directory operators to voting on the part of the viewers. It's common
26			to see "top ten" lists, often with voting numbers available, and to see such honors as "webcam of
27			the day." From our perspective, such determinations are relatively static and cannot help anyone interested in short time based events. Sites which list a webcam of the minute

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	in <b>Bold</b> )		
3	'682 patent		
4			do exist, but there is no special time-based relevance in a selected webcam.")
5			Provisional App. at 2.1 ("Pressing the Hot Now button sends an alert message to everyone using
6			the infrastructure who has indicated that such alerts are of interest to them (based upon factors
7 8			described below). Along with the alert message a link to the website of interest is provided, and alerted users can chose to go there. If they also
9			believe the site is currently interesting, they can press their Hot Now button and further
10			propagate the alert.")
11			Extrinsic evidence:
12			Interval.com web site, circa February 2002 ("Kundi.com is a spin-off venture from Paul
13			Allen's Interval Research Corporation. It began in 1999 as a fast-track research project to
14			explore interesting commercial opportunities relating to webcams, whose usage had begun to
15			explode. We found that webcams and streaming media had a search problem unique for the Web: time. Search engines are not equipped
16			to find events <i>as they happen</i> . Kundi developed an alert infrastructure, whereby people can alert
17			other people in real time to encourage propagation.
18			Interval spin-off Kundi's web site, before
19 20			<b>Feb. 19 2001</b> ("Kundi.com is a unique time-critical network mining tool. Its purpose is to find interesting events on the Web <i>as they</i>
21			happen. We first became aware of the need while researching web cameras and other forms
22			of spontaneous streaming media. Existing search engines can easily find an animal cam in
23			Africa, but none can tell you when an animal is present.
24			Our solution relies on humans alerting other humans. We've created a unique alert
25			infrastructure that allows people to press our "HotNow Button" when they see something that
26			interests them. They can also add a brief comment if they desire. This information enters
27			our "HotNowList" displayed as a pop-up window, which updates every 10 (that's TEN) seconds This information enables

ll ll			
1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			interesting live events to propagate up, or down, the list: 'people's choice' in real time.
5			
6			Interval spin-off Kundi.com home page, circa April 2002 ("HotNow is a unique tool that lets you find and share the most interesting events
7			on the Web – <i>right when they're happening.</i> Updated every ten seconds, the HotNow List
8			reveals the 50 web sites that HotNow users (like you!) find most interesting <i>right now</i> .") (emphasis in original).
9			'682 patent co-applicant Michael Naimark's
10			<b>Web-site naimark.net</b> ("In 1999, anticipating the explosion of live streaming video and other
11			media, an effort launched at Interval Research Corporation proposed a solution to finding live,
12			unscheduled events as they happen. This solution enabled people to alert other people in
13			real time to encourage propagation, and resulted in an Interval spinoff venture called Kundi.com.
14			Kundi was up and running until 2001. Three patents were allowed in 2003 and 2004.")
15			'682 patent co-applicant Michael Naimark,
16			email to colleagues dated 03/21/2001 Kundi.com, the post-Interval webcam venture
17			you've heard me mention, has launched a beta version. It addresses a unique problem shared by
18			webcams and other live media: finding
			interesting events as they happen. Our solution is based on people alerting other people.
19			We've developed a 'HotNow Button,' that
20			people press when they see something interesting, and a 'HotNow List,' that links to
21			the top ranked HotNow sites. Pressing the HotNow Button counts as a big vote, linking to
22			a site from the HotNow List counts as a small
23			vote, and time decays all values. The rest is math. Our system updates every ten seconds, so
24			things quickly propagate up or fall off.
25			Terveen expert report <sup>5</sup> , ¶¶ 23: 23. The system disclosed in the '682
26			application deals with 'dynamic' electronic content available for transmission over the
∠∪	<del>-                                   </del>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Expert Report and Declaration of Professor Loren Terveen Regarding U.S. Patent No. 6,757,682, signed and dated April 4, 2011.

27

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	in <b>Bold</b> )		
3	'682 patent		
4			network that may be of great interest at one moment, but of no interest shortly thereafter.
5			The type of dynamic content that is the object of the invention (e.g., '682 patent at 1:53-2:47 ("the presence of a rare or
6			endangered animal at the watering hole"
7			which is being monitored by a webcam)) will be of interest only for short periods of time
8			Interval Passarch "Project Negretive" on or
9			Interval Research "Project Narrative," on or about 08/06/1999 [INT00004442-43, Marked "Confidential"]
10			The American Heritage Dictionary of the
11			English Language. 4th ed. 2000.
10			• Current: " <b>1b.</b> Being in progress now: <i>current negotiations</i> ."
12			• Indication: "1. The act of indicating.
13			<b>2.</b> Something that serves to indicate; a sign
14			• Indicate: "1. To show the way to or the direction of; point out:"
15			Oxford English Dictionary, second edition (1989)
16 17			• Current: "3. a. Running in time; in course of passing; in progress."
18			<ul> <li>Indication: "1. a. The action of indicating, pointing out, or making</li> </ul>
19			known; that in which this is embodied; a hint, suggestion, or piece of information from which more may be
20			inferred."
21			• Indicate: "1. To point out, point to, make known, show (more or less
22			distinctly)."
22			Oxford World Dictionary
23			• Current: "belonging to the present time; happening or being used or done
24			now: keep abreast of current events; I started my current job in 2001"
25			Webster's New World College Dictionary, 4th ed.
26			• Current: "2 a) now going on; now in
27			progress [the current month, his current job] b) at the present time; contemporary [current fashions] c) of

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	in <b>Bold</b> )		
3	'682 patent		
4			most recent date [the current edition]"
5			
6	Term 2	[determine/determining] an intensity weight value	[determine/determining] an intensity weight value
7	[determine /		
	determining]	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
8	an intensity weight value	"intensity weight value" =	This claim language is insolubly ambiguous and
9	weight value	A value associated with an item to which an	not amenable to any reasonable construction
	Found in claims:	indication pertains that represents the level of	,
10	1, 2, and 3	interest in that item	Intrinsic Evidence:
11		Intrinsic Evidence:	Application that lead to the '682 patent, including original claims of that application.
		"intensity weight value"	including original claims of that application.
12		"The alert object also includes an	Original claims of purportedly incorporated
12		LAST_RANK field 518 used to store a	U.S. Pat. Appl. No. 09/656,518 ("'518
13		numerical ranking retrieved from the database	application")
14		that indicates the overall level or degree of	
17		current interest of an item as indicated by all of the alerts that have been submitted with	Original claims of purportedly incorporated U.S. Pat. Appl. No. 09/658,346 ("'346
15		respect to a URL during the current period of	application")
		activity with respect to the URL through the	application )
16		most recent prior alert. The alert object also	'682 Patent Prosecution History
		includes a LAST_WEIGHT field 520 used to	April 9, 2003 Office Action at 3 ("As to
17		store data retrieved from a database table, as	claim 2, <u>Eichstaedt et al.</u> teaches a method,
10		described below, that represents the number of	wherein processing the indication comprises
18		prior alerts received for the URL in the interest category indicated by the current alert,	determining an intensity value (i.e. numerical value) for the indication based on
19		as described more fully below. The alert	at least one attribute of the indication (see
17		object also includes a	column 3, lines 29-38), the intensity value
20		LAST_INTENSITY_SUM field 522 in which	(i.e. numerical value) representing the
·		the sum of the intensities of all prior alerts for	weight that will be given to the indication
21		the URL during the current period of activity	(see column 3, lines 49-54).")
		with respect to the URL, which sum is retrieved from a database table described more	September 16, 2003 Office Action (same)
22		fully below, is stored." 6:31-47.	September 10, 2003 Office Action (same)
22			Nov. 28, 2003 Amendment and Remarks
23		"Next, in step 606, the intensity sum for the	(adding new language, "determining an
24		URL, which is the sum of the intensity values	intensity value to be associated with the
		for all of the alerts with respect to the URL, is	indication and an intensity weight value, and
25		updated." 7:28-30.	adjusting the intensity value based on a characteristic for the item provided by the
		"In step 610, the interest weight value, which	source" and arguing that: "The rejection is
26		represents the number of alerts for a particular	respectfully traversed. As amended, claim 1
27		URL in which a particular category of interest	recites "determining an intensity value to
27		was indicated, is updated." 7:32-34.	be associated with the indication and an
		"As noted above, in one embodiment, the	intensity weight value, and adjusting the intensity value based on a characteristic for
		115 Hoted 400 to, in one embournent, the	intensity value based on a characteristic for

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4		weight is the total number of alerts received within a given interest category for a URL."	the item provided by the source" <u>Eichstaedt et al.</u> discloses ranking categories
5		7:49-51.	and generating profiles, but based on feedback from the user following interaction
6		"Finally, the database table 700 includes a NORMALIZE table 712 used to store the sum	with an item. (Col. 3, lines 28-67). The weight of a category is based on the number
7		of the intensities of the alerts submitted for a URL (INTENSITY_SUM) and a time stamp	of user clicks on a document or actions expressed by the user. (Col3, lines 52-54).
8		indicating when the last normalization was performed." 7:67-8:3.	Eichstaedt et al. does not disclose an intensity value adjusted based on a characteristic for an item provided by a
9		"FIG. 8A is a flowchart illustrating a process	source, as in the claimed invention. Thus, claim 1 is allowable for the reasons stated
10		used in one embodiment to update the intensity sum for a URL, as in step 606 of FIG. 6. The process begins with step 802 in	above.")
11		which the current intensity sum is retrieved from the database, as in step 604 of FIG. 6. If	
12		there is no existing record for the URL in the	Extrinsic evidence:
		NORMALIZE table (i.e., the alert being processed is the first alert for the URL), a	Terveen Report, ¶ 30, 33.
13		URL_ID is assigned for the URL, a record for the URL is created in the NORMALIZE table,	30. In a November 24, 2003 amendment, the applicants added the following clause to
14		and the retrieved current intensity sum is set to	all independent claims:
15		zero. Next, in step 804, the intensity sum is incremented by the amount of the intensity of	[determining/determine] an intensity value to be associated with the
16		the current alert. For example, if the previous intensity sum was 4.7 and the intensity for the	indication and an intensity weight value, and adjusting the intensity value
17		current alert was 0.5, the intensity sum would	based on a characteristic for the item
		be incremented to the value of 4.7+0.5=5.2. Finally, in step 806, the intensity sum time	provided by the source E.g., issued '682 patent at claim 1.
18		stamp stored in NORMALIZE table 712 shown in FIG. 7 (which is the same as the	33. A PHOSITA in 2000 could not
19		LAST_NORMAL_TIME stored in field 524 of FIG. 5) is updated to the time stamp of the	determine a meaning for the term "intensity weight value," even with the aid of the
20		current alert. In one embodiment, the intensity	application and prosecution history. In this
21		sum is updated, and a normalization is performed as described more fully below,	regard, I note the following: a. A PHOSITA in 2000 would
22		each time a new alert is received for a URL. In such an embodiment, the time stamp stored in	not have understood this term to have an accepted meaning in the art.
		the NORMALIZE table 712 of FIG. 7 will be the same as the time stamp stored in the	b. Grammatically, the claim language fails to inform how the term
23		RANK table 708 of FIG. 7, as both the rank	"intensity weight value" relates to
24		and the intensity sum are updated each time an alert is received." 8:4-28.	other terms in the claim—a PHOSITA would not know whether the claim
25		With respect to the "interest weight value":	required "determining [1] an intensity value to be associated with the
26		"The process then proceeds to step 850 in which the weight value is incremented for the	indication and [2] an intensity weight value;" or "determining an intensity
27		URL with respect to the interests category by increasing the value from zero to one for the	value to be associated with [1] the indication and [2] an intensity weight
•		new record." 10:12-15; see also 10:19-23.	value."
			c. The amended claims do not

1 2 3	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
4	1	"As to claim 3, Eichstaedt et al. teaches a	specify how the "intensity weight
5		method, wherein processing the indication further comprises calculating an intensity rank	value" is used, if at all, and are, therefore, silent concerning the role
		for the item based at least in part on the intensity value (i.e., numerical value) of the	this concept should play in the rest of the claimed method, system or product.  d. The term "intensity weight
6		indication (see column 3, lines 28-64), the intensity rank indicating the level of current	value" is not used anywhere in the
7		interest of the item relative to other items (see column 3, lines 49-53; where 'intensity rank'	application or its purportedly incorporated applications and, thus,
8		is ready on 'weight.')." '682 Prosecution History, Office Action, April 9, 2003, at 3.	there is no guidance that would allow one of skill in the art to determine its
9		Extrinsic Evidence	meaning. e. In amending the claims to add
10		Declaration of William Mangione-Smith:	this previously-unused language, the applicants provided no explanation for
11		"Furthermore, I do find support for the	how it related to the alleged invention described in the original '682
12		meaning of 'intensity weight value' in the filed application. The specification itself	application. f. The constituent words of this
13		aligns precisely with the language of claim 1. Claim 1 requires determining (1) an intensity	term are used loosely in the '682 application, including sometimes
14		value and (2) an intensity weight value. As described in the '682 specification at Figure 6	interchangeably. As just one example, the '682 application states that "[t]he
15		and 6:51-7:35, an intensity value is calculated at step 602 ('the intensity of the	term intensity as used herein refers to the weight or value to be assigned to a
16		alert is determined'). At step 604, data values are retrieved from the database. At step 606,	particular alert regarding an item." ('682 patent at 6:54-56).
17		the intensity sum is updated for the URL, 'which is the sum of the intensity values for	g. The '682 application describes two values that are updated
18		all of the alerts with respect to the URL.' Intensity sum is an intensity <i>weight</i> value for	after the "intensity value" for a particular alert has been determined:
19		the URL in the same manner as the 'interest weight value' is for a particular category of	an "intensity sum" and an "interest weight value." These two values are
		interest for a particular URL. "682 patent at 7:32-34 ('[I]nterest <i>weight</i> value	described as being separately updated and each value carries different
20		represents the number of alerts for a particular	information. (See '682 patent at 7:28-
21		URL in which a particular category of interest was indicated '); see also 7:50-51 ('As	30 ("Next, in step 606, the intensity sum for the URL, which is the sum of
22		noted above, in one embodiment, the weight is the total number of alerts received within a	the intensity values for all of the alerts with respect to the URL, is updated.")
23		given interest category for a URL.'). At step 608, the intensity rank for the URL is updated.	(emphasis added); 7:32-35 ("In step 610, the interest weight value, which
24		See'682 patent at 8:29-10:57 (describing the various ways in which the intensity rank can	represents the number of alerts for a particular URL in which a particular
25		be calculated). The intensity rank is a weighted sum of intensity values and thus is	category of interest was indicated, is updated.") (emphasis added)). A
26		also an intensity weight value. Finally, at step 610, the interest weight value is updated,	PHOSITA could not determine whether the "intensity weight value" in
27		'which represents the number of alerts for a particular URL in which a particular category of interest was indicated.' '682 patent at 7:32-34. The interest weight value is not an	the claims corresponds to the "intensity sum" or the "interest weight value" described in the specification – or even if it relates to either of these values.

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4		'intensity weight value' because it is not based on intensity values. Instead, it is based purely on a summation of a specific class of alerts	One of ordinary skill in the art would be left guessing as to which of the various values described in the
5		and is unaffected by the intensity value of any alert. I believe that one of ordinary skill in the	specification, if any, corresponds to the "intensity weight value" recited in the
6		art on or about the time of the filing of the application that issued as the '682 patent	amended claims.
7		would understand that both the intensity sum and the intensity rank are 'intensity weight	
8		values' as that term is used in claim 1 of the '682 patent." ¶ 19; see also ¶ 20 (discussing	
9		use of "weight" in the procession history) and ¶21.	
10	Term 3	[determine/determining] an intensity value	[determine/determining] an intensity value to
11		to be associated with the indication	be associated with the indication
12	[determine / determining] an intensity value to	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
13 14	be associated with the indication	[determine/determining] a value to be associated with the indication that represents the strength of the indication	Calculate and assign to "the indication" a numerical value representing the reliability of the particular indication based on its source or
	murcation	the strength of the indication	content.
15	Found in claims:	Intrinsic Evidence:	Intrinsic Evidence:
16	1, 2, and 3	"ALERT INTENSITY field 514 is used to	'682 Patent, Dependent claim 18 ("The method of claim 3, further comprising determining the
17		store a number indicating the intensity or weight to be afforded to the incoming alert.	weight to be given to the indication.")
18		The ALERT INTENSITY is determined as described below." 6:23-26.	'682 Patent, 2:10-17 ("To meet this latter need there is a need to provide a way to become
19		"The term intensity as used herein refers to the	aware that dynamic web content or an electronic resource other than web content is of interest at
20		weight or value to be assigned to a particular alert regarding an item. In one embodiment,	a given time, and to quantify the degree or level of current interest.")
21		the value assigned for the intensity is higher if the alerting user selects an interest category	'682 Patent, 6:23-26 ("ALERT INTENSITY
22		for the alert than it would have been if the same alerting party had not selected an interest	field 514 is used to store a number indicating the intensity or weight to be afforded the
23		category. In one embodiment, the intensity value is higher if the alerting party provides a	incoming alert. The ALERT INTENSITY is determined as described below.")
24		caption for the alert than it would have been if the alerting party had not provided a caption.	'682 Patent, 6:51-7:24 ("FIG. 6 is a flowchart
25		In one embodiment, the intensity of an alert is increased if it is determined that the alerting	illustrating a process used in one embodiment to process as alerts as in step 304 of FIG. 3. The
26		party is a party that has provided particularly relevant or helpful alerts in the past, or is	process begins with step 602 in which the intensity of the alert is determined. The term
27		trusted for some other reason, such as expertise, academic credentials, or reputation within a particular community of interest. In	intensity as used herein refers to the weight or value to be assigned to a particular alert regarding an item. In one embodiment, the
		one embodiment, the intensity of an alert is	intensity is a value between 0 and 1. In one

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	in <b>Bold</b> )		
3	'682 patent		
4		decreased if it is determined that the alerting party has provided unhelpful or erroneous alerts in the past, or if it is determined that the	embodiment, the value assigned for the intensity is higher if the alerting user selects an interest category for the alert than it would have been if
5		alerting party cannot be trusted as much as other alerting parties for other reasons, such as	the same alerting party had not selected an interest category. In one embodiment, the
6		reputation in the relevant community. In one embodiment, it is possible to provide both an	intensity value is higher if the alerting party provides a caption for the alert than it would
7		active alert by selecting an alert button and to provide a passive alert by merely accessing a	have been if the alerting party had not provided a caption. In one embodiment, the intensity of
8		URL with respect to which an alerting party previously submitted an active alert. In one embodiment, an active alert is assigned a	an alert is increased if it is determined that the alerting party is a party that has provided particularly relevant or helpful alerts in the past,
9		higher intensity value than a passive alert." 6:54-7:12.	or is trusted for some other reason, such as expertise, academic credentials, or reputation within a particular community of interest. In one
11		"For example, a passive alert may be arbitrarily assigned a baseline intensity value	embodiment, the intensity of an alert is decreased if it is determined that the alerting
12		of 0.3 and an active alert a baseline intensity value of 0.5. For an active alert, 0.1 could be	party has provided unhelpful or erroneous alerts in the past, or if it is determined that the alerting
13		added for each of the following conditions that is satisfied by the alert: an interest category	party cannot be trusted as much as other alerting parties for other reasons, such as reputation in
14		selection was included in the alert; a caption was included in the alert; and/or the source of	the relevant community. In one embodiment, it is possible to provide both an active alert by
15		the alert is particularly trusted. Conversely, 0.1 could be subtracted from the intensity of an alert from a source known to be unreliable.	selecting an alert button and to provide a passive alert by merely accessing a URL with respect to which an alerting party previously submitted an
16		Alternatively, alerts from sources known to be unreliable may be blocked and not assigned	active alert. In one embodiment, an active alert is assigned a higher intensity value than a
17		any intensity value." 7:13-23.	passive alert.
18		No extrinsic evidence identified.	For example, a passive alert may be arbitrarily assigned a baseline intensity value of 0.3 and an
19			active alert a baseline intensity value of 0.5. For an active alert, 0.1 could be added for each of
20			the following conditions that is satisfied by the alert: an interest category selection was included in the alert; a caption was included in the alert;
21 22			and/or the source of the alert is particularly trusted. Conversely, 0.1 could be subtracted
23			from the intensity of an alert from a source known to be unreliable. Alternatively, alerts
24			from sources known to be unreliable may be blocked and not assigned any intensity value.
25			The process illustrated in FIG. 6 continues with step 604 ")
26			Original claims of purportedly incorporated '518 application
27			Original claims of purportedly incorporated '346 application

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			'682 Patent Prosecution History
5			April 9, 2003 Office Action at 3 ("As to claim 2, Eichstaedt et al. teaches a method,
6			wherein processing the indication comprises determining an intensity value (i.e.
7			numerical value) for the indication based on at least one attribute of the indication (see
8			column 3, lines 29-38), the intensity value (i.e. numerical value) representing the
9			weight that will be given to the indication (see column 3, lines 49-54).")
10			September 16, 2003 Office Action (same)
11			Nov. 28, 2003 Amendment and Remarks at 8: ("The rejection is respectfully traversed.
12			As amended, claim 1 recites "determining an intensity value to be associated with the
13			indication and an intensity weight value, and adjusting the intensity value based on a
14			characteristic for the item provided by the source" <u>Eichstaedt et al</u> . discloses ranking
15			categories and generating profiles, but based on feedback from the user following
16			interaction with an item. (Col. 3, lines 28-67). The weight of a category is based on the
17			number of user clicks on a document or actions expressed by the user. (Col3, lines 52-54). Eichstaedt et al. does not disclose
18			an intensity value adjusted based on a characteristic for an item provided by a
19			source, as in the claimed invention. Thus, claim 1 is allowable for the reasons stated
20			above.")
21			Extrinsic evidence: Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary ©
22			1985 • determine:
23			o "1a. to fix conclusively or authoritatively."
24			o "4a. to find out or come to a decision about by
25			investigation, reasoning, or calculation <~ the answer to
26			the problem> <~ a position at sea>"
27			The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language. 4th ed. 2000.

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> ) '682 patent	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	002 patent		determine:
4			o "1a. To decide or settle (a dispute, for example)
5			conclusively and authoritatively."
6			o "2. To establish or ascertain
7			definitely, as after consideration, investigation,
8			or calculation."  o "7. Mathematics To fix or
9			define the position, form, or configuration of."
10			Oxford English Dictionary, second edition
11			(1989) determine: "11. <i>trans</i> . To ascertain definitely
12			by observation, examination, calculation, etc. (a point previously unknown or uncertain); to fix
13			as known."
14			Webster's New World College Dictionary, 4th ed. at 355
15			determine: "to find out exactly;     calculate precisely; ascertain [to     determine a ship's position]"
16	Term 4	adjusting the intensity value based on a	adjusting the intensity value based on a
17	adjusting the	characteristic for the item provided by the source	characteristic for the item provided by the source
18	intensity value based on a characteristic	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
19 20	for the item provided by the source	modifying the intensity value based on the source's activities pertaining to the item	Modifying the determined intensity value based upon a distinguishing trait, quality or property of the "item" identified by the source.
21	Found in claims:	Intrinsic Evidence:	Intrinsic Evidence:
22	1, 2, and 3	"ALERT INTENSITY field 514 is used to	'682 Patent, 6:51-7:24 ("FIG. 6 is a flowchart
23		store a number indicating the intensity or weight to be afforded to the incoming alert. The ALERT INTENSITY is determined as	illustrating a process used in one embodiment to process as alerts as in step 304 of FIG. 3. The
24		described below." 6:23-26.	process begins with step 602 in which the intensity of the alert is determined. The term
25		"In one embodiment, the value assigned for	intensity as used herein refers to the weight or value to be assigned to a particular alert
26		the intensity is higher if the alerting user selects an interest category for the alert than it	regarding an item. In one embodiment, the intensity is a value between 0 and 1. In one
27		would have been if the same alerting party had not selected an interest category. In one embodiment, the intensity value is higher if the alerting party provides a caption for the	embodiment, the value assigned for the intensity is higher if the alerting user selects an interest category for the alert than it would have been if the same alerting party had not selected an

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	in <b>Bold</b> )	Tr.	
3	'682 patent		
4		alert than it would have been if the alerting party had not provided a caption. In one	interest category. In one embodiment, the intensity value is higher if the alerting party
5		embodiment, the intensity of an alert is increased if it is determined that the alerting	provides a caption for the alert than it would have been if the alerting party had not provided
6		party is a party that has provided particularly relevant or helpful alerts in the past, or is	a caption. In one embodiment, the intensity of an alert is increased if it is determined that the
7		trusted for some other reason, such as expertise, academic credentials, or reputation	alerting party is a party that has provided particularly relevant or helpful alerts in the past,
8		within a particular community of interest. In one embodiment, the intensity of an alert is	or is trusted for some other reason, such as expertise, academic credentials, or reputation
9		decreased if it is determined that the alerting party has provided unhelpful or erroneous	within a particular community of interest. In one embodiment, the intensity of an alert is
10		alerts in the past, or if it is determined that the alerting party cannot be trusted as much as other alerting parties for other reasons, such as	decreased if it is determined that the alerting party has provided unhelpful or erroneous alerts in the past, or if it is determined that the alerting
11		reputation in the relevant community. In one embodiment, it is possible to provide both an	party cannot be trusted as much as other alerting parties for other reasons, such as reputation in
12		active alert by selecting an alert button and to provide a passive alert by merely accessing a	the relevant community. In one embodiment, it is possible to provide both an active alert by
13		URL with respect to which an alerting party previously submitted an active alert. In one	selecting an alert button and to provide a passive alert by merely accessing a URL with respect to
14		embodiment, an active alert is assigned a higher intensity value than a passive alert."	which an alerting party previously submitted an active alert. In one embodiment, an active alert
15		6:57-7:12.	is assigned a higher intensity value than a passive alert.
16		"For example, a passive alert may be arbitrarily assigned a baseline intensity value	For example, a passive alert may be arbitrarily
17		of 0.3 and an active alert a baseline intensity value of 0.5. For an active alert, 0.1 could be	assigned a baseline intensity value of 0.3 and an active alert a baseline intensity value of 0.5. For
18		added for each of the following conditions that is satisfied by the alert: an interest category	an active alert, 0.1 could be added for each of the following conditions that is satisfied by the
19		selection was included in the alert; a caption was included in the alert; and/or the source of	alert: an interest category selection was included in the alert; a caption was included in the alert;
20		the alert is particularly trusted. Conversely, 0.1 could be subtracted from the intensity of	and/or the source of the alert is particularly trusted. Conversely, 0.1 could be subtracted
21		an alert from a source known to be unreliable. Alternatively, alerts from sources known to be	from the intensity of an alert from a source known to be unreliable. Alternatively, alerts
22		unreliable may be blocked and not assigned any intensity value." 7:13-23.	from sources known to be unreliable may be blocked and not assigned any intensity value.
23		No extrinsic evidence identified.	The process illustrated in FIG. 6 continues with step 604 ")
24			Original claims of purportedly incorporated
25			'518 application
26			Original claims of purportedly incorporated '346 application
27			'682 Patent Prosecution History April 9, 2003 Office Action

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4	-		July 7, 2003 Amendments and Remarks ("Therefore, claim 1 requires that the
5			indication that the item is of current interest come from a source other than the
6			participant who is informed that the item is of current interest, whereas Eichstaedt
7			teaches learning from a user's own past actions what is of interest to that user. See, e.g., and without limitation, Application at
8			p. 9, line 13 — p. 11, line 15; p. 13, lines 1-5; p. 24, lines 1-9; and Figure 1 (noting in
9			particular the distinction between the alerting user 102 and the participant 104).")
10			September 16, 2003 Office Action at 9 ("In response, Examiner maintains that
11			Eichstaedt discloses such wherein analyzer and profile generator generates a profile
13			used to provide customized information is deemed to be from the profile as the source
14			not directly from the participant in one embodiment; See 3:8-25.")
15			Nov. 28, 2003 Amendment and Remarks at 8 ("The rejection is respectfully traversed.
16			As amended, claim 1 recites "determining an intensity value to be associated with the
17			indication and an intensity weight value, and adjustingthe intensity value based on a characteristic for the item provided by the
18			source" <u>Eichstaedt et al.</u> discloses ranking categories and generating profiles, but based
19			on feedback from the user following interaction with an item. (Col. 3, lines 28-
20   21			67). The weight of a category is based onthe number of user clicks on a document or actions expressed by the user. (Col3, lines
22			52-54). Eichstaedt et al. does not disclose an intensity value adjusted based on a
23			characteristic for an item provided by a source, as in the claimed invention. Thus,
24			claim 1 is allowable for the reasons stated above.")
25			Extrinsic Evidence:
26			Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary © 1985
27			• adjust:  o <b>1a.</b> to bring to a more satisfactory state: (1):

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			SETTLE RESOLVE (2): RECTIFY
5			o <b>1c.</b> to bring the parts of to a true or more effective relative
6			position <~ a carburetor> • characteristic:
7			<ul> <li>1. a distinguishing trait,</li> <li>quality, or property</li> </ul>
8			The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language. 4th ed. 2000.
9			• adjust:
10			<ul><li>1. To change so as to match or fit; cause to correspond.</li><li>2. To bring into proper</li></ul>
11			relationship.
12			into a more effective or
13			efficient calibration or state: adjust the timing of a car's
14			<ul><li>engine.</li><li>characteristic:</li></ul>
15			o <b>1.</b> A feature that helps to identify, tell apart, or describe
16			recognizably; a distinguishing mark or trait.
17			Oxford English Dictionary, second edition (1989)
18			• adjust: "1. a. To arrange, compose,
19			settle, harmonize (things that are or may be contradictory, differences,
20			discrepancies, accounts). To adjust <i>an</i> average"
21			• characteristic: "1. A distinctive mark, trait, or feature; a distinguishing or
22			essential peculiarity or quality."
23			<b>Terveen Report, ¶¶ 31.</b> 31. "The later-added claim language
24			recites, in part: (i) "determining" an intensity value to be associated with the
25			indication and (ii) then "adjusting" that intensity value. A PHOSITA in 2000 would
			not have understood "intensity value to be associated with the indication" to have an
26			accepted meaning in the art and, therefore, would also not have understood
27			"determining" and "adjusting" of such an "intensity value" as having an accepted

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			meaning in the art.
_	Term 5	[inform/informing] the participant	[inform/informing] the participant
5	[inform / informing] the	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
6 7	participant	No construction of "inform/informing" is needed.	Alert a user who has expressly requested such alerts.
8	Found in claims: 1, 2, and 3	"participant" = the user who receives an indication that the item is of current interest	Intrinsic Evidence: '682 Patent Title, 1:1-2 ("ALERTING USERS
9		Intrinsic Evidence:	TO ITEMS OF CURRENT INTEREST")
10		Figs. 1, 2B, 5, 7, 11	'682 Patent 1:22-27 ("FIELD OF THE INVENTION: The present invention relates
11 12		"More specifically, [the invention relates to] alerting users to dynamic content accessible	generally to communications and computer networks. More specifically, alerting users to
13		via a communications or computer network that is of interest at the time of the alert is disclosed." 1:25-28.	dynamic content accessible via a communications or computer network that is of interest at the time of the alert is disclosed.")
			·
14 15		"[T]his proliferation of content, such as audio, image, and video content, presents certain challenges from the perspective of users	'682 Patent 1:47-53 ("much of the content of potentially greatest interest, at least to many users, is dynamic. At certain times, a file or
16		seeking content of current interest. First, the shear volume of content available makes it	other electronic resource may be of great interest while at other times, or perhaps even
17		difficult for users to find the content in which they are most interested in accessing at any given time." 1:41-46.	most of the time, it is not of great interest or not interesting at all.")
18		"[T]here is a need to provide a way to become	'682 Patent 1:58-2:6 ("A webcam might be used, for example, to provide images of a
19		aware that dynamic web content or an electronic resource other than web content is	watering hole in Africa. Typically, users would access a website associated with the webcam to
20		of interest at a given time, and to quantify the degree or level of current interest." 2:10-14.	view activity at the watering hole. However, there would be many periods during which
21		"A detailed description of a preferred	nothing of particular interest (e.g., no animals, etc.) would be happening at the watering hole.
22		embodiment of the invention is provided below. While the invention is described in	Conversely, there would be occasional periods when activity of great interest would be
23		conjunction with that preferred embodiment, it should be understood that the invention is not	occurring, such as the presence of a rare or endangered animal at the watering hole. Users
24		limited to any one embodiment. On the contrary, the scope of the invention is limited only by the appended claims and the invention	would have no way of knowing when such activity would be occurring, and might miss the most interesting images if they did not happen
25		encompasses numerous alternatives, modifications and equivalents. For the	to check the website at the right time. The same problems arise with respect to files or other
26		purpose of example, numerous specific details are set forth in the following description in	electronic resources other than webcam content
27		order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. The present invention	provided via the World Wide Web, including other media such as audio.")
		may be practiced according to the claims	'682 Patent 2:7-20 (" there is a need to

1	Claim Language	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and
2	(Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4		without some or all of these specific details" 3:62-4:6.	provide a way to become aware that dynamic content or an electronic resource other than web
5		Fig. 3. See also 5:57-63.	content is of interests at a given time, and to quantify the degree or level of current interest.  In addition, there is a need to consider the
6		"In one embodiment, a request is sent to the application server automatically at	interests of a user when determining which web content or other electronic resources likely will
7		predetermined intervals. The request contains the interest categories that are in the selected	be of the greatest interest to the user.
8		state at the time the request is sent. In one embodiment, the display 1100 includes a	'682 Patent, 2:14-17 ("There is also a need to insure that users receive alerts with respect to
9		submit button (not shown in FIG. 11) that, when selected causes a request containing the	web content or other electronic resources that are of interest only to a relatively small
10		at the time to be posted to the application server via the Internet." 11:40-47	community of users, or that are of interest on only relatively rare or infrequent occasions.")
11		"Although the foregoing invention has been	'682 Patent 2:30-33 ("Accordingly, alerting users of items of current interest is disclosed.
12		described in some detail for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be apparent	The level of current interest of a particular file or other electronic resource is determined based
13		that certain changes and modifications may be practiced within the scope of the appended	on indications received from alerting users. One or more users receive an alert that the item is of
14		claims. It should be noted that there are many alternative ways of implementing both the	current interest.")
15		process and apparatus of the present invention. Accordingly, the present embodiments are to	'682 Patent 2:48-53 ("Disseminating to a participant an indication that an item accessible
16		be considered as illustrative and not restrictive, and the invention is not to be	by the participant via a network is of current interest is disclosed. In one embodiment, an
17 18		limited to the details given herein, but may be modified within the scope and equivalents of the appended claims." 14:12-21.	indication that the item is of current interest is received in real time. The indication is processed. The participant is informed that the
19		"Accordingly, alerting users of items of	item is of current interest.")
20		current interest is disclosed. The level of current interest of a particular file or other	'682 Patent 3:9-12 ("to alert users to dynamic content of interest at the time of the alert (also
21		electronic resource is determined based on indications received from alerting users. One	referred to herein as an 'item of current interest')")
22		or more users receive an alert that the item is of current interest." 2:30-34.	'682 Patent, 3:50-55 ("FIG. 10 is a flowchart
23		"Disseminating to a participant an indication	illustrating a process used in one embodiment to disseminate an alert to a participant, as in step
24		that an item accessible by the participant via a network is of current interest is disclosed" 2:47-65.	306 of FIG. 3. FIG. 11 shows an exemplary participant display 1100 used in one
25			embodiment to disseminate alert information to a participant.")
26		"As indicated in FIG. 1, an alert sent by an alerting user includes, in one embodiment, at least the URL of the web content considered	'682 Patent, 4:20-25 ("participant 104 provides an indication of the participant's interests and
27		by the alerting user to be of current interest the alerting user may provide text indicating	receives a list of URLs providing the location of dynamic content")
		what the alerting user believes to be of current interest in the web content." 5:4-12.	'682 Patent, 4:55-56 ("In one embodiment,

1	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
2	m <b>Bolu</b> )		
3	'682 patent		
4		'682 File History, April 9, 2003 Office	when a request from a participant for a list of URLs for items of current interest is received
5		Action, at 3 (noting that documents viewed in Eichstaedt were of current interest); <i>see also</i>	.")
6		September 16, 2003 Office Action, at 3 (same).	'682 Patent, Fig. 10 step 1002 ("Receive request with interest filter selections")
7		Provisional Application to the '682 Patent (No. 60/178627), at 3 ("In one embodiment, a	'682 Patent 10:58-11:3 ("FIG. 10 is a flowchart illustrating a process used in one embodiment to
8		'Hot Now' virtual pushbutton is present on a user's web display. When the user sees	disseminate an alert to a participant, as in step 306 of FIG. 3. The process begins with step
9		something they feel is of interest, they press the button. Pressing the Hot Now button sends	1002 in which a request containing interest category filter selections made by the participant
10		an alert message to everyone using the infrastructure who has indicated that such	is received Next, in step 1008, a list of hot URLs responsive to the request is built. Finally,
11		alerts are of interest to them (based upon factors described below). Along with the alert	in step 1010, the list of hot URLs responsive to the request is sent to the participant.")
12		message a link to the website of interest is provided, and alerted users can chose [sic] to	'682 Patent Figure 11
13		go there. If they also believe the site is currently interesting, they can press their Hot	'682 Patent 11:4-60 (" selection area 1106 in
14		Now button and further propagate the alert."); see also 9 ("For example, the system may be	which interest categories are listed along with a check box for each category listed. The
15		used to provide and alert when someone finds	participant selects the check box for each
16		anything on the Web that is timely and worthy of alerting others who have expressed interest, such as auctions.").	interest category for which the participant would like URLs of current interest to be included in the participant's hot list")
17		·	
17		Extrinsic evidence:	Provisional App
18		Webster's New World College Dictionary, 4th ed. at 355 (defining "current" as "at the	Provisional App. at Summary ("While dozens of web cam portals and directories exist, none are
19		present time; contemporary")	capable of propagating an alert that 'something interesting is happening now,' to the right
20		The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, 4th ed. (2000) at 446	people. To solve this problem, a real time meta- data happening infrastructure allowing people
21		(defining "current" as "belonging to the present time" or "prevalent, especially at the	who see interesting occurrences to alert other interested parties is disclosed. The system is
22		present time")	referred to as "Hot Now."")
23		Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary (1985) at 316 (defining "current" as	Provisional App. at 2.1 ("Along with the alert message a link to the website of interest is
24		"presenting elapsing" and "occurring in or existing at the present time").	provided, and alerted users can chose to go there. If they also believe the site is currently
25		Declaration of William Mangione-Smith, ¶¶ 5,	interesting, they can press their Hot Now button and further propagate the alert.")
26		7 (opining that claims should not be limited to a preferred embodiment)	Provisional App. at Sec. 2.1 ("Hot Now is based
27			around a unique meta-data infrastructure that allows people who are first to see an interesting
			web video event to propagate an alert to others who may find the event interesting, and to do it

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			as fast as the Internet will allow.")
5			Provisional App. at Sec. 2.1 ("Pressing the Hot Now button sends an alert message to everyone using the infrastructure who has indicated that
6			such alerts are of interest to them (based upon factors described below).").
7 8			Provisional App. at Sec. 2.3.3 ("Heat Threshold has two components: "heat sensitivity"
9			determines the number of alerts required to announce an event to the user; "cooling" determines the duration after which an event will no longer be announced to the user.").
11			Provisional App. at Sec. 2.3.3 ("Each user selects a series of interest groups and sets a
12			sensitivity threshold for each selected group.").
13			Provisional App. at Sec. 5 ("For example, a Hot Now button on a remote control with 4 categories to select (e.g. nudity, funny moments,
14			news flashes, and sports climaxes) and only 1 hierarchical level (top level is general interest)
15			may be implemented.")
16			Extrinsic evidence:
17			The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language. 4th ed. 2000.
18 19			<ul> <li>participant: One that participates, shares, or takes part in something.</li> <li>participate: To take part in something:</li> </ul>
20			<ul><li>participated in the festivities.</li><li>current: "1a. Belonging to the present</li></ul>
21			time: <i>current events</i> ; <i>current leaders</i> . b. Being in progress now: <i>current</i>
22			negotiations."
23			Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary © 1985
24			<ul><li>participant: one that participates</li><li>participate:</li></ul>
25			<ul> <li>2a. to take part &lt; always tried</li> <li>to ~ in class discussions&gt;</li> <li>2b. to have a part or share in</li> </ul>
26			something  • current:
27			o 1b(1): presently elapsing o 1b(2): occurring in or existing at the present time

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			Oxford World Dictionary
5			current: "belonging to the present time; happening or being used or done
6			now: keep abreast of current events; I started my current job in 2001"
7			Terveen expert report, ¶¶ 23, 25, 26:
8			23. Timeliness Requirement. The system disclosed in the '682 application deals with "dynamic" electronic content available for
9			transmission over the network that may be of great interest at one moment, but of no interest shortly thereafter. (E.g., '682 patent
11			at 1:24-28, 1:46-52). It would have been apparent to a PHOSITA in 2000 that the
12			system must be able to compute and disseminate "current interest" notifications
13			concerning this dynamic content in a timely manner. The type of dynamic content that is
14			the object of the invention (e.g., '682 patent at 1:53-2:47 ("the presence of a rare or endangered animal at the watering hole"
15			which is being monitored by a webcam)) will be of interest only for short periods of
16			time. The purpose of the alleged invention would be defeated if notifications are not
17			computed and disseminated during the brief period of time before a currently interesting item becomes uninteresting again.
18			
19			25. A PHOSITA in 2000 would have understood that the "invention" of the '682
20			application necessarily processed new alerts and sent new notifications as fast as the
21			available computing resources and the disclosed algorithms permitted in order to
22			increase the chances that the event or content that led to the current-interest alert
23			would still be occurring when the notification participant accessed that
24			dynamic content over the network. (See, e.g., '682 patent at 1:64-2:1 (participants
			want to know when "activity of great interest would be occurring" so they do
25			not "miss the most interesting images") and 2:7-10 ("As a result there is a need for a way
26			to alert users to web content or other electronic resources available via a
27			communications or computer network that are of interest at a particular time.")). The '682 application discloses no variation in

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			which such processing and notifications are delayed for any reason.
5			26. The situation of the participant. It
6			would have been apparent to a PHOSITA in 2000 that the disclosed "participant" is connected to a computer network and is
7			interested in receiving notifications of items of current interest that are accessible over
8			the network (e.g., the abstract and Claim 1 in the '682 application), but is not already
9			aware that these items are of current interest.  It also would have been apparent to a PHOSITA in 2000 that the '682 application
11			discloses that, before receiving any "current interest" notifications, the "participant" must first indicate at least one "interest category."
12			(See, e.g., '682 patent at Figures 1 and 10- 11, 4:20-22, 4:55-56, 10:58-11:3, 13:66-
13			14:2).
14			Webster's online dictionary: Participant: "one that participates"
15			participate: (a.) "to take part"; (b.) to have a part or share in something.
16 17	Term 6	a computer configured to receive in real time process the indication; determine	a computer configured to receive in real time process the indication; determine an
18	a computer configured to receive in real	an intensity value and adjusting the intensity value and inform the participant that the item is of current	intensity value and adjusting the intensity value and inform the participant that the item is of current interest
19	time process the indication;	interest	Proposed Construction:
20	determine an intensity value .	Proposed Construction:	This is a means-plus-function limitation.
21	and adjusting the intensity	Not governed by 112/6. No additional construction necessary.	Function: The entire body of claim 1 appearing
22	value and inform the	No extrinsic evidence identified.	after "a computer configured to" and before "a database" is a recited function of the recited
23	participant that the item is of	No intrinsic evidence identified.	"computer."
24	Found in claims:		Structure, Material, or Act: The specification recites an "application server 106" configured to perform some of the claim-recited function,
25	1		by implementing the algorithms disclosed in the following figures and text of the patent:
26			Fig. 1 and 4:11-5:12, Fig. 2A, Fig. 2B and 5:44-
27			55, Fig. 3 and 5:57-63 and Fig. 4 and 5:64-6:16) ("receive"); 4:44-47, Fig. 6 and 6:51-7:35 ("process"); Fig. 6 (step 602) and 6::52-7:23

1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> ) '682 patent	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3 4	002 patent		("determining an intensity value"); and Fig. 1, 4:55-5:3, Figs. 10-11, 10:58-11:55
5			("inform"). The specification discloses no structure (algorithm) for the remaining portions
6			of the claim-recited function (e.g., " intensity weight value") (this claim thus violates Sec. 112, ¶¶ 2, 6).
7			See also Fig. 1 and 4:25-32
8			Intrinsic evidence:
9			'682 patent, Figures 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4, 6, 10-11 '682 patent, 4:11-5:12, 4:44-47, 4:55-5:3, 5:44-
11	Term 7	computer instructions for receiving in real	55, 5:57-63, 5:64-6:16, 6:51-7:35, 10:58-11:55 computer instructions for receiving in real
12	computer	time processing the indication; determining an intensity value and	time processing the indication; determining an intensity value and
13	instructions for receiving in real time	adjusting the intensity value and informing the participant that the item is of current interest	adjusting the intensity value and informing the participant that the item is of current interest
14	processing the indication;	Proposed Construction:	Proposed Construction:
15	determining an intensity value and adjusting	Not governed by 112/6. No additional construction necessary.	This is a means-plus-function limitation.
16 17	the intensity value and	No extrinsic evidence identified.	Function: The entire body of claim 2 after "computer instructions for" is a recited function
18	informing the participant that the item is of	No intrinsic evidence identified.	of the recited "medium."
19	current interest		Structure, Material, or Act: A computer readable storage medium with instructions for performing the algorithms depicted in the
20	Found in claims: 2		following Figures of the patent and described in the accompanying text of the patent
21			specification:: Fig. 1 and 4:11-5:12, Fig. 2A, Fig. 2B and 5:44-
22			55, Fig. 3 and 5:57-63 and Fig. 4 and 5:64-6:16) ("receiving"); 4:44-47, Fig. 6 and 6:51-7:35
23 24			("processing"); Fig. 6 (step 602) and 6::52-7:23 ("determining an intensity value"); and Fig. 1, 4:55-5:3, Figs. 10-11, 10:58-11:55
25			("informing"). The specification discloses no structure (algorithm) for the remaining
26			portions of the claim-recited function (e.g., " intensity weight value") (this claim thus violates
27			Sec. 112, ¶ 2, 6).  See also Fig. 1 and 4:25-32

ll l			
1 2	Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>
3	'682 patent		
4			Intrinsic evidence: '682 patent, Figures 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4, 6, 10-11
5			'682 patent, 4:11-5:12, 4:44-47, 4:55-5:3, 5:44-55, 5:57-63, 5:64-6:16, 6:51-7:35, 10:58-11:55
6	Term 8	Claims 3-9, 11-13, 16-17, 20 as a whole.	Claims 3-9, 11-13, 16-17, 20 as a whole.
7 8	Claims 3-9, 11- 13, 16-17, 20 as a whole.	Proposed Construction:  The determination of whether a claim recites	Proposed Construction:  These claims are directed to an abstract idea and
9		patentable subject matter is a matter of statutory interpretation that is not properly resolved as part of the <i>Markman</i> briefing	do not require a particular machine or particular transformation of a particular article. To the extent these claimed "methods" can be
11		process. See In re Bilski, 545 F.3d 943, 951 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (en banc). Defendants' "proposed construction"—which is not a	performed, each (except claim 17) could be performed by humans without using any machine or device.
12		claim construction at all—does not comply with Patent Local Rule 132 (Joint Claim Chart must include "[e]ach party's proposed	"[C]laim construction is an important first step in a § 101 analysis" to determine whether
13		construction of each disputed claim term, phrase, or clause") or the Court's Standing	"the claim as a whole" is directed to patent- eligible subject matter. <i>In re Bilski</i> , 545 F.3d
14		Order for Patent Cases (Joint Claim chart must include "each party's proposed construction of disputed terms"). Moreover, proposed	943, 951, 959 (Fed. Cir. 2008) (en banc), aff'd sub nom, Bilski v. Kappos, 130 S. Ct. 3218 (2010); see generally Power Mosfet
15 16		constructions for many of the terms and phrases that are part of the "claims as a	Technologies, L.L.C. v. Siemens AG, 378 F.3d 1396, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 2004) ("The terms in the
17		whole" are separately provided herein.	Special Master Report were construed in isolation, and at no other time did the district court or the Special Master construe the claims
18		No intrinsic evidence identified.	as a whole."); <i>id.</i> at 1410 (This "limited construction left substantial ambiguity as to the
19		No extrinsic evidence identified.	meaning of the claims as a whole"); <i>id.</i> at 1412 ("[A] construction of the claims as a whole would have been beneficial to the litigants.").
20			Intrinsic evidence:
21			'682 patent
22			'682 patent 1:23-28 ("FIELD OF THE INVENTION: The present invention relates
24			generally to communications and computer networks. More specifically, alerting users to
25			dynamic content accessible via a communications or computer network that is of interest at the time of the alert is disclosed.")
26			'682 patent, claims 3-9, 11-13, 16-17, 20
27			'682 patent 14:15-17 ("It should be noted that there are many alternative ways of

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26

27

Claim Language (Disputed Terms in <b>Bold</b> )	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction and Evidence in Support <sup>2</sup>	Defendants' Proposed Construction <sup>3</sup> and Evidence in Support <sup>4</sup>			
'682 patent					
		implementing both the process and apparatus of the present invention.")			